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## A Paper for the Western Home

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### ARCHDUKE JOSEPH REGENT OF HUNGARY

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 9. — A despatch from Budapest says the new ministry at its first meeting yesterday resolved to recognize Archduke Joseph as regent until a national assembly is elected, "so that in these unsettled times there may be one firm centre in the country."

The archduke then entered, and after a short speech by Premier Friedrich, the ministers took the oath to the archduke. He asked them to do their utmost to support him in Hungary's reconstruction.

Rumanians at Boundary of Budapest.

COPENHAGEN. — When the Rumanian troops arrived at the city boundary of Budapest, where they were met by Joseph Haubrich, war minister in the Hungarian government, and the burgomaster, the Rumanian commander, General Bureson, informed them he had no instructions to occupy the city itself, but only the country up to the city boundary, according to Budapest advice. He said he would not interfere with the preservation of order in the capital.

Minister Haubrich placed two cavalry barracks in the outer confines of the city at the disposal of the Rumanians, and issued an order enjoining the inhabitants to maintain good behavior toward the Rumanians on pain of severe penalties.

### Allies Bring Pressure on Rumanians.

PARIS. — Herbert Hoover, head of the inter-Allied relief commission, has stopped all relief supplies on their way to Budapest, taking the position that he would be unwarranted in letting supplies reach Hungary while the Rumanians are now depriving the people of foodstuffs.

Members of the United States peace delegation said this evening that there are no United States troops now in Budapest, and that none will be sent there. It was added that the only United States citizens in the Hungarian capital are officers, and possibly a few soldiers engaged in relief work.

The supreme council has sent a note to the Rumanian authorities begging them to conform to the decisions of the entente and not to embarrass by previous decisions, the work of the inter-Allied investigating commission sent to Budapest.

Britain Protests at Barbarities.

LONDON, Aug. 9. — General Gordon, British representative on the inter-Allied military commission, appointed by the Allies to arrange a settlement at Budapest, visited the Rumanian commander at Budapest on Friday, to protest against the excesses of the Rumanian troops, according to advices received from Vienna. The commander declined to accept General Gordon's letter of protest.

### Over 50,000 Killed by Lava Streams

Molten Stream Ten Miles Wide And Four Deep Does Terrible Damage

SINGAPORE, Aug. 10. — The awful scenes which prevailed when the volcano of Kalut in Java burst into eruption on May 20, destroyed twenty-six villages and caused a loss of life estimated by some at 50,000, are vividly described by Miss E. W. Cranen, who has arrived here from Sourabaya.

A river of boiling mud and lava which overwhelmed the village of Biltar, where Miss Cranen was staying, she says, was ten miles wide and four feet deep.

The first symptoms of the coming eruption, Miss Cranen said, were sounds like thunder and vivid flashes in the sky. Enormous boulders were flung from the volcano into the lowlands around it for immense distances. There was pitch darkness owing to a rain of ashes.

Then came warning to the occupants of the hotel at Biltar that the river of lava and mud was approaching.

"We were almost beside ourselves as to what to do to avoid a hideous end," she said. Twenty-four of those staying at the hotel escaped death in the boiling mud by fleeing in an automobile driven by the wife of the assistant resident commissioner.

According to Miss Cranen the river of mud ran for three hours and wrought fearful damage to life and property.

### Andrew Carnegie Dead

LENNOX, Mass., Aug. 11. — Andrew Carnegie, steel magnate and philanthropist, died at his summer home "Shadow Brook" at 7.10 in his 84th year this morning, after an illness of less than three days with bronchial pneumonia.

Carnegie was one of the world's most interesting figures for his wealth, his benefactions, his sayings and out-of-the-world methods. He gave the money to build the Peace Temple at the Hague and nearly every city on the American Continent has one of the Carnegie libraries within its boundary.

Carnegie was once considered to be worth half a billion of dollars.

### MANY DEFAULTERS IN JAIL

QUEBEC. — There are 122 inmates at present in the Quebec jail, 80 of whom are defaulters under the M.S.A. who have been condemned to one-month terms.

### Mackenzie King Chosen as Liberal Leader

MAJORITY OVER FIELDING 38.

Historic Convention of Liberals Adopted Low Tariff Resolution and Gave Pledge to Farmers in Announcing Sweeping Instalment of Free Trade When Returned to Power.

OTTAWA, Aug. 8. — Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, minister of labor in the Laurier administration, is the new leader of the Liberal party. He was so acclaimed on the eve of the close of the national Liberal convention tonight, when his most formidable rival, Hon. W. S. Fielding, moved that his election be made unanimous. Mr. King, who subsequently spoke, was given an ovation, as was also Mr. Fielding, when he congratulated his successful opponent on his victory.

The vote was 476 for Mr. King and 438 for Mr. Fielding, majority for the former of 38.

The new leader will have to seek election before he can actively take up his new duties. Election will probably be sought for him in Glenagarry and Stormont. In the meantime, with the defeat of Mr. Mackenzie, parliamentary Liberals will be leaderless.

The national Liberal convention was the greatest political gathering in the history of Canada. With bands playing and flags flying, two thousand people thronged into the Howick pavilion on August 5, listened to inspiring speeches, acclaimed the party leaders, and afterwards got down to the serious work of the convention. The fact that all the eight Liberal premiers were here, the majority of whom supported the Union government, is a sign of the unity which prevailed and of the desire to efface past differences. Premier Martin, Norris, Stewart and Oliver were most conspicuous of the group.

The first day in the convention was devoted largely to organization and the appointment of committees, which subsequently withdrew and got down to work. Then the faithful listened to such inspiring speeches calculated to stir the party spirit, but with the West playing the role of the ginger group of the gathering. A speech by the Hon. Alphonse Turgeon, attorney-general of Saskatchewan, which called for action, not words was a notable feature of this character.

Consideration of resolutions was the business taken up when the convention resumed work the second day.

Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture for Alberta, who was called upon for a speech declared that he would "be glad to burn every custom house between Canada and U. S."

Mr. Hartley H. Dewar, Ontario Liberal leader, who followed declared that the Union government, which had been named to govern on one issue, was abusing its power.

### Horrible Fatality At Montreal

Seven Burned To Death When Part of Amusement Resort Destroyed

MONTREAL, Aug. 10. — Charred beyond the possibility of recognition, the bodies of three men; three women and a boy were recovered tonight from the ruins of the Mystic Hill and part of the Seenic Railway, which were destroyed by fire at Dominion Park, an amusement resort near this city. It is thought that several more bodies will be recovered tomorrow when the wreck is searched. The exact cause is unknown, but it is thought it may have been started by a cigarette or a match. The flames spread quickly and were fanned by a westerly wind, which blew toward the river front, and it is to this that is due the salvation of the entire park.

When the firemen arrived the Mystic Hill was enveloped in flames. They heard shouts for help and moans of agony, but it was impossible to aid the victims. They broke down the walls, and in this way got a few persons out. When the Seenic Railway was felled with a crash into a roaring furnace, it is stated that there was a carload of people on it at the time. The only way the firemen could tell the sex of one of the bodies they recovered was by a gold watch. Two other bodies were found closely huddled together and later the body of what is believed to have been a boy was found. One of the bodies had neither head, arms, legs, nor was there anything by which it could be identified. Many rumors spread through the city during the evening and immense crowds poured in to the park. Thousands visited the scene of the disaster. The presence of firemen and the liberal sprinkling of water throughout the entire resort did not prevent the people from entering the various side shows.

He told the convention "that Ontario was getting rid of its middlemen," and declared that it was the duty of Liberals to fight for the rights of the people.

A resolution condemning the government because it has not properly enforced the income tax law moved by Capt. B. W. Wilton, of W. A. Lafontaine, M.P., was carried unanimously.

Without going into the wealth of detail set forth by the Canadian Council of Agriculture in its tariff platform, the Liberal party of Canada in national convention assembled endorsed the main features of the farmers' platform and gave a special and binding pledge to implement by legislation the provisions of its tariff resolution when returned to power.

All attempts made, first in the resolutions committee by manufacturers and others, and later in open convention, to induce the Liberals to confine themselves to generalities and not definitely commit themselves to specific action, failed. The plea that it was not good political strategy to be definite with concrete and detailed policies and pledges was answered by the ringing declaration, loudly applauded by the delegates, that the people were sick and completely nauseated with political strategy and wanted the truth.

The honor of presenting the Tariff resolution was entrusted to Hon. Geo. Langley, a Saskatchewan minister, and a member of the Canadian Council of Agriculture.

The resolution follows:

### Sensational Charges Against Ministers

GRAVE SOLDIER'S VOTE SCANDAL — PREMIER BORDEN AND HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN CHARGED WITH DIRECT COMPLICITY IN VOTE FRAUDS.

OTTAWA, Aug. 7. — A veritable bombshell was thrown into the national Liberal convention this afternoon by J. E. Adamson of Winnipeg. It was a bombshell which might shake Union government to its very foundation, already not very secure.

Speaking to a resolution calling for an investigation by royal commission into the soldiers' vote frauds in France and England, Mr. Adamson directly charged Premier Borden and Hon. Arthur Meighen with direct complicity in those frauds. Suddenly and dramatically, Mr. Adamson produced and read a telegram from Meighen to Borden outlining how soldiers' votes should be allocated to certain constituencies in order to secure the defeat of Liberal candidates.

A second telegram from Senator Sharpe to Senator Tanner, of Halifax, gave names of constituencies in Manitoba and Saskatchewan to which the soldiers' votes should be switched.

Another telegram from Senator Sharpe to Premier Borden's private secretary, A. E. Blount, now clerk of the senate, gave positive orders that Judge Duff of the supreme court of Canada should be influenced not to give any decision in the famous Hutchings' exemption appeal case until after the election was over.

The resolution adopted reads: "Whereas it has been openly charged that there was a conspiracy to carry out an elaborate system of frauds in connection with the military voters part of the War Time Elections act for the purpose of overcoming the voice of the honest electorate of the Dominion, involving the voting of unqualified persons, double voting personation, ballot stuffing, and the illegal switching or transferring of tens of thousands of votes to constituencies other than those in which the military voters were known to be entitled to vote; and whereas it has been openly charged that these frauds would have been impossible without large numbers of

**Tariff Resolution Adopted**  
"That the best interests of Canada demand that substantial reductions of the burdens of customs taxation be made with a view to the accomplishing of two purposes of the highest importance: First, diminishing the very high cost of living which presses so severely on the masses of the people; second, reducing the cost of the instruments of production in the industries based on the natural resources of the Dominion, the vigorous development of which is essential to the progress of our country."

"That to these ends, wheat, wheat flour, and all products of food, farm implements and machinery, farm tractors, mining, flour and sawmill machinery and repair parts thereof; rough and dressed lumber, gasoline, illuminating, lubricating and fuel oils, etc., nets, net twines, and fishermen's equipments; cements and fertilizers, should be free from customs duties, as well as the raw material entering into the same."

"That a revision downwards of the tariff should be made whereby substantial reductions should be effected in the duties on wearing apparel, and footwear and on other articles of general consumption (other than luxuries) as well as on the raw material entering into the manufacture of the same."

"That the British preference be increased to 50 per cent. of the general tariff, and the Liberal party pledges itself to implement by legislation the provision of this revision when returned to power."

(Continued on Page 4.)

### PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT TO AID STOCK OWNERS

BUYERS WILL BE SENT TO ANY DISTRICT, WHERE YOUNG CATTLE CAN BE BOUGHT IN CAR LOTS

To assist the farmers in the drought-stricken areas, as well as to conserve the high-grade breeding stock of cattle in the province, the Saskatchewan department of agriculture is arranging for the purchase in carload lots of yearlings or two-year-old heifers, which will be bought for cash and sold on easy terms to farmers in districts where feed is available.

While the joint action of the railways and the federal and provincial governments in arranging for free movement of stock feed for small stock owners will help to tide over those who have lost their crops, some will have to reduce their livestock. Buyers will be sent from the livestock branch of the Department of Agriculture to any district where a carload of yearlings or two-year-old heifers can be made up, to inspect the cattle with a view to purchasing at current market prices. The Co-operative organization branch will also on request, send to any district an experienced stockman to aid in receiving, marketing and forwarding its first shipment of stock consigned to Winnipeg or the nearest large market.

Hay Areas Located.

Every effort has been made by the Saskatchewan department of agriculture to secure information in regard to hay lands, grazing lands and areas where hay may be purchased as well as exact information as to the probable shortage. There is plenty of pasture available in the northeastern part of the province, but available hay is more scattered, though a number of areas where hay can be had have been mapped out.

There is practically no hay suitable for cutting on the forest reserves. Small areas probably can be secured in all of the northern forest reserves, but would require personal inspection. On Dominion lands there is a certain amount of hay land that can be leased, and also pasture. The following are the principal hay areas about which information has been secured:

(1)—At Hudson Bay Junction and Roscoe on the C.N.R., particularly townships 44 and 45, ranges 31 and 32, west of 1st.

(2)—A large amount of hay land is available in the valley of the Saskatchewan, north of the Pasqua Hills. This however, is rather unaccessible country, being got at most readily from The Pas, Manitoba, or from some of the stations between Hudson Bay Junction and The Pas.

(3)—Considerable land north of Fort LaCorne Forest Reserves.

(4)—Considerable land on the Big River Branch north of Prince Albert, which escaped the fires last spring and is not covered with timber.

(5)—Hay meadows at Meadow Lake and Waterhen River, about sixty miles north of Turtleford.

### Hay For Sale.

Besides these points there will be a certain amount of hay for sale in the Quill Lake district; around Pessano, Crooked River and Tisdale, and around Kamisack and Pelly, but these supplies have probably in some cases at least been already contracted for.

J. G. Robertson, livestock commissioner, is anxious that the farmers who are shipping hay out from the dry area into the better-favored sections or who wish to secure free freight on hay, should know exactly what regulations are being imposed in order to avoid delay and confusion.

### Many Applications.

At present the livestock branch is working at high pressure to cope with the applications for these concessions which are coming in. To have having outfits transported free, the applicant must make his application direct to the Saskatchewan department of agriculture and must indicate the stations from which he is shipping from and to. No farmer will be allowed to ship more than one car of hay out of it, and what this may contain, can be secured from the local agent. Certificates for transportation must all be signed by F. H. Auld, deputy minister of agriculture and W. H. Tallis, representative of the markets division of the Federal livestock branch, and these will be mailed to all applicants who comply with the reasonable conditions which have been imposed.

### Drastic Control of Cost of Living

Realized Necessary in United States

RAILROAD STRIKE SPREADING AND LABOR HEADS CAN NOT CHECK MOVEMENT.

WASHINGTON. — Congress devoted further attention to the general subject of living costs, with the senate agricultural committee voting to begin hearing August 18 on bills by Senators Kenyon, of Iowa, and Kendrick, of Wyoming, proposing federal regulation of the meat packing industry.

Senator Johnson, Democrat, South Dakota, told the committee drastic action must be taken to meet the present situation. "If we don't, we will have a revolution," said he. "It is in the air."

Above that serious the threat of an even more serious labor situation, the demand of all the organized railroad industry that the profits of the business be overhauled to retire private capital and create a new tripartite control.

Reports began coming in saying that unless railroad equipment can be kept in running order, mills, mines and factories will be threatened with closing. It was reported that there are more than 200,000 cars now out of commission.

Formal announcement was made on the final tabulations in the referendum conducted among business men by the chamber of commerce of the United States on the question of government ownership of railroads. More than 99 per cent. of the vote, the official announcement said, was against it.

Meanwhile, threats of hundreds of thousands of railroad employees to go on strike to force higher wages.

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the appointees of the crown attorney co-operating and committing perjury; and whereas it has been openly charged that these colossal frauds were perpetrated under the direction and connivance of cabinet ministers, military officers and civilian officials holding influential and responsible positions; and whereas it has been alleged that persons were officially known to be immediately implicated in the direction and control of these frauds and where subsequently recommended by the prime minister for imperial honors and the hands of His Majesty the King; therefore, this convention hereby demands the appointment of an impartial royal commission, with unlimited power and authority, to institute full and exhaustive enquiry into the conduct of every phase of the illegal and other fraudulent practices in connection with the elections held under the aforesaid Military Votes act, and this convention also demands the punishment of every person, military or civilian, who may be proved to have been implicated in the before-mentioned election frauds."

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