he; 'what's in the coach?' 'Sick gentman, sir, as is ordered to take the hair for his constitutshun,' sis Stubbs, 'Dann'd queer time o' night,' says griper, 'for a man "to go a drivin for health."' 'That's jist it,' sis Stubbs, 'he's subject to nightmare very bad, an's 'bliged to drive out this here hour for "sleep sake."' 'Drive on,' says grasper. 'Dann'd good, varn't it?' says Stubbs.

"Well, we drives up to a 'ouse, an' Stubbs takes heut everything as was in the coach, an' gives 'em in charge to a gal as open'd the door. 'Drive down the street a bit,' sis he pulling out a bank note; 'I wants change.' I drives 'cording down stree; he stops opp'site to a bank. 'Wot here a minut,' sis he, 'while I'll go get silver or sov'rins for my "flimsy."' He goes into a shop with a big door, and I waits a half-an-hour for him; at last I gits down an' follows him.—I'm blow'd if the shop dian't open at t'other end, an Holborn-hill, an' he had half-an-hour's start o' me, with his ride for nothin."

"Damn!" said Jem; wot then?"

"I never see'd him since; but if ever I catches him, I'm blow'd if I don't flabbergast his hide. Vot the devil's the crowd about, Jem?" said he.—(They had strolled so far as Kensington Gardens.)

"It's a broom girl as is playing the 'Swiss Boy,'" said Jem.

"Come over an' see vot's the fun anyhow," said Bill.

Bill and he walked over to the crowd; they mingled a moment with the throng, when Bill made a wild rush at our friend the minstrel.

"Vot the devil!" exclaimed Jem; "I'm blessed if he aint gone mad with the hunger."

Bill! Bill Grundey! vot are you after? By Job, if he won't kill the devil my name aint Griggs! Vy, Bill, man—what the devil! what the devil is he after?"

"After robbing me, to be sure!" roared Bill. "Jem, don't you know the thief?"

"Criky!" abouted Jem; "here's at him too, Bill. I'm blow'd if it aint Stubbs, the Baker!"

Ladies, take care of a hairy foreguer, who thrums on a guitar, especially when he is so found of you, language that he will not speak his own.

CHANGE IN FORTUNE.—A singular instance of good fortune has just occurred to an intelligent and respectable mechanic of Nottingham named John Lemon, who after working in the stocking frame for some years, and subsequently being engaged in the lace making business, is now in his 54th year, elevated to a baronetage, by the style and title of Sir John Lemon, Baronet of Northaw, in the county of Hertford. He succeeds to the title and large estates attached to it, as the nearest heir male of his cousin in the third degree, Sir Sanfield Leman, Bart. of Norshaw, who was nephew to the deceased John Lemon Esq. of Nottingham, a retired gentleman in the army, the present Sir John's great grandfather. Sir John is great grandson of the Rev. Philip Leman, rector of Warboyt, Huntingdon. The title has been in abeyance for many years, owing to the present possessor's want of pecuniary means to establish his right to it, and the proceeds from the estate (Goodman's-fields London, and lands, &c., in Hertfordshire, Cambridgeshire, and Huntingdonshire) have, in consequence, accumulated to an extent almost incalculable. The decision in favor of the claimant was come to on Monday week.

The fortunate possessor to the Leman baronetage has been much assisted of late, so far as pecuniary means go, by Mr. Rowles, currier, of Belgrave-gate, and other tradesman in Leicester. The perseverance with which he has for years pursued his claim, may be gathered from the fact that he made thirteen journeys to London, for the purpose, and sometimes returned on foot, owing to the want of means to pay coach hire. He was expected to leave Edinburgh on Saturday last, on his way to London, in order to be put in possession of the immense wealth fortune has bestowed upon him, and will doubtless, not forget to pay his respects to Mr. Rowles and his other friends in Leicester by the way. Sir John has a wife, but we understand no children living. He is a tall good looking man, of sober steady habits, who has hitherto passed through life with a respectable character, and much esteemed by his neighbours. It is worthy of remark, that the funds with which he supplied a dinner to the jury who decided the case in his behalf at Edinburgh, and to enable him to go to London to obtain possession of his property, were furnished him by three tradesmen of Leicester.—Derbyshire Courier.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, THURSDAY, 20th SEPT. 1838

LATEST DATES.

London, - -	Aug. 3.	New-York, - -	Sept 8
Liverpool, -	Aug. 4.	Halifax, - - -	Sept. 5
Havre, - - - -	Augt. 1.	Toronto, - - -	Sept. 4

IMPORTANT.

By the arrival at New York of the packet-ships UNITED STATES, from Liverpool, and WELLINGTON, from London, English papers, by the former to the 11th, and by the latter to the 13th August, have been received.

Our limited time and space will not permit of our giving any thing like a detailed report of the important Parliamentary proceedings in reference to Canada; we have, therefore, availed ourselves of as concise an account as possible from the Quebec Gazette:—

"From the 7th to the 10th, the House of Lords had under consideration, the affairs of Canada. Lord Brougham had introduced a declaratory bill, defining the powers delegated to the Earl of Durham,—this had passed a second reading, and was to be read a third time on the 13th of August.

"Lord Melbourne entertained serious fears of the consequences when the Bill and the debate which followed its introduction, shall reach Canada.

"The banishment to the Bermudas, &c. is declared illegal. Lord Melborne said, he had under the circumstance, come to the decision TO ADVISE HER MAJESTY TO DISALLOW THE VALIDITY OF THE WHOLE OF THE ORDINANCE. (Hear.) It was with feelings of great apprehension, but he had been compelled. It followed almost of course that the Ordinance being illegal, all that had been done in execution of it was illegal, and those parties who had passed and executed it were liable to be pursued before Courts of Justice, and that some provision for indemnity was necessary. He would support the indemnity clause.

Lord Brougham's Bill was ordered to be read a third time on the 13th.

"The effect of the disallowance of the Ordinance of Amnesty," says the Quebec Gazette, "would be to place every thing as it stood before the passing of it; and the persons charged with high treason and other political offences, would again be liable to arrest and imprisonment till delivered in due course of law."

The amendments of the House of Lords to the Irish Municipal Corporation Bill were taken up on the 2nd August. Lord J. Russell declared that he could not agree to such extensive and important alterations; and finally moved that the amendments of the other House be taken into consideration that day three months—equivalent to a loss of the bill—and the motion was agreed to.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Gervase Hutchinson Bourne, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Island of Newfoundland.

The Marquess Clanricarde has been appointed Ambassador to St. Petersburgh.

The Duke of Devonshire has been appointed Ambassador Extraordinary at the coronation of the King of Lombardy.

Falmouth, August 10.—The Hon. Colonel Greville, in his beautiful brig yacht, the Charlotte, put in this morning to await despatches from the Earl of Durham, being bound to Quebec especially for that purpose.

Eight of the infatuated followers of Courtenay were indicted for the murder of Lieut. Bennet, and pleaded guilty. The Judge intimated that their lives would be spared.

A great meeting was held at Birmingham, August 6, one of the objects of which was to agitate for the repeal of the corn laws; the others were universal suffrage, vote by ballot, annual Parliaments, the abolition of all property qualification to a seat in Parliament, and compensation to the Members. Two hundred thousand persons are said to have attended the meeting.

"There had been a great advance in Wheat and Flour at Liverpool. Flour was selling at $9. Foreign Wheat in bond 9 a 10s per 70 lbs. Flour had advanced considerably in New-York on the recept of the news from England."

The steam ship GREAT WESTERN, was to sail from Bristol on the 8th inst. and by her some more interesting parliamentary intelligence in reference to Canada may be expected in a few days.

The Imperial Parliament was expected to be prorogued by her Majesty in person on the 15th or 16th August.

Andrew Stuart, Esq. the Agent of the Constitutional Association, who has been in England since the middle of last winter, was a passenger in the packet ship WELLINGTON, which arrived at New York from London on the 14th inst. Messrs. Stuart, Badgly, and James Cuthburtson arrived at Montreal on Tuesday; and we are informed that Mr. Stuart reached Quebec yesterday.

His Excellency the Governor General, Lady Durham, family, and suite, proceeded this morning on a pleasure trip to St. Anne's in the steamer *Medea*, and are expected to return this evening.

The Montreal Herald of Tuesday says that, the secret midnight meetings and taking oaths, by the *habitans* in the county of Acadie and in the neighbourhood of the river Richelieu, are inspiring the loyal in these sections of the country, with well-founded alarm, as they know not the day or the hour when an attack may be made on them. Report has fixed Friday evening for a general rising, although we really cannot understand what is the precise object to be gained by it. The disaffected are far from being contemptible in point of numbers, but they are miserably deficient in resources, in courage, and in all the essentials for maintaining a successful rebellion.

By a private letter from Montreal, we learn that Messrs. Chaffers and Cassaver, two magistrates residing near St. Cesaire, have arrived at Montreal, having been driven from their homes by threats of violence on the part of the "patriots."

In consequence of a report that an attempt had been made to fire the barracks at Laprairie a small detachment of the 24th was sent over in the Princess Victoria from Montreal, on Sunday morning. It is supposed that there were no just grounds for such a report.

We learn from the MONTREAL HERALD, that the four wretches who were tried for the murder of Chartrand, and the twelve as great wretches who pronounced them "not guilty," partook of a public dinner TOGETHER, at l'Acadie given them by their political friends, and it is stated that a similar banquet was given to them at Montreal on the evening of the day on which the prisoners were acquitted

The NIAGARA REPORTER of the 7th inst. says, it is reported that the ci-devant "commander in chief, 1st division Patriot Army," Van Rensselaer, was in that town a few days ago accompanied by his "patriotess."

The steamer *Canada* arrived from Montreal this morning, about eleven o'clock, and brought Montreal papers of yesterday. They contain nothing of moment.

THEATRE ROYAL.—Last night the performances were Tobin's comedy of the *Honey Moon*, and the afterpiece of *Is He Jealous*. In the first piece, Miss Clifton, of whom we have not before had an opportunity of speaking, made her third appearance.

Miss Clifton's figure is unusually tall and commanding; her voice is rather sweet and powerful. As this lady has taken some of the characters in which we have recently witnessed Miss Tree, it may not be thought invidious to say that her acting possesses neither the grace, power, nor flexibility of her fair predecessor. Her hands and arms appear to be an incumbrance to her, and she has a natural masculine manner, which may be advantageous in some characters, but which is ill adapted to the one she assumed last night. The newspapers in the United States however, we believe, have spoken very highly of this lady's performanse, and the audiences have "applauded to the very echo." We therefore speak with deference.

On Monday evening last, the 17th instant, the Committee of the County of Quebec Agricultural Society assembled in Mr. Daniel M'Donald's, St. Andrew's Hotel, for the purpose of fixing the various prizes for competition to be awarded on the 2nd October next. After so fixing the prizes, and the other business of the Committee had been gone through, an elegant Snuff Box was presented by the Committde to Anthony Anderson, Esquire, of Hedley Lodge, the President of the Society, bearing the following inscription:—"Presented to A. Anderson, Esq. by the Committee of the Quebec Agricultural Society, as a mark of esteem for his general exertions in behalf of Agriculture; Sept. 1838." Afterwards the company regaled themselves, and passed a very harmonious evening; the wines and liquors being of the very best quality, being much credit to Mr. M'Donald, that the party did not separate till "the wee short hour ayont the twall." The Snuff Box presented to Mr. Anderson is formed of a young colt's hoof, foaled on the farm of Mr. J. Smillie, Goldsmith and Lapidary, at St. Mary's, which died at the age of five days, and is mounted in silver, by Mr. Smillie, in his usual chaste style. The lid is formed of petrified wood, found in the District of Gaspe, and so similar in colour and shade to the hoof that it cannot be distinguished from it.

The Criminal Term of the Court of King's Bench for the District of Quebec, will commence to-morrow. The calendar of prisoners is light; and few of the trials are likely to excite much public interest.

On Monday a steeple chace came off in the fields near Charlesbourgh, between two horses belonging to Officers of the Guards. One of the horses fell in leaping a wide drain and was killed on the spot; the rider escaped without injury.—(Mercury.)

REAL ESTATE AT QUEBEC.—We are sorry to hear that real property in advantageous situations, which eighteen or twenty years ago, cost £9,000, and upon which considerable improvements have been made, sold yesterday, at public sale, for £3,840.—(Gazette.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRANSCRIPT.

A REFLECTION.

Since the Lords of the Realm, in their wisdom declare—
That to banish the rebels beyond sea,
Is in their high opinion, an act quite unfair,
And for which they no good reason can see.

That 'tis monstrous, forsooth! and against common sense,
That Lord D. with his Council so Special,
Shou'd ever have dared, under any pretence,
To send traitors and thieves to the D——d.

That for for murder, for arson, for rapine, for treason,
No punishment here shall be known,
And "Gentlemen" banished without any reason
May in Canada find a safe home.

Although all these crimes, and a great many more,
They have quite innocently committed,
Lord Brougham declares,—by his wonderful law,—
They may be very safely permitted.

Then come all ye rebels, and murderers, and thieves,
Now, now is the time for your glory,
Devise all your schemes, and oh! laugh in your sleeves,
At the Britons, and every "d——d Tory."

Rebellion's a virtue, and treason's a plan,
Which should you despair of a place
You have only to try, and I'll swear to a man
You are sure to succeed with apace.

Then join altogether, throughout all the land,
Never fear that Lord Brougham will hinder;—
His feelings are your's—and he'll lend you a hand
All the "loyals to burn to a cinder."

SAM SLICK.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.
September 17th.

Bark Liverpool, Ramsay, 26th July, Liverpool, to the master, ballast.
—— Harvest Home, Thompson, 24th July, Hebford, Symes & Ross, do.
18th.
Brig Eagle, Buchanan, 29th July, Dungarvon, to master, ballast.
Ship Ann Hall, Tucker, 1st Aug. Liverpool, J Tibbetts, do.
—— Jane & Barbara, Colman, 25th July, Bristol, Pembertons, general cargo.
—— Hero, Cummings, 28th do. Bristol, Symes & Ross, ballast.
—— John, Campbell, 1st Augt. Liverpool, Gilmour &Co. do.
—— Ariadne, Baird, 31st July, Belfast, D. Burnet, iron, &c.
—— John Francis, Bonnyman, 26th do. Cork, Chapman & Co. do.
Bark Lotus, Sampson, 31st do. Bristol, Pembertons, do.
—— Centurion, Hepenstall, 6th Aug. London, Atkinson &Co. do.
—— Elizabeth, Merwick, 25th July, do. Price & Co. do.