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FAIR AND COLD

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CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERAL PARTIES OF POLAND ATTEMPT TO GET CONTROL OF GOVT

Factions Angered Because Pilsudski Refused to Reorganize Cabinet and Admit Others Than Socialists.

THE ATTEMPT WAS UNSUCCESSFUL

Members of Cabinet Arrested and Are Still Prisoners and May be Kept as Hostages.

OPPOSITION LEADERS GET TOGETHER

Prince Sapieha, Aided by 300 Civilians, Heads the Conservatives and Liberals.

Warsaw, Sunday, Jan. 6.—(By the Associated Press, 8 p.m.)—Members of the Conservative and Liberal parties of Poland, under the leadership of Prince Eustache Sapieha, made an attempt, early today, to gain control of the government, because General Pilsudski, the dictator, refused to reorganize the cabinet and admit other parties than the Socialists. The attempt, up to this hour, apparently has been unsuccessful. The day passed without casualties, except for the accidental killing of one soldier who attempted to prevent the arrest of M. Thugut, the Minister of the Interior. One of the measures of Prince Sapieha, who was aided by 300 civilians, was the arrest of Premier Andreas Moraczewski, Minister of the Interior Thugut, Foreign Minister Yelenski, and the chief of police of Warsaw.

It is reported that six members of the cabinet are still prisoners, and may be kept as hostages, although this is denied at the headquarters of General Pilsudski, in the Belleviere Palace. The attempt broke by the occupation of all state offices and the headquarters of the garrison in Warsaw in the Place de Saxe. The headquarters were used by Prince Sapieha and his assistants. His principal military aid was Colonel Janzartis, who had arranged to have several regiments at the disposal of Prince Sapieha. The troops, however, refused to follow him. The central telephone office also was seized.

The plan of the Conservatives and Liberals was to have Pilsudski arrested, but, principally, because the general's chief of staff, Shepitzki, refused to permit the army to be used for political purposes.

After the arrest of the ministers, officers dressed as civilians, went to the Hotel Bristol at 3 o'clock this morning, arrested Col. Shepitzki, and ordered him to go to the Palace de Saxe. When he arrived at the headquarters he ordered the guards to arrest the men who had arrested him. This was done. Shepitzki also told Prince Sapieha that he would not permit the army to take part in political matters.

A group of the opposition forces went to the Belleviere Palace, where they were arrested when they said that they had come to speak with the newly-formed temporary government. General Pilsudski, at five o'clock this evening, went to the Place de Saxe and had a brief and heated conversation with Prince Sapieha, the upshot of which was that the Prince agreed to drop his attempt, provided that his officers and other aides were not arrested.

Prince Eustache Sapieha-Rozanski is 57 years of age, and is an old Lithuanian and Polish family. He is the head of his branch of the House, and is married to Princess Theresa Lubomirka.

It was also promised that the ministers would be liberated. It would appear that Paderewski knew that the attempt would be made and that he went to Cracow in order to be present. General Pilsudski has sent for Paderewski for a consultation with regard to the new cabinet.

DEMobilIZATION MUST BE CARRIED OUT SYSTEMATICALLY

Exceptional Number of Requests for Priority of Return of Soldiers from Overseas Being Received by Militia Department—Cannot be Acceded to Unless Based on Compassionate Grounds.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—The militia department desires it to be known that an exceptional number of requests for priority of return of soldiers from overseas is being received both at militia headquarters, Ottawa, and at the Overseas Ministry, London, Eng. These requests cannot be acceded to, nor can consideration be given to them unless they are based upon compassionate grounds, and are forwarded and recommended through the various military districts in the usual way. It is pointed out that demobilization must be carried out in a systematic way. If the door is opened to return of those for whom application is made by friends in Canada, in priority to others, the inevitable result will be widespread dissatisfaction, and com-

Delegations Increasing

Paris, Jan. 6.—It appears certain, says the Temps, that Greece and Serbia, the latter comprising the King and the Serbs, Croates and Slovenians, each will have two delegates at the Peace Congress: M. Venizelos, Premier, and M. Politis, Foreign Minister for Greece; and M. Pachitch, the Serbian Premier, and M. Trumbitch, President of the Jugo-Slav committee in Paris, for the Jugo-Slavs.

HALIFAX HAS MORE TROUBLES

Differences Have Arisen Between the Board of Trade and Pilot Authorities.

Halifax, Jan. 6.—There is a difference between the Halifax board of trade and the pilot authorities. Certain changes were ordered in the service and the scale of fees to be charged, which represented an advance of about twenty-five per cent. These have been effective since Nov. 1st. Much of what was proposed was never endorsed by the people here whose interests are affected, and some of it was not put into effect. The board of trade has taken up the matter and made representations to Ottawa, objecting to what was done. Hon. A. C. Maclean wired the board of trade today that he had communicated with Mr. Robb, chairman of the pilotage commission, asking him to proceed to Ottawa to discuss the Halifax situation.

TRIBUTE PAID COL. ROOSEVELT

Senator Dennis of Halifax Eulogizes Ex-President.

Halifax, Jan. 6.—Senator Dennis, who in the Upper Chamber of the Canadian parliament represents the constituency of Halifax, in the course of an eulogy of Theodore Roosevelt, as both the one all-around man of the American people said: "Roosevelt was not only positively minded and loyal to his convictions, he was also the verile American of his day. Vigorous thinking, positive decision, and unswerving undertaking of the task he meant to carry out. These characteristics were pre-eminently Roosevelt's. The man of his time in straight thinking, decision and indefatigable action towards an end, with achievement, he sought in his decision, and unswerving undertaking of life and affairs, it is found in Lloyd George, Roosevelt is the Lloyd George of the United States."

"SUFFS" ARRESTED, LODGED IN JAIL

Taken Into Custody for Kindling Fires Opposite the White House.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Six members of the National Women's party were in police court today, for kindling fires opposite the White House, which they intend to keep burning until the Senate passed the suffrage resolution. They were sent to jail after refusing to pay fines. The defendants, who refused to testify, said payment of the fines would be an admission of guilt.

WILL VISIT U. S.

Paris, Jan. 6.—President Poincaré will probably visit the United States late in June or early in July. This announcement was made by the president himself to the Associated Press this evening.

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COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT DIED YESTERDAY AT HIS HOME AT OYSTER BAY

His Death, Unexpected, Resulted from Blood Clot in the Lung—The Personification of True Americanism Was Col. Roosevelt—Life Full of Activity and Achievement—Made Antagonists But None Questioned His Patriotism, His Courage or His Devotion to Duty—The Nation Honors His Memory.

Oyster Bay, Jan. 6.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, twenty-sixth president of the United States, who died at his home on Sagamore Hill early today, will be laid to rest without pomp or ceremony in Young's Memorial Cemetery in this village, Wednesday afternoon. He will be buried on a knoll overlooking Long Island Sound, a plot which he and Mrs. Roosevelt selected soon after he left the White House.

There had been reports that Col. Roosevelt would issue a statement in every corner of the earth, will go to his grave as a "quiet, democratic, Christian country gentleman beloved by his neighbors."

After prayers at the Roosevelt home, at which only members of the family will be present, the funeral service will be held at 12:45 o'clock in Christ Episcopal church, the little old frame structure where for years the Colonel and his family attended divine worship.

At the request of Mrs. Roosevelt, no flowers will be sent. The altar will be decorated only with laurel placed on it for the Christmas season. Also in conformity with Mrs. Roosevelt's wishes, there will be no music, and no eulogy, but only the simple service of the Episcopal church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. George E. Talmage.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Washington, representing the nation at large, gave to the country's regret at the death of Theodore Roosevelt, and its admiration for his character and achievements. Plans on every government building throughout the United States and at every army post and on every naval vessel were ordered placed at half mast.

The senate and house adjourned after eulogies of the former president had been delivered by both Republicans and Democrats and committees had been appointed to attend his funeral.

The supreme court took unprecedented action in adjourning without the transaction of any business. Formal tributes were paid Col. Roosevelt by the executive officials, members of congress and cabinet officers. President Wilson was called the news by the executive officers of the White House, that the people of the world, personal grief were made by men and women, who had been associated closely with the former president during his life. Making touching statements of the seven years of his residence in the White House and members of the diplomatic corps expressed the admiration which the peoples in foreign lands held for him.

The bust of Col. Roosevelt in the Senate corridor was draped in crepe. The National Press Club, where the former president frequently had been a guest and a speaker, postponed its annual inauguration of officers and the frolic to follow, which was to have been a humorous version of the Ver-

france makes strenuous kick. Will Not Tolerate a Union of German Austria With Germany—German Speaking People Would Have No Place in New World.

Asterdam, Jan. 6.—Count Von Breckhoff-Rantzau, the new foreign minister, in an interview in the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, declares that Foreign Minister Plesch, of France, had announced publicly that France would not tolerate the union of German Austria with Germany. This stand, the count added, would mean that the German speaking people would have no place in the new world in the upbuilding of which they would like to collaborate. The German foreign minister added: "It is incompatible, however, that the Slav nations should receive the unrestricted right of self-determination, while it is refused to German Austria."

PILSUDSKIE GOVT ENDANGERED

Attempt Was Made at Warsaw to Overthrow the Government by the Conservative and Liberal Parties.

Warsaw, Sunday, Jan. 5.—An attempt to overthrow the Pilsudski government was made in Warsaw today by the Conservative and Liberal parties. Six members of the Pilsudski government are reported to have been arrested, although this is denied at Pilsudski's headquarters. The attempt, apparently, has been unsuccessful, and the only casualty reported is the accidental killing of a soldier.

CANADIAN CREDITS IN FRANCE

Negotiations Were Opened by Minister of Finance With Representatives of French Gov't in United States After Signing of Armistice.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—With reference to the matter of Canadian credits, to be available for the purchase of commodities in Canada, required for the rebuilding and reconstruction of France, it is stated officially that immediately after the signing of the armistice negotiations were opened by the Minister of Finance with representatives of the French government in the United States, looking to the establishment of such credits. The matter was duly placed before the French government for consideration, and it is expected that the members of the Dominion government now overseas and the representatives of the Canadian Trade Mission, who are about to visit Paris, will be able to complete arrangements as an early date. The government here has had all necessary information as to terms of the proposed credits.

Brazil wants reciprocity. Provides for a Twenty Per Cent. Reduction in Duties on Articles from Foreign Countries Offering Concessions on Their Products.

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 6.—The budget law for this year made public today, provides for a twenty per cent. reduction in duties on articles from foreign countries which offer tariff concessions on Brazilian products, especially tobacco and rubber. It abolishes the duties on fruits from American republics, which shall facilitate Brazilian imports, and provides for the entrance of all cattle for breeding or fattening purposes.

Big freighter turns turtle. Woman and four men met Death as Result of the Disaster.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 6.—A woman and four men met death during Saturday night, when the "Merchants" National Steamship Company's freighter, Amazon, turned turtle. Three of the eight persons aboard spent the rest of the night afloat on the upturned hull, fighting the bitter cold, by building a fire on the hull, using pieces of drift wood. The night was clear and no cause can be given for the disaster.

Maples to mark Canadian graves. A Fine Stock of Seedling Trees Have Been Sent to France for the Purpose.

London, Jan. 6.—(Canadian Associated Press)—Canadian graves in France will very shortly be planted with maples. A fine stock of seedling trees has been sent to the Royal Botanic Gardens. They were grown from seeds obtained from the Dominion horticulturist at Ottawa. These have already been sent to France.

Bursting saw kills farmer. Prince Albert, Sask., Jan. 6.—Eugene Tait, a farmer in the Macconnell district, was instantly killed, and Selkirk Hanmerman, at whose farm he was working, was seriously but not fatally injured on Saturday, when a circular saw, which they were operating, burst into fragments. Tait's skull was pierced in three places. Hanmerman received a wound in the chest.

Victim of wreck buried Monday. Full Military Honors at Funeral of Corp. Stagg, Killed in Edmundston Train Wreck.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 6.—The remains of Corporal Wm. Stagg, who was killed in the troop train wreck near Edmundston, N.B., were laid to rest in Prospect Cemetery here this afternoon in military honors. Brigadier General John A. Gunn, D.S.O., officer commanding military district No. 2, accompanied by a number of officers, attended the funeral.

DISSATISFACTION AMONG THE TROOPS IN ENGLAND OVER DEMobilIZATION METHODS

Assessments Under War Tax

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 6.—The total amount of assessments, made under the business profits war tax act to date, is over fifty-eight million dollars, of which over fifty-four million dollars have been collected. It is estimated that, by the end of the present fiscal year, about sixty-five million dollars will be realized. This is more than double the estimate made in the budget speech, in which the business profits war tax act was introduced.

CREWS FOR SHIPS HARD TO GET

Abnormally High Wages Fail to Attract Men—Put One Over on Captain of Ida M. Zinck.

Special to The Standard. Halifax, Jan. 6.—Men for crews of ships are apparently as scarce as ever at the port of Halifax. It is hard to get them for sailing vessels or for steamers, though wages are still abnormally high. The master of the schooner Ida M. Zinck, loaded with cod in drums from Rabin Jones and Whitman for Brazil, is an example of the trouble skippers have in getting crews. He waited for a week, after loading, because he could not complete his crew. On Saturday William Wallace came along, and signed on, getting \$49.50 advance on his wages, because he said he needed the money to buy an outfit. He stayed around till yesterday morning, spending some of the money, but disappeared, and has not since been found. The Ida M. Zinck in consequence had to remain tied up at her wharf where she still is, meanwhile a warrant is out for the arrest of Wallace, who was arrested by the Ida M. Zinck's skipper because he happened also to be a Lunenburg man.

Fisher mayor of Ottawa. Make up of City Officials Declared Elected Monday.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—Harold Fisher was re-elected mayor of Ottawa today for a third term, by a majority of 2,088 over Dr. Rufus H. Parent, the vote standing Fisher, 7,624; Parent, 4,641. There were seven in the field for councilorships, four to be elected. The following were elected: Frank Plant, Jcs. Kent, W. P. Champagne, J. W. Nelson.

Germany under restrictions. Only Articles Which May be Imported from Germany to Occupied Zones Include Necessary Materials for Factories, Fuel and Food.

Coblenz, Sunday, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press)—Restrictions on the importation from Germany to the occupied zones of the American, French and British armies were announced with the traffic regulations that became effective Jan. 1. The inter-allied railway commission of the Rhine Provinces, which issues the regulations, has stipulated that the articles which may be imported shall include necessary material for the operation of factories, all kinds of fuel, and food. Commercial traffic originating on the west bank of the Rhine and consigned to Germany, however, is forbidden.

President Wilson at Paris tomorrow for conference. Lord Robert Cecil, British Authority on League of Nations, Will be One of Early Arrivals—French Plan of League is Ready and Americans Are Putting Their Views in Definite Shape.

Paris, Jan. 6.—President Wilson is due back in Paris at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. There will be no formalities over his arrival, and he will proceed to the Marat residence for a series of conferences, which will begin to give concrete form to the work of the Peace Congress.

Others likely to see the President are Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, Premier Venizelos, of Greece, and a Zionist delegation for discussion of questions concerning Palestine, Syria and Armenia. Parts of the Polish, Czechoslovak and Serbian delegations have arrived and are seeking interviews with the President, who, doubtless, will confer with all of them.

The outlook is for a busy week, preparatory to the assembling of the inter-allied conference next week.

The Alleged Unsatisfactory Manner in Which Work is Being Done Causing Ill-Feeling.

Discontent Particularly Among Men of Army Service Corps Who Were Transferred from Other Units.

Osterley Soldiers Broke Camp. Drove Through London to Whitehall, Cheering All the Way, and Lined up Outside Ministry of Demobilization.

London, Jan. 6.—The alleged unsatisfactory manner in which demobilization is being carried out is creating ill feeling among the troops in England. In addition to the troubles at Folkestone, Dover and Osterley, the men in other camps, such as Shoreham, Shortland, Beckenham, Grove Park, Sydenham and other places, are making demands for a revision of the system of demobilization.

There has been a good deal of dissatisfaction, particularly among the men of the Army Service Corps, who were transferred from other units, as the corps to which they are now assigned will be the last to be demobilized. Men, who had been promised re-employment by their pre-war employers, are anxious to be released, as they fear that their civil positions will be taken before they get out of the army. On the other hand, those of the men who have seen considerable service are restless because men who have never been out of the country are obtaining their discharges before the veterans.

The soldiers stationed at Osterley broke camp this morning as a protest against their transfer from the infantry to the army service corps. They commandeered numerous motor-cars, and drove through London to White Hall, cheering all the way. They lined up outside the Ministry of Demobilization, while a detachment of the ministry, at the request of the army, went to Osterley to investigate the grievances of the men, to whom the promise was given that those who had taken part in the demobilization would not be punished.

Several thousand soldiers stationed at Shoreham marched to Brighton to protest against delays in demobilization. A major addressed them at the town hall and promised to communicate their grievances to the War Office. The soldiers thereupon dispersed.

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