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Last Night's Cables

The Terms of Peace Of Entente Allies

Demands Include Status Quo Ante, Indemnities, and Retention of German Colonies

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Spectator devotes the greater part of yesterday's issue in answering President Wilson's question to what are the peace terms of the Entente Allies. Briefly summarized the principal demands as outlined by the Spectator is as follows:— "Peace terms as a start from the status quo before the war, thus including evacuation of the whole of Northern France, Belgium and Luxembourg, of all lands taken from Serbia, Roumania, Russia and Montenegro; Alsace-Lorraine is to be restored to France. The Danish portion of Schleswig-Holstein is to go to Denmark and Posen, Polish Prussia and Austrian Poland are to be added to the new Kingdom of Poland, which the Czar pledges to create. The Slavs of Bosnia, Herzegovina, Dalmatia and Croatia are to be created into a new Kingdom. Bohemia is to be an independent state and the Roumanian section of Transylvania is to be added to Roumania. The whole of Austrian Tyrol plus Trieste, Istria and the other portions of Austria which Italian blood was shed for will be added to Italy. Turkey

must yield Constantinople and the Straights.

The Russian Armenians are to be put under Russian tutelage, the Arabs to be freed, while Syria, Asia Minor and Mesopotamia are to be under external protection guaranteeing tranquillity. German colonies are to remain in the hands of the Entente Powers.

Moreover, money indemnities for the ruin of Germany has done Belgium and France, Serbia and Montenegro.

Regarding shipping, Germany must make reparation in kind for all ships and commerce destroyed, ton for ton. Neutral shipping to be replaced only after all demands of the Allies have been satisfied. The German navy to be handed over and distributed among the Entente nations as a guarantee against future war.

The Allies are to insist upon the democratization of the German Government. The Kiel Canal to be neutralized under international non-German commission including the United States and other neutrals.

CANADIAN P.M.G. DEAD

MONTREAL, Dec. 29.—Hon. L. Casgrain, Postmaster General died this morning, in Ottawa, after a brief illness, from pneumonia.

ANOTHER PEACE NOTE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Turkey's reply to President Wilson's peace note received today by the State Department is substantially the same as Germany's and Austria's.

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ROUMANIANS LOSE SOME GROUND

PETROGRAD, Dec. 30.—Petrograd says Roumanian troops were driven back nearly a mile in a desperate battle, also is reported taking place near Sesmezo, near Olina and within the Moldavian boundary, north of Rimnik Sarat all attacks were repulsed.

According to Field Marshall von Mackensen reached Dumirestr, about 12 miles west of Rimnik Sarat. North-east of that town troops under his command have captured several villages. The number of prisoners taken by this army totals 400 in addition to cannon and machine guns.

Roumania and Dobrudja is now almost cleared of defenders as Berlin says Ratcheln, northeast of Matchin bridgehead across the Danube from Bralla, has been conquered. Ratchalu is on the Danube.

West of the Meuse and Verdun region forces of the German Crown Prince have repulsed attacks by French troops against new German positions. Lemart Homme, where the second and third lines of trenches were entered by the Germans 220 prisoners and seven machine guns were taken.

Paris admits slight success for the Germans in this sector, saying the trench south of Lemart Homme was entered by the attackers. Other efforts to advance were repulsed.

BATTLE OF SOMME SWEEPING TRIUMPH

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Battle of the Somme is pictured as a sweeping triumph for the Allied arms in a detailed report of General Sir Douglas Haig, which was issued tonight and which covers operations from July 1 to November 18. General Haig terms the battle a triumph in which the German western armies were only saved from a complete collapse and decisive defeat by a protracted period of unfavorable weather, which prevented the Anglo-French forces from taking full advantage of their successful advance. He declares nevertheless it was a triumph which proves beyond doubt the abilities of the Allies to overthrow the Germans when the time comes. The British Commander himself is a firm believer in the doctrine that the Allies, can win the war on the western front.

SHIP LOST WITH MANY LIVES

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A News Agency despatch from Tokio today says three hundred persons, mostly Chinese laborers, perished in the wreck of the Sankaku Maru off Chefoo, according to estimates today. Some victims, survivors, said, were killed by Chinese pirates, who boarded the grounded ship. The pirates robbed and attacked passengers and plundered the ship's stores. The American Consulate at Dalren today reported the rescue of two foreign survivors.

ALLIES' AIR RAID.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A despatch from Amsterdam to The Times says:— "Heavy firing at Zeebrugge, yesterday, indicated another air raid on a German submarine base. Telegraphs from a frontier correspondent, state that a squadron of airmen appeared above Zeebrugge at 11.30 and remained until past midday. People in the vicinity heard exploding bombs and observing soldiers were subject to a brisk bombardment on the coast near Zeebrugge."

SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES SEND NOTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Three Scandinavian nations, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, through identical notes of Norway's reply which was handed to the State Department today by Minister Bryan, have expressed lively interest in President Wilson's proposals looking towards establishment of a desirable peace, their sympathies to shorten war. Unlike Swiss Government which offered help any way no matter how modest Scandinavian countries make no direct offer of co-operation this fact attached particular interest because Norway particularly has been the most to suffer from war among neutrals.

SIR CECIL S. RICE MAY RESIGN

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—A special cable to The World from London says a rumor is prevalent that Ambassador Sir Cecil Spring Rice, whose health never has been robust, may elect to retire from his post at Washington. Following upon the change of Government there has been some severe criticisms in certain quarters of his alleged inability to cope with the German Ambassador's presentation of the German case at Washington, but Sir Cecil has generally been regarded as filling a position of immense difficulty, with success.

TO MOBILIZE CIVILIANS

PARIS, Dec. 30.—Henri Berenger today introduced in the Senate a bill which provided for the mobilization of civilians of France into auxiliary service for national defence. The bill provides for the calling up of all citizens between the ages of 17 and 60 years.

THREE MORE PEACE NOTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A joint peace note from Norway, Sweden and Denmark arrived here today and will be made public later.

AIRMAN KILLED

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Lieut. Gustav Leffers, a noted German aviator, is credited with bringing down five British aeroplanes, also recently decorated with the order Pour Le Merite, has been killed in an air engagement on the Western front, the Overseas News agency announced today.

ANOTHER PEACE NOTE

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Scandinavian Government have sent a joint note to the belligerents, supporting the peace note of President Wilson.

To-Day's Cables

Deportation of Belgians An Outrage

DEPORTATION OF BELGIANS AN OUTRAGE

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A London despatch to the News Agency here says Germany is now going so far in Belgian deportations as to arrest and transfer from Belgian soil Belgians engaged in relief work who were heretofore protected by card of the American Minister of Justice.

Not only are the Germans deporting men who are still employed, the Ministry asserted; not only are they carrying off children from 15 to 17 years of age, factory managers, farmers, and physicians but, they are now brutally arresting, for deportation, Belgians engaged in relief of their own countrymen. This new outrage has been committed in three cities.

SOME SUCCESS FOR BRITISH

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A British official statement issued after midnight says a party of our troops successfully raided the enemy's lines east of Lessars on Thursday. Eventually, the trenches were found to have been greatly damaged by our artillery fire. A raid was attempted Friday evening on our positions east of Armentieres, but was repulsed.

After a comparatively quiet night artillery activity was resumed with vigor to-day, Friday. Both sides are reaching the pitch of intensity along our front.

South of the Ancre and in the neighborhood of Berles, in spite of adverse weather, some successful work has been done yesterday and Thursday by our aeroplanes in conjunction with our artillery. One of our machines has not returned.

STEAMER SINKS WITH RUSSIAN REGIMENT

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The Finnish steamer Orchonna, 1070 tons, with a regiment of Russian coast artillery, from the Aland Islands on board, struck a mine and sank in a few minutes, according to a despatch from Copenhagen. All on board with the exception of 50 persons are said to have been drowned.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE OF FRENCH ARTILLERY

PARIS, Dec. 30.—A War Office communication issued tonight says: Between the Aisne and Poize our artillery carried out a destructive fire on the German organizations. In the region of Quenniviers our patrols penetrated trenches which had been badly shattered. They had been evacuated by the Germans on the left bank of the Meuse.

The enemy violently bombarded, in the course of the afternoon, our position between the Meuse and Avocourt. We stopped several attacks attempted by means of grenades, at various points on this front. Everywhere else there was intermittent cannonading.

CORONATION DAY IN BUDAPEST

BUDAPEST, Dec. 30.—Coronation festivities are in full swing here under the brightest winter skies.

Budapest, for the time being, seems to have forgotten the war, a holiday crowd moves through the streets in gay white flags and bunting, and many people in splendid national garb. The principal thoroughfares are crowded with automobiles and state carriages, mounted and unmounted troops and officers in full dress, nobles in may gar costumes.

The coronation ceremony will be begun at 7 o'clock Saturday morning.

STEAMERS SUNK

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Lloyd's announces that the British steamers Oronay, 3,761 tons, and Moreddio, 3,069 tons, have been sunk.

Germans Pressing on Three Sides New Thrust Has Been Started by Austro-Cermans Along Mol- davian Front

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Pressing upon southern Moldavia from three sides, apparently with all their vigor, the forces of the Central Powers are making progress against stiff resistance. On the Transylvania Moldavian front, in the region north of Rimnik, Sarat and Dobrudja, opposite Bralla, Berlin reports the Austro-German and Bulgarian troops are advancing. A new thrust has seemingly been started by the Austro-Germans along the Moldavian front,

SPECULATION ON HOLLAND'S ATTITUDE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—It was indicated to-day in diplomatic quarters that they will not send communications regarding President Wilson's note, on the official understanding that the note was addressed to them largely for their own information and not to solicit the action of Holland, whose attitude has been the subject of much speculation, and who also was said to be unlikely to take any action, owing to the feeling there that it might appear unneutral to one side or the other and militate against the location of eventual peace conference in that country. Beyond the fact that the Spanish Cabinet has not yet decided on Spain's action no further information has come from the Spanish Embassy to-day.

COALITION GOVT. FOR ROUMANIA

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—According to News Agency a despatch from Jassy Roumania, today, says Roumanian cabinet has been reconstructed on coalition basis with M. Bratiano as Premier and Foreign Minister.

FOOD SHORTAGE IN GERMANY

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—A circular has been issued by Adolf von Batocki, President of the Food Regulation Board of the Federated Government, which points out that next year generally there will be difficulties in the way of the Government supplying food for the people. Even the end of the war, says Herr von Batocki, would only bring slight change in the situation.

In the New Year

I would be true, for there are those who trust me;
I would be pure, for there are those who care;
I would be strong, for there is much to suffer;
I would be brave, for there is much to dare.

I would be friend of all—the foe, the friendless;
I would be giving, and forget the gift;
I would be humble, for I know my weakness;
I would look up, and laugh, and love and lift.

HOWARD ARNOLD WALTER.

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