

5.—In the absence of any contrary arrangement, the amount of the trade charge is expressed in the money of the country in which the packet originated. Nevertheless, in all cases of payment into a postal cheque account in the country of destination of the packet, the amount must be indicated in the money of that country.

6.—Each Administration may adopt, for the collection of the proportional charge prescribed by § 2(a), the scale which best suits its service.

ARTICLE 64

Cancellation or Reduction of the Amount of the Trade Charge

The sender of a registered article marked with a trade charge can demand the total or partial cancellation of the amount of the trade charge.

Requests of this nature are subject to the same conditions as requests for the withdrawal of correspondence from the post or alteration of address.

If the request for total or partial cancellation of the amount of the trade charge has to be sent by telegraph, the charge for the telegram is added to the charge for a single-rate registered letter.

ARTICLE 65

Responsibility in Case of Loss of the Packet

The loss of a registered article marked with a trade charge involves the responsibility of the postal service under the conditions laid down in Articles 56 and 57.

ARTICLE 66

Sums Duly Collected: Guarantee

The sums duly collected from the addressee, whether or not they have been converted into money orders or paid into a postal cheque account, are guaranteed to the sender under the conditions laid down by the Agreement concerning the Money Order service or by the regulations governing the postal cheque and transfer service.

ARTICLE 67

Compensation in Case of Failure to Collect the Amount of the Trade Charge or of Insufficient or Fraudulent Collection

1.—If the packet has been delivered to the addressee without the collection of the trade charge, the sender is entitled to compensation, provided that application has been made within the period prescribed by Article 53, § 2, and unless the failure to collect the charge is due to fault or negligence on his part, or unless the contents of the packet fall within the prohibitions prescribed by Articles 34, § 4 and 6(c), and 46, § 1.

The same rule applies if the amount collected from the addressee is less than the amount of the trade charge indicated or if it has been collected fraudulently.

The compensation may not, in any case, exceed the amount of the trade charge.

2.—The Administration which has made payment of compensation takes over the rights of the person who has received it up to the amount of the compensation in any action which may be taken against the addressee, the sender or third parties.