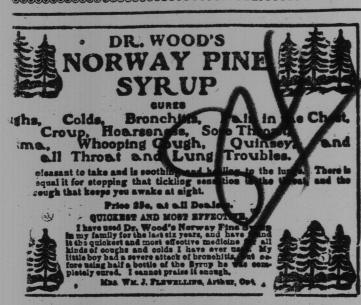
POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1904.





ANTED.

ar Map in Colors Free

—A position by an experienced reacher holding a Superior Lidd act as a substitute during the April, May and June. Best referily, stating salary, to "Teacher," O. J. Young, Chatham, N. B. w-3-5

SAMPLE WATCHES—We want ants everywhere and will give a free mple and liberal commission to every who sells our watches; if you want ble employment for your spare mowrite us for sample and terms at Ideal Watch Co., Dept. 36, Toronto, 2-27-4i-d&w—a

ANTED—We have a few vacancies for good, reliable men and women. Excluteritory, good pay and permanent work. t free. The R. H. Co., 207 St. James Montreal. 3-2-2i-wd

NTED—A client of ours who owns a ultry farm of 15 acres just outside Bosats a reliable and intelligent farmer of family to take charge and run the or him. Fine house, fully furnished, es, etc. A rare chance for the right Address, giving references, Bustin & R, Chubb's Corner, St. John.

TED-A Second or Third Class Fe-iale Teacher for School District 3½ p. Beach, St. Martins, N. B. Apply stat-salary. Term to commence April 1st. criet rated poor. Herbert W. Brown, Sec-try to School Trustees, Little Beach, St.



lar Wood Wanted.

Y ARE -THE GRADUATES OF edericton usiness College. r trained than those of most schools? BECAUSE, unlike business college men, the prin had had nearly TTEN years prac-office experience before going d for free catalogue. Address

W. J. OSBORNE,

FOR SALE

TARM FOR SALE—Farm for sale about two miles from Bloomfield Station, I. C. R., containing two hundred acres more or less, cuts from twenty-five to thirty tons of hay, with good one and half story house finished throughout; barn, thirty-six by seventy-one feet, with linter fifteen by thirty-six feet and other outbuildings all in good repair. There is a large brook running through this farm containing blenty of good water for all purposes. Also farm containing one hundred acres of land about seven miles from Sussex village, cuts about fifteen tons of hay; also on this farm about twenty acres of cranberry bog. Terms of sale half cash the balance can if necessary remain on mortgage.

JOHN JAMIESON.

Clover Hill, N. B., March 1, 1904.

FARM FOR SALE—Farm containing 110 acres, 60 well timbered with one-half million valuable lumber; 50 acres cleared, 30 in crop and hay, balance in pasture; six acres in orchard, containing choicest fruits; excellent water; well fenced with cedar; large house; two good barns, outbuildings; near churches, school and P. O.; also 100 acres wilderness land. A bargain. Apply to T. E. A. Pearson, Highfield, Queens county, N. B. 3-2-41-sw.

FOR SALE—Billiard parlors, with other business in connection offering chances for large trade where proprietor can give whole attention; in good running order; paying investment. The only reason for selling, present proprietor cannot give it personal supervision. Address P. O. Box 227, St. John, N. B. 2-5-tf-d 2-6-tf-w.

ARM FOR SALE—That valuable farm situate at at Golden Grove, nine miles from city of St. John, owned and occupied by Captain Nelson Kelson, containing about one hundred acree, fifty of which are cleared, thirty are under good cultivation, remainder covered with wood. Soil good, cuts annually twenty tons hay; large frame house with ell, three barns on premises; the house contains thirteen rooms, has a stone foundation, good frost-proof ceilar, never failing supply good water in kitchen; land is in two lots adjoining each other. Will be sold together or in separate lots. Reason for selling property the owner is leaving the province. Part of purchase money may remain on mortgage. For terms of sale apply to Mrs. Kelson, on premises.

2-29-t.f.—e.o.a and s.w.

Choice Teas In Bulk and Packages

English Bre kfast Tea, in 10 and 20 1b. boxes. Very fine for family

JAMES COLLINS. 208 and 210 Union Street. St. John, N, B



THE CASE OF THE DEATHS. **BELGIAN MINERS**

CLARKE—At Woodstock (N. B.), on March 1st, Anne, wife of the late Goodhand Clarke, in her 75th year, formerly of St. John. VINCENT—At Quispamsis, Kings county, on March 1, after a long illness, William F. Vincent, aged forty-five years, leaving a wife, four sons and one daughter to mourn the loss of a loving and affectionate husband and father. Forever with the Lord. GRANT—in Boston, March 2, Agnes M., beloved child of William H. and Agnes Grant, one year eight months.

SHIP NEWS. PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Sch Tay, Spragg, Providence, A Cushin

Tuesday, March 1.
Schr R D Spear, Richardson, City Island
f o, A Cushing & Co.
Stmr Monteagle, Parry, Bristol, C P R.
Schr Ann Lauisa Lockwood, Cameron, City
Island f o, A Cushing & Co.
Thursday, March 3.
Str St Croix, Thompson, Boston via Maine
ports, W G Lee.

Antwerp, Feb 29—(Midnight)—Ard stmr Kroonland, from New York. Boston, March 1—Ard stmrs Admiral Far-ragut, from Port Antonio; Kershaw, from Baltimore

New Bedford; Jacob M Haskell, for South Boston.

Ard in Hampton Roads—Schr D D Haskell, from Jacksonville for Boston.

Pernambuco, Feb 7—Ard barque Cordelia, from St John (Nfid.)

Ard 12th—Brig Lady Napier, from Harbor Grace; schr Golden Hid, from St John's (Nfid.); schr Nellie F, do.

Portland, Me, March 1—Ard stmr Welshman, from Liverpool.

Sid—Stmr Catalone, for Louisburg (C B.)

Vineyard Haven, Mass, March 1—Anchored at Nobska—Schr Eletnor F Bartram, from Turks Islad for Pnortland.

Boston, March 3—Ard, strs Bengalia, Hamburg; Halifax, Hahfex; Boston, Yarmouth.

Sid—Strs Cedric, Liverpool; Kansas, do, (both anchored at quarantine.)

Bath, March 3—Ard, sch Carrie Easier, from Liverpool (N S).

Sid—Sch Pleasantville, Liverpool (N S).

Baltimore, March 3—Sid, schs Charles A Campbell, Boston; Henry W Cramp, do.

Baltimore, March 3—Sid, str Powhattan, Providence.

City Island, March 3—Bound south, str

Providence. City Island, March 3—Bound south, str North Star, Portland. New York, March 2—Ard, str Georgic, Livrcol. Sld—Str Le Champagne, Havre. Queenstown, March 3—Sld, strs Celtic, Liv-rpool for New York; Ivernia, do for Bos-Portland, March 3-Ard, str Whitefield, Li-

cata, Sicily (33 days). Cld—Str Dora (Ger), Savannah. London—Barque Fred P Litchfield, Lis-ombe (N S) for Buenos Ayres, Jan 21, lat 15 south, long 37 west.

Shipping Notes. The schooner Marjorie J. Sumner, which took a cargo of piling to Halifax from Nor-folk, is laying up at Halifax.

The schooner Wm. Zwicker, at Lunenburg, has finished loading for Buenos Ayres, and is ready to sail.

'A message from Limon (Costa Rica), states 'he schooner Britannia is ashore and a total loss. She sailed from New York in January for Cartagena (Colombia), with coal. She 'yas built at Noel (N. S.) and launched in 1000, and was of 263 tons. She has been engaged mostly in the West Indian trade. Captain Joseph Nickerson, of Port La Tour N. S.), was master, and it is supposed that le with the rest of the crew landed at Costa Rica.

News received in New York is that the barque Hamburg, New York for Montevideo before reported at St. Thomas, is not leaking. She lost some spars and sails.

Worst Winter in His Experience.

"The present winter is the most severe ne in my experience," said Dr. William Bayard yesterday, when asked respecting he winters of today, and of long ago.

Dr. Bayard is eminently qualified to peak with authority. Since 1837 he has speak with authority. Since 1837 he has been in active practice as a physician in this city. He has seen sixty-seven winters ince commencing the practice of his procession; some of them have been unuestionably harsh and prolonged, but that f 1904 is unhesitatingly pronounced by Dr. Bayard as being in his opinion, the rorst that he has ever passed through.
"I have kept no data or record," said
e, "but am certain of what I say. We ave had winters with as heavy a fall of snow, but none with such a succ furious storms. The season of 1886 approaches most closely to the present one in point of general severity."

FEARS FOR CATHOLICS, WHO

Surveyor General Shows Government Free from Criticism.

MEN KNEW ABOUT WAGES

Before Going to Mines They Understood About the Pay--Surveyor General Talks of the Matter-What the Correspondence Shows.

he alleged grievances of some Belgian niners who came out to this province ork in the coal mines, and some of who

effect that advertisements inserted in Belgian papers by the C. P. R. at the request of Mr. Duff-Miller, agent general for N. B. in London, offering men \$2 per day and stating that wages ram as high as \$4; and that they were convinced they were asked to come out here to work for were asked to come out here to work for the government. They say they came here ast wages were \$1.50 per day. Later they were informed they would have to work by the ton, but refused, claiming they pany's office. Thirteen sold their tim

The Telegraph has been permitted t

The letter from Dr. Kieth, of the Imgeneral wrote as soon as he learned of the alleged grievance of the miners, states that these men became distributed without any apparent reason and also that a number of other Belgian miners have remained in the company's employ and are well

The Telegraph also learns that at the adjoining mine, owned by the Canadian Coal Manganese Company, of which Jas. P. Geddes, of New York is president, are also a number of Belgiam employes who be thoroughly satisfied.

Everything Possible Done for Them. The surveyor-general also informed the reporter that, upon arrival of these mer reporter that, upon salival or after the here, everything possible was done to secure them employment as speedily as possible and that when they went to Kent county they thoroughly understood the wages which they were to receive and his information from the officers of the company was

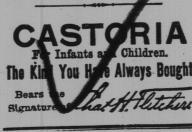
pany was that, as far as the company was concerned, the understanding had been carried out in good faith.

The government had nothing to do in the matter, he said, beyond having its agent-general in England issue an advertement of the templayment, would isement stating that employment would be given in New Brunswick for 100 miner

be given in New Brunswick for 100 mmers and he had been careful to instruct the agent-general to inform all applicants what wages would be received.

The portion of the party referred to in the Globe's article were evidently without means and he had gone as far as he felt justified in doing in assisting them It was one of the difficulties connected with impropriements that there would always with immigration that there would alway be a certain proportion either unwiking to work or who were eas by distatisfied and while there were compaints from thes people, there were a considerable number people, there were a considerable number, not only of Belgian but English coal miners, who had obtained employment in the mines of Queens and Kent counties and who seemed to be perfectly satisfied.

I. J. D. Landry, Belgian consul here wrote to Ottawa in connection with the matter placing the blame on Mr. D in and his department. Mr. Dunn was asked by the Ottawa authorities to see his ed by the Ottawa authorities to nide of the case and he has done the matter is at present.



KENDALL'S SPAVIN



NUMBER MANY, IN COREA (Continued from page 2.)

Catholicism for the time seemed stamped out in blood, and it was not until 1843 that the next vicar-apostolic succeeded in making his way once more into the mids of the lost or scattered flock.

The courage and perseverance required to reach them may be measured by the fact that one of his priests spent ten years in a series of attempts to penetrate

Yet few and insufficient as were th missionaries under these circumstance their labors were crowned with an abu

In 1866 the Catholics numbered 25,000, mong whom were several native candi lates for the priesthood. The enthus ed to open the vista of a future full of promise, and it might have appeared as if the nascent church had survived the most perilous stage of its existence. But its progress must have alarmed the authorities for, in the year 1866, the storm of proceeding them to full force or pastor.

and flock.

On March 8 the vicar-apostolic was beheaded with three companions, and before the end of the month five other priests had been killed. These executions were the prelude to a general massacre of native Christians in which some 10,000 perished, including those who died of the hardships or sufferings endured in seeking to escape.

hardships of sufferings endured in seeking to escape.

For ten years Korea remained inaccessible to Catholic missionaries. Deprived
of priests and teachers, the surviving remnant of the Christian population had but
the memory of what they had once learned
to keep alive the spark of faith in their
hearts. But it was ready to revive under
favoring circumstances, and these came
with the return of the missionaries in May, 1876.
In Bishop Mutel's summary of the his

"On their return the Christians had been so persecuted and harried that at first the missionaries could find but a few thousands scattered here and ther Only the most urgent work could be undertaken. At first no regular ministra-tion, still less the keeping of registries was to be thought of.

Victims Numbered 10,000. "Not till later on was it possible to reckon up our losses. The victims of the persecution may be estimated at 10,000, including both those who perished at the hands of the executioner and those who succumbed to misery and every kind of privations.

"Of the 15,000 survivors two-thirds re mained faithful and awaited but the re-turn of the missionaries to once more practice their religion. The others fell nto tepidity and returned but by into tepidity and returned but by degrees. The number of apostates was very small, consisting of neophytes imperfectly grounded in the faith, or of rich people concerned to save their property."

Of many of those who fell in this bitter persecution the names and story will never be known, but all will be honored comprehensively as "the Korean martyrs."

The subsequent growth of the church in

of students who have made a part of their

studies in the Pinang college. We have thus at present twelve native priests in the mission and thirty-six students in the more wondrous than that of these mis-sionary efforts to pentrate the almost im-passable barriers of the Hermit Kingdom, with death generally as the reward alike of failure or success? Nor does their earnestness fail to win admiration from non-Catholic writers, one of whom said, after having visited both China and

plaudits of onlookers. However out of sympathy one may be with the dogmas of the Roman church, their poverty, endurance, patience and suffering excite the admiration of all." Just what will become of these Chris-

tiens in the break-up of Korea is a ques-France, the official protector of Roman Catholic missions, seems to have failed to fulfil her duties sometimes, and under the Combes ministry may find it difficult to protect in Korea that which it seeks to crush in France; Germany, through the Kaiser, is said to be auxious to supplant France in her role of protector, might find it difficult to act; none of these missionaries are American or British, and Russia might sweep them out of existence as quickly and remorselessly as she is sweeping the church in Armenia

of existence as quickly and remorselessly as she is sweeping the church in Armenia out of existence.

There remains only Japan, a pagan power, to protect the Roman Catholic church in Korea, the same church which she so fiercely exterminated in Japan after St. Francis Xavier had partially evengeting the works many. ized the country. Truly, time works many and strange changes.

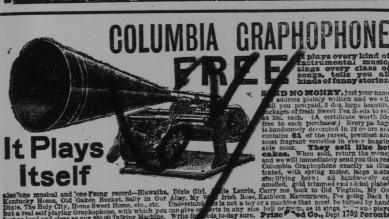
MATTHEW HALE.

MIND BACK TO OLD ST. JOHM.

In a letter which reached this office Thursday signed by J. F. Carney, Los Angles (Cal.), the writer asks that some Angles (Cal.), the writer asks that some newspapers be sent to him. He says: "I have their names now in memory as if the their names now in memory as if the their names now in memory as if the their names now with added trials and responsibilities of life. That is the same wherever man casts his lot, whether on some sum kiased plateau or where the wild wolf howls on Unalaska's shere.

These papers I refer to were printed on Canterbury street—Morning Freeman, Hon. Timothy Anglin, editor; Morning Telegraph, Morning News." He asks that a copy of each be sent him. The Telegraph is the only one of the three now being is the only one of the three new being published and copies will go forward to Mr. Carney. His letter closes: "I write this outside the house, on the side of foothills, the sun just warm enough to be pleasant, snow on the Sierra Madre range of mountains, flowers growing in the val-

Some readers who knew Mr. Carney here will be interested in reading of his request for news from St. John.



Presented by Irving A. Lovitt of Yarmouth to the R. K. Y. Club.

There should be some good races next eason between the yachts of the Roya

Kennebeccasis Yacht Club. Irving A. Lovett, of Yarmouth, whose raced for by the yachts of the chrb; and as already announced, James Beveridge has

comprehensively as "the Korean martyrs."

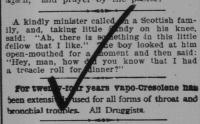
The subsequent growth of the church in Korea is due to gains from adults rather than to natural increase, for though the birth rate is high, it is counteracted by a high figure of infant mortality.

The Catholic population was, in 1900, 42,441, but owing to the inevitable omissions Bishop Mutel believes the real figure would have been nearer 45,000.

"One seminary," says Mgr. Mutel, in conclusion, "has just given us three new native priests; with them ends the series of students who have made a part of their offered another.

the next smoker which will be held on the 24th of this month and it promises to surpass anything the club have held pre-

Lorneville, St. John county, March 1 .-The people of Lornev.lle and Sea View un-expectedly invaded the manse on Saturday evening, February 27th, lest the pastor and his wife should forget it was the third anniveneary of their marriage. They came bringing tokens of good will and the evenbring was pleasantly spent with friendly intercourse and music, vocal and instrumental. After supper Henry R. Galbraith, in the name of the people of Lorneville and Sea View, presented to Mr. and Mrs. Maclean a well filled envelope containing a piece graph of money, as a locken of their nice sum of money, as a token of their good wishes and esteem. Mr. and Mrs. Maclean replied thanking the people for this manifestation of their good wishes, also taking occasion to thank them for the



A witty and attractive young lady asked the following question: "What is the differ-ence between myself and a clock?" "Made-moiselle, the clocks tell the hours and you make up forget them," was the reply.

for 26c per lb.

THE 2 BARKERS, 100 Princess Street.

A STATE OF THE STA

CROUPE COLDS.

YEARS IN USE OVER BAIRD & PETERS, Selling Agents, INTERCOLONIAL

On and after SUNDAY, Oct. 11, 1903, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

 No. 6—Mixed for Moncton.
 6.30

 No. 2—Express for Halifax, the Sydneys and Campbellton.
 7.00

 No. 4—Mixed for Point du Chene
 12.15

 No. 26—Express for Point due Chene
 12.15

 No. 8—Express for Sussex
 17.10

 No. 134—Express for Quebec and Montreal
 18.00
 No. 10—Express for Halifax and Sydney.23.25 TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

All trains run by Atlantic Standard Time;
24.00 o'clock is midnight.
Moneton, N. B., Oct. 9, 1903.
CITY TICKET OFFICE,
7 King Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 1053.
GEORGE CARVILL, C. T. A.

36 (THE STAIGH Years Old Jusiness And not done growing yet. Last year was our banner year, the best of the 36. 1904, so far, is still better than 1903, and we are trying hard to merit continued

growth.
Students can enter at any time.

Odnifallowe' Hall COCC Elegant FUR CAPEKINE COC

S. KERR & SON,

