

pathic pharmacy can supply you with one. The greatest advantage to your family will be in the prevention of disease. In the line of prevention you will find the advice given here most valuable. Many diseases are very easily prevented if taken in the very beginning, while the same, if left to run their course for a short time, become permanently seated, and form a chronic affection, which is either very slow to cure, or perhaps incurable.

This does not apply only to the "little things" mentioned, but is true of the most serious and most fatal maladies. Most forms of Bright's disease are easily cured if discovered early, but if allowed to run for some time they soon become hopeless cases. Therefore, I say it is to your interest to investigate homoeopathy. It is no fact. It is not altogether new, although it may be new to you. It does not change. The remedies that were found applicable to certain conditions one hundred years ago are curative in the same place to-day, and are being used by thousands of physicians all over the world. The opponents of homoeopathy have never advanced any argument against it other than that the doses were too small to do any good. But this same individual who may have advanced that wonderful argument would be terrified to death to carry a piece of radium the size of a pin's head around in his vest pocket all day. He knows he would suffer a severe burn from this small element, which does not come near his skin. I wonder how big a dose he would get? Probably big enough to convince him that no one is justified in advancing arguments in such matters without first trying and experimenting for himself. Then all I ask is that you give homoeopathy a fair trial, and if you do not find it true, you are justified in going back to the old way. Try it, and judge for yourself.

(The End).

VOCALISTS AND HOMEOPATHY.

A writer in the "Monthly Homeopathic Review" says: "The great singers are mostly converted homeopaths, as they find it the best method for the affections of their precious vocal organs." Dr. Edward Hamilton, who recently died in England, is said to have numbered among his patients such celebrities as Bonconi, Faure, Cotogni, Gardoni, Tiffens, Nilsson, Lucia, and Adelina Patti. So homoeopathy is good for something besides babies."

PIONEER WOMEN IN HOMOEOPATHY.

In 1853, when the Blackwell sisters were negotiating for recognition in New York, a very clever and good woman, Clemence Sophia Lozler, was graduated from the New York Central Medical College at Syracuse, receiving the highest honor in her class. That unfortunate college was so showered with abuse from the press and other colleges for daring to award diplomas to women, that it at once closed its doors to further applicants.

After Dr. Lozler's graduation she became a disciple of the new school of medicine founded by Samuel Hahnemann. So deeply imbued was she with its principles that she devoted every energy toward the founding of a medical school and hospital for women, in which the principles and teachings of Hahnemann might be successfully carried on.

Dr. Lozler soon built up a large practice. It was said that her beautiful personality had a great deal to do with it, because she was a very womanly woman, a kind and wise friend, qualified by nature to realize the needs of woman. Scores of women flocked to her weekly lectures on physiology, hygiene and the training of children—every subject, in fact, calculated to inspire love of the noble and beautiful in the heart of every woman.

It was not until 1859 that Dr. Lozler was able to carry out her idea of founding a medical college for women. She was assisted by many distinguished and generous friends, who gave their money and their time toward the fulfilment of the project.

The New York Medical College and Hospital was fairly and properly established in 1859. It is now the only homoeopathic college for women in the United States, and is the oldest institution of its kind in the world. It is the only woman's medical college in New York State. Its original charter was granted by the Legislature in 1863. Its hospital enjoys the rare distinction of giving medical attendance to women and children through women.

Its first commencement exercises were held in Dr. Osgood's Church on Broadway, and were noteworthy because of the distinguished company of men and women who were on the platform to encourage its founder, Dr.