CAKNESS AND DEBILITY OF RS' STANDING. William Smith, of No. 5, Little reet, Lambeth, dated December 12,

for nearly 5 years I hardly knew what tring from extreme weakness and debr-aches, giddiness and sickness of the pression of spirits. I used to think that I been to many medical men, some of in their power, informed use that they complaint beyond the reach of ceive, ate of the stomach and liver, making ing could be done for use. One day ted state, I saw your Pills advertised, more perhaps from curiosity than with som found myself better by taking them a their use for hix months, when, I san et cure.

et cure.
ied) WILLIAM SMITH.
squently called EDWARD)
PWENTY YEARS' STANDING.

nform you that many extraordinary cures re by means of your Pills. One is that no hack, " who after having for Twenty gheted exertine, suffering very fearfully ag and systing, but is now. (to use her to the top of that mountain. Another, Hutchinson's buildings, Clarence-street, e was confined entirely to his bed-room nencing with your Pills, and attended repronounced him to be in a dying state, go, has been restored to perfect health by g your Ointment night and morning into

(Signed) J. K. HEYDON, DUGH CURED OF A LIVER AND H COMPLAINT. His Lordship, dated Villa Messina 1st February, 1845.

prevented the possibility of my thanking sliteness in sending me your Pills as you ity of sending you an order for the amount at your Pills have effected a cure of a dist, which all the most eminent of the Facul attent, had not been able to effect; so, land Marienbad. I wish to have another, in case any of my family should ever inced and obedient Servant.

(Signed) ALDBOROUGH. conderfully efficacious in the following maplaints.

Joints.

Liver complaints

Lumbago

Lumbago

Lumbago

Lumbago

Lumbago

Lumbago

Fic Douloureux

Tumors

Vincert

Venereal Affections.

Sorrofula or

King's Evil

Sore Throats

Sore Throats

Sore and Gra-whatever cause

vel

HALL.

. WATSON,

from London,

MEDICINES, Patent Medicines,
ickles, Sauces, Confectionary, Brushes,
for the Toilet, articles for Domestic

Atabica Revelanta, just received and

T. DESBRISAY.

ince Edward," from London, 6. MEDICINES,
Pomatums, Hair Oils, Preparations for,
Shaving Cakes, Fancy Soaps, Oriental
ps, Sand Ball Soap, Sand Tablets, Hair

n Street, Charlottetown.

I PERFUMERY ts, and Eaux of every Perfume, Court er, Hair Brushes, Distilled Water, Eau , Tooth Powders, Cosmetics, Hair Dyes, owders for removing Superfucus Hair, ad Ivory, of every variety of pattern and

lity and description, in Tortoise-shell, NABLE NOVELTIES.

prit de Lavande aux Millifleurs, and all uch admired Select Articles for the Toilet, Bouquet and Spermaceti Tablets, made , Cockspur St., London.

nd Cod Liver Oil Candy,
medy for Coughs, Common Colde, Cold in
eas, Bronchitts, Asthma, Tickling in the
of the Lungs and Bronchal Affections.
composed of Pure Cod Liver Oil, comingredients, which sembletely disguise the
wathout detracting from its medicinal, virm by which it can be administered to the
tout inconvenience. The medicinal influa the exact tract of the inflammatory acts, southing the organs of the windpips
ing pulmonsty irritation, giving case and
wing the voice to its accustomed clearness
Megns, Arrimony in the Eluids, and Obare genity and safely discharged by easy



VOL. 21.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1851.

NO. 1116.

Royal Agricultural Society. PREMIUMS POR THE YEAR 1851.

THE "ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY" offer the following PREMIUMS to be competed for, at the times and places, and for the objects mentioned under the several heads:—

Cattle Shows. The SHOW in Queen's County, to be held at CHARLOTTETOWN, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of September.
In King's County, at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, on Friday, the 26th day of September.
In Prince County, near the Church at Princetown, on Tuesday, the 30th day of September.

PREMIUMS : For best Entire Blood Colt, fooled in 1849,

2d do. best Blood Filly, 2d do. do.

at Entire Colt, for Ag'citri, purposes, for de best do.

out Filly,

do.

blant filly,

do. ad best do.
best Filly,
ad best do.
best Bull, calved in 1849, best Bull, calved in 1849,
2d best do. do.
best Helfer, do.
2d best do.
best yearling Bull or Heifer, from the Ayrshire Bulls
imported in 1849,
best Calf, from do. do. or from the Heifers
imported in 1850,
best Ram, under 3 years old, (Lambs excluded,)
2d best do. do.
best pen of 3 Ewe Tegs,
2d best do. do.

REGULATIONS:

REGULATIONS: The Colts and Fillies to be Island bred. No imported Stock allowed to compete. No animal, having formerly obtained a first prize, will be alf

No animal, having formerly obtained a first prize, will be all lowed to compete.

No animal to compete for more than one prize.

No competitor to exhibit more than the required number of ani reals in each class.

No Prize to be awarded, unless there be at least three corapetitors in each class.

No person will be allowed to exhibit stock for competition, unless he be a member of the Branch Society established in the County in which the Show is held.

The Committee will feel obliged, if persons, having Stock of a superior description, would send the same to the "how, although they may not be of the classes for which Premiums are offered—for which purpose suitable accommodations will be provided.

Ploughing Matches Will be held in Queen's County, on Thursday, the 9th October, and in King's County and in Prince County, on the same day and at the same place as the Cattle Shows, when the following PREMIUME will be awarded:—

First Prize, Second do. Third do. Fourth do.

Fields of Grain and Turnips. For the best 2 acres of Wheat, 2d best do. do. best 2 agres of two-rowed Bar 2d best do. do. best 4 acre of Indian Corn, 2d bast do.

best 1 acre of Indian Corn,

2d hapt do. do.

2 0 0
best 2 acre of Swede Turnips,

2 0 0
best 3 acre of Swede Turnips,

2 0 0
best 4 acre of Yelfow Ballock do.

2 0 0
2d best do.

3 0 0
2d best do.

1 0 0
The names of the competitors to be intimated to the Secretary in Charlottetown for Queen's County; to the Secretary of the Branch at Georgetown for King's County; and to the Secretary of the Branch at St. Eleanor's for Frince County; and to the Secretary of the Branch at St. Eleanor's for Frince County; and to los Secretary of the Branch at St. Eleanor's for Frince County, and follows:

For Wheat, Barley and Indian Corn, on or before the 1st August.

For Turnips, on or before the 1st September.

The fidels of Grain to be inspected, and the Prizes adjudged on visw, immediately before harvest.

The Turnips to be inspected during the last week in October, for which purpose one Inspector will be appointed for each County, by the Committee in Charlottetown.

Industrial Exhibition.

Industrial Exhibition.

An Exhibition of domestic manufactures and agricultural productions, will be held in Charlottetown, on Wednesday, the 5th of Nevember, when Premiums for the undermentioned articles will be distributed, viz:—

For best 10 yards Grey Homespun, £1 0 0 10 do. Shepherd's Plaid, 1 0 0 10 do. dyed and dressed, 1 0 0 10 do. dyed and dressed, 1 0 0 10 do. plain do. 0 10 0 10 do. plain do. 0 10 0 0 10 0 10 do. Drugget, piece of Carpeting, not less than 20 yards square, 1 0 0 pair of Horse Rags, not less than 2 yards square, 1 0 0 pair of Horse Rugs, not let Woollen Plaid Shawl, do. Gearf, do. White Shawl, pair of thick knit woollen S 3 pair of woollen Socks, 3 do. do. Gioves, 4 do. do. Mittens, Linea Table Cloth. 1 do do history Lines Table Cloth, and fulf-dozen Lines Towels, a Lines Sacta, capable of holding Bonet, made from Grass Plat, do. do. Fint, and from Grass Plait,
do. 8 Sheepskin Mats, dyed and dressed,
Chopping Axo,
Hay Fork,
Dang Fork, Dung Fork,

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

For best Tab of Bietter, not less than 30th, weight,
Do. Cheese,
Do. do. Carrois for Table,
Do. do. Roots of Mangel Wurtzel,
Do. do. Parsulps,
Do. do. Parsu

Manure Heaps.

The Committee being desirous to see introduced among a better system of saving and collecting Manures, and, ps regards the preservation of the liquid manure, offer ing Tremiums to be competed for, separately in each of Counties, namely

To the person who shall have adopted, and has in prest system for the attainment of the above object.

aly induced us to adopt this mode of the To the Engineer and Craw of the Avery we use also do

The names of Competitors to be intimated to the Secretary of the Society at Charlottetown, and to the Secretaries of the Branches at Georgetown and St. Eleanor's, on or before the 1st day of August next, and the inspection to take place at such time as may be deemed most advisable by the Committee at each of the above places.

The Premiums to be awarded in the Spring of 1832.

By Order,

Fishery Claims.—Notice,

Fishery Claims.—Notice,
WE the undersigned having been duly appointed Commissioners for settling claims for Bounties on the Cod and Mackerel Fisheries, for Charlotteowa, hereby give notice that no claim whatever will be entertained unless the following provisions of the Act have been strictly attended to, viz:—

The claimants must be inhabitants of this I-land.

The vessel or vessels must have been expressly fitted out for the Cod or Mackerel Fisheries, and must have continued in the prosecution of such voyage not less than Three and a half months, and, that between the 15th day of June and the 1st day of October.

A Certificate from the Controller of Navigation must be presented with the claim, setting forth the place where the Vessel cleared out—the sort and quantity of Provisions, being at least one month's Stock—and that the Crew were at least one man for every Five tons up to Twenty tons, and one man for every Five tons up to Twenty tons, and one man for every Eight tons over Forty-two tons,

The customary weekly allowance for each man engaged in the Newfoundland Fisheries being Seven pounds of Bread, seven pounds of Beef or Pork, One pound of Butter, One pint of Molasses, One onnec of Tea—an equivalent Stock will be expected by the Commissioners.

Claimants for the Mackerel Bounty will be required to have their

missioners.

Claimants for the Mackerel Bounty will be required to have their Catch inspected and weighed, and every required information, relative to their voyage, given, and fully substantiated on Oath, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

JAMES N. HARRIS,
KENNETH M. KENZIE,
July 8, 1851.

ALL persons having legal demands against the Estate of JAMES
CLARK, late of Township No. 25, Esquire, deceased, are requested to render their Accounts for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment.

AMY CLARK, Administratrix.

ALEXANDER ANDERSON, jun.,

VILLIAM CLARK,
Township 25, 18th June, 1851.

To the Tenants on Lots 9 & 61.

THE Subscriber having, by Power of Attorney, dated the 6th day of March, 1851, been appointed Agent to take charge of LOTS 9 & 61, in this Island, the Property of Lawrence Sulivan Eq., notifies the Tenants on those Townships, that all rents, and Arrears of Rent, due on the said Property, are required to be paid to him forthwith, he alone being authorized to receive the same.

JAMES YEO.

Port Hill, April 9, 1851.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us, Dennis Reddin and James Reddin, heretofore carrying on Trade and Business under the name of "D. Reddin & Son," stands from this day dissolved by mutual consent; that all the liabilities of the said Firm will be discharged; and all the Debts due the same received by the said Dennis Reddin.

DENNIS REDDIN, JAMES REDDIN,

NOTICE.

A LL persons having legal demands against the Estate of the late
Nathaniel Mtl. area, deceased, Three Rivers, are requested to render the same within Six Mouths, and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment to
LAURENCE Mtl. AREN,
Sole Executor.

PREMIUMS.

THE TRYON BRANCH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY offers the following PREMIUMS to be competed for :—
For the best 2 acres of Wheat,
2d best do.
Best 2 acres Barley,
1 10 0
2d best do.
1 0 0
Best 2 acres Barley,
1 10 0
2d best do.
1 0 0
Best 4 acres Swede Turnips,
2 0 0
2d best do.
4c.
Best do. late Turnips,
1 10 0
2d best do.
4c.
Best do. late Turnips,
1 0 0
7 best do.
7 best do.
8 best do.
9 conceptions to be intimated to the Secretary, for the Wheat and Barley, on or before the 1st day of August. For Turnips, on or before the 1st of September.

Titos. HOCKIN, Secretary. PREMIUMS.

Tryon, July 11, 1851.

National Loan Fund and Equitable Fire Insurance Companies of London. Incorporated by Acts of Parliament.

DOARD of DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for P. E. Island.

Hon. E. J. Jarvis,
Daniel Hodgson, Esq.,
Robert Hutchisson, Esq.,
Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at his Office, Charlottetown.

L. W. GALL, Agent.

MARINE INSURANCE. Insurance on Vessels, Cargoes, &c.

Insurance on Vessels, Cargoes, &c.

THE Subscriber hereby announces to the Commercial Community of this Island, that he has been duly authorised by Power of Attorney, to act as the Agent of the "Lafayette Insurance Company," of Indiana, in the United States of America. That he islnow prepared to grait Policies on all Marine Risks, at very low hetes of premium.

Thit this Company is one of the very best in point of responsibilist, hwing a paid up Capital of £60,000. There are three points of advantage connected with the Company, with which the Public should be made acquainted.

1st.—His having a large Cash fund always at command.
2d.—The Surplus Capital well invested by Mortgages upon unincumbered Real Estate, and
3d.—That the Stockholders are individually liable for all losses.

The following gentlemen having been appointed by the Company to act as a Local Board of Directors, is a further guarantee to the Public of the respectability of this Office, namely:—

W. W. LORD, Esquire,

JANKS PURDIR, Equire,

JANKS PURDIR, Equire,

The Subscriber will cheerfully reader any information, upon application being made at his Office.

CHARLES YOUNG.

Agent.

Charlottetown, Feb. 11, 1851. (All the papers.)

Charlottetown, Feb. 11, 1851. (All the papers.)

THE St. (mer ROSE will ran, between Charlottestown and Picton, and Saturday, at ten p clock forences, and Picton upon Thursday, at ten p clock forences, and Picton upon Thursdays, immediately after receiving the Maile from Halifax, and on Manager and Saturday at the processing the Maile from Halifax, and on Manager and Saturday and Saturday

machinery, all foint to this result. It will be marinoom the for our credit of ord prospering, if we industrily or receivery suffer other nations to twice the lend in it.

Miscellancous.

"I NAVE NO INFLUENCE."—"I have no influence," I heard some one say the other day. Now he who may say or think so, is blinded to his own character, and that of others. No being can live in this world without influencing one or more fellow-being, either for good or evil. Very soldon is it too, that one alone is affected; more frequently a whole circle is moved by a thoughtless sentence. Nay, a zord from a person searcely noticed by his fellow mortals, may move a train of thought in the mind of another, who may be one who will "turn the world apside down." More than the; a look, one look without a work, one motion of the hand without a sound, may kindle energies for good or evil.

And here is the great point—for good or for evil; if for good, the end gained may be heaven; if for evil, it is everlasting despair! Not one in this wide world, however obscure, who has a mind, but influences the one or many who see or hear him. This fact gives to influence its peculiar responsibility. It is an endowment superadded to the exercise of our talents, which passes on to immortality amidst obligations increasing and usending.

Therefore, let that doy or girl a school, even though but eight or nine years old, take care! You may say some word to that thoughtless boy at your side, which will make him give up the use of wicked words, and try to grow up a useful man.—Or you may, without a word, show him something that will tempt him to do an evil deed, which may end, in a life of crime! Dear child, beware!

O young man, I want a voice of thender to startle yoù into a reality of your influence over others! but I only breathe one word-refrain. If you will not do what your inner voice tells you is wrong, you may save yourself and many others. Touch not the electric chain of evil, and no shock will be left from you through the circle with which you come in cratact. Thus your influence will be apparently negative, but positively great.

And woman, too, has much to do with influence and its power. I would mention but one of the many path

itself can be moved.

Dear reader, whoever, whatever, wherever you may be, you can never say, "I have no influence." While you live, you can never be without it.—Presbyterian Treasury (An.)

THE YOUNG LADY AND THE WIFE.—A lady should appear to think well of books, rather than to speak well of them; she may show the engaging light that good taste and sensibility always diffuse over conversation; she may give instances of great and affecting passages, because they show the fineness of her imagination, or the goodness of her heart, but all criticism beyond this, sits awkwardly upon her. She should know more than she displays, because it gives her enaffected powers in discourse; for the same reason that a man's efforts are easy and firm, when his action requires not his full strength. She should, by habit, form her mind to the noble and pathetic; and she should have an acquaintance with the fine arts, because they enrich and beautify the imagination; but she should carefully keep tham out of view in the shape of learning, and let them run through the easy vein of unpremediated thought; for this reason she should seldom use, and not always-appear to understand the lerms of art; the gentlemen will occasionally axplain them to her. I knew a lady of address, who, when any term of art was mentioned, always turned to the gentleman she had a mind to compliment, and, with uncommon grace, asked him the meaning; by this means, she gave men the air of superiority they like so well, while she held them in chains. No humor can be more delicate than this, which plays upon the tyrant, who requires an acknowledgment of superiority of sense, as well as power, from the weaker set:

A lady sporting her learning, and introducing her verses upon all occasions; reminds one of a weapen who has a fine hand and arm.

weaker set:

A lady sporting her learning, and introducing her verses upon all occasions, reminds one of a woman who has a fine hand and arm, a pretty foot, or a beautiful set of teeth, and who is not satisfied with letting them appear as nature and custom authorize, but is perpetually introducing her separate perfections into notice. If a woman neglects the duties of her family and the care of her children—if she is less aminble as a wife, mother, or mistress, because she has talents or acquirements, it would be far better if she were without them; and when she displays that she has more knowledge than her husband, she shows at least, that no woman can have less than her-self.

hashand, she shows at least, that no woman can have less than herself.

There is no great need of enforcing upon an unmarried lady the necessity of being agreeable, nor is there any great art requisite in a youtfull beauty to enable her to please. Nature has multiplied attractions around her. Youth is in itself attractive. The freshness of budding beauty needs no aid to set it off; it pleases merely because it is fresh, and budding, and beautiful. But it is for the married state that a woman needs the most instruction, and in which she would be most on her guard to maintain her powers of pleasing. No woman can expect to be to her husband all that he fancied her when a lover. Men are always duped, not so much by the arts of the sex, as by their own imaginations. They are always wooing goddesses, and marrying mere mortals. A woman should, therefore, ascertain what was the charm that rendered her so fascinating when a girl, and endeavour to keep it as a wife. One great thing undoubtedly was, the chariness of herself and her conduct, which an unmarried female always observes. She should maintain the same niceness and reserve in her person and habits, and endeavour still to preserve a freshness and delicacy in the eyes of her husband. She should remember that the province of a woman is to be wooed, not to woo; to be caressed, not to caress. Man is an ungrateful being in love; bounty loses rather than wiss him.

INTEMPERANCE OF GREAT MEN.—The biographies of some of the most distinguished literary characters of this and other countries, present lamentable examples of the direful effects of alcoholic liquors on the intellect. The national injury thus sustained may be considered in a two fold point of view: that is, in the first place, from the partial incapacity for mental labours which is thereby produced; and secondly, the premature mortality of men whose mental exertions might otherwise have greatly benefited their country. Byron and Burns form prominent examples. Prior, according to his biography, was not free from the charge of intemperance. Dr. King states that Parell "was a great follower of drams, and strangely open and ecandalous in his debaucheries," all are agreed, that "he became a vot, and finished his existence." Drydon, in his youthful days, was conspicuous for sobriety, "but for the last ten years of his life," observes Dennis, "he was much acquainted with Addison, and drank with him even more than he ever used to do, probably so far as to hasten his end."—"Cowley's death," remarks Pope, "was occasioned by a mean accident, while his great friend, Desn Pratt, was on a visit with him at Chertsey. They had been together to see a neighbour of Cowley's, who, according to the fashion of the times, made them too welcome. They did not set out on their walk home, till it was too late, and had drank so deep, they lay out in the fields all night. This gave Cowley the fever and carried him off." The immortal Shakapeare also fell a victim to the asme direful habit.

Electric Telegraphy Eart—Mr. Hyde has commenced INTEMPERANCE OF GREAT MEN.-The biographies of some

victim to the same direful habit.

ELECTRIC TREGULATE EAST.—Mr. Hyde has commenced his operations on the telegraph line hence to the straits of Cause. At last accounts, the peats were crecied from Ten Mile house, Wear River, to some distance beyond New Glagow. We are informed that in consequence of the charlishness of one individual, who refused to allow the posts to be sauk on his property, the line has been carried from the end of the bridge over the hill, communicating with the main posts road by a bye-way, instead of going through New Glasgow, as originally intended. It is expected that the line will be completed to the straits of Cause, in about a fortnight from this NOVA SCOTIA-

The Germed about to be seemed at Fort Modham, is accaded to accommodate but one regiment. Another visuallar office and record with the excetted at the southern extreme of the animode of the three corps, exceeding this edition of all the states of the southern extra contract of the force on the states of the southern of the southern

time. The carrying of it across the strait is likely to be a for midable undertaking.—It wil? ... squire a mast on the Cape Breton eide 325 feet in height, and on this side, at Cape Porcupine, the wire will be put on a post of the ordinary height, the land being so much more elevated than on the other side. Mr. Hyde has brought on an engineer from the United States, a Mr. Thomson, who passed through Picton on Menday lest, to commence his operations in erecting the mast and carrying over the wire.—The distance across is about half, a mile. It will require some six or eight weeks to complete the work, and it is expected to cost from £600 to £800. We understand Mr. Thomson entertains no deubt of the practicability of the plan, as he has already overcome difficulties more formidable as respects the distance, on some of the lines in the United States. The great difficulty here is the height of the mast, and the immense amount of fastening required to secure it. We presume the communication will be opened at once between Picton and the straits of Canso, with an office at Antigonish, and one at New Glaugow or the Albion Mines.—East. Chron.

Seven Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIPAX.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIPAX.

This magnificent Steamship arrived on Monday morning after a splendid ren of 81 days from the Mersey. Europa has 98 passengers, 9 of whom are for Halifax. She unfortunately ran into and sunk last night the American fishing schr. Florence, of Wellfield, which resulted in one man being drowned; the remainder of the crew were brought in by Europa. There is nothing of importance from England.

The doings in Parliament are of an unimportant character. The crops every where throughout the United Kingdom, give promise of an abundant return, although it is reported that the blight, has made its appearance in some localities. The House of Commens, for the first time during the present Session, sat in the new Chamber on the 24th ult. The remains of the late Rt. Hon. Rt. L. Sheil, are to be conveyed to Ireland from Florence, for interment at Long Orchard, in the county of Tipperary. Lord Palmerston has intimated to Mrs. Shiel, that a ship of war will be furnished by the Admiralty for that purpose. A committee is in course of formation in Bublin, with a view of raising, by public subscription, a fund for the erection of a monument to the deceased statesman.—An influential meeting of the Constituents of Baron Rothschild has been held at London Thvern in consequence of an address from the Baron reminding them, that the Disabilities Bill had been five times affirmed by the Commons, and five times rejected by the Lords.

In France the Revision of the Constitution is the all absorbing tempics. A sanitary meeting is about to be convened at Paris, to consider the quarantine laws, and it is expected all the European powers will be represented by competent medical officers.

The official declaration to the effect, that the Queen of Spain had entered the fifth month of her pregnancy, was issued on the 15th July.

The official declaration to the effect, that the Queen of Spain had entered the fifth month of her pregnancy, was issued on the 15th July.

The official declaration to the effect, that the Queen of Spain had entered the fifth month of her pregnancy, was issued on the 15th July.

There are no further advices from the Cape of, Good Hope.
The relations between the Porte and the Pacha of Egypt are becoming more uneasy through the desire of the former to bring the latter into greater subjection. Mr. Stevenson has concluded a contract to construct a Rail Road from Alexandria to Suez, and the works will be commenced forthwith.

Count Bocarme has paid the penalty of his crimes by the forfoiture of his life.

THE ECCLESIASTICAL TITLES BILL.—The second reading of the Ecclesiastical Titles Bill, passed the House of Lords by, as might have been expected, an overwhelming majority. A dignified but comewhat insiphd debate of two nights, preceded the division. The speeches hardly maintained the character of their Lordships House for the highest order of cratory. Lord Aberdeen, who made the most effective speech against the bill—with the exception, perhaps, of the Duke of Newcastle,—lamented the absence of Lord Demana and Lord Brougham, both of whom, he intimated, are strongly opposed to its stringent provisions. The speeches of the Duke of Wellington and Lord Lyndhurst, who supported the bill, were, considering their advanced years, extraordinary specimens of vigour and mental power, the ex-Chancellor more especially standing out with the clearness and force of his earlier days. These speeches derived additional interest from the fact, that the utterer of one was the head of the Cabinet which passed the Emmancipation Act, twenty-two years ago, and the other was the occupant of the woolsnet.—European Times.

The state of Portugal shows signs of fresh disquietude, and the anticipation of a fresh revolution have become more general within the last week.

The debate on the revision of the Constitution was brought to a nomewhat sudden termination on Saturday, by M. Pupin, who as President of the Assembly, forced on a division immediately after a speech of M. Odillon Barret, when the motion not having obtained the constitutional majority of three-fourths, was rejected.

Marshal Sebastiani died at Patis on Sunday, in the 79th year of his age. His death took place quite suddenly, while he was at breakfast.

The Chamber of Commerce of Mulhouse has declared that Algerian cotton is of a superior quality to any of the American cottons.

geran cotton is of a superior quanty to any or the American cottons.

The harvest no longer inspires serious apprehensions. Every body is agreed, that there will be a fair average crop. At the worst the result will not fall below mediocrity.

It is said, that Prince de Joinville has been again requested to allow himself to be brought forward as a candidate for the Presitations.

FOREIGN.

Plague has braken out amongst the cattle in Moravia, causing fightful less to proprietors.

Letters from Vienna state that accounts of the spread of the Cholera had been received from various parts of Bohemis, Moravia and Galicia.

Letters from yearns and that accounts of the spread of the Capellera had been received from various parts of Bohemia, Morayla and Galicia.

GOLD FIRRING IN HUNGARY.—The Gazette de Breslau, says that when Georgey retreated from Comorn toward the Theiss, in the cammer of 18-49, he took with him seventeen waggon's laden with gold ore, which had been sequestrated by the commission of national defence to prevent its falling into the hands of the Austrians. Upon arriving at the mirry by ske of the Theiss it was found difficult to convey the waggon's cross, without delaying movements of the army, and they were thrown into the river. The director of the mines in Upper Hungary has now organized a force of miners and engineers, with the hope of recovering the greater portion of the tressure, seeing that the specific gravity of the ore will meat probably have prevented its being carried away by the current. The value of the golden mineral thrown into the Theiss is estimated, without exaggeration, at from three to four hundred thousand florins.

MORE AUSTRIAN FLOGGING OF WORAN, AND ITS RATRIBUTION.—Lately a young woman named Maris Biagio, of Perugia, received publicly twenty-five lashes, by order of the Austrian court martial, for having spoken against the Austrians. The Austrian ediferent hint Bogging the most convenient punishment for such affences; but the Italians have a different notion of honer, and two days after the execution placards, were posted everywhere threatening every commanding officer with the poinsard who should date to inflict flegging on political effenders. The onliver commander of Loid took no heed of this threat, and was stabbed.

PUDDLE AMONG THE HOGG AND FIREEC.—The other day

minder of Ledi took no beed of this threat, and was stabled.

PUDDLE ARONG THE HOGS AND FISHES.—The other day a distillery was barned down at Oak Orchard, Ohio, on which occasion about 150 of the 2000 hogs, belonging to the distillery, got on a regular "bender," and succeeded in acting almost as either bised aciglibors when in a similar predicement. They partook of the fire vater as it came flowing into their styes, and as a consequence got most gloriously befuddled. Threa of the number died in the ditch. The fain in Oak Orchard Creek were still more, unfortunate. The faint liquid mingled with their own pure element, and they densk and died by thousands. Oak Orchard Creek was converted literally into a stream of death.