

Questions

in 1953: (a) 20; (b) 10; (c) 1, Offence was not the same.

2. Cases are considered as soon as possible after admission, in any event within six months thereof, and the parole review date is fixed. Average stay before release to parole has been 8.3 years (the range being from three years eight months to 15 years nine months).

3. A diagnosis of each case is made and includes an evaluation of the inmate's potential for treatment and training. An individualized program to meet his social needs is determined by the Inmate Training Board following reports from members of the professional staff. The findings and recommendation of the Board are discussed with the inmate, who is free to express his views. This program may provide for individual and group therapy in addition to the regular training activities which includes, educational, vocational, religious, recreational, social and trades training.

4. Yes. (a) 73 have received the available treatment; (b) seven are parole violators; (c) No.

5. Every inmate is free to consult with the psychiatrist. The psychiatrist interviews any inmate who wants to see him or for whom treatment has been recommended. He will attempt to assess his personality, make a diagnosis and provide appropriate therapy and make other recommendations.

6. The treating psychiatrist decides upon the nature of the treatment which is felt best suited to meet the inmate's requirements, and if better facilities exist in neighboring outside psychiatric clinics or mental hospitals, the inmate is transferred to such institutions and will return to the Penitentiary when improved. If the Penitentiary Psychiatrist feels that he should have assistance in making important psychiatric decisions, he is free to call any psychiatric consultant he may wish to have.

For the past two years at the Penitentiary in New Westminster, research is being conducted by an Assistant Professor in Psychiatry at the University of British Columbia. The purpose of the research is also to recommend suggestions as to better ways and methods of treatment.

GOVERNMENT STANDARDS ON EXPORTS

Question No. 1,110—**Mr. Beaudoin:**

What government standards permit or prohibit the exporting by individuals of articles of their own manufacture?

Hon. H. A. Olson (Minister of Agriculture): In so far as the Department of Agriculture is concerned: The provisions of the Canada Agricultural Products Standards Act, the Canada Meat Inspection Act, the Destructive Insect and Pest Act and the Canada Grain Act govern standards for agricultural products and processed agricultural products in inter-provincial and export trade.

PROSECUTIONS OF FRAUDULENT INSURANCE CLAIMS

Question No. 1,160—**Mr. Schreyer:**

1. How many cases of fraudulent claims did the Unemployment Insurance Commission prosecute in 1967?

2. How many cases of fraudulent claims are claimed to exist each year, in Canada, in the radio campaign financed by the Unemployment Insurance Commission, and directed at curbing Unemployment Insurance abuse (a) in percentage of total claims (b) in gross figures?

3. How does the Unemployment Insurance Commission substantiate the figures presented in these broadcasts?

4. Is there a discrepancy between the number of cases of fraudulent claims prosecuted, and the number of cases of fraudulent claims said to exist, on the radio campaign?

5. If so, for what reason?

6. What avenues of appeal are open to a claimant unjustly accused of fraud in his Unemployment Insurance claim?

7. Has any department or agency of the Government of Canada initiated a similar radio or other form of publicity campaign to direct attention to fraudulent selling and advertising practices?

8. If so, how many such cases were prosecuted and with what result?

Mr. Yves Forest (Parliamentary Secretary to the President of the Privy Council): I am informed by the Unemployment Insurance Commission and several departments as follows: 1. Statistics of prosecutions entered in the criminal courts are maintained on a fiscal year basis. These were as follows for the 1967-1968 fiscal year:

Prosecutions

—pending 1 April, 1967	553
—commenced 1967/68	2642
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	3015

Prosecutions

—dealt with 1967/68	2331
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—pending 31 March, 1968	684

2. As stated in the radio campaign financed by the radio and TV stations of Canada as a public service at their expense, close to 20