# FIGHTING CONSISTS OF BOMBARDMENTS

## Western Front Has Off-Day for Allied Infantry Men.

London, Oct. 29.—On the western front in France and Belgium, little fighting has taken place except in the nature of bombardments, altho on the Verdun front the Germans in an attack near the Chaume Wood, captured a portion of a French trench. Later, however, they were driven out from the most of it.

On that portion of the line held by the Americans, the first German taken has died of wounds sustained in "no man's land," when he failed to obey a command to halt. The Americans daily are shelling the Germans, with the Germans answering their fire. Snow has fallen in the region where the Americans are entrenched.

**Artillery Actions On**

Paris, Oct. 29.—The communication on the war operations issued tonight, reads:

"During the course of the day, the artillery action was maintained with violence on the right bank of the Meuse, in the sector of Chaume Wood-Bezonvaux. There was intermittent cannonading on the rest of the front.

"German aviators bombed the neighborhood of Dunkirk on October 27 and 28. There were no casualties.

"Belgian communication: Our troops carried out last night several raids north and south of Dixmude. South of Dixmude, a detachment went beyond a line of support and brought back in all about fifty prisoners and several machine guns. Our troops blew up several enemy bomb-throwers and shelters. During the day our batteries continued the destruction of numerous enemy works and batteries. The German artillery responded only feebly. Our aviators have carried out numerous flights.

"Eastern theatre: On October 27 the enemy's artillery was moderately active along the whole front; the action was more spirited, however, northwest of Monastir. On the 28th the artillery activity was quite serious in the region of the Vardar and Monastir, where we shelled the enemy batteries. Patrol encounters occurred on the lower Struma and at the Cerna Bend."

**Mist in Flanders.**

Berlin, via London, Oct. 29.—The German official communication says:

"Western front, army of Crown Prince Rupprecht: Mist and fog restricted the fighting activity in Flanders, but nevertheless the artillery activity along the Yser has been lively and reached great violence, especially near Dixmude, during the night. Attacks by enemy detachments north of the town failed.

"Between the Houthulst Wood and the Lys the enemy directed some strong waves of firing on our fighting zone. Some English infantry advancing behind drumfire and smoke shells attacked north of the Boesinghe-Staden railway. The storming waves collapsed as a result of our defence.

"Army of the German Crown Prince: On the Chemin des Dames strong French forces attacked twice after violent artillery preparation near Braye. As the result of our fire, and at some places counter-thrusts by our trench garrison, the enemy had to retreat. He sustained heavy losses and left prisoners in our hands.

"With the other armies the fighting activity only revived at places.

"Aviation: Since October 22 the enemy has lost forty-eight airplanes in aerial engagements and by our anti-aircraft guns. Three of these were brought down in home territory.

# HAMILTON NEWS

## TORONTO'S SYSTEM FINEST IN WORLD

### Dr. W. E. Blatz of Hart House Tells of Treating Paralysis in Soldiers.

Hamilton, Oct. 29.—That the system now used at the Hart House, Toronto, to restore to paralyzed soldiers the use of their bodies or limbs was superior to any and would soon be adopted the world over was the pronouncement of Dr. W. E. Blatz, who spoke before the Canadian Club tonight on the "Re-education of Soldiers."

George L. Sprague, principal of the Hamilton Technical School, delivered an address on the same subject.

Dr. Blatz, who is associated with Hart House, stated that the plastic surgery now being carried out in France was nothing short of miraculous and that faces shot off had been built up again by this method. "It was not until 1916 that the government realized that something in this line had to be done for the returned soldiers. Many of them were coming back from England in a paralyzed condition. At the present time there are 200,000 such cases being treated in England," said the speaker.

Opinions on the present war crisis, personal experiences on the battlefield and incidents of the glorious history of the British Empire, were interwoven by Lt.-Col. Cecil C. Williams, chief recruiting officer of the Dominion, into a brilliant address to the Men's Club of St. Giles' Church this evening.

There is a possibility that pay-as-you-enter cars will be given a test in this city. The idea has been mooted for the past fortnight, and General Manager Coleman believes that the scheme is up-to-date.

Because he was a Bulgarian Christo Markoff, when found guilty of violating the Ontario Temperance Act, had $100 added to his fine today with the result that he paid over $300 for traveling "hipped."

Sir George Foster, in acknowledging a letter sent by the board of trade protesting against the importation of firearms by foreigners, has written to Secretary Brown stating that the matter has been brought to the attention of the minister of justice. In their communication the board pointed out that, while Canadian dealers were forbidden to sell firearms without a permit, there was no law to prevent them being imported.

## GOVERNMENT CONTROL FOR PACKING PLANTS

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Official announcement was made today that every packing plant in the country is under full control of the government, and that after the first of November the control will be absolute, operation of the plants then being under license.

The announcement was coincident with the grand jury drive against high-priced milk, and was made by Joseph I. Cotton, chief of the meat division of the food administration, and Professor Charles McCarthy of the University of Wisconsin, personal representative of Food Administrator Hoover, after weeks of investigation of the Chicago packing plants.

Within a short time meat price bulletins will appear with the food administration's bulletins.

**ERTLE BEAT THOMPSON.**

Racine, Wis., Oct. 29.—Johnny Ertle, St. Paul bantamweight, outboxed George Thompson of San Francisco, in a ten-round, no-decision contest here tonight.

# WAR SUMMARY

## THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE situation on the Italian front has improved. The Italians are checking the German advance. The enemy is near Udine, the former headquarters of General Cadorna. The allies will have to give up a considerable belt of territory before reaching their main defensive line. The war has again become one of manoeuvre in the open field, but the chances are that the aid which Britain and France are despatching will arrive too late to permit Cadorna's risking a general action to retrieve the disaster. The Italians may not be able to undertake the offensive again until spring. The giving up of so much territory will depress the morale of the troops. General Smuts admits that the reverse, tho not fatal, will lengthen the duration of the war by a few months.

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The enemy, by this successful offensive, has postponed the invasion of Austria. The Italians were further on with their preparations for this invasion than the British and the French were with their preparations for the invasion of Germany. This is what attracted the notice of Germany. The Italians were waiting for munitions and equipment to proceed with their offensive at the moment when the German blow fell. By reason of the enemy's co-operation on interior lines he can almost always deliver these heavy blows. The allies let Von Mackensen steal another march on them, having not yet learned to beware of his capacity for secrecy and surprise. The enemy had prepared for this offensive by the secret moving forward of munitions over concealed roads and the massing of troops in subterranean caverns. It was the appearance of a locally overwhelming force that contrived to break thru at an unexpected point.

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On paper only the Italians have lost the product of three campaigns. As the enemy presses forward, he will come into open country. The effect of this will be to require a greater concentration of men per mile and it will also compel the enemy to hold longer lines, making him garrison his defences with more troops than ever. Moreover, Italy has still abundance of man-power. Lack of equipment has prevented her from employing her maximum strength. The United States has allotted her enough shipping to supply her needs. It may require a considerable campaign to recover the lost ground, altho, if fully equipped, she may make as rapid an advance as the enemy.

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The Canadians, tho for the most part employed in consolidating their new positions, have contrived to push slowly forward on the neck of Bellevue spur towards Passchendaele Village and Ridge. They are about 1000 yards out from the Passchendaele Village and on their right and left stand the strong positions of Crest Farm and Meetcheele. The Canadian artillery is proving too strong for the enemy. The Germans knew of their transfer from Lens and sent a fresh Bavarian division to face them. The Bavarians, however, could not stop their advance. The men are mostly working up to their waists in slimy mud.

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Altho sending help to Italy, the allies will probably continue the process of wearing down the Germans in Belgium, especially since they are so near their goal. That depends, however, on the number of guns available for diversion elsewhere. The reduction of the British armament, for example, would call a halt in the major operations. France, however, has plenty of big guns and she may send a force of artillery and artillerymen to the rescue. The strategic effects of the prosecution of the campaign into Belgium would be so great that the allies would be loath to halt it, even for a few weeks. If the Germans compel them to do so, in order to meet them on the Italian plain, they will have achieved one of the most important objects sought for in attacking Italy.

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Premier Kerensky has gone to the Russian front, ostensibly for consultation, perhaps for the trying of an offensive to assist the Italians. So long as the Russian army remains together, it can hardly be counted out of the reckoning. Whether an offensive would succeed depends on many unknown factors. Most would depend on its initial success. If the army won a smashing military victory, it would march along with great unanimity. Soldiers prefer to advance above all other things. The discipline remains imperfect. Kerensky has put the soldiers in command of the officers. Some of the unemployed officers at Petrograd declare the Russian army to be an armed mob. That term sounds familiar. It was applied to the first Canadian division by men who failed to qualify for command.

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The British air defences of the southeast counties of England were strong enough to drive back a squadron of German raiders. The hostile flying machines were unable to pass the outer defences, according to Lord French. By concentrating on the provision of aircraft and anti-aircraft guns, the British War Office has solved the air-raiding problem.

## U. S. TROOPS CAPTURE FIRST HUN PRISONER

### Captured German Was Mail Carrier and Died In Hospital Soon After Being Made Prisoner.

With the American Army in France, Oct. 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—The first German prisoner of war taken by the American Expeditionary Forces died today in an American field hospital, having been shot when he encountered an American patrol in No Man's Land in front of the American trenches.

He, with another German, was discovered Saturday night by the patrol and was called upon to halt. The Germans ran, the patrol fired, and one of the enemy was hit. The prisoner was treated at a dressing station and removed to a field hospital, where the combined efforts of several surgeons failed to save his life.

The prisoner was a mail carrier, and letters of some value were found on him. He explained his presence near the American trenches, saying he had lost his way in the dark. He declared that the German soldiers did not know that Americans were on the front or in France, the officers telling them nothing.

## BROTHERS TRIED AT CHATHAM FOR LIVES

### Frank and Henry McDonald Charged With Murder of Train Crew.

Chatham, Oct. 29.—Looking somewhat thinner and paler after more than a year's confinement in the county jail, Frank McDonald of Ridgetown was this afternoon placed on trial a second time on a charge of murder, while his brother, Henry, is confined to the cells on a similar charge, which will be heard at the present sitting of the supreme court which opened at the courthouse this afternoon before Justice Clute.

The McDonald brothers are being tried for the murder of Stephen Quinland and Russell Oakes, engineer and fireman, who were killed on the morning of May 1, 1911, when a fast passenger train of the M. C. R. was thrown into the ditch near Ridgetown as a result of a portion of rail having been removed, supposedly by the two prisoners. Frank McDonald was tried at the fall assizes last year. After being out eight hours, the jury was unable to agree, and the accused was remanded to jail from that time until this for a new trial.

T. Agar of Simcoe is prosecuting for the crown, and F. Kirby of Windsor is defending the accused. More than twenty jurors were objected to by the counsel for both parties before the jury was selected.

**Sought Revenge.**

A large number of witnesses were heard, the majority being officials of the M. C. Railroad, who gave details regarding the nature of the wreck and the facts which led up to the arrest of the two men some four years later. The reason advanced for the terrible act, which is alleged to have been committed by the two brothers, is that Henry McDonald, who was in the employ of the railway at the time, and who went out on strike because of a cut in wages, sought revenge by removing a rail, which caused the wreck. The court was adjourned at a late hour this afternoon, to be continued tomorrow, and it is expected that the two murder charges will take up the greater part of this week.

At the conclusion of the hearing of these cases, Aldermen F. E. Baxter, E. H. Ericsoe and S. Coatsworth will be placed on trial on a charge of having collected a bribe of $5000 from the Chatham Gas Company in consideration of which they were to waive their opposition to a measure introduced at the Chatham City Council for the sale of the electrical equipment of the said company to the Hydro Power Commission.

## U. S. SENATORS ON SHIP ATTACKED BY U-BOAT

### Promptitude of Gunners Prevents Launching of Torpedo—Submarine Escapes.

London, Oct. 29.—The steamer on which were United States Senators John E. Kennick of Wyoming and William S. Kenyon of Iowa, and Representatives John J. Rogers of Massachusetts, and James S. Parker of New York, was attacked by a German submarine off the coast of Wales, Saturday. The gunners on the steamer opened fire immediately, and the submarine submerged before having time to launch a torpedo.

At a dinner given at the Athenaeum Club tonight, the lord high chancelior, Sir R. B. Finlay, in honor of the American senators and representatives, confirmed the report of the attack on the liner.

## Industrial Workers Fail To Establish London Branch

London, Oct. 29.—In the house of commons today Sir George Cave, the home secretary, said an attempt had been made to establish a branch of the Industrial Workers of the World in London, but that it had received little or no support. The home secretary added that all necessary steps had been taken by the government to deal with the matter.

## Capture the Commander of Noted Enemy Sea Raider

A Pacific Port, Oct. 29.—Count von Luckner, commander of the German raider See Adler, was captured September 21, off the Fiji Islands by Fijian constabulary, according to word brought by a steamer arriving today from a trans-Pacific port.

**TWO HURT IN MOTOR CAR RACE.**

Uniontown, Pa., Oct. 29.—In a race in which Gaston Chevrolet of Plainfield, N.J., driver, and Salvatore Barbarino, mechanician, were severely injured and narrowly escaped death when their machine on the 112th lap, skidded and crashed into the guard rail surrounding the track, Eddie Hearne won the annual autumn classic of 168 miles on the Uniontown Speedway today. His time was 1.49.02.85. The race was for a prize of $3000.

## APPEAL FOR UNITY MADE BY MEIGHEN

### Member of New Union Government Advocates Support of Victory Loan.

Portage la Prairie, Man., Oct. 29.—Hon. Arthur Meighen, former Conservative member for this riding and now a member of the new union government together with Ewan MacPherson, Liberal member for Portage in the Manitoba Legislature, addressed a large meeting tonight in the Methodist church. The feeling was intensely patriotic. The appeals of both speakers for the victory loan made a deep impression and the appeal of Mr. Meighen for earnest win-the-war endeavor was cheered to the echo. His picture of the urgency for making effective progress against the central powers made a deep impression, and there was every evidence of a grim determination to fight to the last man and the last dollar.

Mr. Meighen explained the proposal to divide the unionist candidates in the west among the Conservatives, the Liberals and the grain growers. His remarks were to the effect that such a division was necessary in order to avoid confusion. There would be no dictation about it.

Hon. Arthur Meighen was received with a great round of applause. He urged the necessity of raising the war loan. It was essential to the existence of the country. Canada, he said, was now to reverse former conditions and loan money to Great Britain in order that Great Britain may purchase Canadian goods, even Canadian wheat. The United States as yet had not seen fit to join hands financially with Canada and the other allies, but the speaker hoped that time would come.

Mr. Meighen, touching upon the coming campaign, said that it had been found necessary to divide the union candidates in the west suitably among the Conservatives on one hand and the Liberals and the grain-growers on the other. Unionist conventions would be more largely attended by Conservatives, and the most of the candidates would be Conservatives. It could not be expected that the Liberals would stand for that.

**Necessity for Division.**

Under the Military Voters' Act, the soldiers merely needed to vote for the union government, for the opposition or for the independent candidates. A division was necessary in order that only one accepted union candidate be in the field in any one riding and that the people should know definitely who was the government candidate. It was also necessary in order that the soldiers' votes could be allocated properly.

There was no attempt at dictation. All that was being done was an attempt to avoid confusion. If this arrangement was effected the prime minister would be able to allocate the soldiers' votes for the government without any difficulty, as there would be only one unionist candidate in each constituency. The leader of the opposition also had the right to allot votes of soldiers for opposition candidates as he might see fit.

**Plea For Conscription.**

Mr. Meighen made a plea for the endorsation of the government policy of conscription. He declared that he had been amazed at the strength of the conscription sentiment in the west. That was the reason the people were behind the union government, for that government was based on the rock of compulsory military service. (Cheers.)

Mr. Meighen's remarks to the effect that conscription will divide the burden more equitably were received by the audience with applause. Mr. Meighen declared that there would never have been union government bringing old political foes together unless both sides had realized that conscription was absolutely necessary, that Canada was fighting for her life and that her people had to serve as one man.

Mr. Meighen said that if he was selected as unionist candidate in Portage he hoped he would not have to return to the riding as a member of the government had important duties to perform.

Mr. Meighen leaves tomorrow morning for Ottawa.

## BELGIANS IN RAIDS IN DIXMUDE AREA

### British Artillery Shows Great Activity Northeast of Ypres.

London, Oct. 29.—The official statement from British headquarters in France and Belgium, issued tonight, reads:

"A detachment of Inniskilling Fusiliers entered the enemy trenches this afternoon northeast of Croisilles (southeast of Arras) and captured a few prisoners.

"Successful raids in which a number of prisoners were taken were carried out early this morning by Belgian troops north and south of Dixmude. On the battle front the hostile artillery has been active north of the Ypres-Roulers railway. Our own artillery has shown great activity northeast of Ypres.

"Aviation: Sunday the weather was fine, but a thick haze overhung the lines, greatly hindering work in the air. Our low-flying airplanes fired a great many rounds at the enemy troops in their trenches and shell holes. During the day over 100 bombs were dropped by us on hostile airdromes and billets. At night the Gontrode airdrome, the Courtrai station and the billets and railway station in the neighborhood of Roulers were bombed. There was not much fighting on account of the mist. One German machine was brought down and one was brought down out of control. One of ours is missing."

**TO PROSECUTE ABATTOIR.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—The court of appeal today ruled that the Montreal Abattoirs Company, Limited, is liable to prosecution by the city for alleged breach of the civic bylaws in emitting offensive odors from its abattoir on Frontenac street. The company had obtained a writ of prohibition to prevent the city proceeding against it, and this was quashed.

## COAST LUMBER MILLS TO WORK FOR AIRPLANES

### United States Government May Take Over Entire Resources In West.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 29.—All the lumber mills of Washington and Oregon may be placed at the disposal of the federal government for the manufacture of airplane stock, as the result of a meeting here today, of the Lumbermen's Protective League, representing 225 mills. The executive committee was authorized to go to any length in meeting the demand for airplane stock.

## NEW ZEALAND HOUSES ARRIVE IN DEADLOCK

### Quarrel Arises Over Military Exemption of Teachers, Including Marist Brothers.

Wellington, New Zealand, Oct. 29.—(Via Ottawa, Reuter's Agency.)—The legislative council has deleted by eleven votes to four the clause in the conscription bill exempting all teachers, including the Marist Brothers, which the house of representatives had previously passed. The disagreement between the council and the house will probably prolong the session.

## ENJOINS ECONOMY IN IRON AND STEEL

### Ottawa Announces Curtailment in Shipments From United States.

Ottawa, Oct. 29. — The situation in regard to iron and steel supplies remains serious. Rigid economy in every scrap of metal is strongly urged as the result of a visit which F. C. T. O'Hara, deputy minister of trade and commerce, has paid to Washington. Some misunderstandings have been cleared up in respect of procedure in the handling both of export license applications and applications for priority assistance. Arrangements have been made, which it is greatly hoped, will assist the Canadian manufacturer to secure articles he needs from the United States.

It is pointed out here, however, that demand in the United States is abnormal. There is even likelihood that a number of Canadian manufacturers will have to face sacrifice in the future for the reason it is not possible for the United States to supply many materials required for commercial purposes in Canada. Further, there is reason to believe that there will be a scarcity in materials required in Canada for the manufacture of articles which might properly be regarded as articles contributory to the war. It is felt that the situation can only be met by the strictest economy in the use of metals.

Arrangements have been reached with Washington whereby all articles now requiring priority shall first be covered by a priority application made by the United States shipper. Such priority application must be forwarded to the department of trade and commerce, Ottawa. The department of trade and commerce upon investigation as to the need and urgency of the article in Canada will recommend such priority as it can, based on the scheme laid down by Judge Lovett, chairman of the priorities committee.

It has been arranged to have an officer of the British embassy in Washington detailed to follow up with the export license bureau applications for export licenses which have been endorsed by the department of trade and commerce.

A committee of prominent iron and steel men is now investigating the iron and steel situation in Canada.

## HOTELMAN "ENCOURAGED" TWO HULL ALDERMEN

### Gave Orders to Each for Hundred Dollars Worth of Supplies.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—At the judicial enquiry in Hull this afternoon in connection with license bribery charges, Ald. Lavigne swore that Wilfrid Barr offered him money, amount not specified, to get him to vote for the license of Albert Gratton, retail liquor store, as also did Gratton himself. Ald. Lavigne refused the offer and voted against Gratton.

N. Boucher, proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, testified that he had "encouraged" Ald. Talbot and Charest, butchers and grocers, by placing orders amounting to about $100 each as an appreciation of their support of his license.

Owing to the conflicting evidence given during the enquiry some witnesses will be recalled tomorrow morning. Ald. Stafford, who denied that he received the $250, as stated by J. Mullen, will be one of them.

It is expected that the inquiry will last at least two days longer. There are still many witnesses to be heard.

## TO SECURE CHEAP FEED FOR CATTLE INDUSTRY

### Dominion Food Controller Has Conference Between Live Stock Men and Millers.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—In order to encourage the increased production of food animals, efforts are being made to secure for the farmers, by improved distribution, a steady supply of bran, shorts and mill feeds at prices as low as feasible. A special committee appointed at the meeting of live stock men in Ottawa last week has been in conference today in the food controller's office with representatives of the millers. Th latter have expressed their readiness to co-operate and there is reason to believe that the negotiations will be entirely successful.

**GEN. HOARE AT FORT WORTH.**

Fort Worth, Texas, Oct. 29.—Brigadier-General G. G. Hoare, commander of the Canadian division of the British Royal Flying Corps, established his headquarters here today for the winter.

**QUEBEC MAN KILLED IN BUSH.**

Quebec, Oct. 29.—John Bourdeau, 25, single, of St. Ansline, Dorchester County, was killed in the bush some time last week while out shooting. The body was only found at noon today, after a three-day search. The whole thing seems to be an accident.

**AGROUND IN LACHINE CANAL.**

Special to The Toronto World.

Kingston, Oct. 29.—The steamer Mapleton, coal laden, went aground at the Lachine Canal, and the Donnelly Wrecking Company has sent its wrecker to the scene.

## NEWSPRINT PRICES FOUND EXCESSIVE

### Commissioner Pringle Declares Government May Seize Paper Mills.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Because many of the newsprint manufacturers have not exerted themselves to furnish their product to Canadian publishers at the price fixed by the government, and in some cases have refused to ship paper where the need for it was very great, Commissioner Pringle at the newsprint enquiry today, stated that the government might very well assume control of the newsprint paper industry for the duration of the war in order that the publishers would be assured of a steady and adequate supply of paper.

So far statements of 11 companies have been considered by the commissioner, and he has found to date that the average cost of producing newsprint at these plants, exclusive of any provision for contingency, but including all incidentals and 10 per cent. interest on common stock is $57.50 per ton.

Preliminary to the submission of statements in the afternoon there was a great deal of animated discussion between Geoffrey Clarkson, the investigating commission's accountant, and the numerous lawyers present on behalf of the paper manufacturers as to whether ten per cent. on common stock was a sufficient return. The accountant has put this item in at this figure in all the statements, and despite all the contention to the opposite, would not budge, saying it was up to the manufacturers to argue to the contrary.

While the E. B. Eddy plant was under consideration J. F. Orde, K. C., the legal representative, stated that George H. Millen was seriously thinking of giving up the manufacture of newsprint because there was no money in it. The statement of the St. Maurice Co. showed that a profit on sulphite was made in March last, when 503 tons which cost $41.85 per ton to produce were sold at an average price of $90.57 per ton.

George H. Biermans, of the Belgo-Canadian Co., who has been the principal complainant anent the disproportionate distribution of the burden of supplying $50 paper, stated he had shipped 66 per cent. more than his share in June at this figure. He said he could not afford to sell paper at $50, and even $55 would only just even up.

The enquiry resumes at 10 a.m. tomorrow

## PREMIER PRAISES CANADIAN TROOPS

### Lloyd George Refers to Work at Ypres and Vimy Ridge.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, Oct. 29.—The only interruption that Premier Lloyd George suffered tonight when moving the thanks of the house of commons to the navy, army and the overseas troops and mercantile marine, came when he reached a paragraph referring to the services of the dominions and colonies.

"England," said the premier parenthetically, "has contributed 75 per cent. of the fighting force."

Some members near him suggested that he meant Great Britain. Another asked:

"What about Scotland?"

"I am coming to Scotland immediately," answered the premier.

"I want to say a word about England first, for the simple reason that our foes have been circulating again the same old calumny that England fought her battles with the help of others. There never was a time when it was less true. Scotland has always done its share. Ireland has made a distinguished contribution. So has Wales. The dominions have sent between 700,000 and 800,000 men, five times the number of our original expeditionary force. And what a contribution! How well they have fought, those citizen armies! At the second battle of Ypres, on the heights of Vimy, where they swept the foe from positions where he had defied the greatest armies of the allies for two or three years."

The premier proceeded to speak equally warmly but as briefly of what Australia, South Africa and the crown colonies had done.

The greater part of his speech was occupied with speaking of the navy and army as a whole. Twice he referred to the anxiety of the past few days, which had militated against his preparation of an adequate speech.

Mr. Asquith seconded the resolution, supported by Messrs. Redmond and O'Grady.

Sir George Perley was present in the distinguished strangers' gallery.

## New Conference of Allies To Discuss Military Plans

London, Oct. 29. — Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, in the house of commons today informed a questioner that the approaching inter-allied conference at Paris had been summoned not to consider war aims, but the conduct of the war. The question arose out of a report that the Russian workmen's and soldiers' delegates were sending a representative to the conference to discuss war aims.

## Kitchener Alderman Is Freed On Municipal Bribery Charge

Kitchener, Oct. 29.—The grand jury which sat today in connection with the sittings of the supreme court, which opened this afternoon, failed to return a true bill against Ald. H. M. Bowman, who was charged with municipal corruption. It was claimed that the councillor had attempted to bribe Alderman John Reid in connection with the dismissal of former City Engineer Johnston. The jury found a true bill in the case of Harvey Bucknell charged with embezzlement of water commission funds amounting to over $4000.

**QUEBEC NEGLECTS RED CROSS.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—While the Province of Ontario has given $5,100,000 for Red Cross purposes in the past three years, the Province of Quebec has given only $260,000, so W. R. Miller, president of the Quebec provincial branch of the Red Cross Society, stated this afternoon at a meeting held in the Windsor Hotel to organize a campaign for the "Our Day" special appeal of the British Red Cross.

**HANNA CONGRATULATED.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—The city council this afternoon passed a resolution congratulating Food Controller Hanna on the recent order-in-council permitting the manufacture and importation of oleomargarine in Canada, and asking that the price of margarine be fixed.

**RECORD PRICE FOR ESTATE.**

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 29.—The Blair estate at Paincourt, extending over 41 acres, was sold on Saturday to D. Gagneau of Paincourt for the record price of $10,700.

SHANNON THE PLUMBER
Park 738 739
All of our repair cars are equipped with everything for every kind of a repair job. One will be in your neighborhood today. Phone us to call.
SHANNON THE PLUMBER

## RUSH STOCK CARS TO SAVE CATTLE

### U. S. Government Officials Take Action to Avoid Losses.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Fifteen hundred stock cars have been requisitioned by the government and started for New Mexico and southeastern Texas to bring out cattle threatened with extinction by drought conditions there. The food administration announced tonight that this number of cars had been obtained and that others would be requisitioned and sent forward as quickly as possible.

The situation in the southwest is becoming serious as the drought spreads and the administration says drastic action will be necessary to save the live stock. Arrangements have been made to transfer the animals by the thousand into sections where food and water may be found.

Similar steps were taken by the administration some time ago to relieve an acute situation along the lines of the Texas and Pacific and the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railroads.

## PLANS A NEW MEXICAN REVOLUTIONARY MOVE

### Felix Diaz Asks Support From All Who Are Interested in Overthrow of Present Regime.

El Paso, Oct. 29. — Reports that have been reaching the border for more than a month of a new revolutionary movement in Mexico, headed by General Felix Diaz, calling for the support of all who are in sympathy with a new movement, the purpose of which is said to be the overthrow of the so-called Caranzista party, and the restoration of the constitution of 1857. The manifesto is dated Camp Buena Vista, State of Vera Cruz September 23, 1917. It calls specially for the support of members of the old federal army which, it says, has not been dissolved, but was dispersed because of political circumstances.

**READY FOR FISH DAY.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—In anticipation of Canada's second national fish day tomorrow, the hotels and restaurants in this city, as well as the dining cars on the railways are pretty well stocked up with fish, and J. A. Paulhus, chairman of the committee of the Canadian Fisheries Association, says the day will be observed thruout the Dominion.

**RUSSIAN STABS AUSTRIAN.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—A saloon at the corner of Charlotte lane and St. Dominique street called "The Bucket of Blood," was the scene tonight of a stabbing in which an Austrian named Samuel Kourich, 25, was cut in the head face and neck and was removed to the Montreal General Hospital in a serious condition. James Golden, a Russian, was arested as the assailant.

**NEW GERMANY PIONEER DEAD.**

New Germany, Oct. 29.—Edward Haller, aged 83, one of New Germany's original settlers and most prominent citizen, died at his home here this morning following a brief illness. He was for many years a justice of the peace and took a prominent part in the political affairs of the village, but never identified himself with any political party.

**RUSH UP REINFORCEMENTS.**

London, Oct. 29. — A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Rome says it is reported from Berne that the Austro-Swiss frontier again has been closed and that the Germans are hurrying reinforcements to the Italian war front.

**DIES FROM GUNSHOT WOUND.**

Vancouver, Oct. 29.—Henry Smithers, aged 17, died today from injuries suffered on Saturday when he accidentally shot himself in the abdomen. James Campbell, another boy who was the victim of an accidental shooting, is expected to die.

**KILLS PROHIBITION VOTE.**

Montreal, Oct. 29.—Because the vote was taken privately when a prohibition bylaw was voted on in the village of Papineauville on Nov. 4, 1915, the court of appeal today declared that the vote was of no effect, this decision killing prohibition in Papineauville for a while.

**BLAIR AT BATTLE RIVER**

Edmonton, Oct. 29.—W. J. Blair, Provost, Alta., will contest the coming election in the federal riding of Battle River, as the candidate of the new union government. Mr. Blair, who was nominated some time ago by the Conservative Association to oppose D. W. Warner, the Liberal candidate in the new riding, has now received the endorsation of the union government.

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