

## The West

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1910.

### RUINED BY OFFICE.

Long lease of power tends to make a decadent party. Conservatives had this experience, and the present situation in Ottawa is deplorably worse than the close of the former administration in 1896. Long service and party subservience become the recognized claims for advancement and a great depreciation in the standard of political morality is the result. Legislation is designed to secure a continuance of power, not to meet the needs of the people. The government becomes the servants of corporations, who provide the election ammunition, and the rights of the people are ruthlessly sacrificed. The Liberal party to-day has forsaken every principle that was embodied in its platform in 1896.

Under Sir Wilfrid Laurier the West never can exercise its proper influence at Ottawa. He has lost the confidence of British Columbia. He denies to Manitoba a proper extension of its territory and a proper control of its natural resources. He has made Alberta and Saskatchewan subject provinces under an Ottawa Downing Street. The whole object of the official Liberal group is to centralize power at the Federal capital, to make patronage for Liberal partisans, and to maintain their ascendancy by methods and practices which every other considerable country in the world has discarded.

Compare the Cabinet of today with that of 1896. Blair, Tarte, Mills, Davies and Mowat have been replaced by Bourke, King, Pugsley, Oliver and Templeman. Outside of Sir Wilfrid, Fielding and Graham the Cabinet is a refuge for fossils and discredited heels. The great West must be satisfied to be replaced by men of the calibre of Oliver and Templeman. Saskatchewan with nine Liberal members cannot furnish even one man judged capable to be a member of a cabinet with all its weaknesses. The Liberal party is a wreck. The glamour surrounding Sir Wilfrid, backed by the strong support of his compatriots is the sole hope of a party, whose strength has been sapped by the spoils of office and a record of broken pledges.

### REFORMERS ABROAD.

The Liberal newspapers of Canada are immensely concerned to reform the British House of Lords, and to maintain free trade in Great Britain. In Canada they are devoted to protection, and to a grossly partisan and generally ineffective Upper Chamber. In a Senate of nearly ninety members at Ottawa there are twenty Conservatives. Every member of the Senate appointed since 1896 has been appointed as the reward of party service. No other consideration counts when a vacancy is to be filled.

These men are as devoted to the Government as are Ministers themselves. It is inconceivable that any Government measure with party significance could be rejected by the Upper Chamber. When the Conservative party returns to office, government will become impossible. It is for that day Liberal politicians have been preparing, and undoubtedly, for that object they have put the right material into the Senate.

A Liberal Government, which came into office pledged to Senate reform, goes on filling the Upper Chamber with Liberal partisans, while its organs denounce the partisan character of the British House of Lords. Why is not some of this zeal for constitutional reform directed towards Ottawa? The House of Lords is partisan, and needs reforming. But not more so than does the Canadian Senate.

Even before the budget became an issue the Tory House of Lords admitted the necessity for reform, and declared that an hereditary peerage in itself should not constitute a qualification for membership in the Upper Chamber. Under the direction of

Lord Rosebery it has reaffirmed this decision. Lord Curzon, whom the Liberal newspapers of Canada are fond of denouncing as an offensive person, has just suggested that a representative committee of each House should meet together, and endeavor to devise a plan of reform which would equalize parties in the House of Lords, and bring it more closely into touch with the masses of the people.

But British Liberals seek to destroy—not reform—the House of Lords, and Canadian Liberals who give a clamorous support to the Asquith programme seek both to save the Canadian House of Lords and to prevent reform. The whole thing has the savor of insincerity and hypocrisy. In the meantime, however, Mr. Borden and his associates, if they hope to govern Canada, if they hope to govern Canada when they obtain office, should press Senate reform upon the country with energy and determination.—Ex.

### THE ENGLISHMAN IN CANADA.

Some refreshing comment on the semipiternal subject is made by Mr. C. A. Magrath in his little book on "Canada's Growth," in which he discusses a number of our immigration problems. He does not dwell on either the Englishman's virtues nor his weaknesses. "We are all-prone to the latter," he remarks, "and frequently not overloaded with the former." He finds a certain amount of "bumpiness" natural in the son of a great country like England. "But," he says, "the Englishman plays the game fairly, and therein he has occasion to be satisfied with himself."

As a citizen of the Canadian West for a great many years, Mr. Magrath testifies that he has yet to come in contact with the man to whom "no Englishman need apply." However, he admits that Englishmen have not always been successful in rising to the demands of the Western farmer. His opinion of the cause of the trouble he puts in this paragraph:

England has an immense urban population who, naturally, are densely ignorant of farming methods. The Western farmer—the pioneer—has neither the time nor the means to teach his help the rudiments of farming. He can only afford to secure help when he absolutely requires it, and then needs "in the worst kind of way" the best kind of help.

Nor does Mr. Magrath content himself with pointing out the evil. He believes "it should be feasible to work out some plan whereby a few weeks' training in the care of stock, as well as the imparting of some knowledge of the use of agricultural tools, could be given to those whose physical and moral condition would permit them to enter Canada." He would have the training-school in Great Britain, so that the culling process could take place there; and then he would have a central station in the Canadian West to which the selected workers could go direct from the Old Country and from which they could be distributed to the farms where labor was required. There has long been reason for believing that some such plan as Mr. Magrath suggests should be put into force. It is not sufficient that the Government should persuade immigrants to come to Canada from Great Britain. It is not enough to see them dumped on our shores to drift whither they will. The Government should see that they are selected carefully and then it should follow them to their destination in Canada and assure them a fair chance of success in the new conditions of life upon which they are entering.

### PRESS COMMENT

(Winnipeg Tribune.)

The trouble with we Canadians seems to be that we have no sense of proportion and that we do not give out rather meagre reflective apparatus a chance to play. We read in some hifed organ a glowing eulogy of some premier or minister, which weighed in the just balance of reflection is really farce comedy or opera bouffe, but which distilled through the pale watery tissue that fills the cranial cavity of the average political partisan, develops into tragedy which has a national evil effect because it provokes untruthful conviction and thereby sets going a train of influence and action highly injurious to the commonwealth. There continues to be so much nonsense, so

## THIN MILK

How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate?  
**Scott's Emulsion**  
makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food.

much unreality, so much falseness, and so much floundering about politics in Canada, that one despair of the future of the country. Not until national ideas prevail, not until we learn to see things as they are, not until we have developed sufficient mentality to strip public life and public men of the farcial halo which we have allowed to enshroud them, and not until we have divested ourselves of the fool partnership that is able to discover anything in the public life of the country beyond the game of ns and Outs, a game which is resulting in the dissipation of the country while we, like Nero, are fiddling the party tune; not until these things are accomplished shall we be able to cure the national evils and recognize such "gifts" as have been handed to Laurier and Fielding (with the names of the contributors judiciously suppressed) a menace to our national life and our national institutions.

(Moore's Law News.)

While the apologists of the Scott government are endeavoring to persuade the people of the province that it made a good deal when it entered into an agreement with the Morang Company to pay \$1.00 a set for readers—no better than those for which Manitoba pays 70 cents, and Ontario about 40 cents—along comes Premier Whitney of Ontario and smashes their arguments by making another big cut in school book prices.

Here is the announcement: "The public school arithmetic, consisting of 216 pages, formerly retailed at 25 cents. The new one, consisting of 240 pages, will retail at 9 cents."

"The old public school grammar of 199 pages retailed at 25 cents. The new text book on a basis of 224 pages will be sold at 8½ cents."

"There will also be a discount of 30 per cent. off the retail price of the new books."

It is also to be noted that the big departmental store concerns are not the only ones quoting low prices on school books. The Robert Simpson Company received the contract for the arithmetic; the Holland Linn Paper Company and the Gage Company received the contract for the grammar.

Why is this? Because the publishing trade has realized that if it desires to get any of the Ontario school book contracts it must bid for them at low prices. It is significant that one never hears of the name of Morang in connection with cheap school books. Perhaps that firm's binding is a little too dear for the other provinces. In the way, Saskatchewan must pay Morang prices for the next eight years.

(Toronto News.)

In a recent volume entitled "Canada's Growth," Mr. C. A. Magrath raises immigration and naturalization issues that virtually affect the nation's future. Upon such questions the member for Medicine Hat in the House of Commons is well qualified to speak, for he may be called a pioneer of the far West. He showed the way to the Canadian Pacific Railway in its irrigation work, and is one of those who can point to a prosperous portion of the plains country, and truthfully say, "I made it blossom as the rose." Cast in the ample West, era model he is one of the ablest men in Parliament, and may be regarded as a probable Minister in a Borden Cabinet.

(Toronto News.)

The death of the King has revealed to the Empire something of its power to ensure the world's peace, and to advance and strengthen all the agencies which make for freedom and betterment of the world over. Under King Edward, Great Britain established new claims upon the sympathy of the world, and formed new alliances which greatly strengthened the security and the stability of the imperial fabric. May we not hope that under King George there will be a steady growth in the unity and consolidation of the King's Dominions, and, perhaps, before the close of his reign in the long future, a common system of trade throughout all its extent, and even a common Parliament at Westminster.

(Montreal Star.)

Considerable attention is being given to the fact that Theodore Roosevelt will return from his voluntary exile—"back from Bida"—on the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo. We feel safe in stating that at this point the analogy between the ex-president and Napoleon Bonaparte ceases to exist.

(Toronto Globe.)

American officials are still trying to keep people out at Buffalo and Detroit, and keep them in at Gretna, Estevan and Macleod. In spite of these efforts they are getting both in and out, but chiefly out.

Fair Dates Conflict.

The attention of the Free Press has been called to the fact that the Regina and Regina fairs conflict. Regina fair begins August 2nd, the same date as Francis. Of course this means that Regina fair will suffer seriously, and this ought to be avoided if at all possible. At least one and perhaps more of our exhibitors wish to exhibit stock at both fairs, which is impossible. Greelman and Stoughton dates also conflict with Regina. We believe if the directors get together a change would be effected. Not even Regina can afford to mix dates with other fairs and would assist in its carrying the blunder. Throughout the province fifteen fairs conflict with the Regina dates.—Francis Free Press.

## RUTHERFORD TO RESIGN

Chief Justice Sifton to Be Head of Government—Cushing to Be Thrown Overboard—House Meets Today.

Edmonton, Alta., May 24.—As indicated yesterday, the Commission of enquiry into the Alberta and Great Waterways contract will not conclude its labors by Saturday and will, in consequence, rise for an indefinite period.

Whatever the results of the commission may be when its report is presented and studied by the public, it is the general consensus of opinion that the Rutherford Government cannot be longer remain in office. There is no hope of uniting the two Liberal factions in the Legislature under the leadership of either Mr. Rutherford or Mr. Cushing.

In view of these circumstances it is quite apparent to a close observer that the Government forces are not in a position to meet the House on the 28th, and, therefore, it will not be at all surprising if the resignation of the Premier is not at present in the hands of the Lieutenant-Governor, or will be tomorrow.

It is generally understood that Chief Justice Sifton will be called upon to form a Government in the place of that of Mr. Rutherford. What members of the Legislature will be associated with him is not definitely known.

The Calgary Albertan prints a report to the effect that Mr. Cushing will not be included and at the same time adds that Mr. Sifton will only accept office on the understanding that those associated with him will agree to the cancellation of the Great Waterways' contract. Any other condition would be fatal to his or any one else's prospects of forming a government. That, at least, is the current opinion in the hotels and on the streets.

Politicians in close touch with the leaders of both factions of the legislature agree that when the cabinet is announced it will not include the names of any of the present ministers. As to who will be selected to take their places there are various rumors, one of which is to the effect that Mr. Bennett may take office under Mr. Sifton. Neither of these gentlemen care to give any expression that would indicate their intention in view of the positions they at present hold. That Mr. Bennett would accept office or that he would be invited to do so, is very improbable. He described himself in the legislature on March 2 as a "stern Conservative," and his being so would not make him acceptable to the Liberal party which is exceptionally strong in Alberta. In provincial politics, however, party lines are not very deep, but with only two or three exceptions every member of the present legislature is a Liberal and it is the Liberal party that controls the situation, and in all probability will continue to control it for some considerable time to come.

Tomorrow the decision of Mr. Rutherford will no doubt be made known to the lieutenant-governor. Already the various groups of members are getting their heads together. If a proclamation is issued tomorrow proroguing the session it would not be surprising. On the other hand if the government faces the house there will be a fight of exceptional violence which would prolong the present unsatisfactory state of affairs.

### VOLENT ELECTION.

A Dozen Killed and a Thousand Injured in Austrian Election.

Vienna, May 19.—The election campaign in progress in Hungary is being attended by scenes of violence unprecedented in recent political contests. Fatalities have been numerous and party feeling is at fever heat. There are about 1,000 candidates fighting for 413 seats, and the whole country is in a ferment. Nearly all the great party leaders have been attacked and insulted. Count Apponyi is resting at home to recover from injuries inflicted by a Socialist mob in Temesvar.

The great popular idol, Francis Kossuth, was forced to flee from a meeting in Kiskoros. Former Minister and President Tisza was assailed with decayed eggs and stones in Nagy Szalonta and Count Aladar Zichy was pelted with eggs in Jelczorok. Fierce fighting occurred in Demes Rado where one elector was fatally wounded and many others seriously injured. Since the campaign began a dozen persons have been killed and more than 1,000 injured. As the date for the election approaches the conflict daily is becoming more intense and violence is increasing.

"To me the strongest impression of all was that of the exquisite Queen Mother, sweet womanliness, gentle grace, a picture framed for an instant in a carriage window and never to be forgotten. There are high lights which stand clear in my mind after a broad river of scarlet and gold has flowed its tide. Between its banks of pale faces the King has passed to his peace. Now it is over, statesmen and warriors, leaders and princes with glin of gold and flashes of steel, greatest master upon earth, all are gone and remain but a memory."

"The people surge forth from their close ranks and the hushed hum of London rises once more. For a few hours the greatest complex machine has stood at rest. For as many weeks it has been running heavily and slowly in all its countless gears. Each turns again to his own proper business. The great dead has been honored and the world is now for the living. All its manifold activities will roar into action. It is good and should be so, for only through such life's high issues be attained."

To protect children falling out of bed two Connecticut men have patented metal cages, folding into small space when not in use.

## PILES CURED AT HOME

by New Absorption Method.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box 53 Windsor, Ont.

### SEWER EXTENSIONS.

Regina Will Add Greatly to Municipal Work in This Direction.

At the regular meeting of the works committee of the city council Thursday evening, a proposed scheme of sewer extensions was taken up, as submitted by the city engineer. Mr. Thornton reported that the board of works of the city had a surplus to its credit standing over from the last year's estimates, a balance of \$5,283.47. With the additional estimate of \$10,000 already granted by the burgesses of the city this year their disposal a grand total of \$15,283.47 for expenditure on sewer extensions in the city during the present season.

The engineer submitted his recommendations to the committee for the extensions which he considered advisable this year, and with two exceptions the board adopted the report in the following detail:

Ward 1.  
Halifax street from Twelfth to Tenth ..... \$ 1,470

Ward 2.  
Eleventh from Rose west 178 ft. 214

Ward 3.  
Hamilton from Fifteenth south 470 ft. .... 611

Oxler from Fifteenth south 350 ft. .... 456

St John from Victoria to Thirtieth ..... 784

Fourteenth from Halifax to hospital ..... 564

Ward 4.  
Cameron from Victoria to South Railway ..... 1,146

Cameron from Victoria to Thirtieth ..... 780

Thirtieth from Cameron to Garnet ..... 436

Garnet from Thirtieth south 100 feet ..... 130

Sixteenth from Angus to Retailer's ..... 702

Fourteenth from Thirtieth to Fourteenth ..... 736

Ward 5.  
Cameron street from Seventh 150 ft. north to Sixth ..... 975

McIntyre from Seventh to Sixth house connections, 250 at \$12. .... 3,000

Total amount ..... \$14,965

The work will be undertaken as soon as the report of the recommendations is ratified by the city council at their next sitting and the city engineer will be instructed to carry out the work in accordance with the above estimates as closely as possible. The largest single extension to the sewer system of the city is in the east end of the city on Halifax street, although the Cameron street main, as can be seen above, is the main item of the programme for the present season. This work of extension is all additional to the large trunk sewer in the north end of the city, and is also additional to the disposal works that will be taken up at an early date. All of the above extensions it was explained will constitute a part of the comprehensive system, and the mains will all lead to either the north or the south trunks of the larger and approved scheme, according to the plan adopted by both the civic and provincial authorities as submitted by the city engineer and Consulting Engineer MacPherson.

### PEN PICTURE OF FUNERAL.

Noted Author Contributes a Striking Account of Wonderful Cortège.

London, May 21.—"Who shall hope to describe the cortège?" writes Sir Arthur Conan Doyle in his "Impressions of Events." "Contributed in the Daily Mail. "What mere roll call of regiments of monarchs or of nations can conjure it up? The senses were stunned by its majesty, its color, its variety and still details linger in the mind. The dog, too, little white dog, who could forget him as he trots beside his master's coffin and troop of kings who escorted their dead peer with knobby Kaiser riding at their head. England has lost something of her old kindness if she does not take him back into her heart today. There is Spain, ascetic and eager, Portugal, unbanned boy, Belgium, kindly faced man. There is hope for Congo at last, too, one remembers the strong profile of the great American, set like granite as he leans back in his carriage."

"To me the strongest impression of all was that of the exquisite Queen Mother, sweet womanliness, gentle grace, a picture framed for an instant in a carriage window and never to be forgotten. There are high lights which stand clear in my mind after a broad river of scarlet and gold has flowed its tide. Between its banks of pale faces the King has passed to his peace. Now it is over, statesmen and warriors, leaders and princes with glin of gold and flashes of steel, greatest master upon earth, all are gone and remain but a memory."

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The Y. W. C. A. cafeteria and rest room opens today and with their informal opening the practical work of the Y. W. C. A. may be said to commence. In the cafeteria, which is available to all girls and women in the city, luncheon and dinner will be served.

C. H. Gordon & Co. have purchased from Willoughby & Duncan, the Regina Pharmacy property on Scarth street. This property has a frontage of 25 feet, and the price paid was in the neighborhood of \$25,000. The purchasers expect to take possession of the property on August 1st next, when they will go into the new stand with an entirely new stock of gent's furnishings, clothing, boots and shoes. In the meantime, the stock in the old stand will be cleared out.

## WE REPAIR WEAK MEN



ONE SECRET OF OUR SUCCESS. Every case submitted to us receives the personal attention of our Medical Staff, who consider the symptoms, complications and chronicity, and then decide as to the disease and curability. Specific remedies are then prescribed for the case and are compounded by our own chemist in our own laboratory. Such appropriate treatment cannot fail to cure, as specific medicines are selected to cure the symptoms that trouble you. We have no cure-all medicines like most specialists use who send the same medicines to all patients alike and cure none. We have treated patients throughout Canada for over twenty years and can refer to any bank as to our responsibility. We Guarantee Cures or No Pay. We Treat all Diseases of Men and Women.

CONSULTATION FREE. If Unable to Call, Write for a Question List for Home Treatment.

**DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY**  
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

**NOTICE** All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

## Blackstock, Flood & Co.

Farm Lands and City Property

1701 Scarth St. Regina, Sask.

SIX FARMS for sale on the crop payment plan.  
640 ACRES highly cultivated land near Francis. Do not miss this.  
960 ACRES near Kindersley in the Eagle Lake District at \$13.00 per acre.  
960 ACRES near Rosetown at \$16.00 per acre.  
640 ACRES near Milestone at \$8,000.00.  
THREE IMPROVED FARMS south of Tyvan 3 and 4 miles. Cheap.  
640 ACRES 4 miles South of Richardson, well improved. Good buying.  
WANTED—A list of your Regina City property.  
WANTED—A farm to rent.  
WANTED—A list of that farm you want to sell.  
WANTED—A man with money to buy a section.

## CHARCOAL

BEAVER BRAND  
DOES NOT SMOKE! But becomes glowing and red hot a few minutes after you light it. No wood needed—just a little paper and a match. Cheap, well, yes, only 25c for a half bushel dustproof bag.

WHITMORE BROS., LIMITED  
Agents for Saskatchewan  
In Regina Pharmacy 1719 Scarth Street, Regina

## STANDARD CHEMICAL CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED

### LOCALS.

S. R. Moore, Swift Current, was in town today.

A. Miller, of the Weyburn Herald, accompanied the Weyburn delegation to Regina on Monday.

Miss Kate Hayes, well known as Mary Markwell, of the Free Press, visited Regina last week.

Messrs. P. McAra, J. F. L. Embury, Dr. Shaw and F. G. Coventry are in attendance at the Foresters' High Court at Prince Albert.

Newton Beers, the gifted impersonator, will appear in the City Hall on Monday evening under the auspices of the Y. W. C. A. The entertainment is highly recommended.

Many attended the Shackleton lecture last night and enjoyed the interesting story told by a plain, bluff British sailor. The speaker was introduced by Premier Scott.

Messrs. Bowman, Black and Moffat were a Weyburn deputation who met Premier Scott and General Manager Chamberlain of the G. T. P. Monday. The government decision is to be made known shortly and will be published net issue.

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### Important Decision.

Judge Lamont has recently handed down a decision in the case of Klinek vs. Greer, which is of the utmost importance to homesteaders. Klinek homesteaded the south-west quarter of 14-3-12 W. 2, in May, 1906, and leased the farm to Greer in March, 1907, not receiving his patent until 1908. A dispute arose over the non-fulfillment of the terms of the lease by the defend-

ant, and Klinek sued. It was clearly proven that the defendant had not kept the terms of the lease, but the judge held that the lease was not valid under the Dominion Lands Act. No homesteader can legally lease a farm until he receives his patent. Judgment was given for the defendant. C. J. Lennox for plaintiff G. H. Barr for defendant.

### Across the Channel.

Calais, France, May 21.—Count De Lesseps, the French aviator, started at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon on a double flight across the English Channel. He reached the English shore successfully, and was expected to return at once. The weather was magnificent when the aeroplane rose from the ground for its trip, heretofore accomplished only by Louis Berliot. Rising, the count took his machine in a wide circle over the cliffs, and then headed straight for Dover. In fifteen minutes he had disappeared from sight. A torpedo boat destroyer followed the course of the aeroplane. De Lesseps had a fifty horse power monoplane called Scarabe. He ascended from the point at which Berliot started on his cross channel flight last July and rose gradually to an altitude of 1,600 feet, at which height he was travelling when lost from sight.

### Grain Growers Object.

Moose Jaw, May 17.—At a meeting of the executive of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association held today, the Hudson Bay Railway question was discussed, and the following resolution passed: "That while in the face of the assurances of the Hon. Mr. Graham, Minister of Railways, given on the floor of parliament some short time ago, we at our last executive meetings felt it our duty to express in confidence in the declaration of the Federal government as to the speedy construction of the H. B. railway, later developments in the form of a totally inadequate appropriation for carrying on of the work make it necessary for us on behalf of the many thousand members of our association to protest most vigorously against such a flagrant breach of faith in a matter so vitally affecting the welfare of the whole population of Western Canada, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Dominion authorities and the press."

French scientists have had much success in locating subterranean water by using microphones in connection with open pipes sunk a few inches into the ground.

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