

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT EXPIRES LAST OF MACKENZIE'S OLD GUARD

One of Canada's Foremost Public Men Passes Away
at the Age of 77 Years as Result of a
Surgical Operation.

OF A STRONG CONSERVATIVE FAMILY,
LIBERAL AFTER "PACIFIC SCANDAL"

Served Prominently in Three Great Liberal Administration
and Was Regarded as a "Master of
Statistics and Satire."

[Canadian Press.]

Kingston, Sept. 24.—Sir Richard Cartwright died with great suddenness at 11:25 o'clock this forenoon.

He was an inmate at the General Hospital.

At ten o'clock a consultation of doctors decided that his life was rapidly passing and they proved to be right. The venerable statesman lapsed into unconsciousness prior to his demise.

Heart failure was the immediate cause of his death, although Sir Richard underwent an operation for hernia recently.

Lady Cartwright and other members of the family were at his bedside in his last moments. His end was peaceful.

The funeral will be private, the time, however, not having been yet arranged.

A SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF THE GREAT STATESMAN

The late Sir Richard Cartwright was the oldest son of the late Rev. R. D. Cartwright, chaplain to the forces at Kingston, Ontario. His grandfather was Hon. Richard Cartwright, a United Empire Loyalist, and a former judge of the Common Pleas in Upper Canada, and afterwards a member of the Legislative Council.

Sir Richard was born in Kingston on Dec. 4, 1835. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin. In 1859 he was married to Frances, the eldest daughter of Col. Alex. Lave, of Cork, Ireland. He sat for Lennox and Addington from 1863 to 1867, for Lennox from 1867 to 1878, when he was defeated. He was the member for Centre Huron from November, 1878, to May, 1882, and for South Huron from December, 1883, to 1887. He represented South Oxford from 1887 until 1904. In September of 1904 he was called to the Senate by Earl Grey.

His Early Career.
Sir Richard belonged to one of the oldest Conservative families in Upper Canada, and in the early days of his public life gave individual support to Sir John A. Macdonald. Since the Pacific scandal in 1873 he acted with and was a member of the Liberal party, first under Mackenzie, next under Blake, and later under Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

During its early days he was president of the Ontario Reform Club in Toronto, and later of the Eastern Ontario Liberal Association.

He was Minister of Finance in the Mackenzie Administration from 1873 to 1878, and subsequently while in Opposition was the chief speaker of his party on all fiscal subjects. In debate he developed great powers of oratory, much superior to any of his opponents or friends, and was only rivalled by Hon. William McDougall and Sir George W. Ross. His speech in seconding the vote of thanks to the volunteers, who served through

the Northwest rebellion is still regarded as one of the greatest masterpieces of parliamentary eloquence ever delivered in Canada. In his later years he fully sustained his reputation as one of Canada's greatest public speakers.

Leader in Senate.
In July, 1879, he was created a K. C. M. G., and from July, 1896, was Minister of Trade and Commerce in the Laurier Administration. He was the Government leader in the Senate since 1909, and was known as the last member in public life of Mackenzie's "Old Guard."

In May, 1909, he was entertained at a banquet by the Ontario Liberal members and the senators of Parliament. At this gathering he was thanked for his services as "the beacon light of the Liberal party."

Was Acting Premier.
In 1907, he was made a G. C. M. G., and was acting-premier during the absence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Four times in 1867, 1902, 1905, and 1911 he was a delegate to Washington in an effort to promote better relations between Canada and the States.

He proposed a joint commission, and represented Canada on the Anglo-American joint high commission in Quebec in 1888 and at Washington in 1898 and 1899.

Imperial Federation.
He was appointed a member of the privy council in 1902. In 1908 he declined the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, and again later refused to accept the office. In 1908 he carried a measure in favor of old age annuities.

It was he who suggested "that Canada, with its close acquaintance of conditions, both in the Republic and the Mother Country, and with its new life and vigor reaching out towards both the old and the new worlds, could be the medium that would bring about an alliance of the English-speaking peoples of the world, which no combination of nations dare treat lightly or whose demands they disregard if disposed to urge the dismemberment of the world."

Sir Richard was the author of several pamphlets, including one containing his recollections of the Confederation period. In 1911 he lectured on "The Perils of Democracy."



SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT,
Who Died at Kingston Following an
Operation a Few Days Ago.

TWO REPORTS ON POWER IN LONDON

First One Was Intended Only
For the Board of Water
Commissioners.

HOW MISTAKE OCCURRED

Ald. Richter Says He Is Satisfied—
Has Proven That There Were Two
Reports Sent Here.

The mystery of the missing schedule, supposed to have been attached to Engineer Gabey's report, is being solved, and it is expected that when Hon. Adam Beck returns from Toronto it will be cleared up.

There is no doubt that the schedule mentioned by Ald. Richter is in existence. Whether or not it will be forthcoming is another matter.

It seems that when Engineer Gabey or his assistant came to London to investigate the street lighting situation, he also prepared a report on the whole power situation here.

The water commissioners, convinced that the amount of business done in London warranted a reduction in the cost of power, had made application for such a reduction, and Mr. Gabey obtained all possible information on the subject.

When he went back to Toronto, he prepared two reports. One of these was voluminous, covering the whole field. It dealt with street lighting, domestic lighting, commercial lighting, and power. There were several schedules attached to it, by reason of this the water commissioners were instructed that they could reduce the price of power 10 per cent for next year.

The Second Report.
The second report was in truth a portion of the general report. As the city had asked merely for a report on street lighting, the schedule for the first report, referring to this department, was attached, and some explanation made regarding it.

By some mistake, the first report, containing all the figures, was forwarded to the city, and was seen by City Clerk Baker, and others. It contained the figures so sought after now by Ald. Richter.

It was recalled, and the second report, or rather, the portion of the first report referring to street lighting alone, was forwarded to the city. That is the document considered by the council Monday night, and discussed at some length by Ald. Richter.

It is expected that as a result of the discussion the original report will be forwarded to the city and will be considered when the council investigates.

Mr. Pocock Interviewed.

Chairman Pocock had little to say in reference to the matter today. He reiterated the statement that the only report sent to them had been forwarded to the city council. If there were any other report, it was not known to them.

"We have acted perfectly fair in this matter," he stated. "We have been guilty of no underhand business whatever. We are still convinced that the council is getting the best street lighting in the country at a very reasonable rate. London is much better off than Hamilton, Brantford, Toronto, or any other city of that calibre. We have no reason to complain."

"We simply stated that the report presented to us was emasculated," said Ald. Richter. "I have proved that, I think. When we get into the facts of the case, we may find out more interesting information."

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—SHOWERY.

Forecast.

Toronto, Sept. 24-8 a.m.

Fresh easterly winds; showery.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
LONDON	70.5	48.5	Cloudy
Calgary	40	24	Cloudy
Winnipeg	48	36	Cloudy
Port Arthur	58	48	Cloudy
Parry Sound	64	44	Cloudy
Toronto	66	48	Cloudy
Ottawa	68	58	Rain
Montreal	66	56	Cloudy
Quebec	68	58	Cloudy
Father Point	58	44	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

Pressure is quite high over the north-western and eastern portions of the continent, while a depression covers the South-west States.

A widespread rain area situated over the Atlantic States is causing rain in Southern and Eastern Ontario.

Elsewhere fair weather prevails, attended in the West by heavy frosts.

LATE PROFESSOR BROODED OVER IRISH POLITICS

Interesting Notes Left by Dr.
Dickey Deplored Ulster
Scenes.

INTERNECINE WAR
WITHOUT PROVOCATION

Deplored Talk of Armed
Resistance and Cites the
Bible Against It.

The late Dr. Dickey, the young professor of anatomy at the London Medical College, who took his life in a fit of despondency on Saturday night, left a written article which indicated that he had brooded over the political troubles in Ireland. A Belfast man, and a Presbyterian, he was evidently imbued with deep religious feeling, which was shocked by the disorder and threats of violence in Ulster. He deplored the talk of armed resistance to a home rule government, declaring that it would probably lead to internecine warfare before provocation had been given. It will be seen by the following extracts from his notes that he had considerable powers of expression:

Deplores Violent Scenes.
"It is strange that in a country which claims to be one of the centres of the Christian religion, such violent scenes could have already taken place or be in prospect, and all the passions of the heart in a struggle under a guise of a religion whose every dictate they are opposed to."

"Christians are commanded, when they are actually persecuted, to do unto others as they would be done by. This policy was the origin of the great colonies of America to a large extent. But to many such a course is cowardice, and there is no accusation that men of spirit are so afraid of, hence the talk of resistance. But self defence when it involves, as it probably will, the murder of (possibly) thousands of innocent people, and when it leads to an internecine war wantonly entered upon before due provocation has been given and for a time at least patiently received, is not a virtue, but a crime."

"If war follows in Ulster we may expect all the hooligan and rascally elements of the population, and all the passions of the heart that lurks in the breast of nearly every man, to be stirred into activity. I question if God (or even 'God in whom our fathers, etc.') is to be invoked in such a course, when it is the intention to use ALL MEANS which may be found necessary, etc., whether those means are right or wrong."

The Horrors of War.
"Unless war is averted it will in all likelihood be true to its nature in the past. 'War is hell,' said General Sherman, speaking of a conflict entered upon for reasons which (perhaps) bear some slight resemblance to those which are now assigned in the case of Ireland. But there (U. S. A.), the evils which they were sought to overthrow were actual, and not potential (merely) as in Ireland. And if the events that Sherman saw in that war were such as deserved to be characterized by that word 'hell,' surely war is the last plan which should suggest itself, when there are not as yet any evils in Ulster which can be described by that word. (Unless we except the riots which are the prelude to war and are nourished by the talk of armed resistance.)"

**YOUTHS ARE CHARGED
WITH SUNDAY GAMBLING**

Summons have been issued for five boys and young men whose names were taken when Sgt. Birrell and Sgt. Lucas conducted a raid on a Wellington street cigar store on Sunday afternoon last. They were charged with committing a breach of the Lord's Day Act by gambling on Sunday and will appear before Police Magistrate Judd on Friday.

The gentlemen who constitute the partnership are Messrs. E. W. Cumming, G. H. Nichol and W. E. Wilson, and the company will be known as The C. N. W. Shoe Company.

The firm has secured quarters in the premises occupied by Miller, Limited, on Bathurst street, near Richmond street, and operations will begin within a short time.

Members of the board of trade were instrumental in bringing the industry to the city.

Messrs. Cumming and Wilson are Americans of experience and capital, and Mr. Nichol is manager of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in this city.

London a Shoe Centre.
London is one of the most important shoe centres in the Empire, and the city is to be immediately have a new factory for the manufacture of women's shoes, with a payroll of 100 hands.

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ALL SITES WILL BE SENT TO THE COUNCIL TONIGHT TO MAKE A SELECTION

City Hall Committee Held a Meeting at Noon Today
and Once Again Found It Impossible to Agree
Upon Location That Could Be Recommended

SITES TO BE VOTED ON TONIGHT.

Richmond and Maple streets, 200x105.....	\$69,500
Dundas street, between Armeries and McCormicks, 200x105.....	47,000
"V" location, \$45,000, with Christian Science Church to be expropriated	
Bernard and Parsons property, Wellington and King, 275x200.....	\$79,000
Spencer Block, 130x95.....	50,000
Old Mechanics' Institute, Talbot street.....	16,000
Eccles property, corner Queen's avenue and Wellington street.....	50,000

After an hour's debate at noon today, the special city hall committee decided to submit all the sites as mentioned as suitable for a new hall to the council tonight, for the aldermen to choose from. It was impossible for the members of the committee to agree, and it was thought that the better way was to have the council as a whole decide. From present indications, the Coote and Elscot property on Dundas street will be the choice, as the council as a whole voted for it last night, though the vote was illegal.

When the committee met, Ald. Wright again urged the purchase of the "V" site. He pointed out that he had options on all the property necessary with the exception of the Christian Science Church. He favored the expropriation of this land.

A SCHEME FOR A SITE.
"I have secured an option on the Y. W. C. A. property on Wellington street and Princess avenue," he continued. "I would favor paying \$18,000 for this site, giving it to the Christian Science Church, and \$15,000 to boot. That would make \$33,000 altogether. I think that reasonable. A good church, equal to the First Presbyterian Church, could be built for \$15,000."

"There is no need to talk nonsense like that," said Ald. Spittal. "No church can be built for any such money. If you went ahead with that proposition you will find that we will have to pay nearer \$50,000 for the church."

Continued on Page Eleven.

Leading German Diplomat Baron Von Bieberstein Dead

His Brilliant Work at Constantinople Caused Him
To Be Selected as Ambassador in London
Only a Few Months Ago.

[Canadian Press.]

Badenweiler, Germany, Sept. 24.—Germany's most powerful and brilliant diplomat, Baron Adolf Marschall von Bieberstein, died here today after a short illness.

He was transferred to London from Constantinople for the express purpose of conducting Anglo-German relations. He had occupied the position of German ambassador in London only since May last, had come here to take a course of alkaline water treatment, and was in comparatively good health until a week ago. Then he suddenly fell ill and rapidly became worse until he died today.

The baron had suffered from an attack of influenza early in the year, and his death is attributed to the after-effects of that malady and to his strenuous work in London since his appointment to the embassy there. The baron, who was a native of Baden, often visited his old home. He

was nearly 70 years old, having been born at Neudorf on Oct. 12, 1842.

Bismarck's Successor.
Baron Marschall von Bieberstein was regarded as one of the most accomplished diplomats, not only in Germany, but throughout the world. Since the death of Bismarck he has been considered as Germany's "strong man."

The baron, in fact, stepped into the shoes of Bismarck when he left office in 1909, becoming on April 1 of that year secretary of state for foreign affairs. During his term of office he conducted the negotiations with many foreign powers for commercial treaties which have been in force ever since, with some modifications.

In 1894 he became Prussian minister of state and three years later the Emperor recognized his abilities as a statesman, and appointed him ambassador to Turkey. He remained at Constantinople until 1909.

Continued on Page Four.

A NEW SHOE FACTORY TO EMPLOY ABOUT 100 HANDS

Official Announcement of the Coming of a New Industry Is
Made by the Board of Trade—London a Shoe
Centre for the Dominion.

The London Board of Trade announces that the city is to be immediately have a new factory for the manufacture of women's shoes, with a payroll of 100 hands.

The gentlemen who constitute the partnership are Messrs. E. W. Cumming, G. H. Nichol and W. E. Wilson, and the company will be known as The C. N. W. Shoe Company.

The firm has secured quarters in the premises occupied by Miller, Limited, on Bathurst street, near Richmond street, and operations will begin within a short time.

Members of the board of trade were instrumental in bringing the industry to the city.

Messrs. Cumming and Wilson are Americans of experience and capital, and Mr. Nichol is manager of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in this city.

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TWO COLUMNS OF FIGURES MISSING FROM REPORT

Ald. Richter's Statement on
Street Lighting Is Backed
Up by City Clerk.

COUNCIL WILL SCAN
WATER COMS.' BOOKS

A Special Committee Named
To Go Into the Matter—
Ald. Richter's Criticisms.

Ald. Richter paid his respects to the report of Engineer Gabey, of the hydro-electric commission, on the cost of street lighting, at the special meeting of the council last night, and when he had finished ripping it to shreds, the council decided not to accept it.

An investigation into the accounts of the water commission, covering the whole enterprise, will be undertaken, and the evidence, not only of the city council, but of the water commissioners and staff, will be presented, so that the hydro-electric commission may understand the situation as it really is.

Ald. Richter declared that he was confident that the commission could see the justice of the council's claims, and reduce the cost of street lighting in London. The debate lasted for over three hours, it being much after midnight when the aldermen adjourned.

A special committee, consisting of Ald. Richter, Ald. Robinson, Ald. Wright, Ald. Murphy, Ald. Rose, and Ald. Ashplant, will conduct the investigation.

A Sensational Charge.
The most sensational feature of the argument was the charge made by Ald. Richter that there was another report, prepared by Engineer Gabey, containing a schedule of figures missing in the report submitted to the council. His statement in this regard was backed up by City Clerk Baker, who had seen the other document.

Both Mr. Pocock and Mr. Glaubitz declared most emphatically that they had never seen such a report, and had handed over to the city all the information in their possession.

Ald. Richter stated that evidently the remainder of the report was not presented for a purpose, and intimated that such action did not reflect credit on the parties interested.

No Personal Feeling.
In his opening remarks, Ald. Richter paid some attention to the strictures levelled at him by members of the water commission and others because he had ventured to criticize the report. He did not blame the commissioners for feeling that way. However, they were laboring under a misapprehension, and he expected to remove that misapprehension before the night was through. He could assure them that he had no personal feeling in the matter. He simply could not agree with them, that was all.

Two Reports.
"I see that Commissioner Chapman inquired regarding the statement made by me that the report of Engineer Gabey was emasculated," continued Ald. Richter. "I read in the papers that both Mr. Pocock and Mr. Glaubitz stated emphatically that they had sent the original report to the city council. Mr. Chapman then declared that my statement was incredible, and he could not understand how I should make such charges. Perhaps it has not dawned upon him that Mr. Pocock and Mr. Glaubitz might be mistaken. I did not say, as it has been intimated that the water commissioners did not have a report signed by Mr. Gabey. Nor did I say that the hydro-electric commission did not have a report signed by Mr. Gabey. I did say that the report on the face of things is an emasculated thing, and I still say so. By whom it was emasculated I do not know."

Mr. Pocock's Challenge.
"In this connection," said Mr. Pocock, "has issued a challenge to me to prove that the water commission and the hydro-electric commission have not reports similar to that presented to the city council—copies of it in fact. If Mr. Pocock will word his challenge, I will accept it."

Continued on Page Seven.

FOUR INJURED WHEN CHURCH COLLAPSED

Falling Rafters Forced Brick-
work To Give Way at
Dorchester.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Dorchester, Sept. 24.—As the workmen were busy putting in the last of the rafters in the new English Church here yesterday afternoon part of the framework collapsed, and in so doing

shoved some of the brickwork outward. Several men who were working at the time were badly injured, and four were badly shaken up.

Mr. Angus McEwen, of Putnam, sustained quite painful injuries, his leg being cut quite badly and also his leg scraped and bruised, though no bones were broken.

The other men escaped with nothing worse than a pretty bad shaking up and some bruises. The accident will occasion quite a delay in the building.

Miss Myrtle Meryck paid a flying visit home recently.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN.
[Special to The Advertiser.]
Windsor, Sept. 23.—After a continuous residence in this city for 60 years Charles B. Bourbeau is dead at his home here.

Mr. Bourbeau came to Windsor at the time of the Civil War, and engaged in the house-painting trade. He was 71 years of age, and a United States pensioner.

TRIBUTES WHILE HE LIVED

"A man of ideas."—Montreal Herald.
"His satire is deadly."—Canadian Collier's.
"The Nestor of Canadian Liberalism."—Montreal Herald.

"Laurier never had a truer colleague."—Montreal Herald.

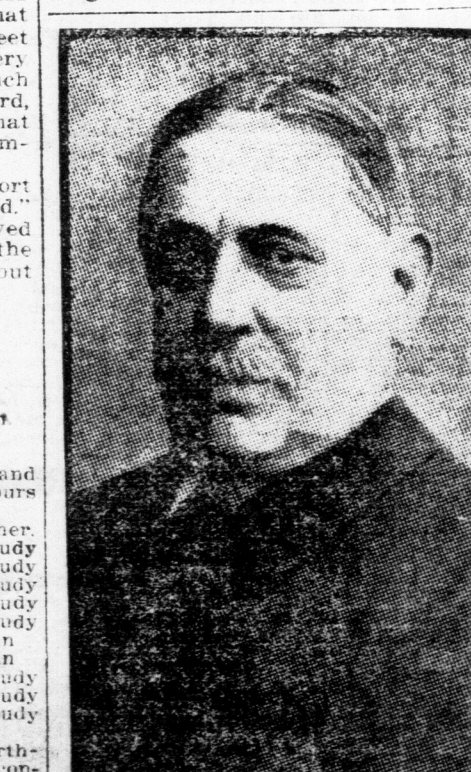
"Master of two things, satire and statistics."—Toronto News.

"As a debater he is without an equal in Parliament."—Montreal Star.

"The most masterly speaker this generation has listened to."—S. N.

"One of the masters of the spoken word in the English-speaking world."—Toronto Globe.

"The living personification of kindness, breadth of view, honor, devotion to the public interests, and fidelity to his friends."—Late Hon. J. I. Tarte.



BARON VON BIEBERSTEIN.
Greatest German Statesman Since Bismarck's Time, and Ruler of the Kaiser.