THE DAILY TIMES

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Meekly Times

Victoria, Friday, July 21, 1893.

GREATER FREEDOM OF TRADE.

In the annual report of the committee on manufactures and industries of the Board of Trade this clause appears:-A revision of the tariff and extension

of trade relations with those countries whose necessities are our opportunities," would necessarily tend to a greater volume of trade and the developing of the industries for which the province is especially adapted. Greater freedom of trade is the policy which your committee think most conducive to the health and activity of the prevince.

This declaration is exactly in line with the policy affirmed by the Liberal convention at Ottawa, and is diametrically opposed to the policy of the present Dominion Government. The Liberals are strongly in favor of tariff revision, extension of trade relations wherever possible, and of greater freedom of trade generally, independent of reciprocity arrangements. The men now in power are opposed to trade extensions, and though they talk of revising the tariff it is well understood that they will take care to maintain the "protection" feature, which is quite incompatible with "greater freedom of trade." There can be no question, therefore, that this committee of the B. C. Board of Trade is in sympathy with the Liberal policy and opposed to that of the Government. The members of the committee in taking this stand have the satisfaction of knowing that they are thoroughly in accord with the majority of Canadians. Trade restriction under the name of protection has become decidedly unpopular within the last year or two.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

The status of Ireland's representatives in the British Parliament is admittedly one of the most difficult questions Mr. Gladstone has had to deal with in connection with his Home Rule bill. There are objections to each one of the ways of settling it, and the author of the bill has three times changed his position. The original plan in the bill of 1885 was to take away Ireland's representation in the Imperial Parliament as soon as her own parliament was established, but this was changed, because it did not suit a large section of the Liberals. Mr. Gladstone then intended to leave Ireland's representation just as it was. When the present bill was introducd it provided that Ireland should have a reduced representation in the Imperial Parliament under Home Rule, but that the Irish members should have no voice in the settlement of purely British affairs. This "in-and-out" system had its serious faults, and it has now been replaced on a vote of the Commons by one leaving the Irish members their present status in the Imperial Parliament. There are many Liberals who do not like this arrangement, and it may cause Mr. Gladstone serious trouble. It seems to us that the arrangement must in any case be merely temporary, because the time will shortly come when the Imperial Parliament will have to do with only Imperial affairs, England and Scotland being given the same measure of Home Rule as Ireland. Then the objections to the Irish members' status will entirely disappear.

THE SCHOOL PLANS.

The action of the board of school trustees in regard to the architects' plans for the new school buildings has struck a good many people as very peculiar. It will be remembered that owing to differences of opinion among the members of the board, an opinion was sought from Mr. Fripp, the well known Vancouver architect, whose judgment was that the plans numbered 5 B were next to No. 11 in order of merit, But this opinion when received, did not suit trustees Hayward, Saunders and Lovell, so those three wise gentlemen, apparently having more faith in their own archi-

the latter's judgment aside and decreed that plan No. 8 should be considered second. This is naturally looked on as ask why Mr. Fripp's aid was called in if the majority of the board considered themselves more competent than he to thus so cavalierly nullified by the majority of the trustees. That gentleman, of course, has some professional pride, and it must have been quite pleasing to him to be told by the majority of the Victoria school trustees that his judgment was not as good as theirs. However, that phase of this peculiar proceeding has only secondary interest for the public. Nor are we especially concerned with the feelings of the other competing architects when they see one favored individual allowed to make a change in his plans though they are not. That sort of favoritism has been exhibited so frequently in Victoria that we suppose the architects are getting used to it.. But the ratepayers, who furnish the money, have every right to know why the better plan should be set aside for the poorer one. and they must conclude that the better plan was that selected by the skilled architect, unless some good and sufficient reason to the contrary is given. No such reason has so far been furnished. The Times has no favor for one competing architect more than another. So far as the interests of the architects are concerned we are content to leave the architects to fight it out. But we would like to know how is it that school trustees consider themselves at liberty to squander money for expert opinions only to reject them, and to set aside the plan which would apparently have given the ratepayers the best value for their money. The transaction is not at all commendable, and the ratepayers are quite justified in regarding it with sus-

Rev. Dr. Whitehead, a well known Scotch writer on biblical subjects, who has been travelling in America for a few months, before leaving Toronto for his home in Kilmarnock said he was much impressed with the resources of Canada, and was of opinion that the country will develop enormously. He said that Canadians injure themselves and their country by sending across the water pictures and views of winter scenes, which created the opinion at home that the Dominion was a country of ice and snow. He feels confident that if Canada were righty represented in Scotland many farmers there now and paying high rents could be emove the impression, so carefully cultivated in the past, that she is a land of perpetual snow. What would Dr. Whitelead have said had he visited this part of the country, where there is less winter than at his own home?

Says the Montreal Witness: "If the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration were seized with a fit of insanity and granted all the United States claim and demand through their counsel no one but the American Government would have more than the right to look at a seal whether in the water or on dry land. Some of the British papers anticipate a verdict against England owing to the feeling of European nations in general, that England is altogether too prosperous and wealthy and a little bleeding does her good at times. The United States is still more prosperous, but we suppose the European nations do not envy her as they do England."

There are others besides the people of the Pacific coast who object to the immigration of Chinese. The Amsterdam Telegraaf lately spoke as follows:-"It is time that a halt should be cried to the immigration of the Chinese into our East Indian colonies. The Chinaman may be a hard worker, and satisfied with small pay, but he robs the native right and left as a small trader, and his influence upon the moral state of our Malay subjects is decidedly bad. But if we would get rid of the Chinaman it must be done gently and gradually. The days are past when the Chinese Government stolidly looked on when its people were maltreated and even killed, as in the case of the California riots and lynchings. The present attitude of the Celestial Empire against the United States proves that the old giant is awake and determined to watch over the interests of his children."

The irrepressible Wiggins is out with. a prediction that a brilliant comet will be seen in the northern sky in the course of two or three weeks. Inasmuch as there is a comet in the northern sky at the present time, which any man can see for himself after nightfall, Dr. Wiggins' prediction would seem to be eminently safe. If the doctor means to say that there is another one coming, which is not yet visible, he should be more specific in his statements.

If Sir Richard Cartwright keeps on he will soon have a "narrow escape" record equal to that of Mr. Gladstone. Twice now Sir Richard's strength and courage have saved him from drowning.

The finance department at Ottawa figures out the total revenue for the past fiscal year at \$38,000,000 and the expenditure about \$36,500,000. This, the government press bureau is instructed to say, leaves "a tidy nest egg as the result of the government's economies." Now it so happens that one of the government's methods of "economizing" is to charge certain expenditures to "capital account," instead of setting them off against the year's revenue. Therefore until we know how much of the past tectural skill than in Mr. Fripp's, thrust | year's expenditure has been thus juggled

with it would be impossible to say whether the government really has a "nest egg' of a million and a half left from last most remarkable proceeding, and people year. If there is actually a surplus of that amount, then there is a strong case shown for remitting just so much taxation-needlessly wrung from the people. select the best plans. Mr. Fripp will It must be remembered, too, that though have to be paid for his work, which was the government's "economies" are boasted of by the press bureau, there is actually an enormous amount of jobbery, extravagance and corruption at the capital, which make the yearly expenditure far greater than it should be.

The other day, in Lyon county, Kansas, occurred a cloud-burst, which caused a large amount of damage, coming as it did in the middle of harvest. It so happened that A. B. Montgomery, a "rainmaker," had been operating in that vicinity, and he immediately claimed credit for the great fall of rain. But far from reaping glory, Mr. Montgomery found himself rewarded with a lawsuit, for one James Butler, whose crops were destroyed by the cloud-burst, now wants damages from the self-confessed author of his injuries. What the rain-maker's line of defense is does not yet appear, but we think it safer for him to withdraw his boast of having caused that particular deluge. If this suit goes against Mr. Montgomery he and other rain-makers will feel the need of using great caution in the pursuit of this new profession.

We must congratulate our neighbor on

its promptitude in coming to the defense of the premier against the recent attack of J. C. Brown, M. P. P. It would never do to let a common person like the member for New Westminster east reproaches on the Colonist's much-beloved master. All that gives us concern now is the impression that the organ has found the task of defense a little too much for its powers. But it seems to have been another case of the willingness of the spirit being unable to overcome the weakness of the flesh, and therefore it would be unfair to censure the organ for its comparative failure. The Colonists contention, almost concealed in a large quantity of verbiage, seems to be that Mr. Davie and his colleagues are thoroughly honest in their efforts to get at the truth regarding the population, and that Mr. Brown and the Times are in too much of a hurry to know the results of the investigation. The Times is in no hurry, and has not shown the slightest sign of impatience. While quite cerhonest he would hardly have come back from Ottawa with that foolish statement which Mr. Brown so thoroughly quite well that the figures which his Herr von Leventhaw. ment obtained from the Ottawa The latter called Count Herbert to orofficials are erroneous, and he displays otherwise. The people here know better, if the census officials do not

VERNON AND NICINITY.

Annals of the Week Around Okanagan's Fair Capital.

(Vernon News.) Okanagan Landing was last week the scene of a happy event, when Capt. Thos. Riley, the popular skipper of the steamer Penticton, was united in marriage with Miss Bertha Mendelsloh.

The warm weather of the past week has been just what the farmers of Pleasant Valley, Spallumcheen and some other parts of the district have been waiting for. In some other parts of the district where the soil is lighter, the extra amount of moisture and cooler weather than usual has been no drawback, and consequently they are looking forward to great results.

The public sale of government lands near Postill's took place on Monday last at Vernon. The only bidders for the property offered for sale were Postill Bros. and J. T. Davis, who got it for \$1 an acre.

A large brown bear is reported to have been seen in the corrals at the Coldstream ranch on Sunday last among the sheep and pigs.

cific. He is one of the oldest drivers on the road, being one of the first engineers on the Credit Valley division. Alexander G. Fortier, of the Buffalo health department, for years a well-

known politician in that city, is believed to have gone to Toronto to evade service of papers for divorce by is wife. Rev. Dr. Campbell has appeared before the Montreal presbytery on the charge of heresy, He said he could retract nothing of what he said in his Kingston

address. A committee was appointed to

draft a libel against him according to

the laws of the church. The campaign in favor of Sunday street cars in Toronto is being carried to ridiculous lengths. Rev. John Langtry of St. Luke's Anglican church, preached on Sunday against Sunday cars, and the World, to show that he was not totally opposed to Sunday labor, published a statement that the rev. gentleman had hot lamb and green peas for dinner on Sunday, necessitating work for a domes-

tic on the Sabbath. Returns of cattle entered during the last half year at the Western cattle mar ket in Toronto, headquarters of the Ontario cattle trade, show that the embargo in England on Canadian eattle has had no effect in diminishing trade. The city commissioner's figures for the period named show that the trade is ahead of that of last year for the same period, which was one of the busiest in the his-

tory of the market. John Walsh, formerly a resident of Toronto, has been murdered at Cleveland. Ohio, where he had been working for some time past. Robbery is said to have been the cause of the crime.

John Shaughnessy, jr., a well known Toronto hotel keeper, was found dead in bed. Apoplexy was the cause of death. Militia general order Issued Saturday grants that majors of regiments of cav-

alry or battalions of garrison artillery or infantry, who have served continuously for fifteen years, either as brevet major and major, or as major, be granted the brevet rank of lieut.-colonel, in the former cases the last ten of the fifteen years to be a substitute major.

The change in the United States pension law, compelling British subjects to reside in the States in order to receive the pensions, compels fifteen Ottawaites to cross the boundary

John Blake, of the township of Pittsburg, is dead from injuries received in

GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

runaway. He was aged 35.

Heated Discussion Between Caprivi and Herbert Bismarck.

Berlin: July 14.-A vote was taken to day on the amendment to the army bill offered yesterday by Prince Herbert Zuccarolath-Schoemayh, providing that the two years service system be fixedly. The amendment was defeated by large majority, the vote standing 374 against the motion to 105 in favor of

tion 2 of the bill, which was started by Herr Groeber, a member of the Centre party, Count Herbert Bismarck made a speech that aroused general interest. This section relates to the formation of infantry, cavalry and artillery. When Count Herbert arose a movement. denoting interest was visible throughout the house. He declared that he was satisfied with the adoption of the bill, though he was opposed to the two years' service system, because the Socialists, during that short term service, might corrupt the army. His fears were mostly in respect to the young men from the towns, most of whom were Socialists. There would not be time in two years to expel the Socialists from these recruits. At this point Count Herbert was interrupted by cries of "Sur sache," Continuing, Count Herbert said that this year of service would serve as a reformatory school. This remark caused a great uproar, which for a time Herr Leventhaw, the president, was unable to quell,

When order had been sufficiently stored to allow his voice being heard, Herr von Kardoff, a member of the reichstag parte, arose and appealed to the house to sustain the count against such a scandalous violation of the right

of debate. Silence was finally obtained and Count Herbert proceeded with his speech. He explained that he voted for the bill because the government had not fixed two years as the permanent term of service. He added that Chancellor von Caprivi's bill was better than the Huen compromise measure now before house. This statement drew forth

cheers from the Conservatives. Chancellor von Caprivi followed Count Herbert. He said he was sorry to see tain of this, we are equally certain that ment on wrong premises. The infantthat Count Herbert had based his arguinduced to settle in Manitoba. Perhaps the premier and his colleagues are very ry had not performed three years' serin time to come Canada will be able to far from making an honest search for vice for a long time, and therefore no the truth. If the premier's efforts were such great change was proposed by the present bill. The two years system could be carried through without dangers Count Herbert feared.

> Count Herbert frequently interrupted riddled in his letter. Mr. Davie knows the chancellor, who at last appealed to

rather poor judgment when he seeks to said he doubted that a man poisoned cultivate the impression that they are with Socialism would reform in the third year of service. The present custom retained only the worst soldiers for two tiser. years. Did Count Herbert, he asked, mean to retain only the Socialists for the third year?

Herr Bebel, one of the leaders of the to Count Herbert Bismarck the house had heard the father speaking through the son. The great father had been unable to kill Social Democracy, and still less would his son be unable to do so. Socialism, Herr Bebel declared, was a living and growing force that the government would have to reason with one less would his son be able to do so. cialism permeating the army, through the three years' service system, he could tell the government that the permeation had already been effected. From the ranks upwards Socialism had its adherents. He could give an instance of South German infantry regiment in which most of the men and all the subofficers were Socialists. He could also mention a North German pioneer regiment which had assisted the Social Democrats to secure a meeting place when all the civilians in the locality had boycotted it. In tones of triumph Herr Bebel concluded: "We exist; you will not be able to get rid of us except by

killing us.' Herr Bebel's remarks caused a most

lecided sensation. Later, in the discussion of article two, Count Herbert Bismarck placed himself before the chair occupied by the chancellor and said he desired to correct the statement made by the chancellor in reference to article one of the bill by quoting from the report of the committee of the last reichstag. This gave rise to another uproar, and while the house was in confusion Herr von Leventhaw reminded Count Herbert that the article on which he wished to comment had been passed by the house.

"Yes," Count Herbert retorted; "but you gave me leave to speak.' "But not for reopening the debate."

said Herr von Leventhaw. Count Herbert then returned to his seat amid a storm of howls from the Social Democratic and Richterist members. Towards the close of the discussion Count Herbert apologized Chancellor von Caprivi for irritating him by his interruptions. The chancellor bowed his acceptance of the apology.

Electric Death.

Two French scientists say that a current of electricity does not always kill when it appears to do so. It simply produces an appearance of death, from which the subject may be restored by artificial respiration. In commenting on this statement the Worcester Gazette suggests that this may be the case with the criminals who have been executed by electricity in New York state, and that they are really killed, not by electricity, but by the doctors who afterward made an autopsy on them. It seems that rabbits have been revived after receiving a shock of 2,500 volts and 20 amperes, a shock more powerful than is given in the execution of murderers.

J. G. Carter Troop, representing eastern newspapers, left in the Warrimoo last

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs. Mrs. Mary Grant, a resident of Lon-

ion for over sixty years, is dead. Lucas Theador, of Strausburg, was kicked by a horse and fatally injured. Leon Terveau, of Warkworth, aged 70, while drawing in hay, fell from the

oad and was fatally injured. P. E. Tremblay, one of the best known young Liberal speakers in Quebec prov-

ice, is dead of lung disease. The Johnston & Johnston Company, wholesale druggists, Toronto, have as signed for the benefit of their creditors. No passengers have yet been landed from the steamer Lake Nepigon, stranded in the straits of Belle Isle, nor is there any later news from her.

Peter S. Filman, an old resident, aged

74, who had lived in Barton township all his life, is dead. He was a descendant of a staunch United Empire Loyalist. The Presbyterian Review has been sold to Messrs. Clougher Bros., Toronto, for \$5,000. It has been running five years During the debate on article 1, sec- and during that time has lost \$36,000. The Conservatives of East Simcoe have selected Andrew Miscampbell, the sitting member, to again represent them at the coming contest for the Untario legislature.

Mr. Turner, who arrived here recent ly, is the purchaser of 320 acres from Mr. McCormick of Eden Flat. Mr Turner intends sub-dividing the erty into small holdings.

The big grain steamship Rosedale which ran ashore at the mouth of Knife river, Lake Superior, has been released and is now in dock at Duluth. The damage is fully covered by insurance. The bulletin of the Ontario Bureau of Industries gives the condition of the crops down to July 1. In fall wheat the prospects are below the average. Spring wheat will exceed the crop of

The county judge of Ottawa having decided that gas mains were assessible as realty, the Toronto assessor will take action to make the Consumers' Gas Company pay tax on \$700,000 worth of

Commissioner Larke writes from Chicago that all the Canadian cheese, fruit, vegetables, ales and wines in the cold storage warehouse were destroyed. Some can be replaced at once, the others not till towards the fall.

The output of logs in the Ottawa dis trict is expected to be very large this There are said to be two milseason. lions and a half of logs in the main stream and tributaries on their way down to the Chaudiere.

Sir Richard Cartwright, who was nearly drowned while boating a year ago, had another narrow escape Thursday afternoon. The steamer Bertha ran into his skiff, but he seized her hull and was shoved along in his boat until the Bertha was stopped. The party of immigrants from Idaho

do not take as kindly to the country as it was supposed they would. It is a hard mater to find land exactly suited to the wants of every one. All the fine does not, by its attendance, manifarms we see are the result of hard fest a desire that said exposition labor, grubbing stumps, slashing, etc. this district. A gentleman who has if the exposition is kept open The chancellor then proceeded. He Western Ontario assures us that the hay and fall wheat yield is excellent. great deal of the hav has already been saved in good condition.-London Adver- authorities canot give its own employee

On Wednesday night, as a steamer, having on board a moonlight excursion party of lady "True Blues," was nearing her wharf at Toronto, Charles Lane, Social Democrats, said that in listening a young man, attempted to jump from the upper deck to the wharf, but fell into the water and in the darkness drowned.

> A lacrosse club was organized at meeting held on Tuesday evening. It is the intention of the club to put themselves in communication with other places in the district with a view having clubs organized, that Canada's national game may be duly represented in the Okanagan.

Joseph Spragge has been appointed loomotive inspector of the Ontario and Atlantic division of the Canadian Pa-The second term of the Vernon private college has closed, and the new term will begin on Sept. 1st. Mr. Meyer is going to make special arrangements for junior classes.

The government have made a small grant towards defraying the expenses of the Harris creek miners in building the trail from the main road. amount is small, but it is pronounced by the builders of the trail to be quite satisfactory. When building it they were not doing so for the sake of the job they were working at, and are satisfied in having their expenses paid.

Mr. Keslo, recently appointed superintendent of neglected children for Ontario, has ascertained that the new criminal code does not make provision for compelling magistrates to have a separate trial of children, and that it will probably be inoperative in this respect. An effort will be made to secure further legislation on this point at the next Dominion parliament.

The Earl and Countess of Derby and suite visited the Montreal Board of Trade, being escorted through by a bodyguard from the Duke of Connaught's cavalry. The members of the board sang "God Save the Queen" as the party passed through the Exchange hall. At the city hall addresses were presented to the earl from the city council and McGill college.

The little steamer "Miramichi" runs upon Dog Lake from north to south 10 miles, and width one to two miles. Passengers are conveyed up and down, and heavy freight towed upon a scow kept for the purpose. The four miles or so of the Okanagan river that empties from the south end of Okanagan lake to the north end of Dog lake is too rapid to enable this boat to navigate. It is said, however, that a more powerful boat will be placed to make the full run.

Frank Murphy, William Thompson and a companion, who, the Toronto World's Montreal correspondent stated, were guilty of holding up a train on the G. T. R. at the points of three deadly revolvers, pleaded guilty in the Montreal police court to stealing a ride. The al leged train wreckers were meek as After they had been arrested lambs. the fellows were searched, but no revolvers were found on them, and not enough money among the trio to buy a toothpick. The judge then sentenced the 'dreaded train robbers" to a fine of \$10 ach or six weeks in jai

The failure of the government repair the dam on Mission creek which resulted in the submersion of valuable lands has been the cause of destroying a lot of hops on the Guisachan ranch The government should be made to pay Mr. Miller's mine near C. Balagno's on the Mission road is exciting the people of Okanagan Mission. Mr. Fra

ser discovered a quartz lead there sev. eral weeks ago and Mr. Muller has a gang at work sinking a shaft on The ledge is 12 feet wide, and when the shaft is down 15 or 20 feet assays will be made.

The crew of the steamer Aberdeen brought up with them on Saturday live rattlesnake caught underneath the wharf at Penticton. It is a very large snake and has ten rattles. run through the head with the prong of a fork and held under the water for while with the hope of drowning it, the brute seemed quite lively and full fight when brought up to Mr. Pound's on Saturday. It is on exhibition in a box with a glass top in Mr. Byshe's window along with other features of interesting zoo.

SUNDAY AT THE FAIR.

The Former Resolution Declaring fo Open Doors Rescinded. Chicago, July 14.—The World's Fair is to be closed on Sunday after July 16. The admissions of next Sunday have already been set apart for the relief of the families of the firemen who lost their lives in the recent fire on the grounds The vote of the local directors rescind ing its former action was overwhelming y in favor of closing, being 24 to When the meeting of directors was cal ed late this afternoon, an address advecating Sunday closing signed by all the leading clergymen of Chicago was read The close of the address was the signal for a series of speeches, all of in favor of closing the fair. Vice-President Peck, who presided in the absence of President Higginbotham, then read the following resolution, which was a once adopted, and the directors adjourn ed, apparently well pleased with them

Whereas the board of directors at regular meeting held May 16, 189; adopted certain resolutions providing for the opening of the exposition on Sunday, n response to urgent appeals from per sons and organizations representing large majority of the public, as well as from stockholders of the corporation, and also in accordance with a resolution adopted by the city council of the city of Chicago, representing the financial interests of said city inside the exposition

selves and their work:

to the amount of \$5,000,000, and Whereas, this action of the board has been sustained by the United States circuit court of appeal, and the rights and power of the board of directors to control the physical administration of the exposition on Sundays, as well as of other days of the week, has been upheld

by the final decree of said court; and Whereas, it now appears, by the actu al admission, that the general public should be kept open each day There is good news about the crops in of the week; and it further appears that, more than 16,000 laboring men and women, employees of the exposition and others, and in such event the exposition one day of rest out of each week, seems impracticable for exhibitors and others to provide such a day of rest

for their own clerks and employees. Whereas, it further appears that the number of laboring men and women whose services wil be necessarily required to keep the exhibition open on Sundays is disproportionate to the number of visitors on said days, and therefore the interests of the public are not promoted by keeping the exposition open on

each and every day of the week. Now, therefore, be it resolved that all the said resolutions so adopted by this body on May 16th, 1893, and amendment to the rule relative thereto adopted on the said day, save and except the prices of admission, be and the same are hereby rescinded, to take effect after the 16th inst.

Peary Off to Greenland.

St. John's, Nfld., July 15.-The Peary party will leave to-night for Labrador to get dogs and thence to Greenland. The ship was fully supplied with coal and other necessaries and it was expected would reach its destination in four weeks, returning here late in September Immense crowds visited the ship here.

Another Heroic Monk.

Father Damien's work will not have died with him if a scheme now on foot should come to anything. Another monk—this time a Benedictine, Dom Santon by name—has been commissioned by the French government to make a special study of leprosy. His medical knowledge is great, and for a year he will travel in Scandinavia. Finland, Turkey, Asia Minor, Greece and Egypt, with a view to studying the victims of a scourge hitherto deemed incurable. At the end of this period he will return to Paris, where he will lay before M. Pasteur the results of his investigations. Should they discover a remedy likely to prove efficacious, Dom Santon will set off for Molokai. Father Damien's work will not have died prove efficaci for Molokai.



Mr. Joseph Hemmerich

An old soldier, came out of the War greatly enfeebled by Typhoid Fever, and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him as incurable with Consumption. He has been in poor health since, until he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla Immediately his cough grew looser, night sweats ceased, and he regained good general health. He cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla, especially to comrades in the G. A. B.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the

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now holding a c Bangkok, July were killed and fo the exchange of at the mouth of th French gunboats stante, which for bar in face of o government forbi the river.

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Exposure Ottawa, July 1 London Times the report that or on his way to the newspaper.

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She is now in the The Bawns San Francisco steamer Bawnn rocks near Poin arrived from Ca

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