

FOR SALE \$25,000

N.W. CORNER OF DANFORTH AND CARLAW

PROBS: Strong S.E. to S.W. winds

The Toronto World

MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 28 1918

VOL. XXXVIII.—No. 13,855 TWO CENTS

FOR RENT

First Floor 12 QUEEN ST. EAST

any a Day...

and \$40... day at

sted and Cheviot... of Brown, Grey, and Mixed Effects

ican makers... so it means... fabrics and... 0.00, \$35.00

s Ribbed Worsteds... Per Pair \$1.00

Hose "Penangle" brand all... red linen special... Medium weight and... Sizes 9 1/2 to 11. Pair.

Hose - ribbed worsted... black and grey - good... tight - seamless foot. Sizes... Pair, \$1.00.

Hose - hand machine knit... wool, grey, natural, and... pure wool, closely knit... weight. All sizes. Pair.

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Store Will Open Monday... Changed Time - Or One... ater Than Today's Time.

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Knit, Duofold, tson Brands

mild today and chilly... ready for emergencies... warm winter under...

Combinations. All sizes.

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Light weight wool. 5.00.

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field's Red Label Under- shirts and drawers. Sizes 4. A garment, \$2.75.

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old Combinations, wool... ton mixture. Sizes 84 to... be suit, \$7.50.

Flannelette Pyjamas - All... \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25 and...

Flannelette Nightgowns... sizes, \$2.25, \$2.75 and...

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C.P.R. STEAMER WRECKED NOT A SOUL SURVIVED

Passenger Vessel With 346 on Board Driven on Reef Between Skagway and Juneau and Sunk.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 27.—Pounded by mountainous waves and driven before a wind of terrible severity, the C.P.R. steamer Princess Sophia, amid from the comparative safety of Vanderbilt reef, in Lynn Canal, midway between Skagway and Juneau, early Friday evening and carried 346 persons, passengers and crew, men, women and children, to their deaths in the raging northern waters. There were no survivors on the ship Skagway Wednesday evening lost for Vancouver with a passenger list made up largely of Dawson people and Alaskans from interior points came to get "outside" for the winter. Four hours out she ran into a blinding snowstorm in which it is supposed she got out of her course slightly and piled up on the reef where she rested for more than 40 hours in what was thought to be a position of no danger. Lighthouses and search boats responded to the wireless calls for assistance, and the Princess Alice was despatched from Vancouver to take over the passengers.

Even though the seas were running too high to permit of the transference of the passengers on board on Friday, no alarm was felt. Captain F. L. Lockwood of Victoria, a veteran seaman of the northern coast, on the night of the disaster, had wireless his office here that the ship was in trouble. The ship was on the reef with her bottom badly damaged, but she was not taking water, and the passengers were normal. It is evident that he believed the Sophia was planted so firmly on the rocks as to be secured from the severity of the storm which continued to rage.

Swamp Had Disappeared. Friday morning the United States lighthouse tender, Cedar, had got within 400 yards of the Sophia, but her anchors would not hold on the rocky sea bottom, and the seas forced her back. The waves were such that life-boats could not have lived. When fastened down the Sophia was still on the reef. The wind increased, and the air was filled with snow. At 8 o'clock the Cedar picked up the last wireless from the Sophia. The Sophia was sinking. She had been driven across the reef into deep water, in which her shattered bottom offered no support, and she filled quickly and went down. The Cedar rushed to the vicinity, but could see nothing of the Sophia. When morning broke her foremast was visible above the water. There was no sign of life, no wreckage, and the bodies had scattered if they had not gone down with the ship.

It was not until late Saturday afternoon that word of the disaster came. Unconfirmed reports carried up and down the coast earlier in the day that the Sophia had gone down, and these were finally confirmed by a wireless message from Juneau. Details have come thru slowly.

No Hope of Survivors. The body of one woman was picked up, with four overturned boats on Lincoln Island Sunday morning. Reports to Canadian Pacific Railway officials in Victoria today, announce the recovery of nine more bodies, eight of them women, and all, so far, unidentified. Four of the bodies were on one of the Sophia's collapsible rafts. The message added that there was no sign of life and no hope of any survivors. Vanderbilt reef, it is pointed out, is three and one-half miles from the nearest point where boats would drift ashore, and it was impossible that rafts or lifeboats or passengers with life-belts could have survived for such a distance in the huge seas which prevailed Friday night. The search for bodies is being maintained.

The passenger list was cabled from Skagway Saturday night and shows that 255 passengers sailed on the Sophia, of whom 239 were men, 27 women and 18 children. The crew comprised 61 persons, including one woman, Miss H. Browning of Vancouver, a stewardess. According to these figures, there were 246 persons aboard, 290 men, 28 women, and 18 children. The passenger list gave the names only and it was impossible to identify all of them.

Yukon Member on Board. The City of Dawson was hard hit, and despatches from that city state almost two-thirds of the passengers were Dawsonites. William O'Brien, member of the Yukon legislature, and of the Dawson City Council, accompanied by his wife and five children, was on board. William Scouse of Seattle, who was lost, hoisted the first bucket of fabulously rich gold gravel on Eldorado, the most noted of Yukon creeks. The Sophia is reported from Dawson to have carried a cargo of gold worth a million dollars or more. She had a score or two of horses, but otherwise little cargo. Most of the passengers belonged to Yukon and Alaska and the Pacific coast, and none have been identified as yet as belonging to eastern Canada. Included in the crew was C. J. Black, of the camp at Campbellton, Ont., assistant purser.

GERMANY AWAITS THE FIRST STEP

Answers Wilson's Note by Telling of Government Changes.

PREPARING THE TERMS

Lloyd George and Balfour Off to France for a Conference.

Copenhagen, Oct. 27.—Germany's answer to President Wilson's latest communication says: "The German Government has taken cognizance of the answer of the President of the United States. The president is aware of the far-reaching changes which have been carried out and are being carried out in the German constitutional structure, and that peace negotiations are being conducted by a people's government, in whose hands rests, both actually and constitutionally, the power to make the deciding conclusions. The military powers are subject to it."

The German Government now awaits proposals for an armistice, which shall be the first step towards just peace, as the president has described it in his proclamation, signed Oct. 11.

To Prepare Terms. London, Oct. 27.—It is understood in authoritative quarters that the allied governments will not reveal their armistice terms until Germany has replied to President Wilson's last note.

Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour, accompanied by naval and military officers, have gone to France.

Austria is Conciliatory. Beale, Oct. 27.—Austria's rejoinder to President Wilson's note is ready, according to Vienna papers. It was submitted to authorized authorities today, and will be sent this evening or tomorrow to Washington. It is couched in the most conciliatory terms.

BRITISH THRU ARTRES; ROUGEPORT IS REACHED

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 27.—The British last night got thru the front of the first line, and are east of that point, a bridgehead having been gained. The enemy retired hastily upon Maraches. To the north the British took Farnay. On the front of the first line Rougeport has been reached and the line of the railway thence to the east of Maulde.

FALL OF VALENCIENNES IS NEAR; GERMAN STRONGHOLD IS GONE

Important Gains by British and French Troops Result in Capture of Villages and Prisoners—Germans Know What is at Stake and Fight as They Did in 1914—Must Soon Retreat to the Meuse.

FIVE-MILE ADVANCE MADE BY THE FRENCH

Numerous Villages Captured in Sector Between the Oise and Serre Rivers.

Paris, Oct. 27.—A marked advance by the French troops in the sector between the Oise and Serre Rivers is recorded in the official communication issued by the war office tonight. Numerous villages have been captured and at certain points the advance amounted to about five miles.

On the 40-mile front between the Oise and the Serre, the French maintained their pressure and on the left have captured four villages between the Oise and the Serre, and along the Serre have penetrated the enemy positions. Between Sissonne and Chateau Foreux, on Oct. 25 and 26 the French took more than 2500 prisoners.

VIENNA THREATENED WITH FOOD CRISIS

Amsterdam, Oct. 27.—Vienna is threatened with a food crisis in the most acute form. The Vossische Zeitung hears that deputations of Austrians have gone to Berlin and Dresden to beg urgently for immediate assistance to avert the worst.

The Vienna municipality has only three weeks' rations left, and supplies, notably from Galicia, have been stopped by the Czech farmers and railwaymen.

No Germans in the Town

Cavalry and Infantry Patrols Move Forward Cautiously Toward Valenciennes.

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 26.—British infantry moving along the railway northwest of Le Quesnoy have failed to detect any evidence of Germans in the Town of Valenciennes. Cavalry patrols are cautiously moving forward reconnoitering the country.

NO CONFIRMATION YET OF EUROPEAN RUMORS

Washington, Oct. 27.—There is no official confirmation of any of the various rumors coming out of European neutral countries regarding developments in Austria-Hungary and Turkey. An offer of surrender from Constantinople has been expected momentarily for days, but no notice of a new proposal has reached the state department.

Likewise the department heard only three press despatches of reports that Vienna newspapers were publishing announcements of preparation for Austrian demobilization, and of rumors that Emperor Charles was leaving the country preparatory to abdication.

BRITISH CAPTURES. With the British Army in France and Belgium, Oct. 27.—It is announced that Gen. Rawlinson's fourth army from Oct. 1 to 25, inclusive, captured 397 officers and 17,234 other ranks. In addition 91 officers and 2628 other ranks passed thru the casualty clearing stations as prisoners.

BRITISH ON THE PIAVE TAKE HALF OF ISLAND

Seven Hundred Prisoners Captured, and Violent Counter-Attacks Repulsed.

London, Oct. 27.—British troops fighting along the Piave River since the night of October 23-24, have occupied half of the Island of Grave di Papadopoli, and taken more than 700 prisoners.

On Saturday, violent Austrian counter-attacks were repulsed.

ADVANCE BY AMERICANS OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 27.—Almost complete quiet reigned over the American front northwest of Verdun today. Not a single infantry action of any importance took place and there was a minimum even of patrolling on both sides.

The advance on the extreme American left into Bourgeois Wood, yesterday and the taking of the Hamlet of Furnay was of first importance because it marks an extension of the American lines up the narrow valley, bringing the northeasterly curving line into the woods. This puts the Americans almost behind the troublesome and costly Bellejeuse Farm, which has been bitterly contested, having been won and lost several times in the last few days.

BOLSHEVİK TROOPS SCATTERED BY JAPS

Tokio, Oct. 27.—Bolshevik detachments which remained in the region of Blagovestshensk and Pochinkaloo, on the Amur River, have been scattered by the Japanese troops and no longer are considered a menace. War office announced today. The Japanese troops captured 10 rifles and 10,000 rounds of ammunition without a casualty.

MEANS ACCEPTANCE OF ARMISTICE TERMS

Ludendorff's Resignation is Popularly Interpreted as Heraldic Event.

London, Oct. 27.—The resignation of General Ludendorff is popularly interpreted here as heralding Germany's acceptance of the allies' armistice terms. Whether this interpretation is correct, the resignation of the first quartermaster-general cannot fail to seriously affect the morale of the German army.

Rumors have been current for some time past of a disagreement between Field Marshal von Hindenburg and Ludendorff and that Von Hindenburg had approved of the peace negotiations.

According to the same reports the situation in Germany is daily growing worse. There are persistent reports of riots in various parts of the country, conflicts with the police and loss of life, and lack of raw materials is seriously interfering with the production of munitions.

The Socialist Georg Ledebour is quoted by The Cologne Volkszeitung as saying in the Reichstag: "The benefits of the peace of the kaiser must be removed, and advocating the abolition of the monarchical system. His speech was greeted by the Socialists with shouts of 'Ablicat!'"

Aleppo is Occupied

Fall of the City Expected to Be Decisive Factor in Determining Turkey to Sue for Peace.

London, Oct. 27.—The important City of Aleppo was occupied by British cavalry and armored cars Saturday morning, says a British official statement issued today on operations in Syria and Palestine.

The fall of Aleppo is expected to be a decisive factor in determining Turkey to sue for peace.

German Military Command Now Under Civil Control

Riots of Daily Occurrence in Various Parts of the Country—Munition Works Hampered.

London, Oct. 27.—The German reichstag by a great majority has adopted a bill placing the military command under control of the civil government, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen.

It is persistently reported that riots are of daily occurrence in various parts of Germany, resulting in losses of raw material, especially for explosives, is seriously hampering munition works. It is stated that Krupp has been compelled to dismiss many workers.

VILLAGES TAKEN ON THE SCHELDT

British Make Progress South of Valenciennes and at Courtrai.

London, Oct. 27.—The Germans launched heavy counter-attacks against the British south of Valenciennes today, but were repulsed with losses. Field Marshal Haig reports from headquarters tonight.

British troops have occupied the Villages of Artres and Farnay, south of Valenciennes, and have made progress along the Scheldt toward the outskirts of that town.

The British have made further progress toward the Scheldt and have captured the Village of Avelghem, southeast of Courtrai.

VICTORY LOAN EDITION The Toronto World

LEND YOUR MONEY BUY BONDS TODAY

PROBS: Just starting. MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 28 1918 VOL. I.—No. 1

MAYOR ISSUES CALL TO ARMS

"Sixty thousand of our gallant Toronto boys have nobly answered the call, and their heroic deeds are a wonderful inspiration to us. Let us justify their faith in us by lending to our country the money that will make their efforts of avail and assist in bringing the war to a speedy and triumphant conclusion."

These few words of Mayor Church are a call to arms, issued to the people of Toronto to arise on this, the morning of the Victory Loan, and to lend to our country the money that will make their efforts of avail and assist in bringing the war to a speedy and triumphant conclusion.

Any way you can lend your bonds and the credit that goes with them, or any bankable security you have, to the state at this the supreme crisis of the war.

Thousands of Americans gladly did this in the recent bond campaign in the States. Your bank will show you how it can be done.

PARK MEETING OPENS DRIVE

The great meeting in Queen's Park on Sunday afternoon to inaugurate the Victory Loan found the people gathered to listen to Sir Robert Borden, Sir Thomas White, Sir William Hearst, Hon. N. W. Howell and Hon. C. M. McCarty. Twelve bands assisted in various parts of the park, and the strains, martial and patriotic, that poured forth struck the proper keynote for the opening of so momentous an event.

Full reports of speeches on Page 2.

COMMUNITY SINGING. Big Open-air Meeting at Yonge and Temperance Today.

Toronto Takes a Million

The City of Toronto is taking \$1,000,000 of Victory Bonds. Read Mayor Church's call to arms.

EVERYONE HAS TO DO A SHARE

"On the eve of the Victory Loan," says P. C. Larokin, "I think that every citizen should make up his mind to do his share toward our country, whether his job or poor, should be privileged to stay at home, fed, warm, and comfortable, secure and safe, should feel bound to offer some help towards winning the war, and every true Canadian can and should lend to the government so that our men abroad shall be fed, clothed and armed."

SEE WHAT THAMESVILLE DID. Turn to Page 11 and see what was done in Thamesville in 26 minutes after midnight this morning.

WOMEN OPEN BOOTHS. Thirty-Six Places in Toronto Where Bonds Can Be Bought.

The women's organizations of Toronto open this morning thirty-six booths to receive applications for Victory Bonds.

ZIP! BOOM! BANG!

Promptly at nine o'clock this morning every noise-making device in Toronto will be let loose to herald the advance of the Victory Loan. Bells, whistles, horns and alarms will add their bit to the general racket. Bedlam let loose will have nothing on Toronto at 9 a.m.

Nursery Rhymes

Jack and Jill Went up the Hill To buy a Victory Bond To help the dead Make kaisers dead And across the pond.

THE EPIDEMIC OF THE MISTAKE

The Epidemics of the Mistake and the Deaf Ear.

The city fathers are enjoying a new game: that of explaining their votes by saying that they did not know for what they were voting when they stood up.

Mayor Church made this defence when he voted to delay for the winter the completion of the street car service on the Bloor street viaduct. And now aldermen who voted for drug stores dispensing liquor to sick people are explaining themselves after the manner of the mayor.

The mayor has another excuse that he worked over the investigation of the Toronto police and the riots, or that he has a deaf ear and doesn't always hear the motions that he reads out to the council to vote on. All of which is a fine line of city hall confetti.

Dropping the Kaiser.

Everyone has seen Sir John Tennie's greatest cartoon in Punch, "Dropping the Pilot"—the present kaiser, when he came to the throne, getting rid of the old man of blood and iron, who made the empire for him.

Any day now that cartoon may be reversed: the German people are getting ready for "Dropping the Kaiser." If they don't the allies will do it—in a jerking kind of way.

BUY BONDS

BUY BONDS

BUY BONDS