## - Supplement to the True Witness.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1851


The Lord Bishop of BIRMINGHAM enme forward
o propose the next resolution and was received with

"That for the above objects, we deem it necessary the same be and is hereby establisheal."
I.ooking around that illustrions assembly-illustrious
for the number of eminent names of those who calle then towelher-illustrious from the chamater of him who presided over it-(great cheering)-and made
more illustrions, mansmuch as thoir chairman had been mide the especial mant of malignant callunnyed men who stame on this platform-illastrions from


 ahy to form would reaceli anything jike an advanced
dit



 and making their voices heart through the Irish press
and which was so difficult to be made heard throug e press of Englaud. (Cheers.) As they had altready
 Which lie conceived it as well to take lhat opportunity
Wout Corwarl. It had heen industrionsly amal laborit Susty put forward, that the origin of the oppopsition th
diss so-called agerression was the mamner in which the
 meen lieard of; that lifistumult which haul so longs ruin


 Tormally brought forward and promulyated throughout
the conntry, buit, by an accident whieh they had alto
 weets betore an authentic conpy reached Ligland, or colld, theretore,
bo carreied into eftect. (Hear, thear.) And nov,
word yespecting the Pastoral which had becone fiumons, and which deserved to be fanous. ("Heal
hearr,", aud loond chevrs.) When lis Eminence th hear,", aud lond cheers.) When his Eminence th
Cardinal Archbishop of Westminsier pernnell il Pastoral, as he (Docior Ullathorne) lial every mean
of tinowiug, he conterpplated but the congregation under his own inaistiction. He eonchen in in anguage
pertectly intelligible to the min, thourgh, by al litte sarbing, it might be mate unimelligible to others. that voracity on the part ot the English press for ca parliament the prime ministr couk init deliver ant

 of them-(liear, hear)-and yet in Englund, Ireland and Scotland, the Catholic Bishops were outlavel, and religion, did not necessarily follow that by the outla wr

 thirri place posssble-that was to say, the law slound
 should be possible of execution-that is to say, hat hat
shoridd not stand opposel to men's conscience. How Cver, it was not his purposes to quote now to the
Catholic authorities, or ay or the thustrious legists
the Caholic Church. Every Bishop it Eiggland hat
 was justifiable to be done, and what to be left undon acted upon in reland. [Loual cherers.] Mint they ha in Engranct before them the possibility that its weig to exanine carefully the entire of this sunatiment, an consider what courst they should atopt in case of it
being put in execution agant them. Blackstone, it acts was subservient to the laws of the great La Giver, and that no. humann law shall be suffered to con-
trovert the law of human reason and revelation- - nay syys hal greal Protestant commennator on the laws else we must ofend both the natural and the Divine hivs." The question then arose--Was the establishing
of Bishops of the Catholic Church, which depended oin he exercise of the supremacy of the sutcessor of S . not? If it dependecl not on the statae, as an anecessar Winsenut abandoning the fund samental constitution of tli
Chhurch. Having to consider the question ralher as Church. Having to considier the question rather as
Cattiolic Bishop than as apoticician, he kath come Cattionin bishop than as a politician, he that come
the conclusion that il would be impossible for him


 judge ye."- [T.ond hinplause.] Ao the same time,
averse co any opposition to the cevil power-averse to
and any tendency to insurrection or insubbondination--bound
as they, wcre to sustain all honest, just, dad rightcous laws-bound as they were to support the government
of the coumtry in everything in which they contid conscientionsly do so-it would become their tay to con-
sider what precise course they should adop tir reference to this act. [Cries of "Heir, hear,", and uehers.]
He [ule Bishop of Birminglam] hal no diflicully whatever in telling them that having most carefnlly
and deliberalely considered this guestior, the line

 charity, meekness, and humility, to pitch pride against
the pride of state, or to reppond to bravarolo by brivaluo. (Hear, hear.) It was lits dity by every consideration
to awoid the slightest conflict with tuy enaciment,
 miny stood in the way-when his conscience was sum-
moned whin the Divine elaw spoke-it was his daty,
cooking to the great lights of the Church in former days, cithly yand dieliberately, withourt passion or ex--
citement, to take lis course, and the course which le intended to talke was this. He conld not withlhold his
sinuatu
 Whe those documents or furnish liose ceriinicates dispensation of marriages, or other acts of an Episcopal
chanauter. He could not renounce that signuture without becoming a great recreant to the Church of
God, and an apostate io his high office; and, therefore, whien it was absoluty requisito-when he conld not
oillervise fulfill his duties-the act must be done, and it shall be lonte. (Applause.) He had considered upon lim, he had determined upon the course which he would pursue, and which it wond be lis duty to
follow. (Henr, hear.) He (the Right Reverend Bisllop) had no more to say than, raising up his eyes and heart
to pray to the Almighty beings who out of all evil brings yood, and who, even ont oft this unjust penal law hat tring deeply yuto the popular mind a reengnition of
he powe of the Callolic Hierarchy The provi-
dence of God had, by means of this bill, unmuske he folse amonst, onrselves-(hear, heari)-and whed ance hey were known, it wount be compraratively eass there were other adrantages axising ont of this oppress-
sive enacement. (Hear, lear.) In the first place, one great effect of such a sweeping injury, levelled at the reigions sreedom of Calho ics, would be the coalition
for muttual defence and prolection of the Catholic
$\qquad$ feeling between Jrish Callolics and their brethren in the Faith in the sister country. (Lont cheers.) The would now be orie in feeling and in spirit, and in
proor of the dismay with which this conition was ooked apon by heetir enemies, it was merely necessar
 on the enemies of the Catholic Faith in their career
 their Irish brethren-(hear; hear)-proving how impho sought to prevent its consummation, in order to
por
weffect their object of proecuting ond
the Catholic religion in both countries. Now, it only remained for him (the Righli Reverend. Bishow, olo onffy
lis humble prayor to the Almighty Giver of good that Lis humble prayor to the Allimighty Giver of good that,
in his mercy lie mighl be peased 10 sustain and upHod elins asseciation, and that He might guide its
leallers in the light of His Divine wistom, and if if were His Holy will, to enable the Priests of His Church to deleat all the designs and machinations of His
enemies. (Lond cheers.) His Loristion hen cis enemies. (Lond cheers.) His Lordship then con-
cludied by again reading and moving the resolution, and resumed his seat amidst loud cheering.
Mr. JOHN REYNOLDS, M.P., then came forwand 10 second the resolution, and was received with veliemem and reiterated perals of applause.. He could assure
die revered aud gilted Lord Primate who filled the clunir un this greal and importumt occasion, as also his
 he pleasing duty of seconding this resolution, he fiel doubly honorod in being selected to perliom that higgly satiying lasi. Cheers. Two hundred millions, al Peter, low.ined Were they to be pold by a parcel of
IX. chleering designiug tanalies shat they should noo raly round that God? His (Mr. Reynolds) learned, venerated, and very Reynolds) to call hiin so-the Lord Bishop of Birming
 hawnely, comanons crumbled into dust-as superior o the law of Engliand as the most majestic castle was (Mr. Rejnu(ds) was proud to liear that eminent Prelate lec fare that, even at the risk of sulfiering incarceo turn this back upon the solenn commands which i
 people in the manucr alluded to by the Bishop of Bir-
mingliam.
 Bishop, he (Mir. Reynulds) believed the money would Lausther, and checrs.)
(He would leasure Lord purd oses
Johy Russell, Lord Clarendon, and their Allorney-General along with them, to discover the meaning of that sen-
tence. (Luxd clieering.) The goverument would incercerate no Bishop in Hilis country- litey would nol
lare imprison any of the Lorl's anomed here. (Veit ne
 Rassell over and over againo. (Loud cheering.) Havnits suid so much by way of prefice- - (loud laughter)
hee would take the libery of calling their altention to vered friend the Lord Bishop of Edinlurght has mo dest!y pleaded not guilty to the eharge of being a ter-
riturial Bishop. 1 it was to be regreeted that he was not a territurial Bishop. (Hear, hear.) He had pointed
out the way in which hee thouglit this law ourth tood ng things, wist however, hatione way of disobey aughter.) Bishops combaled mistortunes by prayers, nymen (combated them by other and less hity wea-
pons. (\%ner, hear,") aud renewed laughter.) Layhe wiolosame advice of that canting and hyporitical nut clesser, soldier-Oliver Crom hisell-who, when said, Mene of Israel, retire to rest, refresh your-
selvos by means of bulmy sleen ; , rusi in the Word, vut slep upons our matchlocess,", (Great laughter, he (Mr. Reynolds) would give them that day. (Laughmen powler and ball. Although, if he thought the ights of the people could nol be attained withoun them,
ee would nol be guilly of the lyppocrisy of elling her that he would not have recourse to poowder and ball
for heir heeessity for the nse of such weapons. (Hear, hear.) They would shed ink and not blool. They would
trample upon the Whirs, whilo at the same time they Haple upon he whirs, while at the same yme they
would maintain the Queen. (Cheers.) Yes, they would trample upen the Whigs, and also upon the
Tories. (Loud cheers.) Anu, he repented, hat while trampling upon both those factions, they would defend their Queen and respect the law. (Hear, hear.) They
drew a broad distinction between her most gracious Majesty and those scheming ministers who gave her diminish, that love and affection entertained lowards this country. (Hear, hear.) And was he to forget heir services or dishonor the graves of those Protesaud sreat cheering.) What were the Catholic people
of the United Kingdom called upon to do now? What was the duty of the advocates of religious freedom a present? To repel aggression, and demand the repeal Engiand stated would paralyse the functions of the Reynolds] hen held in his hand the case submitted and the opinion of one of the most eminent lawyers at
the bar in England-he meant Mr. Badely. He would not then read the orinion, which occupied no han thee sheets of briefing paper, but it would be
published in the Frceman's fournal. What, however, did the opinion say? That no bishop of the
Catholic church in England, Ireland, or Scotland, could perform one of his ecalesiastical functions with ont violating the law [hear]-and that for every such
ant they would be subject to punishment by fine, and he Catholics ar a misdemeanor. Therefore, le dom, see what they were about; let them look each.
other in the face, and ask if the country was worth nhabiting if such a state of things was to be bornereemen while that atrocious disgraced the stative slaves, so long as that insulting act was unrepealed and they would not bear it, if they were actuated by copy of the case that had been' submitted
Badely, had been sent to Mr. Scully, QC.

