

SCHEIDEMANN GOVERNMENT HAS QUIT

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GERMANY AGREES TO SIGN PEACE TREATY, IS REPORT

GERMAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY REPORTED TO HAVE AGREED TO SIGN THE PEACE TREATY

Another Dispatch Says That Germans Have Requested an Extension of the Time Limit in Order To Give Further Consideration To Conditions.

London, June 20.—The German National Assembly at Weimar has accepted the peace treaty, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Paris.

ASK FOR FURTHER EXTENSION.

Paris, June 20.—It is reported here that the Germans have asked for a further extension of the time limit within which to act on the peace treaty.

WILL SIGN WITHOUT DOUBT.

London, June 20.—The signing of the peace treaty by Germany, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, quoting advice from Weimar says, is as certain as if the signature had already been put to the document.

FOUR CABINET MEMBERS FAVOR SIGNING.

Coblenz, June 19.—Four members of the German Cabinet favor acceptance of the revised peace terms, according to the correspondent of the Cologne Zeitung, telegraphing from Weimar. Those who favor signing the treaty, his dispatch said, are Matthias Erzberger, Johannes Bell, Gustav Noske and Eduard David.

The Frankfurt Zeitung, editorially has taken a firm position in favor of the acceptance of the treaty. The newspaper says that the most desperate move of all would be to allow the Allies to force Germany to accept peace by further military advances into parts of Germany now unoccupied by them.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F. TO MEET IN LONDON NEXT YEAR

London is to be the scene of the Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Oddfellows, in June, 1920. This was decided at the annual meeting in Toronto this morning, and the news will be welcomed with joy here. Some time ago the chamber of commerce urged that the city make every effort to bring the grand lodge here, and J. H. Lawson was appointed, with representatives of the city council, to go to Toronto today and offer the Oddfellows hospitality. They were empowered to state that the C. of C. would give a handsome silver cup for the lodge which had the most men present in uniform.

STEAMER MONTEAGLE DOCKS WITH TROOPS FROM SIBERIAN TRIP

Victoria, June 19.—The steamer Montague docked here today with 747 Canadian members of the Siberian expeditionary force on board, under command of Major-Gen. Elmslie. There were 63 officers in the party. The vessel carried 600,000 tons of army supplies. She left for Vancouver later. Eight Russian stowaways were discovered on board. They had hidden themselves away and later managed to secure possession of some Canadian uniforms.

FRENCH POLITICIAN DOUBTS WHETHER GERMANY CAN PAY

Paris, June 19.—On discussing the proposed budget for the coming year in the Chamber of Deputies today, Raoul Paret, head of the budget committee, said it was impossible to expect Germany to meet the cost of rehabilitating regions devastated during the war. "We don't know, and shall not know for a long time, the exact sum the enemy must pay to victorious France," he said. "The treaty of peace gives no precise information on that point. As it is, the reparations committee has the right even to remit part or all Germany's debt."

What's Doing Tonight?

THEATRES.

Grand—May Allison in "Castles in the Air." Grand vaudeville.
Majestic—William S. Hart in "The Money Corral" and vaudeville.
Patricia—Madge Kennedy in "Daughter of Mine" and vaudeville.

OTHER EVENTS.

Exhibition—Official war pictures at the Armories.
Art Exhibit—Manual training and domestic science work by public schools, Ryerson School.
Kiwaning Lodge, No. 64, A. F. and M. L.—Meets at Masonic Temple at 7:30 p.m.
Metal Trades Council—Meets at 8 o'clock, corner of Adelaide and Dundas streets.
H. D. S. A.—Meets in new club rooms at 8 p.m.
Peony Society—Holds flower show in hydro building.

BOLSHEVIKI TO BE LIKE RATS LEAVING A SHIP

Magistrate Miers of Windsor Sees End of Radical Element.

Windsor, June 20.—"The spirit of the right-minded people will prevail, and before long the Bolsheviks will be like rats leaving a ship," said Justice Magistrate Miers in police court today, when commenting upon the provocation plea entered by Barrister Fred Kerby on behalf of Constant Bajoko, a Russian, charged with assaulting Michael Knopka, a fellow countryman, who is alleged to have been active as a Bolshevik organizer in the border cities.

On the night of June 16, Knopka was beaten up and kicked by the accused for soliciting subscriptions for Red literature and the Bolshevik cause.

"Bajoko is to be commended for his action," said the court, "but he should not have taken the law into his own hands."

He found him guilty of common assault and imposed a nominal fine of \$5.

Bajoko admitted the charge, and claimed that the Bolsheviks in the border cities sneered at him because he would not join the movement, and believed in God and the church.

The crown will further investigate Plaintiff Knopka, who admitted that he was not engaged in work of any kind.

At the close of the meeting it was stated that the Kiwanis Club was taking steps with the Rotary Club and other representative associations of the employers' class to do whatever might be necessary to handle the situation as developed with regard to the more advanced Socialist elements.

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A HAPPY WOMAN



Adventurer Illustration
Mrs. H. G. Hawkers and her daughter, Pamela, photographed after the news of her husband's safety had arrived.

POLICE CALLED WHEN THIS WILD EDITOR GETS GOING BEFORE HIGH COST OF LIVING BOARD

Toronto Man Advises That Plan Be Adopted At Once.

TO COMBAT UNREST
Kiwanis and Rotary Clubs of Montreal Considering Action.

Montreal, June 20.—In the course of a fighting speech to the Kiwanis Club yesterday, James G. Merriek, secretary of the Employers' Association of Toronto, urged a representative gathering of employers to form an employers' organization on a strong basis, and to make plans to combat the growth of revolutionary sentiment amongst employees.

He especially urged that as the workers were organized and apertinent drifting toward dangerous channels, the employers should organize and take steps to combat the danger of socialist, or even Bolshevik tendencies.

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Scheidemann Ministry of Germany Falls; Likely To Be Succeeded By Cabinet That Will Sign the Peace Treaty

5,744 CANADIAN SOLDIERS HOME ON AQUITANIA

Largest Number of Dominion's Fighters Ever Returned On One Ship.

DOCKED AT HALIFAX

Giant Transport Reaches the Atlantic Port At Early Hour Today.

Halifax, N. S., June 20.—The transport Aquitania from England, with 5,744 Canadian troops, said to be the largest number of Dominion soldiers brought home on one ship, arrived in port at 5:45 this morning and docked at pier No. 2 at 7 o'clock.

The following officers arrived on the steamer:
Major W. H. Lyntler, Guelph.
Capt. J. F. Ritchie, Meaford.
Lieut. W. J. Fair, Midland.
Lieut. C. A. Buck, Norwich.
Capt. W. H. Winn, New Hamburg.

Lieut. R. Henderson, Lieut. R. G. Henderson, St. Thomas.
Capt. A. J. Taylor, Southampton.

Sir George E. Foster was among those to arrive on the Aquitania. Sir George addressed the troops at an entertainment held in behalf of the seamen's fund on Tuesday afternoon. He said he had no guess to make as to whether or not the Germans would sign the peace treaty and no comment to make on the work of the peace conference. He thought that people in Canada knew quite as much concerning the trend of affairs in Paris as those responsible for the direction of those affairs. The peace makers had been overwhelmed with a mass of details concerning the specific work to which each had been assigned, and it was exceedingly difficult for them to obtain a proper perspective of the percentages as a whole.

Flavelle Returns Home.
Principal F. C. Harrison of MacDonnell College, St. Anne de Bellevue, told of the work of the Khaki University, which closes its day today, and to which he has been attached. He stated that a large proportion of Canada's overseas army had selected farming for their life's work, and an amazing number had settled on the Peace River district as the scene of their future operations. Most of the men wanted to cash in as quickly as possible, and for this reason favored wheat farming in the west. He stated that five hundred men in all had been placed in British universities, while thousands more had been helped in their courses and studies.

Other prominent Canadians returning on the ship included Sir Joseph and Lady Flavelle.

There were no units aboard, the list being made up of details from Seaford, Ripon and Kinnel camps. The senior officer aboard was Brig-Gen. C. J. Armstrong, C.B., C.M.G., of Montreal, late chief engineer of the Canadian Army Corps.

Wilson Lauds World League in Speech in Belgian Chamber.

U. S. President Declares It To Be "League of Rights."

Brussels, June 20.—President Wilson, in an address today before the Belgian Chamber of Deputies, declared that the league of nations, "as the child of this great war," is a "league of rights," and that "no thoughtful statesman who let his thoughts run into the future could wish for a moment to slacken these bonds."

He added that "any nation which declines to adhere to this covenant deliberately turns away from the most telling appeal that has ever been made to its conscience and its manhood."

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 84; lowest, 64.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 76; lowest, 64.

Downfall Due To Chancellor's Objection To Revised Peace Terms—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau To Step Down With Others—Gustav Noske, Minister of Defence, Is Reported To Be Forming a New Cabinet.

REPORTS PRONOUNCED PREMATURE.
Paris, June 20.—All reports concerning changes in the German Cabinet are premature, says an official German wireless message sent from Nauen at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The message adds that the National Assembly failed to get a majority of its members to favor the signing of the peace terms.

The text of the message reads: "The National Assembly at Weimar tried to constitute a majority in favor of signing the peace treaty. That was impossible because of the division among the parties."

"All news regarding changes in the cabinet is premature."

TO ACT TEMPORARILY.
Weimar, June 20.—The Cabinet, although it has resigned, will continue in office temporarily until President Ebert has been able to form a new one.

Paris, June 19.—The Scheidemann Government of Germany has fallen, it was learned here today. News of the event, reported during the morning, was confirmed later by military and through Coblenz from both Weimar and Berlin.

The downfall of the Scheidemann Government was known to the peace conference. It is believed to assure the signing of the peace treaty by Germany, as Philip Scheidemann, premier, was understood to be chief opponent to the signing of revised peace terms.

The early reports stated that Gustav Noske, minister of defence, was forming a cabinet to succeed the Scheidemann cabinet.

Previous advices had indicated that four members of the Scheidemann Cabinet were insisting upon the signing of the treaty, and it is presumed here that this caused the fall of the ministry.

WEIMAR DISPATCH.
The following dispatch was received from Weimar, dated yesterday: "The German cabinet will fall tonight, it is learned from authentic sources. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the foreign minister, and Philip Scheidemann, the chancellor, with a few others, will resign, because they will not sign the treaty. Gustav Noske, minister of defence, or Herman Mueller, Majority Socialist leader, will be chosen chancellor by President Ebert, it is said."

Noske is very popular, not only with the right wing of his own party, but with the Conservatives, since he was able to protect property during recent disorders in Berlin.

He is unpopular and even hated, by the Radicals of his party and the Independent Socialists, because of the rigor with which he suppressed disturbances. The new cabinet, according to report, will sit until 3 o'clock Friday morning, and will presumably settle the question of signing the treaty. It is expected to accept the Allied terms, although experts who have considered the treaty have unanimously rejected it as impossible.

SOME TO RETAIN OFFICE.
Several members of the old cabinet will retain office, among them being Matthias Erzberger and Eduard David.

Baron von Richthofen said this afternoon that the new cabinet will sign the treaty, but "on condition." Although he did not state what conditions were meant, it is believed they will be in the form of demands upon the Entente, the granting or refusal of which would not hinder the signing of the treaty.

NOSKE TO SUCCEED SCHEIDEMANN.
Coblenz, June 20.—Gustav Noske, minister of defence, will succeed Philip Scheidemann as head of the German ministry, according to a Weimar dispatch received here today. Matthias Erzberger of the German armistice commission will succeed Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau as head of the German peace delegation, the message adds.

Members of German Assembly Divided In Their Views On Question of Signing Treaty

London, June 20.—A Reuter dispatch from Weimar states that a meeting on Thursday of the Central members of the German National Assembly, decided by a four-fifths majority in favor of signing the treaty of peace, with reservations regarding responsibility for the war and the honor of the German nation. The German national party, it is stated, is unanimously resolved against signing. Fifty-six members of the German Democratic party voted against signing the Allied terms, while eight others voted that the treaty be signed conditionally, and one was in favor of signing without condition.

AMERICAN LABOR IS TO CO-OPERATE WITH CANADIAN UNIONISTS

Decision To This Effect Taken At Atlantic City Convention.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 20.—The American Federation of Labor, at yesterday's session of its annual convention, adopted a report providing that all labor organizations in the United States should closely co-operate with trade unionists in Canada in establishing stable conditions and should give Canadian members of the international organization advice and counsel, and call attention to the sinister influences which are working in Canada to split up organized labor.

THE WEATHER
TOMORROW—WARMER.
Toronto, June 20.—8 a.m. Forecast: Light and moderate winds, fair.
Today—Light and moderate winds, fair.
Saturday—Light winds, fair and decidedly warmer.
Temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:
Stations ... High ... Low ... Weather.
Victoria ... 68 ... 50 ... Fair.
Calgary ... 52 ... 26 ... Fair.
Winnipeg ... 54 ... 34 ... Clear.
Port Arthur ... 52 ... 31 ... Clear.
Perry Sound ... 52 ... 36 ... Fair.
Port Stanley ... 56 ... 38 ... Cloudy.
Buffalo ... 52 ... 72 ... Cloudy.
Toronto ... 50 ... 68 ... Rain.
Kinston ... 52 ... 68 ... Rain.
Ottawa ... 54 ... 64 ... Fair.
Montreal ... 50 ... 62 ... Cloudy.
Quebec ... 50 ... 60 ... Fair.
Weather Notes.
Thunder storms have occurred in many parts of Ontario and Quebec and New Brunswick. The temperature was over 30 degrees yesterday over large portion of Alberta, Saskatchewan, Ontario and Quebec, and the weather has become warmer in the Maritime Provinces.