

would ever remain in the home, and it was here, he was convinced, the battle must be waged and won. It was nonsense to talk about compelling people to go to these special institutions. With a disease so general as tuberculosis this could not be done. Legislation must only keep pace with public opinion. Hardships such as Dr. Sheard has pointed out are unnecessary, and no time should be lost in remedying this defect in our methods. Many of these incipient cases may continue to work throughout the greater part of their illness, without injury to themselves and with advantage to those depending upon them. They should, of course, be instructed in the care and disinfection of sputum, etc. There is no reason why sanatoria for incipient cases should not be, to some extent, self-supporting. The discussion was continued by Drs. Barrick, Hodgetts and Noble of Toronto, and Dr. Lafferty, Calgary.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Senator Edwards was re-elected president, and Dr. Moore secretary.

In the evening Dr. Adami read his paper, "Adaptation and Tuberculosis," to a large audience, presided over by the Governor-General. After considering the defence set up by the various tissues of the body against the invasion of the tubercle bacilli, and the various ways in which this defence was strengthened and also weakened, he referred to the possibility of the transmission to man of bovine tuberculosis. In this he took an intermediate view. To those in good health there was very little danger of acquiring tuberculosis through milk. The debilitated child might, however, become infected in this way. The evidence that infected cow's milk was largely the cause of intestinal tuberculosis was not conclusive. He pointed out that the Japanese suffered from intestinal tuberculosis, and yet it had been recently shewn that the average daily consumption of cow's milk by each resident of Tokio was less than one teaspoonful.

Dr. Adami thought the Dominion Government should begin operations in Prince Edward Island by clearing the island of bovine tuberculosis. This could be done in about three years. He suggested Prince Edward Island because of the