But, in the Private Sector, there is still that serious lag by the French speaking Canadians inside of the Canadian economy.

MR. DUKE: I was wondering if you feel that you need any new laws to deal with problems of discrimination.

MINISTER LALONDE: I don't think so. In terms of active discrimination. I don't think you will be able to achieve it just in terms of laws. We have, on our Statutes, all of the laws that are necessary in terms of eliminating or banning discrimination on the basis of language, sex, religion, or whatever way you want to look at it.

And I don't think we will want to go in the line of Affirmative Action in terms of quotas and what-not.

I don't think we will go for that at, all in, Canada!

You have to work it out in terms of the political pressure coming out of the people themselves, for changes and adaptations. That has taken place.

MR. ANDERSON: You say that you don't see Canada moving towards the kind of Affirmative Action and quota-and-goal-setting that we have come to in this Country, in the United States.

Under the looser Federal relationship that you have sketched out here, would a Province like Quebec have the power to develop and pursue the kind of Language Legislation that it has embarked on over the last year -- setting