Soap-

Joright Make h Fence

es make a weak support heavy ning wires with



trong. Each one rts its own share ad running wires strength. CLEVELAND, ONIO

ntreal, Can that he is half the t the bull should aled. It is poor ecoe calf, and lose from ars when the finish-

price at which pure

e obtained in these

pply of cheap feed is in winter feeding. finish our cattle on and grain with any We must have somegrown in larger a very small cost. best and cheapest disposal. The chief silage are its great ving of labor which fact that it can be f the year with equal ile corn holds first winter feed it has no field. The farmer ge quantity of grain ently an abundant vill find that by growroots to feed with it tle at a very reasonroots have a feedom the digestible nuthey contain, an in n and general health liberal rations of uch as roots and enthe sleek, thrifty apfed cattle, and there ible with indigestion go off their feed, as with cattle that are

n depends so largely It is always well, ence with comparaand finish with the grains. Water and lvs be within easy ttle should be kept ips, or even ordinary is, perhaps, as cheap nything else

urs very truly. Publication Clerk

this year will be the of the battle of Tras decided at a meetgh lodge, No. 207, Sons nday night, to cele

MR. HAZEN ON THE BUDGET. ofine of nearly 9,000 acres.

now? I am assured that the condi-

Friday last headed "Where Did the

Meney Come Frem?" in which I am

accused of assisting to put up the

three thousand dollars for Mr. Simms

in connection with his election petition.

The statement in this article so far as

it refers to myself does not contain one

syllable of truth. I do not know where

the money came from and I did not

The solicitor general in referring to

the fiscal condition of the province en-

deavored to place the blame of the

large del on previous governments.
This would not account for the increase

contribute one cent to it.

it was 15 or 20 years ago.

FREDERICTON, March 28.-The Hon. Mr. Labillois, in reply to Mr. Smith, stated that Albert Brewer had been sent to examine the covered bridge over the Presque Isle, and as the result of his report instructions had been sent to have it repaired. Hon. Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill

Mr. Robertson introduced a bill to \$280,000 greater than in 1894, the pubamend the act incorporating the Home lic services are getting no benefit and for Aged Females. Mr. Murray presented the petition of did ten years ago. With such an in-

the Bank of Montreal in favor of a crease in the revenue, would it not be bill respecting the Miramichi Pulp and

Hon. Mr. Pugsley, in reply to Mr. Hazen, said: Of the shares of stock held by C. N. Skinner in the N. B. Coal & Railway Co., which are founders' shares, authorized by act of the legislature, ten shares were allotted to him in his own right and the remainder on trust to use the same for the pursignment from the Central Railway Co. of the dominion subsidy for the railway from Chipman to Fredericton which the dominion government had by contract agreed to pay to the Central Railway Company, also for the acquiring of 2,200 outstanding shares of the Central Railway Company of the par value of \$220,000 held by parties in the U.S., to qualify persons whom it might be regarded as in the interests of the undertaking to have as directors, and to pay amounts due for costs, expenses, charges, and services in organizing the company, etc. Likewise in acquiring coal areas held by the Provincial Coal Company. In order to remove a misapprehension under which some hon, gentlemen opposite seem to be laboring, I may say that these shares are not entitled to participate in the earnings of the company until after payment of interest on the guaranteed bonds, principal and interest of

which has taken place in the public the government loans and all other indebt since 1894 amounting to \$1,162,000. for all of which the present government is responsible. This has involved an terest charges and liabilities of the company.

Mr. Smith presented the petition of increase in interest amounting to between \$50,000 and \$60,000, and we are the municipality of Carleton for an paying in interest on overdrawn accounts over \$14,000 a year, which would act to authorize them to pay grand jurors in circuit and county courts. The order of the day being called, Mr. represent an average over draft of nearly \$300,000. This is a strange po-Hazen said: I have listened with pleasure to the speech of my hon, friend sition for a government to be in which from Carleton county, who sits beside claims a surplus every year. Who will me (Mr. Flemming), and who, although say that the present government is he has spoken many times on financial | not responsible for this debt? They subjects, has never before uttered a have increased our public debt by over criticism so clear and strong and able \$200,000. Let them juggle with the figas that which he delivered the other ures as they will they can't get clear day. I have followed the speeches of of the fact that in this province we are gentlemen on the other side, but I am doing them no injustice when I say we are receiving. Is it not then our duty as an opposition to present these facts to the public? It is not extrathat they have entirely failed to re-move the impression which his speech ordinary that with a revenue of \$90, They did not meet his 000 larger this year than it was last criticism on the state of finance of the vear the government can only claim province. Mr. hon, friend from Vica surplus of \$5,000, which was not a toria (Mr. Tweedale) claimed that the opposition had been unfair in their true surplus at all. The provincial secretary in the course criticisms. I think that accusation comes with an ill grace from him, con- of his speech gave the opposition things I ever heard in this house. He

They placed themselves on record as

interference with the rights of the

municipalities because it allowed them

no voice in the expenditure of money

number of amendments to the meas

placing ourselves on record with re-

gard to this principle. We also voted

against vesting the proprietary rights

of the highway in the King. The mem-

ber for Victoria veted for that amend-

ment, although he now finds fault with

us for introducing it. The most humili-

ating admission that I ever heard from

a member of the legislature was when he stated that he gave this vote after

he had obtained the consent of the

government. We also submitted an

amendment with regard to the appro-

priation of by-road money. There is no

guarantee in this act that the by-road

money will not disappear altogether,

would always be granted for that pur-

of our position as members of the legis-

lature if we had not given the people

the benefit of our independent judge

The member for Victoria undertook to

wheat policy of the government. The

in the year 1898 29,145 acres were in

only 20,410 acres were in wheat, a de-

Boils, Scrofula, Eczema

Weaver's Syrup

and Cerate

invaluable to cleanse the blood

Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

All those suffering with

we wished a sum fixed which

holding the view that the act was an

sidering his own record for fair play, great deal of kindly advice which we for he said one of the most unfair will receive with all due humiliation. But if we were really looking for adsought to create the impression that the member for Carleton had suggested increase in the county school rate from 80 to 50 cents, when the sugfrom 80 to 50 cents, when the suggestion was made by the premier him-He finds fault with us for our free school system. He sat for four criticisms of the highway act. He years in the legislature, but in the meantime had become an opponent of himself is in an awkward position with the government and at the next elecregard to this act. As a municipal tion was defeated. He remained out councillor he took a very active part of the government for several years, cipality, which, he claimed, should be entrusted with the experditure of the in championing the rights of the muniroad money. Yet last year he voted age. He sat for four years in this position and was again elected in 1890. for the highway act, which takes all About this time another tidal wave control over the road money out of the struck the province and the St. John hands of the municipality. The only constituencies all went against the gov explanation offered for this extraordernment in consequence of the appoint-ment of Mr. Ritchie as police magisinary change of opinion was that the men appointed by the government trate. It looked as if the government would be of a superior class. When was beaten and the secretary, thinking we look over the list we find that in perhaps that he would be wanted in many instances they are the same men who expended the money as by-road formed, made his peace with Mr. Blair commissioners. The opposition did whom he had always oppesed, and benot discuss the highway act from a came a member of his government as partisan standpoint. They desired to surveyor general. This is not a politihave an improved highway act, but cal record that any of us would care they could not support this measure.

The hon, gentleman has done a tremendous amount of boasting about the by-elections. He did not tell us that in his own county he was not able to control the convention which selected a candidate, or that the new member was the underlying principle of our opposition to the act. The member for for Northumberland is not his choice, but had been elected in spite of his ef-Victoria complains that we offered a forts to place another man in that position. In one breath our opponents ure. We did so for the purpose of tell us that we are opposing everything and in another that we sit here like whipped children. The fact is that the opposition have not hesitated to support government measures that they thought good or to oppose them if they thought them bad. What mean these challenges which have been hurled across the house?

The present premier assailed Mr. Blair tooth and nail for his agreement with the terms of the Quebec conference and now he is vigorously supportourselves on record with regard to this subject in 1968 on the ground that the financial arrangement was not a fair one to us. This is a view which I bepose. We would have been unwerthy lieve will be held by every unbiased person who carefully studies the sub-

The premier challenged us to state ur position with regard to the fisher ies question. This was fully stated in refute the member for Carleton's state-ment in regard to the failure of the government has acted more weakly as regards their fishery policy. It is many figures contained in the report of the years since the inland fisheries were commissioner of agriculture show that held to belong to the province, but at no time since then have we had a fishwheat, but there has been a progres- ery policy.

sive decline ever since, and last year With regard to the Halifax award we moved an amendment that before this claim was adjusted the government should be satisfied that the government of Canada would continue as heretofore to provide for the due and proper administration and protection of the fisheries. This view of the matter must nmend itself to all sensible men. Almost every year in the course of think that it would be improper to ion government does not regard the inthe budget debate the premier has told charge \$5 to residents for a license to terests of this province. Now we heard us of some great scheme by which the kill deer. I do not think that there is the premier telling us that he is disprovince was to be enriched. A few years ago it was the oil of Westmorland and Albert, which was to make us all wealthy, but now he says nothing about oil. A little later we were told of the enormous revenue the province would derive from royalties on coal, but now we hear little about coal. Now we are told of another grand plan for With regard to education I quite That is a very different story from



claim is that with a revenue last year A MEAL A MINUTE are receiving no more money than they very little of the damage we are doing to our stomach and digestive organs. A cow chews her cud slowly, a horse eats his oats carefully, but man, the reasonable to expect that more money should be given to these services, that directly benefit the people such as agriculture and education. The controlwisest of all animals hurries through able expenditure is increasing while a meal knowing full well that sooner the other services are being starved. or later he must come to grief. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and other de-rangements of the stemach are certain How much more money is being spent for roads than there was when the revenue was much smaller than it is

byspepsia, indigestion, and other de-rangements of the stomach are certain to set in. Are you on the road, or have you already arrived at the destination of a ruined stomach? In either case Dr. Van Stan's Pineapple Tailers. Can set you right. They help you digest sour food, regulate your bowels and relieve and stimu-fice your overworked digestive organs. A tablet being and after each meal can save you much suffering.—10 tion of our roads was not as good as I am not in the habit, like the attor-ney general, of rising to questions of privilege whenever I see a statement in a newspaper that I do not like. But I must refer to an article which ap-

South American Rheumatic Cure relieves

rheumatism in six hours and often cures in or

to three days.

the development of the water power of Grand Falls. This is not a new ques- man to Fredericton. No part of the tion, for several years ago Sir William VanHorne and other capitalists undertook to develop this power, but they did not carry out their work. Now another company of capitalists of New York has taken up the same idea. But why does the government claim credit for this? They did not create the nower and why should they indulge in vainly boasting? We have no statement from them that this lease of the power will give the province any revenue. My position is that these powers are assets which should give us a revenue and that a rental value should

be placed on these privileges.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley—We will obtain a rental, the maximum of which will be Mr. Hazen-If the province is to get no larger sum than that then the government have made a most improvident mense power like this, which is the

greatest east of Niagara, be given away for a paltry sum of \$1,500 a year? Hon. Mr. Pugsley-You should think the road and the plople of Maugerville of the enormous industries it will Mr. Hazen-These powers are ours

attorney general to England.

\$3,415,000, our liabilities are much great-Restigouche and Western railway. this province upwards of \$32,000 in four years. He is the most expensive man connected with the government of any province of Canada, and yet with all this he is able to attend to his own law

Hon, Mr. Pugsley-I have had practically to give up my entire business as

Mr. Hazen-That is frequently the case with lawyers who are not in public life. Their business as counsel has become to large that they are unable to attend to office work. The hon. gentleman's position must have aided his private practice. Last year he went to England, at a cost to the prohave exceeded a month in length, and in argument which only lasted one I say that this was an excessive day. We have had in times past as

attorney generals men quite as distinguished also were not nearly so costly. The late Judge King, a most eminent lawyer, went to England to argue the free school question and his charge for the service was only \$3,000. Hon. Mr. Pugsley-Had he not to pay a very leading English counsel who was with him in the case?

Mr. Hazen-The total charge \$3,000, and he paid the solicitor's bill. When Mr. Blair was attorney general he went to England to argue the cas of the Maritime Bank, which involved the priority of the claim of the crown and for this he charged \$4,500, including all the expenses.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley - Are you not aware that he received between \$2,000 and \$8,000 in taxed costs?

Mr. Hazen-I do not know about that. The total cost to the province was \$4,500. Moreover, Messrs. King and Blair won their cases, while the atterney general lost his. I would not say anything about that were it not for the fact that not long ago the attorney general seemed to claim that he was entitled to a larger sum for winning a case in which I was con-

Then we have the conduct of the premier in holding two portfolios at the same time and taking pay for both places. If you search the records of all the provinces of Canada you will find no precedent to justify such an action. The conduct of the premier was utterly indefensible, for the work was done by the staff of the crown land office and he was very seldom in Fredericton to oversee it. The fact that he was able to discharge the duties of those offices shows that the burthen of the work was not great. This action shows that although the government may be timid in other respects they are very bold in exploiting the public treas-

ury for their own benefit. With regard to game protection I

agree with the premier that the uniersity should have a larger grant. It ought to be properly maintained by the state, and I believe it is the only university in America that has not had its grant increased for half a century.

Then we find that 400 schools in Nev Brunswick are idle. This means that districts the young people are growing state of affairs is due to the wretched. ly inadequate salaries which teachers receive. I believe that great good will be done by the consolidated schools, but many districts are too poor to maintain such schools. The government should take into consideration seriously whether they cannot increase the salaries of the teachers.

The new member from St. John re cerred in his speech to the aid which had been given to the Beersville Railway. He read from the report of the a subsidy to the Beersville Railway be cause it was merely a purely commer cial speculation, a railway to a coal mine. This railway issued bonds to the extent of \$35,000, had a bonus from the dominion of \$27,716 and a provincial subsidy, according to this book, of \$2,575. Mr. Pugsley-The total subsidy would

have amounted to \$15,000, but only \$11,-000 has been paid.

Mr. Hazen-Then the total amount received by the company was upwards of \$71,000 and the cost of the road is put down at a little less than that, so that this company got the road for

Then there is the New Brunswick Railway & Coal Co. In 1901 a bill was introduced to guarantee the bonds of a company to the extent of \$250,000 for constructing a railway from Chipguarantee was to be paid until the railway had been constructed and in running order, the company to bind itself to establish a plant capable of mining 500 tons of coal a day. I did not oppose this bill because I thought that these coal areas should be developed, and the people of Maugerville and Sunbury provided with a railway. in 1902 there was another bill to enable the government to guarantee the bonds as the work progressed, and last session they got power to give the guarantee without conditions, so that now all the bonds have been issued. No plant has been provided for mining such as the government required, and the road is only built to Newcastle. The whole object of the bill was to was a prevision that the bill compel all companies to use the coal. Now. the object of bringing the coal to Fredericton has been entirely defeated. There is no money left to build

and Sheffield are without the means of

communication that were promised. The Central Railway from Chipman by rights. There are not many of them to Norton got a subsidy from the doand they are much sought after, and minion and provincial governments to we should obtain a much greater re- the amount of \$310,000. The new comvenue from them than this. Why it pany received a guarantee of \$200,000 wheat and only 206,610 bushels grown. would take five or six years' rental of from the provincial government to purthis power to pay a single trip of the chase this old road and put it in proper order. The New Brunswick com-With regard to the public debt of the pany obtained it without paying any-province, while it appears to be only er. There are \$450,000 of bonds which this company. The attorney general in sighing and pining to get upon the have guaranteed on account of the 1992 said that this would be a first class front benches. I can assure the gentle-Central railway, and \$250,000 for the road in every particular. But all last year it was unsafe and for six months to follow the men who sit upon the When we add up all the items for which we are liable we will find that our debt will be increased by about \$1,000,000. will be increased by about \$1,000,000. Senator King agreed to pay the wages follow the leader of the opposition is their development will not only bring Harry Clain of Newton and Ti In view of these facts we should ex-ercise a due economy, but we find that carried over the road. That road has cost this country upwards of \$900,000 and is not in a fit condition to carry traffic. The men who hold stock in it have not put a single dollar in the road. Mr. Hazen here read the list of the aftorney general should be acceptstockholders and said these are all ed by the whole house. It is only by good men, but they are much too sensible to invest in this road. The money which this road has cost has all come out of the coffers of the province. Yet the attorney general, who has been at the head and front of it, and with-

out whom nothing could be done, has been telling us that the road was to be placed in excellent condition. Hen. Mr. Pugsley-It is entirely in correct to say that I was concerned in the management of the road Mr. Hazen-I had claims against the

road and was told that I could do nothing without the attorney general. Hon, Mr. Pugsley-When the hon gentleman came to see me I told him that the company had asked for assistance, that the premier had declined it and that nothing could be done until he had agreed to give it.

Mr. Hazen-Telegrams were sent from Fredericton by the attorney general, stating that the bills would be

Hon. Mr. Pugsley-Can you produce any such telegrams I stated that before assistance could be given there would have to be legislation?

Mr. Hazen-Why, every person in St. John and Kings county knew that the attorney general was the whole shooting match. No doubt this last loar was given against the protest of the premier. Now, why should this province go into the railway business on this wholesale scale? The attorney general tells us that this move has been advanced on the certainty that it will be taken over by the G. T. P. Yet we know that the route of that railway has not been decided, and it is likely to go through the centre of the province. The road may not go to Chipman at all.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley-I have been told by the chairman of the railway commission that Chipman has been fixed

as an arbitrary point. Mr. Hazen-There are no arbitrary points except Quebec and Moncton. There is no certainty that the road will go to Chipman. This whole transaction has been simply characterized by recklessness of a more extreme character than was ever before heard of. The G. T. P. may or may not buy this road. If they do not they have every reason that this railway will become a charge on the people of this province. A few more words and I am done. Everyone must have remarked the wonderful change that has come over the spirit of the government in regard

to the dominion government. They have been complaining that the dominany necessity for a close season for satisfied with the manner in which they moose every five years. There are have been treated in Ottawa. There more more in the country today than there were five or ten years ago. I that when hon members who have been treated in Ottawa. There is so much red tape there we are told that when hon members who have been leaders in this house go to Ottather should be a bounty for killing wa they seem to forget that they bewild cats, for they destroy the young long to this province. Does that refer to the present minister of railways? to the present minister of railways?

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On every bottle of Liquozone we offer \$1,000 for a disease germ that it gen—is deadly to vegetal matter.

And it is the only way known to kill germs.

And it is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless ferm germ disease. It is this fact which gives Liquozone disease. It is this fact setting as a wonderful tonic, quickly which gives Liquozone disease, which have resisted meditesting the product for two years, the places, which have resisted medited in the product for two years, the places, which have resisted medited in the product for two years, the places, which have resisted medited in the product for two years, the places, which have resisted medited in the product for two years, which have resisted medited in the product for two yea

research.

The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve feed and blood from the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhibitating, whatling, purifying. Yet it is an absolutely certain germicide. The reason is that germs are vegetables;

what we have been told in years past. I truthfulness. And is this new cry an echo of what occurred tust before the last dominion election, when it is said an effort was ence in the government and to express being made to put the present minister of railways out of office and to put my appreciation of the great ability the attorney general in his place? partments, and to assure the house of Mr. Osman-It seems to me that the opposition are not willing to give the government credit for anything

attempted or accomplished. Take the question of wheat raising, was pretty freely discussed during the past few days. If the opposition speakers wished to make a fair and honest comparison of the benefits which the province has derived from the government policy of bonusing wheat grinding mills why did they not take the years previous to the inauguration of that policy and compare them with the years since? The opposition seem to take great satisfaction in showing, as they claim. that the production of wheat has been gradually falling off. If we take the figures for last year, 1904, we see that there were 20,010 acres under wheat producing 259,554 bushels, whereas in 1890 only 17,000 acres were planted to I have noticed that the members of the opposition have been extending considerable sympathy to we followers of the government who sit in the back row, and it seemed to be the opinion out any authority has loaned \$30,000 to of the gentlemen opposite that we are is skeptical regarding the future of the men opposite that we are quite happy

> With regard to the discussion over | will be of far greater benefit to the Oregon the representation and fisheries award cases, I think that so frank a statement as has been made to this house by the leader of the government and persistency that anything can be accomplished, and I feel sure that by the persistent and able manner in which our premier and the attorney general are pressing the claims of this province upon the attention of the federal government that they will eventually result in a settlement satisfactory to

Regarding the proposed changes in the game law, the proper time to discuss them will be when they come before the committee of the house. I would only say that it seems to me there has been a great deal of slaughtering of partridges in the past that ought to be stopped, and regarding the suggested bounty on wild cats, if all that is said about the wild cats killing the deer is true, some measures should be adopted to abate the nuisance.

I wish to congratulate the member for St. John city, who has so well addressed this house. It is a real pleasure to listen to him, and we know that he comes here enjoying a very excellent reputation for integrity and

SPECKS BEFORE THE EYES. Seeing Things In The Day Time.

There are Thousands of Persons Afflicted This Way. Ninety - Nine Times Out of One Hundred it is Caused by Either the Liver, Stemach, Bowels or Digestive Organs.

In ne part of the body are the effects of con-

In ne part of the body are the effects of constitution more quickly acticed than in the condition of the eyes. They quickly respond to the poissoness elements which are absorbed into the blood in chronic cases of liver terpidity and singuish howed action. When you see a yelloylest time in the whites of the eyes it shows quickly the bifureness which porractes the whole system; but it is the speciesand fifting objects in the vision itself that are own more quickly apparent. The unsueds of people see things in the dayline; their vision is blurred, their come between them and other objects which some quite intaugists, almost imaginary, and as they turn their heads they vanish at with a fact. Such conditions can always be traced to a torpid liver and a congested condition of the bowels, yet can always be cured by the well-advised use of Smith's Pinsongle and Enternut Pills, which can constitution as if hy mangic. They regulate the functions of the billions elements from the lives, remove the Billions elements from the lives, leading the liver cleaned withoutest procession of the strengthentials markets. If your eyes are clouded withoutest procession and buttornut Fills and gut the position as desired.

All genuine signed by W. F. Smith.



Germ Diseases.

Acts Like Oxygen.

Liquozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived sofely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process regulating immense apperatus and 14 days time. This process has for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

These are the known germ diseases. All that meticine due for these includes its to free Newton these are included and uncertain. Liquozone attacks the germs, where it may are and forever. That is inevitable.

Against Ansemia



Continuing, Mr. Osman said: I only

wish, in closing to reaffirm my confid-

ernment in all good and consistent leg-

it would not be out of place for me to

make a few observations upon some points raised by speakers opposite. We find the opposition devoting much time

to finding fault with the government

not in the government, have been and

are deeply interested. Netwithstanding

ed by unforeseen difficulties, I have as

abiding faith in the enormous develop-

ment of these coal areas as ever I had.

development of those great enterprises. There have been hindrances and there

coal fields of Queens and Sunbury to visit these localities, to ask manufac-

turers and others using this coal as

province by contributing to the build-

ing up of vast enterprises and indus

tries. It may be that had the govern

ment seen the difficulties and hind-

would have hesitated before going into

the enterprise and might have insisted

that greater financial assistance be

forthcoming before the government

committed itself. We acted in this

ing representative in this house. On-

the coal fields. It was shown that

those deposits contained one hundred

and fifty to two hundred mil-

lion tons of coal. All the influence

of the coal miners of Nova Scotis

this province. All possible influence was brought to bear upon the I. C. R.

to prevent them from giving the New

Brunswick coal a trial, and any encour

agement as to its use by the railway.

the trade which the Nova Scotia coal

mines enjoyed. It was upon those

considerations that we consented to

take hold and help. The provincial

secretary and the attorney general were

made members of the board of direc-

pany, so that our connection with the

enterprise was a public matter, and

made for good of the province and

that provincial interests might be more

of gentlemen were invited to lend their influence and ability to the enterprise

they were not asked nor expected to

The government had careful surveys

made of the proposed line of railway

from Chipman to Fredericton, and it

was thought best to first build the sec-

I am free now to say that had we

foreseen the difficulties and the ex-

mended commencing the railway at

Fredericton and extending eastward to

AN AGED PRIEST.

Rev. Domaise Dandurand, O. M. I., of

he archbishop's palace, St. Boniface,

the oldest priest of the 3,000 Oblate

been 65 years a pricet. Father Dan-

durand labored thirty years at Ot-

tawa, where he built the cathedral

Going west in 1875 he was in the active

ministry there until five years ago. At

says mass at six, breakfasts at seven

and other missellaneous work in con-

nection with the hospice.—Exchange.

of the railway.

the coal fields.

put much money into the enterprise

assuredly safeguarded, while a number

tors ex-officio of the developing com

Liquozone costs 50c. and \$1. CUT OUT THIS COUPON

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SUSSEX TOWN COUNCIL.

cil met on the 28th of March at 8 o'clcck p. m., those being present were shown by the heads of the several de- Mayor McKay and Aldermen McArpartments, and to assure the house of thur, McAllister Mills, Cripps and my determination to support the gov- Murray. After the fermal opening proceedings the minutes of the preislation.

Wious meeting were read by J. A.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said: I think that Freeze, town clerk, and approved by council. Several bills were passed and ordered to be paid. The following by-

1. A by-law to provide a form for by-laws for the town of Sussex. in connection with the coal areas of 2. A by-law to prescribe the form Queens and Sunbury, in which I, in of a bond to be entered into by the common with the other members of the town marshal, William McLeod, on his government, and many men who are appointment to the office 3. A by-law to prevent firing guns. fire crackers, etc., and loafing, etc., on

public streets. that the development has been retard-4. A by-law providing for the de-5. A by-law providing for the taxing of dogs in the town.

I could not justify our action by doing William McLeod, the town marshal, as the leader of the opposition has filed his bond, which was approved by frankly that we have been deeply disappointed at times regarding circumthe council. Council adjourned to meet Tuesday stances that have arisen to hinder the

April 4th next John Slipp of the Maritime Pac in Company has sold out his interest the same and leaves the company have been disappointmnts, but I have only to ask any member and man who the first of April.

Dr. and Mrs. S. H. Langstroth turned home today from Mon where Mrs. Langstroth has been John Gallagher of Corn Hill holm, left on Tuesday's C. P. R. fo

revenue to the provincial treasury, but Bell of Sussex left today for Por

GIBRALTAR, March 29. - The White matter only after the most criti-cal and impartial examination of the March 18, for Naples, with Secr enterprise by a committee composed of of State Hay and Mrs. Hay on I Hon. A. T. Dunn, Hon. Mr. Farris, arrived here this morning. and Hon. Mr. Hill, than whem there is terview, Mr. Hay said he felt no more conservative or more discern- better than when he left New He thoroughly enjoyed his trip Although Secretary Hay has im ly after these gentlemen had reported faborably the government was led to | ed, he has by no means recovered

assist in a railway enterprise to reach health. The Cretic will sail from here at

was against touching the deposits of Always had Weak Lungs before using Dr. Slocum's

(PRONOUNCED " SI-KEEN)

The greatest of tonic and disease destroyers.

Psychine Built Me Right Up.

Linden, N. S., June 7th, 1904. "I cannot speak too highly of your excellent - I may say invaluable-re medy for weakness of throat, lings on was thought best to first build the section from Chipman to the coal fields at ther and sister died of consumption, Newcastle and the contract was let for and I suppose I inherited a tendency that work, the idea being to develop the in this direction, but, thank God, coal areas along with the construction through the use of Psychine I today enjoy good health. I suffered for some two years from a distressing, obs cough and weak lungs. I used Paypense of keeping up the bridges of the me right up. My lungs are now strong chine and Oxomulsion, and they built Central Railway we might have recom- and I enjoy splendid health. "Yours truly,

"ELLA M. COVE." Psychine is the greatest protection against all disorders of Throat, Chest, Lungs and Stomach. If you are quick to catch cold, have pain on taking a long breath, or subject to catarrh of weakness of any kind, you need Psychine. The work of Psychine tells Manitoba, is said to be the senior Rom-an Catholic clergyman in Canada and building up. A few dollars spent in Psychine will bring health to your Fathers in the world. He is 87 and has home.

PSYCHINE is prenounced SI-KEEN.

ministry there until five years ago. At present he rises at five every morning, says mass at six breatfasts at seven there advice or information write of and spends the forenoon in teaching Street West, Toronto, Canada. call. Dr. Slocum, Limited, 179 King