The Toronto World.

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

A One Cent Morning Paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily (without Sundays) by the year	$3 00
" " by the month	25
Sunday Edition, by the year	2 00
" " by the month	20
Daily (Sundays included) by the year	5 00
" " " by the month	45

Advertising rates on application.

City subscriptions may be paid at the Business Office, 83 Yonge-street, or to The Henderson Delivery Co., 12 Melinda-street and 413 College-street.

Will Mr. Gladstone Win?

It is extremely likely that this year will behold the interesting spectacle of the two great English-speaking countries of the world plunged in that supreme trial and glory of democracies, a general election. In November the United States will choose a president; in Great Britain it is extremely probable that the same month will see an appeal to the people. Mr. T. Wemyss Reid, in an article in the current number of The Nineteenth Century, says that the English contest must take place in June or November. June is now close at hand without any work of dissolution, and it is almost certain that there will be no announcement until after the forthcoming Ulster meeting. Mr. Reid takes it for granted that Mr. Gladstone will win. Indeed, he says that all men are agreed that Mr. Gladstone will have a majority in the next parliament, the only thing doubtful being whether he will have a majority of fifteen or of a hundred and fifty. It is also universally acknowledged, says this authority, that Mr. Gladstone will be premier, and he straightway drops into eulogy of the grand old man who, in the face of terrible discouragements and great odds, has fought the Home Rule battle up to the point of victory. Mr. Reid then proceeds to discuss who Mr. Gladstone will call to his cabinet. He says:

Among the peers we have the Marquis of Ripon, Lords Spencer, Kimberley, Rosebery and Herschell, with one or two younger men of high personal promise, such as Lords Houghton and Sandhurst. One notable addition to the available strength of the Liberal party in the House of Lords has been caused by the return of Lord Carrington from his colonial governorship. It may be assumed that all the peers I have named will find places in the next Administration. In the House of Commons the material used by Mr. Gladstone when he formed his last Home Rule Government has suffered no diminution through death, and has, on the other hand, been augmented by various causes. Sir William Harcourt, Mr. Morley, Mr. Campbell-Bannerman, Mr. Shaw Lefevre and Mr. Mundella remain where they were. Mr. Childers alone seems to have retired from the scene.

Mr. Reid then goes on to enumerate other commoners who are probable timber for cabinet honors, such as Sir George Trevelyan, Mr. Fowler, Sir Charles Russell, Mr. Bryce and, last but not least, Mr. Labouchere.

Mr. Reid takes it for granted that Mr. Gladstone, by reason of his age, will require a lieutenant, and proceeds to discuss this point, coming to the conclusion that Sir William Harcourt rather than Mr. Morley will occupy that important post.

As to legislation he concludes that a Home Rule measure will be the first thing that Parliament will be asked to address itself to.

Mr. Reid, as we have shown, takes it for granted that Mr. Gladstone will be victorious at the polls. He does not mention the new situation created by the protests and threats of the Ulster men. Indeed he does not mention that circumstance at all. At the time the article was written the movement had not reached the acute stage that it has now assumed. Nevertheless it is a movement that must be reckoned with and may exercise a powerful influence on the coming struggle, upsetting all the premises upon which Mr. Reid's conclusions are based.

History in Monuments.

Parliament should not hesitate to make appropriations for monuments to the memory of Sir John Macdonald and of Alexander Mackenzie. Instead of showing any hesitancy to do so the representatives of the people should embrace the opportunity of perpetuating in ever-during brass the memories of these two great Canadians. Their names are written across the country's history. Their merits and demerits will be discussed by the historian, but their memory should be preserved in that way that thrusts itself even on the attention of the unthinking. A statue of a great man is history visible. It speaks to the young with more inspiring voice than the most polished sentences of the eulogist or of the historian. Athens, which shines like a diamond from among the rough stones of antiquity, understood the uses and value of sentiment as the breeding ground of patriotism. The young Athenian who saw the graves of those who fell in battle solemnly strewed with flowers on the anniversary of the victory turned from the ceremony with his heart aglow with the sacred flame of love of country and pride of race. Statues of great Canadians would serve a similar purpose in this Dominion. It is probable that more than one statue of Sir John Macdonald will be set up in this country by private subscription, but there should be monuments of these two great men in which every citizen could claim a share—statues reared in the name of every Canadian—and for this purpose Parliament should, without a dissenting voice, set aside an adequate fund. Not to do so would be contrary to public sentiment and even contrary to public policy.

We would like to have seen an Ontario judge on the Caron Commission. The people of this province were opposed to a trial by 150 judges with about half that number of examining counsel, but they are desirous of a searching investigation. Judges Routhier and Taît are doubtless excellent men, but naturally enough they are not known to the people of this province. Representatives from Ontario should press for an Ontario judge on the commission, so that when the report is presented to Parliament with his name to it they will have firm ground on which to anchor their opinions.

The terrible possibility that all the City Hall officials will resign broods like a pall over the city.

THE BOYS IN GREEN.

Their Last March-Out of the Season—It Has Been the Best.

The Queen's Own varied the usual order of their parades by marching through the streets. After proceeding up Jarvis-street the battalion halted on Bloor-street. Battalion drill on the street was found to be impracticable, however, owing to the unusual strength of the regiment and the presence of crowds of spectators. The return to the Armory was by Sherbourne and King-streets. In the drill shed Colonel Hamilton addressed the men, stating that the season's drill had been the most successful in the history of the Queen's Own.

The regiment will parade in marching order at the Armory on Saturday at 9 p.m. and will march by Jarvis, Bloor and Yonge-streets to the North Toronto station of the C.P.R. A special train will convey the boys to Owen Sound, where they will be encamped for three days. The citizens of the Sound have made most generous arrangements for the entertainment of the regiment, and the riflemen expect to have an enjoyable time.

Pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder is good for your health. Alum and alum phosphate powders are poisonous and injurious; don't buy them at any price. Use the "Princina," which is an absolutely pure cream of tartar baking powder.

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS.

YESTERDAY AT THE WOODBINE TRACK.

Fair Trials and Much Work Done in the Morning—Record of the Performances—Racing At Gravesend and Gloucester—The Baseball Round—All the Sporting News and Gossip.

A bright morning, fast track and the prospect of some good trial performances induced another big crowd to visit Woodbine Park yesterday. The brisk breeze made it somewhat unpleasant for the early risers. Recent scraping, rolling and harrowing made the track in perfect condition. So the numerous candidates had the opportunity of extending themselves as their trainers saw fit.

Charlie D., the Windsor Plater, made his first appearance at the park and signalized it by a display of ugly temper. A stable boy was up, and before the Crappell colt was extended his mount was sent sprawling in the sand. A bigger lad was put up and the frisky animal attempted to repeat his feat. The subsequent trial did not at all favorably impress the spectators. Then the Brampton jumper, Ettie K., thought she would follow suit, and Kennedy, her rider, was dismounted.

When Albert Victor appeared all eyes were attention. He was a likely candidate and cantered on the track trim and fit. Curtin sent him slowly along with Bay Court a half-mile in 52½. The Glanworth entry carries considerable money placed by his stable. So as there is no object in keeping him down he is expected to be sent a fast trial one of these mornings.

O'Donohue worked with his blankets on and looked even better than the previous morning. All the other Seagram horses were out, Terrebonne doing the fastest trial, 1¼ miles in 2.27. Victorious kept alongside with little effort. Stonemason took a gallop.

Gladstone and Bob King took their work with relish, the former doing a mile in 1.49¾.

Longbend, one of the recent London arrivals, was out early. He went, with his coat on, a good mile.

The Shields string came over from his stable and worked at a modest canter.

Daly's string, including the fleet Jardine and Roquefort, also Bohemian and Otho, are expected at the track to-day.

Smyth's Fenelon and Fleurette cantered around the track.

J. P. Dawes' string of horses have arrived. Of late they received great attention at the Bel-Air course and are all in the finest condition possible. The horses are under the care of the veteran trainer, Frank Owens, who is assisted by three boys. There are nine horses in the string and great work is expected of them at Woodbine. The lot consists of Redfellow, Belle of Orange, Vassella, Laurel, Manitou, Mohawk, Sisuna and two 2-year-olds. The horses reached Toronto yesterday and were immediately taken to the track, where they took up their quarters in the new boxes.

Tim Gaynor sent Bagpipes 1⅛ miles in 2.04, finishing strongly.

Gates Bros.' La Blanche and Yon Yonson were sent at their work in good form. They went a half in .53, the two-year-old leading slightly. Harry Cooper was sent a mile in 1.13. Searle's mile with mate was done in 1.54. Margherita went the same distance in 1.53.

The bookmakers will be charged $100 per day for the privilege of selling tickets at the track, where they will not be allowed to take money on an outside race.

An extra race has been added for Saturday, May 28. It is the Violet Handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards; a heavyweight handicap purse of $1000, of which $700 to first, $200 to second and $100 to third horse. Entrance $10, or only $5 if declared out before 6 p.m. Friday; 1⅛ miles; entries to be made at the course on Thursday afternoon, May 26, after the races, and weights announced at the course on Friday afternoon before the races.

Of the above amount Hon. Frank Smith and Mr. George Gooderham subscribe $250 each. Top weights 135 pounds, and should the highest weight accepting be less it will be raised to that figure and others in proportion.

LONGSTREET AGAIN BEATEN.

Major Domo Wins the Brookdale With Russell Second.

GRAVESEND, May 18.—The third day of the Brooklyn Jockey Club's spring meeting was favored with bright weather, a fast track and fully 10,000 spectators. Results:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Dr. Hasbrouck 1, Correction 2, Trinity 3. Time 1.07¼.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Harlem 1, Reckon 2, Madrid 3. Time 1.50.

Third race, 1 mile—St. Florian 1, Two Bits 2, Sir Arthur 3. Time 1.42½.

Fourth race, Brookdale handicap, 1⅛ miles—Major Domo 1, Russell 2, Longstreet 3. Time 1.54.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Ethie colt 1, Warsaw 2, Lawless 3. Time 1.03.

Sixth race, ¾ mile—Vardee 1, Dalsyrian 2, Flavilla 3. Time 1.15¾.

Trotting at Point Breeze.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.— To-day's races at Point Breeze Driving Park resulted: 2.33 class, trotting, purse $500—Highland Boy 1, Hattie H 2, H. Clay 3, Willie E 4, Rhoda 5; best time 2.28¼. 2.24 class, trot, purse $500—Martin K 1, Boy Billy 2, Mayor Flowers 3, Wallace G 4, Number Seven dis.; best time 2.20¼.

Results at Gloucester.

GLOUCESTER, May 18.—First race, 4 1-2 furlongs—Sunday 1, Mary M. 2, Torchlight 3. Time .58¾.

Second race, 4 1-2 furlongs—Young Lottery 1, Comrade 2, Van 3. Time .58.

Third race, 6 1-2 furlongs—Penzance 1, Cartoon 2, Milo 3. Time 1.26 1-2.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Knapp 1, Joe Courtney 2, Ed McGinnis 3. Time 1.48.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Park Ridge 1, Vulpina 2, Santa Reta 3. Time 1.19¾.

Sixth race, ⅝ mile—Goldstep 1, Aquasco 2, Cloverdale 3. Time 1.04¾.

The Prince's Crack 3-Year-Old.

LONDON, May 18.—This was the second day of the Newmarket second spring meeting. The race for the Newmarket stakes of 1500 sovs., for 3-year-olds, was won by Prince Soltykoff's Curio, Milner's St. Andelo second, Rose's St. Damia third.

The Noted Hackney Stallion Lord Bardolph,

(No. 412, imported). For service at his owner's stables, G. H. Hastings, The Pines, Deer Park, except Fridays and Saturdays. Will leave his stable Friday and pass up Yonge-street to Birrell's Hotel; York Mills for noon; then to Queen's Hotel, Thornhill, for night; return Saturday same route, calling at Golden Lion Hotel for noon; then to his own stable, calling at all the hotels on the route. Card and full particulars on application. ed

FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.

Start of the Big Relay Race From the Windy City.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Covered with mud from head to foot, Arthur Lumsden, the crack cyclist, dashed past the Illinois Central track in South Chicago-avenue at the grand crossing this afternoon, bearing General Myles' despatch to General Howard in New York. As he went past that point at full speed H. A. Githens, the first relayman, wheeled abreast of Lumsden, and from him received the despatch and sped toward Kensington, the relay station. The initial run of the great race was not made in as good time as expected owing to the rain-flooded roads. E. C. Bode, who started with Lumsden, was distanced before they finished. Githens reached Kensington one minute ahead of time, and, vaulting from his machine, threw the gray silk cord of the precious rubber pouch over the neck of R. Hoagland, who whisked away toward New York. Fully a thousand people, including Gen. Myles and a number of his staff, witnessed Lumsden start.

The time calculated necessary to cover the distance will be four days and a half if the time scheduled for each rider is carried out and no accidents occur. The finish will be at 11.15 p.m., May 22.

The rest of the route is as follows: Perrysburg, O., May 19, 12 noon; Cleveland, O., May 19, 12 night; Conneaut, O., May 20, 6.50 a.m.; North East, Pa., May 20, 11 a.m.; Rochester, N.Y., May 21, 2.35 a.m.; Syracuse, N.Y., May 21, 10.30 a.m.; Utica, N.Y., May 21, 3.15 p.m.; Albany, N.Y., May 22, 12.45 a.m. The rest of the day will be taken up in the ride from Albany to New York city.

THE OWEN SOUND GAMES.

Events the Citizen Soldiers Will Compete In—For the Q.O.R.

The citizens of Owen Sound have kindly donated a very fine collection of prizes for games to be held in that town on the Queen's Birthday. The following are the events:

Team race, ¼ mile—Open to teams of three men from any company, battery, troop or band of active militia.

Tug-of-war, 10 men aside—Q.O.R. v. 31st Battalion.

Military bicycle race, 1 mile; wheelbarrow race, ¼ mile; relief race, ¾ mile; 100 yards dash, ½ mile. Race open to non-com. officers. One-mile race, ¼ mile and 1 mile open bicycle race.

The games have been arranged especially for the members of the Queen's Own on account of this intended visit, and with the exception of the open bicycle race the events are for members of the militia only.

The C.A.A.A. rules will govern all events. The following are the officials:

Referee—Capt. McGee, Q.O.R.

Judges—Lieut.-Col. Scott, 32nd Batt.; Capt. Mason, 31st Batt., and Lieut. Chisholm, 31st Batt.

Clerk of the Course—Col.-Sergt. Higinbotham, Q.O.R.

Starter—Lieut. Wyatt, Q.O.R.

American Football Association Champions.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The final in the American Football Association series was played here. The game was a fast one, but the superior team play of the East End Club of Fall River and the excellent work of Irving in goal gave them an easy victory by five goals to two for the New York Thistles. The championship cup and gold medals were presented to the winning team and silver medals to the losers at a banquet in the evening. The East Ends are the fourth holders of the cup, it having been in possession respectively of the O.N.T. of Kearney; the Rovers of Fall River; the Olympics of Fall River previous to East Ends.

Ridley College Athletic Sports.

The third annual athletic sports of this popular young institution will take place on Monday, May 23, at Fairvale Park, St. Catharines, at 2 p.m. A fine program has been arranged and handsome prizes secured. There will be an ex-pupils' race (quarter mile).

The president of the committee is Rev. F. B. Hodgins, B.A., and the secretary-treasurer A. W. Anderson.

In the National League.

		R.	H.	E.
At Pittsburg:				
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—	3	4	4
Cincinnati	0 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 x—	8	9	3
Galvin-Miller; Mullane-Murphy.		Hurst.		
At New York:				
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—	0	6	0
New York	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—	1	2	0
McMahon-Robinson; Russie-Boyle.		Gaffney.		
At Brooklyn:				
Brooklyn	3 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—	5	9	2
Boston	2 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 x—	6	8	4
S'ern-Dailey; Staley-Ganzel.		Mahoney.		
At Philadelphia:				
Philadelphia	3 2 0 1 4 0 1 0 0—11	16	5	
Washington	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	8	2
Carsey - Clement;	Keller - Kilroy - Milligan.			
Sheridan.				
At Chicago:				
Chicago	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 3 x—	5	9	2
Cleveland	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—	2	6	3
Hutchison-Kittridge; Cuppy-O'Connor.		Lynch.		

The Eastern Round.

		R.	H.	E.
At Elmira:				
Elmira	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—	2	9	1
Syracuse	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 x—	2	9	3
Sprogel-Heine; Coughlan-Meyer.		Holmes.		
At Albany:				
Albany	0 5 1 0 0 0 3 0 0—	9	10	1
New Haven	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—	2	4	3
Taylor-Murphy; Fournier-Wells.		Betts.		
At Buffalo:				
Buffalo	2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—	6	6	2
Providence	0 0 3 0 2 0 4 0 x—	9	14	2
Maloney - Weckbecker;	Knauss - Murphy.			
O'Brien.				
At Troy:				
Troy	2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	4	8	5
Binghamton	4 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—	7	7	3
Clarkson-McCaffery;	Duke-Townsend.		Jones.	
At Rochester:				
Rochester	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0—	3	5	3
Athletics	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 2—	4	7	2
Meakin-McKeough:	Maul-Wilson.		Doescher.	

Handling the Willow.

Toronto and Rosedale play Saturday in the Bloor-street grounds.

Toronto's first match with Hamilton takes place here June 20. Those old rivals also meet during 1 at Hamilton, Aug. 8 in Bloor-street and Aug. 29 Hamilton.

Toronto club cricketers leave for Ottawa Sunday, where they play a two-days' match, May 23 and 24, with the Capital cricketers. The local men are getting together a very strong eleven. Toronto play at Trinity University on the holiday.

A trio of clever cricketers have arrived in Toronto from the south of England. They are Messrs. W. W. Reeve, L. Shaw and Elliott. Their practice in the Bloor-street grounds shows them to be good men. They intend playing with the Toronto Club while here.

The Jackson-Slavin Fight May 30.

LONDON, May 18.—The directors of the National Sporting Club have fixed Monday, May 30, for the Jackson-Slavin fight.

Hall and Choynski will second Jackson and Mitchell and Jack Slavin will look after Slavin.

The price of admission for non-members is $125, which sum has been freely put up. Members are obliged to pay from $10 to $50 for reserved seats. There is not much betting.

"Parson" Davies has taken a hall in London, where he proposes to back Hall and Choynski against all comers.

Sensonable Sport.

The fishing season has opened quite favorably, and we are beginning to hear of many large creels of the speckled beauty. In every instance the angler will tell you, with enthusiasm, how the delicate rod bent and quivered under the strain of a "big one." Great sport this and doubly enjoyable if you have perfect tackle of a high class manufacture as sold by H. P. Davies & Co., Sportsman's Supply House, 81 Yonge-street. 246

Sporting Specialties.

Providence University defeated Yale at Providence Monday by a score of 7 to 2.

Joe Darby, the English jumper, challenges any man in the world to a match with or without weights for $2500 a side.

It is thought in English sporting circles that the fight between Jackson and Slavin will come off May 26 or 27, instead of the later date at first proposed.

A chess match for 20,000 marks ($5000) is to be played at Berlin under the auspices of the Berliner Schach Club, between the chess experts, Dr. Tarrasch and Tschigorin.

Vreda, last year's Royal Canadian Yacht Club's flagboat, has been sold to Mr. Roney of Kingston. The cutter arrived in the Limestone City yesterday.

The Duke-street School Baseball Club was defeated by the Models yesterday afternoon by 14 to 5. The feature of the game was the heavy batting of the Models.

The Young Excelsiors are now open to receive challenges from teams whose average age is 15. The captain's address is T. Rothwell, 336 Queen-street east. The club also desires a few good fielders.

An agreement has been signed for a match between the famous trotting stallions Allerton and Delmarch at Des Moines next August for a purse of $10,000, the winner to take 60 per cent. and the loser 40 per cent.

The Atlantics and Wiltons will meet for practice on the St. Mary's-street grounds to-night, after which they will hold a meeting and decide whether to amalgamate or not. All players wishing to join will please be on the ground.

The Baldwin Football Club defeated the Beavers Tuesday evening by 2 goals to 1. Hoagland, who played throughout, Logan and C. Moore distinguishing themselves for the Baldwins and Chancey and E. Burton for the Beavers.

At a meeting of the Board of Control in New York Mr. John Hunter was elected chairman, to succeed the late David Dunham Withers. Mr. Hunter is the owner of Dagonet and one of the oldest and most popular racing men in the country.

Joe Goddard, the Australian heavyweight, who is to fight big Joe McAuliffe next month, arrived in San Francisco Thursday on the steamer Mariposa. He made a great impression by his appearance and straightforward way of talking. He stands six feet tall, has massive shoulders, deep chest, and, above everything, a round head that looks as if it could stand the blows of a sledge. It was expected that Joe McAuliffe would be among those to greet Goddard. The Mission Boy, however, had decided not to let Goddard see him until the night they enter the ring.

AROUND THE COURTHOUSE.

The Labelles Discharged—Dent Gets Bail—Robinson Discharged.

At the Sessions yesterday, bail was granted Richard Rudd Dent, himself in $1000 and two sureties of $250 each.

The jury declared the Labelles not guilty of the charge preferred against them of stealing a milk can containing eight gallons of milk from the Union Station.

Alexander Robinson, who was found guilty of forgery at the last Sessions, and who is now serving a term in Kingston, was found not guilty of a second indictment.

Charles Waycott, the boy who was arraigned for intentionally shooting Andrew Young, was in effect acquitted, for the case was withdrawn from the jury.

The grand jury returned a second indictment against Armour A. Weir, the postman who was found guilty of stealing the contents of a registered letter. Mr. Dewart had the second case traversed to the next court.

Meeting of Orangeville Methodist District.

The Orangeville District of the Toronto Methodist Conference was in session during Tuesday and Wednesday last at the Methodist Church, Orangeville.

The work of the session was chiefly of a routine character. The schedules showed the district to be in a very substantial way advancing the interests of Methodism, though it was thought by some that a better arrangement of the various circuits might have been effected.

W. J. Tribble and T. J. Ferguson, B.A., who has travelled one year under chairman, were recommended to be received on probation. The probationers were put through their facings, but stood the storm well. The various conference representatives were elected. The Rev. Henry Harper, financial secretary, was delegated to assist in stationing the ministers at the approaching conference. Sheriff Bowles sits with the Missionary Committee, Rev. James A. Long and Mr. Dickie will represent the district on the Epworth League Committee, while Rev. W. Thornley and Sheriff Bowles will add wisdom to the Sabbath School Committee.

A special feature was a complimentary resolution to Rev. Mr. L. Pearson, the chairman, whom the conference will remove to another district. The resolution referred to his eminent administrative ability, and it is whispered that his occupancy of a higher office is not a remote event.

The hospitality of the people of Orangeville was fully appreciated by the visiting delegates.

A Free Trip to Europe.

THE QUEEN will give a first-class cabin passage to England AND RETURN WITH $200 IN CASH FOR EXPENSES, to the person sending the FIRST correct answer to the following problem: "If Henry's grandfather was John's uncle, what relation would Henry be to John?" A first-class safety bicycle for the SECOND correct answer: a French music box for the THIRD; A gold watch to EACH of the next three; a pair of genuine diamond earrings, in solid gold setting, to EACH of the next five; a silk dress pattern to EACH of the next ten. To the person sending the LAST correct answer will be given a Mason & Risch fine-toned upright piano; to the NEXT to the last a Kodak camera; to EACH of the NEXT TWO complete lawn tennis outfits; to EACH of the NEXT THREE a pair of genuine diamond earrings, in solid gold setting; to EACH of the NEXT FIVE a handsome silk dress pattern, and several other additional prizes (should there be so many sending in correct answers). A special prize will be given for the first correct answer from a reader of The World. All answers must be sent by mail and bear postmark not later than June 1st. Each competitor MUST ENCLOSE FIVE THREE-CENT STAMPS for sample copy of THE QUEEN, with full particulars and list of "lucky" Canadians who have previously won some of THE QUEEN'S valuable prizes. This popular publication has already given THREE FREE trips to Europe. SEND TO-DAY and address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, "A," Toronto, Can. 624

Infants' Home and Infirmary.

Editor World: The reports in the daily papers of the work done by the Haven and the Prison Gate Mission have created much interest and have also given rise to erroneous impressions, viz., that the system of baby farming is under no supervision and that the Infants' Home and Infirmary is not now at work.

One clause in The World of May 17 reporting upon the Haven work says: "There are the numerous cases in which women come for the first time, generally more sinned against than sinning. There are again unfortunate widows, for whom the death of the bread-winner has meant destitution."

Hampered by their infants these women are unable to obtain work, and these are the cases for which the Infants' Home specially provides. To prevent the system of baby farming, to care for orphans or motherless children under two years of age were the primary objects understood by the promoters of the Infants' Home. Year after year the crusade against baby farms was kept up, but not for 11 years were these efforts crowned with success by the passing of an act in 1886 obliging persons wishing to take charge of infants to apply for a special license to do so, thereby bringing the holders of such licenses under police supervision.

It was found early in the work of the Infants' Home that to admit children without providing them with a sufficient number of nurses would only aggravate the evils from which they were suffering, therefore, except in rare cases, and of the children sent in by the city, no infant is admitted to the home unless with its mother, who remains nine months or a year with her child. That this plan has been successful, the special committee to the Provincial Board of Health reporting in 1886 with reference to infanticide and the best means of diminishing the large mortality among foundlings showed that the system of nursing infants followed at the Infants' Home in Toronto was scientifically correct, recommending all infant asylums in the province desirous of receiving aid from the Government to adopt a similar plan.

Owing to the terrible scourge of diphtheria with which the Home has recently been visited applications for admission have had to be refused; but before very long the medical staff hope to report the Home re-opened.

The need of the Infants' Home and Infirmary and its steady usefulness are shown in the fact that during the 16 years of its existence 2350 infants have been cared for, 1097 mothers sheltered, 108 children adopted into good homes.

It should be noted that these numbers represent residence in the Home of periods from six months to three years.

The secretary's report for 1891 says: "The Home aims at the protection and care of infant life and the restoration of the moral and spiritual nature of often cruelly-tempted and sorely tried young mothers.

Our Dominion cannot afford to lose in her population, and all institutions tending to preserve infant life, also to foster and develop the growth and intellect of our future citizens, should receive the most earnest care and encouragement from all classes of our community. Our various public charities work harmoniously, each one trying to fill the need which caused its organization. The Infants' Home and Infirmary represents in the mere name the depth of sadness and suffering undreamt of by the general public. A sick child can be helped by a gift of toys or books to partially forget its pain, but a tiny suffering infant, of which class the infirmary has, alas, so many, cannot be visited and cheered by the sympathy of friends.

It is for you, the public of Toronto, to show interest in this work by increasing your donations, or by using your personal influence to aid in the extension and maintenance of a charity which was said by Sir Daniel Wilson at one of the annual meetings, "to have afforded ample proof of the great amount of good effected by it, and fully justifies the managers' appeal to its benefactors and the public for their confidence and support." E. M. WILLIAMSON, Secretary.

Heighe for Roses.

James Pape of 78 Yonge-street, near King, says he is going to sell the very best of fresh cut roses on Saturday at 50 cents per dozen, and will continue to do so during the summer season. Pape has the reputation of selling the very best of flowers, and from his long experience in the trade the public may expect and will get the very freshest of cut roses, not stuff that will fall to pieces soon after taking home. He expects to have 1000 choice roses to choose from. Call early and leave your order.

NOT SO SMALL AFTER ALL.

A MAP THAT GIVES A CLEAR IDEA OF ONTARIO'S RESOURCES.

Mr. David Boyle's Feat in Map Drawing—A Huge Diagram That Vividly Illustrates The Size, Geology, Resources and Characteristics of Our Province—A Sketch of Its Contents.

"It's not a bad country we're living in," would be a natural exclamation from a person who had been inspecting the huge map of Ontario which now hangs in the Legislative Chamber in the Parliament buildings. The map is by Mr. David Boyle, and reflects great credit on his patience, his information and his patriotism. It is destined for the Imperial Institute in London, but is on exhibition for a few days and should be viewed by all who can spare the time. Half an hour spent before it will have a most beneficial influence upon the average Ontarian, and will make him feel that it is no mean province of which he is a citizen.

Its size has already been mentioned. It takes up a good half of the northern wall of the chamber. Then again the gay border will attract attention. In the centre of the top of the border are the arms of Ontario, and at the corners are the arms of Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton and London. Toronto's arms and motto occupy the upper left hand corner; Ottawa's the upper right hand corner, and those of Hamilton and London the left and right hand corners of the bottom of the border. Three smaller cities, Kingston, Belleville and Brantford, have places with their arms and mottoes in the centres of the left, right and lower sides of the border respectively. The ornaments of the border are gay in color and yet practical, there being a continuous wreath of the fruits, flowers, agricultural products, and even fishes of Ontario.

But what really impresses one at the first sight of the map is the immense size of an area which we hear very little in our thoughts. Our ordinary maps continue the northwestern portion of the province as far as the head of Lake Huron, and then in a corner put the rest "on a reduced scale." Consequently we never have an idea of what the real size of that northwestern portion is. But Mr. Boyle's map gives the whole province on the same scale, and the result is that the disused northwestern part occupies fully twice as much space as the more inhabited part. Some suggestive figures in a corner emphasize this by telling us that the greatest length is 1050 miles, the greatest breadth 750 miles, the total area 222,650 square miles, and that 187,000 square miles are unsold, while the area of Great Britain and Ireland is but 121,115 square miles.

The Geological Formations.

The map is labelled a geological map, and accordingly it gives a full and lucid diagram of the different formations prevailing, each formation having its own shade and number, and in the margina key to the said tints and numbers. Thus we find that the Trenton formation extends forom Durham County to Kingston and north to the northern side of Rice Lake; that north of this is a huge belt of Laurentian rock, having a narrow frontage on the St. Lawrence and extending to the north of nearly all the inhabitated portion east of the western Peninsula. This formation is very rich in minerals, containing iron, gold, copper, apatite, mica, marble and lead. In the eastern parts of the province, Grenville, is calciferous, while still further east there is a medley of formations, with Chazy predominating. A curious feature of the central isthmus between the Georgian Bay and Lake Ontario is the presence of a number of narrow belts of rock formations running across it, Toronto being situated in one of them. Further west, the centre of the Western Peninsula, as well as the country of Essex, is occupied by the Carniferous and Oriskamy formations.

In the Northwestern division, the formations occur in huge areas of Huronian and Laurentian, the places in which the igneous rocks, mostly granites, have cropped up, and in the far north, bordering on James Bay, is a great stretch of grey and drab clays.

Natural Productions.

It is not exclusively geological, however; one very useful feature is a number of lines marking the northern limits of the various trees found here. For instance the limit for the chestnut runs from the mouth of the St. Clair to Hamilton; of the walnut from the shore of Lake Huron, south of Goderich, to Hamilton. Hickory stops at a line running from south of Kincardine and crossing the Ottawa River, some distance west of Ottawa. The northern limit of the butternut tree extends from Wiarton to a point a little farther west on the Ottawa River. Then follow in the order named the limits of the blue beech, of the red cedar, of ironwood, white ash, beech, red oak, basswood, hemlock, sugar maple, yellow birch, white elm, red pine, black ash, the Banksian pine, near James' Bay, and northernmost of all the white cedar.

Hardly an inch of room is lost in the map. The peculiar stretch northwest leaves a large area in the map unoccupied, and in these Mr. Boyle has placed a number of interesting facts. Thus, in the upper right hand corner is a table of the crops for 1891, enumerating the acreage, number of bushels and proportion per acre of 15 kinds of crops. In addition there is the number of horses, cattle, swine, etc., the amount of wool and cheese, values of land, buildings, implements, livestock, etc., and the chief dates in Ontario's history. In that part which would otherwise be devoted to the State of Michigan are, besides the colored key to the geological formation, a brief digest of the mining laws; a column on the temperature, giving the mean temperature of Toronto in each month, the highest summer, lowest winter, and mean annual temperatures at Toronto, London, Lindsay, Ottawa, Saugeen and Gravenhurst. Again, in the same corner is a list of the public and high school systems, the number of postoffices, of municipalities, figures for the railways and canals, and the population of the 14 largest cities and towns.

The lakes, railways and towns are of course depicted on this map, which is at once a monument of patience and information, and a most useful testimony to the real size, resources and importance of our Province.

Mothers! Read This.

"Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is the best food I ever used for my babies." Price 25 cents. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Dainty Garters.

This is the day that every girl who considers her own wardrobe anything lays in a supply of pretty garters, says The Young Ladies' Bazar.

The French garters are of the dark shades of silk, lighted up with a pretty silver or gold buckle.

Garters are now made of all the beautiful shades of silk.

An unusually dainty pair is of violet shirred silk, with a purple enameled fleur de lis mounted in silver as a clasp.

Those of embroidered silk, with dainty bows upon them, are very dainty.

You have often heard of the bride's favorite garter, haven't you, which she gives to each of her bridesmaids before she has been married a year, just for luck? I saw a pretty pair the other day. They were in pale yellow (they are always this color—I don't know why), and had solid gold clasps, with pretty yellow silk bows, which were quite large. These are often kept as keepsakes, and often worn by the bridesmaid when she becomes a bride herself.

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

Setting Type by Telephone.

The London Times now sets type by telephone. The composing room is connected with the reporters' gallery in the House of Commons by the ordinary apparatus.

Into each "phone" a copy reader recites the stenographic "turns" as fast as compositors at the other end of the wire can take them on typesetting machines.

By this means a debate which does not close till 3 a.m. may be correctly reported in the morning papers with no danger of missing the regular 5 o'clock newspaper train.

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO. AND SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

COR. YONGE AND COLBORNE-STS.

Capital $1,000,000
Guarantee and Reserve Funds $150,000

President—Hon. Edward Blake, LL.D., Q.C.
Vice-Presidents { E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL.D. / John Hoskin, Q.C., LL.D.

The Company acts as Executor, Administrator, Receiver, Committee, Guardian, Trustee, Assignee and in other fiduciary capacities, under direct or substitutionary appointment.

The Company also acts as Agent for Executors and Trustees and for the transaction of all financial business: invests money, at best rates, in first mortgage and other securities; issues and countersigns Bonds and Debentures; collects Rents, Interest, Dividends, etc. It obviates the need of security for Administrations and relieves individuals from responsibility as well as from onerous duties.

The services of solicitors who bring estate or business to the Company are retained. All business entrusted to the Company will be economically and promptly attended to.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Manager.
24

THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCES COMPANY

POSITIVELY CURES

Rheumatism, Sciatica, General Debility, Lumbago, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Varicocele, Sexual Weakness, Female Complaints, Impotency, Kidney Diseases, Liver Complaint, Lame Back, Urinary Diseases.

Electricity, as applied by the Owen Electric Belt is now recognized as the greatest boon offered to suffering humanity. It is fast taking the place of drugs in all nervous, rheumatic and kidney troubles, and will effect cures in seemingly hopeless cases where every other known means has failed.

It is Nature's Remedy.

The master triumph of this great science which we offer to the ailing and afflicted is the Owen Electric Body Battery, invented and patented by Dr. A. Owen of Chicago, who is recognized as one of the ablest electricians on the continent, and whose Electric Belt has no equal in this or any other country. It gives a continuous current of electricity, which can be regulated both in quantity and intensity, and applied to any part of the body. It can be worn at any time, during working hours or sleep. Any person of ordinary intelligence can, with this body battery, successfully treat all chronic and many acute complaints. Any sluggish organ may by this means be roused to a healthy activity, thus checking disease before it gains a firm hold on the system.

Beware of Imitations.

Our trade mark is the portrait of Dr. Owen, embossed in gold upon every Belt and Appliance.

☞ Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Free.

THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT COMPANY, 49 King-St. W., Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper. 246

THE R