# No. 2 

# FACTS 

How it has been Oreated and the Items which Compere it.

## THE VALUE OF THE ABBETS.

The Rallway fyitom-Aumaziption of Provizoial Dobte-The Credit of Canada-Intoreft Charge Por Head of Population.

Tho debt of Canade ls made ap of a varlety of loans effected by the Government, come payable in London and others payable in Canada. For part of thte debt, debentures, in Canada. For part or indificetss of indebtedneese, are iseued, or certinch have a long time to run before Canadn Which have a long time to run before Cabadn
can be called upon to pay the prinelpal sum. For instance, the mosey borrcwed la London In 1885 is not due till 1935, when, If if io not thought dealrable to pay the principal, the amount may be carrled for another term of years, by lesulng new debentures. Another part of the debt to money dapisited by the poople of Caniside with the Government in the Governmental and postal savligs benke. Stlll snother part to compcsed of the Domlnlon notes whlch pass current throughout Canada, and for whlols, of courve, no interest Io pald. Many of the long loang, the big noter of hand given by the Government on noter of hand given by ine Governmeat on
behalf of the people, and maturlag ohiefly in the aecond quarter of the dext century, have sinking funde attached to them. The object of these elaklog funde is to provide meane, In part for paying off the principal enm when 14. oomee due, out of a fund annually added to by a fixed amount eet aside from the genersl revenues for that purpose. Thus the lomn of money obtalned in London in 1884, bearing 3. per cent. Intereat, has tou shilinge for each $\pm 100$ set apart every year to form a fund, Whluh by its snnual accumulatlons wlll bo arsilable to ensble the Government to redeem the promles to pey in 1935. Thase ainking fund monoya become investmente bearing Intereat and are eet off agalnut the gonoral indebtednese whon we want to find the net debt. There Inveatments amosat now to about seventeen militon dollars. There are other lnve日tmente, provincial acconnts, eto, Which form aseete, ateo to be set off agalnet the groes dobt. Every few years the publlo accounts' committee goen over theee asaets carefully and weeds out the Iteme which do not appear to be good aesett; the remainder form what may be called the first olasa of asseta. The publlo works and brildlage generally, held by thu Government as trustees for the people, are not luoluded in the asfets deduoted from the gross debt; they represent an expenditare of one hundred and fifty or one hundred and slxty million dollare, and are the property of the people of Canada; they inolude raliways, canale, and the publlo bulldinga ncattered all over the the
Dominlon, aleo domaln In the Northweat. Thees form what may be called the second clase of aveete. They do not Inolnde rallway bonueca, suoh as the amounts pald to the Canadian Pactifo Rall way company aud ita varlous connecollous and extemplong, an the country's centribution in ald of that enterprine. Deductlog only the firet clash of assets, according to the syatom followed by the Government, Thon Mr, Blake aaya that the net debt on the 80th June last was $\$ 220,000,000$. Thla debt bo doclaren to be too large, and one that only a very recklews and extravagant Government would have oreated. Taking Mr, Blake'a Ig gires, wo proceed to analyne tho statement of tho debt of Canades to soe If his charge ol reckleus oxtravagance te botno out by the facte.

Net dobl as atated by Hon, Mr

1290,000,000 od by the Hominion Govern-


107,000,000
And thore romalne an airinuly
Frederai debs' inertaren alnoo $\$ 113,0000,000$
$1867 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
The reason for deduoting the provinuis dobts anazmed by the Dominion Goveramebt is obvious wo dealre to find out how muoh


Inciudes the amount of debt due by the old province of Canada over and sbove the amount that province (now Ontarlo and Quebec) wha allowed on entoring the Confedoracy In 18a7. It aleo jualudem monetary arrangemente with all the other provisces of that time and elnce, according as new provincee enterel or firther tranefer of burdens from the provincee to the broader ehnulders of the Domlolon have takeu place under successlve acts of Parliament, the lateat belng that respectlong Msnitoba, passed ladt eession. that respectlug Msnitoba, paseed last eesion. Aaving ehown that $\$ 107,000,000$ of the Fed-
eral debr have been canced by the Feders? Government taklog over dehts which otherGovernment taklog over debts which other-
wise would have been owing by the provwise would have been owing by the prov-
laces, we come next to the eunsiderallou of the remainling
oni gunderd and thiayank milion dollabs
How has thle amonnt beok added to the debt? We have epent upon the Canndlen Pactic ralliway and upon the Intercolontal 1ailway with Its connectione-the Polat Levia branch, the eastern extenalon and the St. Johu and Hallisx terminal additioas-the suin of \$103,000,000 inoluding the ten millions of the loas to the Canadian Paclito rallway, for whlch the Government deducted eeven or elght mllifions acres of the origlinal land grant of twentr-five million acrea, glving the compary Increased money aubsidy and corrasponding decreased land subsldy. Deducting the expenditure on railway sa above mentloned, we have atill ten milllons to account for. This sum la made up first, by the payment of the purchase money for the great Northwent ; second, by the defielte during sir Richard Cartwright' term of office as inanee minleter, and third, by the diecounts and uharges on the eeveral loana that emloent mizer and manddler obtalned. Theese two fatter additlons to the pobilo debt amnunt to $\$ 9,300,000$ and form part of the price the people of Osnads hed to pay for dear-bonght experieace of Gris incapactity.
This is the whole atory of the preeent Government's "extravagance" in a putshell.
The "extravaganon" oonstete first in having purchased and aurveyed the Northweat and recond, in havlag spent a large amount of money $\ln$ the devolopment of the rallway system.
thin bospewmet sxpendituan.
The parohese of the Northweat Territorian It la not neceseary to defend. The people of Conada have from the first "hold up both hande" in favour of that extenelon of the sres of the Dominlon. At uixty cents an acre the lisnd belongling to the Federal Government in the Northrest would suffice to redeem the whole groee debt of Canada.

## thi bailwar ayetig.

The raliway syatem it elther beneficial to the country or it le not. If it be not; if it glvee no promlee of being so, then the Government is deserving of consare. If it la benefolal then the Goverument merit prales, not blame ; commendation, not condemuation ; support, not oppoaltion, for the part thoy have taken In developling our rall waya.
It is admilted that the Interoolonlal rall. way, hesldee belug an obligatlon as one of the tarme of union, has been a good Inventment for the oonstry. The wonderful advauce in populstion snd in produotn made by the conntiea through which li rane, oonforring all the advantagea a grest river would, hae beor, euch at to jnetify the axpenditure on the ground of the local development which has followed ita construction. The lecressed Iater-provinclal trade done In consequevce of lie conastruotion would sleo alona justify the expenditure and vonsequent addition to the publio debt. The two facte togother are the amplest juatitication for the expenditure on acconnt of the Intercolouial. Miareaver, It hae nearly paid ita way. Since 1880, thu earnluge have been in the nelgiborhood of afiee milliope, and the working expratere abrut a hundrod thongand dellara more ehowlug a clone approximation of earnligge to expeuese.
fim onat yatobal mbhitat.
The amonnt of money apent upon the $\mathbf{C}$. P. B, by the monatry la larke. it has boen orowded into five yeara instead of belng apread over the tea yeart allowed the come-
pany to oumplete ite oenctuotlon. Ha: the oonsract time been fuliy taken the jearly additions to the pnotio debt on acoonint of the O. P. R., would have been oomparatively amail) and the istereat por head to be pald (Fhleh la the muasure of the burden of the
than the average of past years. Crowded Into one half the time orlginally contemplated theremay be for a ferm years an Increase in Interest to be pald of three or four oents par head. After that by greater increans of population the harden of Interest will neoessarily be mueh less than It 1e. In 1870 it was $\$ 1.59$ per head. Whith the whole Governmental expenditnre on acconnt the Canadian Pactio rellway pald it masy be $\$ 1.63$ per head for a cuaple of yeare. By the end of 1890-91 't will be, at the present ralo of Increase of population, only $\$ 1.50$.
The question Is whether the Goverument ect. ed wleely in urglog on the conatruotion of the Canadian Pacifoo railmay In order to hav- It finlehed In the midenmmer of 1886 instead of making haste slowly and watting till 1891. The Government thought it well to sid the company to secure oompletion In 1886 belleving first, that the more rapid developmeut of the country wonld more than compeasste for the temporary addition to the interest burdeu of the people ; eecoud, that the times were favorable for procurling the money ; third, that the company's chancer of enceess wonld be greater with the carlier completlon of the road; and fourth, that It was advlasble in the interests of the country and the company for the Canadlau Paclifio rallway to be removed from the areum of polftion an soon as poasible.
The whole questlon nerrowa fiseif down to thls: Increase of the publlo debt and the Canedlan Pacifio rallway completed five years before the contract tumo ; or, 日lowor Inerease of the debt and the Canadian Paolfic rallway lingering on untulahed till 1891. If the Government had found that it could not obtain the money required except at a rulnous rate of Intereat, then it might well have paused. That, howover, was not the case.

## TER OREDIT OF OABADA

has never atood as high as it does now. The last loan 8ir Leonard obtalned at 4 per cent. and got the face-value of the bonds aud $\$ 212,000$ ov or in preminme, without having to provide a alnklog fund. Slr Richard Cartwright had to pay four and a half million dollare it "ahavea" to the money leudina befure he could float ble loans. The condicisn of the money market was therefore muet favorable for borrowlag the money. in tutaie yeara it may not be no favorabile, owlng to greater demand for money in the moncy leud. ing marts. It was therefure wise to seize the chance if $1 t$ could be done without straining the eredilt of the conntry. The result has shown the wladom of the conree pursued, The terms of the last two leane ware the best the country haf ever had. The bonde of Canada now aell in opon market 13 per ceut. higher than they dod in 1878. The credit of Canada has bern enhenced inetead of bolag reduced.

Then as to the offect upon the people of Canads of the extenston of the rallway ayatem the Governmont can potut to the followlug fucta: First, that ihe cosl of tranaport hain been greatly dimlulshed by the competition Induced, and second, that thousanda upon thousanda of the people have had given them the great boon of Increased rallway faclilties, which they would utherwlee hare been withcat for many yeare.
As to the diminished cost of tranaport the fact shown by the publlo recorde in that the cost per ton and paseeuger in $18 \%$ was afty cents lese than lo 1875. At the rative of 1875 , the people would last year have had to pay $\$ 12,000,000$ mure than they actually did. $\$ 12,000,000$ la the Intereat on $\$ 300,000,000$. The Government have apent $\$ 103,000,000$ on rallway development and the offeot has been that the people have secured a boon to obtala wheh the Government would have bees justited in apending $\$ 300,000,000$.
Bummarising the otatement of the debt of Oanada we have these reeulte
Nat dobt
(3990,000,000 mate up ar follown
Provinotial debta amaumed by the
Money oxpoundod oü railway.... Moneya exponded oaraliwaya.
Mongy for porelinman Northwexi. Gir lientarif Uarimiluhi'n donots.

$107,000,000$
$03,010,000$
$3,004,000$




$1,000,000$
$4,800,000$
$4,800,000$ 20,400,000 $190,40,000$
$5113,000,000$ 40,900,000

74,800,000
8,000,000
4,500,000

