

A Plain Statement of why "Shiloh" Cures Consumption.

The mistake generally made in treating lung diseases is in treating the effects of the disease instead of the disease itself. Consumption is in the blood and the lungs are the natural organs for throwing off the poison. It is quite useless to merely stop the coughing or even to heal the lungs while the disease remains in the system because the relief is only temporary. Shiloh's Consumption Cure does away with the coughing and soothe the irritated surfaces of the lungs, but it cures consumption because it gives to the blood the power to destroy and throw off the germs.

"Shiloh" is sold on the express condition that you may have your money back if it fails to produce satisfactory results. You can get "Shiloh" wherever medicine is sold. In Canada and United States 25c. and \$1.00 a bottle. Great Britain 15s. 2s. 6d. and 6s. 6d.

PRO AND CON

The United States Factory as an Element in Social Life.

Recent criminal acts in Paterson, N. J., have had the effect of bringing into prominence some of the blackest features of life in factory towns. The reverse side of the picture is presented by the Hon. Carroll D. Wright, chief of the government bureau of labor statistics, in a recent paper read before the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association in Washington. He protests against the idea that "the factory creates ignorance, vice, and low tendencies." It does bring together a large body of comparative by ignorant persons," he says; "it congregates these persons into one community, and hence the results of ignorance and of lower standards of life become clearly apparent because of the concentration. Before the concentration, the ignorance existed precisely the same, but was diffused and hence not apparent." He continues: "We hear a great deal about the sweating system, and the popular idea is that the sweating system is the product of modern industrial conditions. The fact is, that it is a remnant of the old industrial system. Just as fast as the sweatshops are developed into the factory and brought under the laws which relate to factory regulation, the sweating system being eliminated. The only cure is to make of the sweatshop the factory. The social life of sweaters can be improved only by lifting them to the grade of factory operatives."

"We sometimes hear of the immorality of the factory operatives. I have no doubt that immorality exists among factory operatives, the same as it exists in Fifth avenue, and everywhere else on earth where men and women are found, but I do not believe that it exists in any greater proportion in the factory than in any other walk of life. On the other hand, I believe that immoral lives are less frequent among the factory population than among any other class in the community, and investigations, and extensive ones at that, in this country and abroad teach the truth of this assertion. The charge that the factory breeds immorality among women is not true, and can not be sustained by any facts that have ever been collected."

Colonel Wright claims that the factory in this country has even been a civilizing influence among the operatives, "reaching down to the lower strata of society and lifting them up to a higher standard." While it may be true that the factory operatives of today do not compare, in physique and

SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

A Sad Letter From a Lady Whose Husband Was Dissipated.

How She Cured Him With a Secret Remedy.



"I had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering, misery and privations due to my husband's drinking habits. Hearing of your marvelous remedy for the cure of drunkenness, which I could give my husband secretly, I decided to try it. I procured a package and mixed it in his food and coffee, and, as the remedy was odorless and tasteless, he did not know what it was that so quickly relieved his craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly, and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off of his own accord. I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

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intelligence, with the New England workers of 50 years ago, the change is largely due to the character of immigration. When the American and English girls were forced out of the factories, they were crowded not downward, but into higher callings, for "they became wives of foremen and superintendents, teachers in the common schools, clerks in stores and counting-rooms, and lost nothing whatever by their life and services in the factory." The Irish girls who took their places were in turn displaced by French-Canadians, Swedes, Greeks, etc., and each nationality, declares Colonel Wright, was benefited by its experience within the factory walls. He adds:

"The establishment of the textile factory in the south led to the employment of a body of native people, those born and bred in the south, popularly known as the poor whites, who, up to the time of the erection of cotton factories had lived a precarious existence. Today these people are furnishing the textile factories of the southern States with a class of operatives not surpassed in any part of the country. The poor whites are now able to educate their children, to bring them up in a way which was never possible to them before, and thus are gradually and with more or less rapidity becoming not only a desirable but a valuable element in southern population."

"The experience in the south is simply that of other localities, whether in this country or in England. The factory means education, enlightenment, and an intellectual development, utterly impossible without it—I mean to a class of people who could not reach these things in any other way. It is an element in social life. By its educational influences it is constantly lifting the people from a lower to a higher grade."

RECENT VOTE IN ONTARIO

As Computed for the Various Provincial Constituencies.

Same Vote Cast in Provincial Election Would Give Liberals Six Majority.

[Toronto Globe.] The vote cast in Ontario at the recent Dominion election has been computed for the various constituencies as constituted for provincial purposes. From these figures it appears that had the same vote been cast at a provincial election the standing of the two political parties would have been: Liberals 50, Conservatives 44, a majority of 6 for the Liberals. The various constituencies would have ranged themselves for and against the Ross government as follows:

	Lib.	Con.
Addington	1	1
Algoma	1	1
Algoma, W.	1	1
Brampton	1	1
Brampton, S.	1	1
Brockville	1	1
Bruce	1	1
Bruce, C.	1	1
Cardwell	1	1
Carlton	1	1
Dufferin	1	1
Dundas	1	1
Durham	1	1
Durham, E.	1	1
Eggleton	1	1
Eggleton, W.	1	1
Essex	1	1
Essex, S.	1	1
Frontenac	1	1
Gengawry	1	1
Grey	1	1
Grey, C.	1	1
Grey, S.	1	1
Haldimand	1	1
Hamilton	1	1
Hamilton, W.	1	1
Hastings	1	1
Hastings, W.	1	1
Hastings, N.	1	1
Hastings, E.	1	1
Huron	1	1
Huron, W.	1	1
Kent	1	1
Kent, E.	1	1
Kingston	1	1
Lambton	1	1
Lambton, W.	1	1
Lanark	1	1
Lanark, S.	1	1
Leeds	1	1
Lennox	1	1
Lincoln	1	1
London	1	1
Middlesex	1	1
Middlesex, W.	1	1
Middlesex, N.	1	1
Monck	1	1
Muskoka	1	1
Nipissing	1	1
Nipissing, W.	1	1
Norfolk	1	1
Norfolk, N.	1	1
Northumberland	1	1
Northumberland, W.	1	1
Ontario	1	1
Ottawa	1	1
Ottawa, S.	1	1
Oxford	1	1
Perth	1	1
Perth, S.	1	1
Peel	1	1
Peel, S.	1	1
Peterborough	1	1
Peterborough, E.	1	1
Prescott	1	1
Prince Edward	1	1
Renfrew	1	1
Renfrew, S.	1	1
Russell	1	1
Simcoe	1	1
Simcoe, W.	1	1
Simcoe, C.	1	1
Simcoe, S.	1	1
Toronto	1	1
Toronto, S.	1	1
Toronto, E.	1	1
Toronto, W.	1	1
Victoria	1	1
Waterloo	1	1
Waterloo, S.	1	1
Welland	1	1
Welland, N.	1	1
Welland, W.	1	1
Welland, S.	1	1
Wellington	1	1
Wellington, S.	1	1
York	1	1
York, W.	1	1
York, N.	1	1

	Lib.	Con.
Algoma	1	1
Algoma, W.	1	1
Brampton	1	1
Brampton, S.	1	1
Brockville	1	1
Bruce	1	1
Bruce, C.	1	1
Cardwell	1	1
Carlton	1	1
Dufferin	1	1
Dundas	1	1
Durham	1	1
Durham, E.	1	1
Eggleton	1	1
Eggleton, W.	1	1
Essex	1	1
Essex, S.	1	1
Frontenac	1	1
Gengawry	1	1
Grey	1	1
Grey, C.	1	1
Grey, S.	1	1
Haldimand	1	1
Hamilton	1	1
Hamilton, W.	1	1
Hastings	1	1
Hastings, W.	1	1
Hastings, N.	1	1
Hastings, E.	1	1
Huron	1	1
Huron, W.	1	1
Kent	1	1
Kent, E.	1	1
Kingston	1	1
Lambton	1	1
Lambton, W.	1	1
Lanark	1	1
Lanark, S.	1	1
Leeds	1	1
Lennox	1	1
Lincoln	1	1
London	1	1
Middlesex	1	1
Middlesex, W.	1	1
Middlesex, N.	1	1
Monck	1	1
Muskoka	1	1
Nipissing	1	1
Nipissing, W.	1	1
Norfolk	1	1
Norfolk, N.	1	1
Northumberland	1	1
Northumberland, W.	1	1
Ontario	1	1
Ottawa	1	1
Ottawa, S.	1	1
Oxford	1	1
Perth	1	1
Perth, S.	1	1
Peel	1	1
Peel, S.	1	1
Peterborough	1	1
Peterborough, E.	1	1
Prescott	1	1
Prince Edward	1	1
Renfrew	1	1
Renfrew, S.	1	1
Russell	1	1
Simcoe	1	1
Simcoe, W.	1	1
Simcoe, C.	1	1
Simcoe, S.	1	1
Toronto	1	1
Toronto, S.	1	1
Toronto, E.	1	1
Toronto, W.	1	1
Victoria	1	1
Waterloo	1	1
Waterloo, S.	1	1
Welland	1	1
Welland, N.	1	1
Welland, W.	1	1
Welland, S.	1	1
Wellington	1	1
Wellington, S.	1	1
York	1	1
York, W.	1	1
York, N.	1	1

THE HAMILTONS. In the above calculation the two seats in Hamilton are given to the Conservatives for the purpose of comparison. For provincial purposes the city is divided into two constituencies, both of which are now represented by Conservatives. The information was not available upon which the vote cast at the recent Dominion election could be allocated to the respective provincial constituencies, and they have both been placed in the Ontario Liberal candidate running and a Liberal supported the Independent

candidate, the vote has been classed as Liberal. The election in Nipissing has not yet taken place, but it is included in the Liberal ranks, where it has been for several legislatures.

Of the constituencies classed in the Conservative column, fourteen are now held by Liberals in the Legislature. They are: Haldimand, East Hastings, East Lambton, Lennox, Muskoka and Parry Sound, South Norfolk, East Northumberland, North Perth, Peel, West Peterborough, North Waterloo, South Wellington, East and West York. The greater part of these constituencies were carried by the government by substantial majorities at the last election, and the representatives in the present legislature are confident of their ability to carry them again. Such constituencies as South Norfolk, Peel, West Peterborough, North Waterloo, South Wellington, East and West York, for a number of years been counted as safe Liberal seats. If the government succeeded in retaining these seats and held those won on the vote cast on Nov. 7, they would have 64 out of the 94 seats in the legislature.

QUEBEC VOTE AND BALANCE OF POWER

(Hamilton Times.)

A couple of Hamilton gentlemen, who are personal friends though political opponents, have referred to the Times for decision the question whether Ontario ever gave a Liberal majority in a Dominion election, except in 1874 and 1896, and incidentally whether Sir John Macdonald was to depend upon the vote of Quebec to keep him in office. As this question probably interests a good many readers, we shall give the record from the Parliamentary Companion of 1897, page 96 et seq., to which the figures for the 1897 election can be appended when the recounts are concluded and the returns are completed. In the election of 1897, we are told, "the opposition raised its particular battle cry. To a certain extent they were indifferent. As many of their friends were in the government, the principal leaders of the opposition were willing to give the ministry of Sir John Macdonald a fair trial, although the anti-confederate party, particularly in the Maritime Provinces, was strong and exerted itself to elect opponents to the government." The result was:

	1897.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	47	36	11
Quebec	45	20	25
New Brunswick	7	3	4
	102	80	22

Majority for Conservative Government, 22. Quite a number of members, classed in the above table as supporters of the government, called themselves Liberals in their biographical descriptions. It will be noticed that Sir John Macdonald had a majority of 11 from Ontario in that house, and his total majority was 22, and his majority from Quebec was 25. Had it not been for the Quebec vote, he could not have remained in office. At the next election the record was:

	1872.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	38	50	12
Quebec	38	27	11
New Brunswick	4	11	7
Prince Edward Island	0	6	0
Manitoba	3	1	2
British Columbia	6	0	6
	103	97	6

Majority for Conservative Government, 6.

Here was a Liberal majority of 12 from Ontario, a Conservative majority of 11 from Quebec, a total majority of 6 for the government, which was saved from defeat by the new provinces of Manitoba and British Columbia. Our inquiring friends will observe that this was one occasion on which Ontario went Liberal. The next election was in

	1874.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	24	64	40
Quebec	32	33	1
New Brunswick	4	11	7
Prince Edward Island	0	6	0
Manitoba	2	2	0
British Columbia	6	0	6
	73	133	60

Majority for Liberal Government, 60. On this occasion Ontario and the Maritime Provinces gave the majority to the Liberals, Quebec giving only one. There was a great change in

	1878.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	50	29	21
Quebec	45	20	25
New Brunswick	14	7	7
	109	56	53

MILES ON MILES

Are walked by the billiard player, as he moves around the table. That is the only exercise many a city man gets. It is this lack of exercise in the shut-in life of the city, combined with irregular eating and indigestible dishes which tend to make the city man the victim of "stomach troubles."

When there is undue fullness after eating, with belching, sour risings and other distressing symptoms, a prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will effect a speedy cure. In the most extreme cases of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, the persistent use of the "Discovery" will result in a complete cure in ninety-eight cases out of every hundred.

The praise I would like to give your "Golden Medical Discovery" I cannot better words or describe with pen," writes James R. Ambrose, Esq., of 2251, Millin Street, Huntington, Pa. "I was taken down with what our physicians said was indigestion. I doctored with the best around here and found no relief. I wrote to you and sent you a question blank to fill out and I did so and you then advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped—being cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now."

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Manitoba	3	1
Prince Edward Island	5	1
British Columbia	6	0
	137	69

Majority for Conservatives, 68.

In this election New Brunswick was the only province that gave a Liberal majority. Next came

	1882.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	54	38	16
Quebec	45	19	26
Nova Scotia	15	5	10
New Brunswick	10	6	4
Prince Edward Island	4	2	2
Manitoba	2	3	0
British Columbia	6	0	6
	139	72	67

Majority for Conservatives, 67.

Every province, except Manitoba, gave a Conservative majority in this election. With a total of 67, Sir John might have got along without Quebec's contribution of 21, but it will be recalled that when the Quebec Conservatives balked over the Canadian Pacific loan of \$30,000,000 in 1884, there was consternation in the Tory camp, and Sir Charles Tupper had to accept Mr. Chapleau's terms. We pass on to

	1887.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	54	38	16
Quebec	36	29	7
Nova Scotia	14	7	7
New Brunswick	10	6	4
Manitoba	4	1	3
Prince Edward Island	0	6	0
British Columbia	6	0	6
Northwest Territories	4	0	4
	128	84	44

Majority for Conservative Government, 44.

Next came the election of

	1891.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	48	44	4
Quebec	30	35	5
Nova Scotia	16	5	11
New Brunswick	13	3	10
Prince Edward Island	2	4	0
Manitoba	4	1	3
British Columbia	6	0	6
Northwest Territories	4	0	4
	123	92	31

Majority for Conservative Government, 31.

Ontario and Quebec balanced as closely as they used to do in the old "deadlock" days before confederation. The smaller provinces gave Sir John Macdonald his majority. Then came the change of

	1896.	Con.	Lib.
Ontario	48	48	0
Quebec	19	43	24
Nova Scotia	10	10	0
New Brunswick	9	5	4
Prince Edward Island	3	2	1
Manitoba	4	2	2
British Columbia	2	4	0
Northwest Territories	1	2	0
	88	122	34

Majority for the Liberals, 34. This was the third time since confederation that Ontario gave a Liberal majority. In the election this month, November, 1900, Ontario gave a Conservative majority, offset by the Liberal majorities in the Maritime and Western provinces, and Quebec gave a large Liberal majority. We advise our friends who take an interest in political history to cut these figures out and put them aside for reference.

Idle Selfishness.

[Chicago Tribune.]

The old adage, "Love will find a way," is not always verified in actual life. "Sitting Mary," who died at Minneapolis, Minn., the other day, furnishes a case in point. Thirty years ago "Sitting Mary" had a quarrel with her lover and they parted. Thereupon she made a vow she would never leave her chair until she died, and she kept her vow. So long as her parents lived she remained at home in her chair. When they died she was left without means. She refused to stir about and work and the county authorities were obliged to carry her in her chair to the poor farm, in which she remained clinging to herself that her lover would come back. He never came, however, and finally "Sitting Mary" at last died in her chair, much to the relief of every one in the institution.

Phoebe Meeks, of Brookville, Ind., furnishes another case in point. Phoebe, like "Sitting Mary," was married with her lover sixty years ago and they parted. Phoebe made a vow never to show her face beyond her own door yard and kept the vow until she was released from it by death last Saturday. Her lover on two or three occasions sought a reconciliation, but Phoebe was inflexible, whereupon he sensibly sought another, married, and amassed a fortune, leaving Phoebe to end her own days.

Here are two cases, and there are many others, where love did not find a way. Perhaps it is just as well for the suitors that it did not, for women capable of making and keeping such vows as these which "Sitting Mary" and Phoebe made might have rendered life a burden for their husbands. At the first difference in views "Sitting Mary" might have taken to her chair and Phoebe