Town of Brockville .- George Sherwood Esq. (Conservative) is been returned without opposition.

Town of Kingston.—John A. MacDonald Esq., (Conserva-

State of the Poll at the close :-MacDonald 275

Majority 233

CANADA-THE CRISIS. (From the New York Albion.)

Sir Charles Metcalfe has passed the Kubicon; he has deliberated, resolved, and at last called a new Parliament. May Providence prosper him in the undertaking.

mations make known this deeply important event; we peruse them with pleasure, and with equal satisfaction, announce them to our readers. We say, may a merciful Providence prosper the undertaking: for never did a Sovereign, come

A crisis in the affairs of Canada undoubtedly is at hand. A vernors and he the governed—they exercise the royal preroga-tive, and not the Sovereign and her representative. The Governor is most assuredly bound to administer the Govern-ment of the Colony in conformity to the wants and wishes of the rethe people us far as practicble, for the public weal is the aim and end of all government; he is also bound to confer with, and consult his Council, in all matters of importance; but having so consulted his constitutional advisers, he himself is to J. L. judge of the course to pursue, because he is truly the responsione person—being responsible to the Crown and to Parliament, and can be dismissed by one and impeached by the other. To wrest the power from the Governor and to give it to the Council, who use it in accordance is the contract of the council, who use it in accordance is the contract of the council. it in accordance with the votes of the House of embly, is taking the authority from responsible and giving to irresponsible hands; and the Colonial sceptre would in such case, be wielded by the demagogues of the local Parliament. Yet it is for the adoption of this destructive principle that the opponents of Sir Charles Metcalfe are now contend-ing, and to resist which he is calling on the people for support

We say then a crisis is at hand-because if the Governor General be not supported by the people, and a Parliament be elected adverse to his policy, the whole system of Responsible Government as contended for by Messrs. Baldwin and Lafontaine, must be yielded, which is virtual independence; or the union of the two Provinces, which gives power to them, must be dissolved by the Imperial Parliament which enacted it. This, then, is the lisue now put before the people of Canada. Let them decide on it promptly, energetically, and wisely.

But let us suppose that in the course of the approaching contest a colonist is in doubt how to proceed-let us imagine that he is bewildered by the expounders of the different theories of government-that he is willing to vote rightly and conentionsly if the way be made known to him; is it not better and safer that he adheres to the present system, rather than adopt the fantastic reveries and mystifications of Mr. Baldwin, the exciting declamations of Mr Sullivan, or the jacobinical doctrines of Mr. Lafontaine? Why should be with a safe course before him, venture into the unknown sea of political experiment? Why snatch at the shadow when the substance is already within his grasp? He knows his present position and the blessings he enjoys; he knows that where he is, life and property are safe—that he feels no oppression—has no task. k-master, and that "his soul walks forth in its own majes-free and untrammelled; he knows, moreover, that the British Colonist is the lightest taxed denizen on the globe, and that he receives the protection of the most potent nation upon earth without the burthen of paying for it. Great Britain guards him from external foes, while the ægis of her matchless stitution protects him in his civil rights, and consecrates all his domestic and long cherished immunities. Yes, to the latchless constitution of that glorious Island he owes these inestimable privileges; let him, then, still worship at that shrine-let him suffer no traitor hand to despoil or polute it let him not give its solid worth for the vapoury nothings of modern liberalism, for it is the anchor of his hope, and the ark of his safety. It is in truth, what it was pronounced to be, by the great Charles Fox—the consolidated wisdom of ten centuaies! And are the menders and improvers of this stupendous moral fabric to be found in the wilds of Canada? We imagine It is true that God sent manna to the children of Israel wilderness; but then they were a hungered and stood in need thereof, and it was moreover not sent through the in-

sion of such prophets as Messrs. Baldwin and Lafontaine. We conceive that in the approaching contest every loyal bject is bound to support Sir Charles Metcalfe, for his policy a received the approbation of her Majesty's Government, and of the Parliament and people of England; not by partial votes majorities, but by the united voice of all parties. I Sir Robert Peel, Lord John Russell, Mr. Buller, and nume-Britain, unite in approving the policy of a Governor, that podey cannot be very much in the wrong. If we see a Gover-nor giving unwearied attention to public affairs, attached to no and no private and personal views to gratify, surely he is a man who deserves and should receive the support of every true Briton. Let then the people, one and all, rally around him and come to his succour in his hour of need, let them throw aside all. party and local distinctions and adopt for their motto Sir Charles Metcalfe and British Connexion."

DISQUALIFICATION OF CLERGYMEN. —Our readers are proba bly aware that by the present election law, all Ministers of Reli-Some of every denomination, have been deprived of their right of voting for the election of Members of Parliament. We look on this exclusion as one of the most unjustifiable enactments in existence, and as quite opposed in spirit to the free constitution of our country and the rights which it secures to every freeborn subject. Ministers of Religion have families, have property property, have interests, as well as all other citizens; they are as much subjected to the evils of bad Government as are the rest of the community, and we conceive that on these grounds they are eminently entitled to exercise their voice in the choice of those who are charged with the framing and the execution of elergy of the United Kingdom, and the Ministers of all Christian denominatians in the Mother Country are entitled to vote for Members of Parliament, so long ought the same right to be given to the same class of men in all British Colonies, that have the privileges of Responsible Government. To deprive them of this right, which is as much their birthright as it is of any other member of the community, is the most gross injustice. and ought to be immediately rectified; if not, the least that can be done is, to add a clause to the Act, providing that as the Ministers of Religion are deemed unworthy of voting for Members of Parliament, that they should also be deemed unworthy to contribute to the exigencies of the State by paying taxes. This would be just and equitable; he who is disqualiand by law from exercising the electoral privilege, should clearly be exempted from paying money in the distribution of which
he has no voice. This clause in the amended Election Bill is a disgrace to the Statute Book.—Montreal Courier.

GREAT FIRE IN LONDON, C. W .- We have been furnished by a friend with an extract from a letter containing the followng particulars of a most disastrous fire, which took place in the wn of London on the 7th inst.:

"I have been up since 2 o'clock, at a fire in town It broke Clan, and continued to rage with unabated fury, till the whole Sundas-street was burned to the ground. The fire also caught opposite Clan's house and burned all on that side of the side but the Hope Hotel. Nothing is left standing on that to Mathi. to Mathieson & Co., as far up as Alexander's the confectioner, On the opposite side it turned at the corner house opposite Mr. ason's store, and destoyed three houses leading up to Mr.
a's. At the other end of Dundas-street it turned opposite the Hope Hotel, and destroyed a row of houses, only stopping A piquet of 50 men of the troops in garrison turned out to protect the property and rendered most efficient service. The whole of the best shops in the town are level with the ground: Gray's, Falconer's, Moore's, Dease's, Mansion House Hotel, Clan's, Dickson's Craigie, Anderson's Marking San M. n's, Dickson's, Craig's, Anderson's, Mack's, &c. &c., Mr. Lawrason's house, as well as his store, were saved by great exertions. The Robinson Hotel was also saved, but the side on Dundas street was completely destroyed."—Whig.

Home District Agricultural Society—Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General.—This important and useful Society held its Autumnal Meeting on Wenesday, the 9th October, 1844. The weather was glorious, the command the command that the command that is a superscript of the St. Lawrence is followed, the road is generally good, and can be travelled rapidly.

One of the routes leaves the St. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. Lawrence at Rivière du Loup, the command that is a superscript of the st. company was numerous, and the Show of Agricultural Stock and farm produce good; so that an impression was produced conducive to the prosperity of the Society and favourable to a repetition of its meeting in the good City of Toronto.

William Product Toronto Toronto the President of the So-

Halifax 68 The sight was highly interesting. The finest Cattle, Halifax 68 Show and Horses in the district were collected. The

Sheep, Pigs, and Horses in the district were collected. The Show was very good in quality, and respectable in quantity, but in the latter respect it was not quite equal to the show of last Autumn.

The Judges having pronounced their decision by 3 o'clock, the animals to which Prizes were awarded, were indicated by a Scarlet Rosette—and the second by blue. Several of the Bulls were magnificent animals of prodigious bulk and breadth. The first prize was won by Mr. John Miller, with his short horn Durham Bull, the property of the Hon. John Henry Dunn.—Several very fine Boars and Sows were shown, most of them in excellent condition. Of the Leicester Sheep the first prizes were won by Richard C. Gapper, Esquire, and Mr. John Cade, with an aged Ram so bulky, that he seemed scarcely able to walk.—

Toronto Patriot.

The other route leaves the St. Lawrence at Metis, 204 miles the other route leaves the St. Lawrence at Metis, 204 miles arriages.

The other route leaves the St. Lawrence at Metis, 204 miles below Quebec, by the Kempt Road, 97 miles in length, which has just been completed, so as to be thoroughly passable for carriages, in 2 or 2½ days, to Ristigouche, from which there is a good road to Halifax by Miramichi;—(and another along the Ristigouche and Baie des Chaleurs to New Carlisle and Percé, which has been lately completed by the making of 60 miles of new road.) By this route, the distances are, from Quebec—which has been lately completed by the making of 60 miles of new road.) By this route, the distances are, from Quebec—which has been lately completed by the making of 60 miles of new road.) By this route, the distances are, from Quebec—which has been lately completed by the making of 60 miles of new road.) By this route, the distances are, from Quebec—to Ristigouche, 301½ miles—to Miramichi, 418½—and to Halifax, 672½—(from Quebec to New Carlisle, 384—and to Percé, 460½ miles).

By this route, one may, with comparative case, drive in the same carriage, out of the streets of Quebec into those of Halifax by

THE POTATOE .- It is now generally believed, that the potatoe is materially injured by rot in this section of the Province—so much so, that many extensive farmers have not raised what will be required for their seed another season. It therefore becomes an important question, considering the great lia-bility to further injury, how should the potatoes be secured to prevent what are already affected with the rot from destroying those that are contiguous to them.

We believe the best plan that can be devised is, to bury them in sand, say a layer of earth to a layer of potatoes, whereby the further rotting will be prevented, and those that are still sound will remain so. It is useless to place them in cellars as is usually the case, for those that are beginning to decay will invariably destroy the rest. The above suggestion is followed by several practical farmers in the Ottawa District, and we believe

It is said that the proposed new road will be a much superior several practical farmers in the Ottawa District, and we believe it will prove as effectual, if not more so, as any other means that line. On consideration it will be found likely to be less so than can be suggested .- Cornwall Observer.

GUANO .- Messrs, Thomas Clarkson & Co. advertise for sale by auction, on the 12th instant, at the stores of Messrs. Moffatts, Murray & Co., ten tons of Guano. This is the first importation to Upper Canada, and must be eagerly sought after by farmers, who are acquainted with its great value, and the extensive uses to which it has been applied by agriculturalists in Europe. - British Colonist.

THE CANALLERS .- We are sorry to have to record, thu before the public with a better cause, or with more public and private worth.

early in the election campaign, the particulars of a gross outrage perpetrated by the Canallers at Beauharnois. On Sunday last, Mr. Drummond of this city addressed the Canallers on the present state of political affairs in Canada, and whether that large and turbulent party demand the recognition of a principle of Government incompatible with colonial dependence. The system of responsibility carried to the extent required by this party is, in fact, virtual independence. If the Governor General be required to make every appointment in conformity with the reduced to make every appointment in conformity with the views of his Colonial Executive Council, they are the governor and by the governor are governor and by the governor are governor and by the governor are governor and by the governor and governor and governor and govern which struck the gentlemen, knocking off their hats, &c., and the horses alarmed by the blows and the rush ran off at full speed thus probably saving the lives of the parties in the gig.
suppose this is an earnest of what the Constitutional Caudi may expect for daring to exercise their rights as free British subjects, and coming forward to seek parliamentary honours .-

> J. L. PAPINEAU.—We find it recorded on the Journal of the Quebec Library Association, that Mr. L. J. Papineau, exspeaker of the Assembly of Lower Canada, had left France on his return to Canada, and is now on his passage across the At-He is expected to be in Canada this month, -Quebec Mercury, 3rd inst.

COURTS OF ASSIZE AND QUARTER SESSIONS .- It is the ntention of the Imperial Government to introduce a Bill into Parliament, early in the ensuing session, for the remuneration of parties connected with the Courts of Assize and Quarter ons by fixed salaries, instead of fees. Power is to be given to the Home Secretary to regulate the fees that will go towards making this fund, which will be a great relief to the poor, who are generally the parties summoned before magistrates, and who now, although they should be treated in the most lenient nanner, and be discharged without being fined, have still to pay he costs, which, in the shape of fees, fall very heavily upon

them.—English paper.

We sincerely trust that one fortnight of the next session of the Provincial Parliament, will not be allowed to pass without the introduction of a similar measure for Canada. Every man scharging an office about the Courts of Law ought to be remunerated by a certain fixed salary; he himself would be ren-dered more independent by it, and the measure would immedered more independent by it, and the measure would immediately shut the door of corruption and extortion, which is at and prove well worth the cost. diately shut the door of corruption and extortion, which is an present standing so very wide open. By this means a stop will be put at once to those grievances in the different offices in the Court House here, of which we have had reason to complain so recently.—Montreal Courier.

Broad.—A correspondent at Soulanges

For the transmission of the English mail, it is of less importance, especially in time of peace. By contracting for the rapid transport of the mail by night and day, the steamer to Pictou might be superseded; but that could be done cheaper and more quickly by Boston.

CASCADES PLANK Road.—A correspondent at Soulanges informs us, that the Cascades Plank Road is now completed, and was opened to the public on the 25th ultimo. He adds, that the travelling public owe a debt of gratitude to Mr. Robert Francis, the officer of the Board of Works under whose superintendence the road in question has been constructed, for his unremitting attention to his duties, in bringing the work to a lose, under very unfavourable circumstances .- Mont. Herald. BROCK'S MONUMENT .- What has become of the funds col-

lected for this monument? That is best known to the Treasurer. When is it to be erected? Ask the Building Committee. Such are the careless answers that may be anticipated by inquirers into this affair, which is a disgrace to those who assumed the management of it. Now that the excitement is over, and the applause bestowed on the speech-makers is no onger heard, the poor old warrior it seems may slumber on, with this shattered memorial tottering upon the scene of his exploits—an object of scorn to his foes, and of bitter reproach to the country for which he died. If this is the way in which such designs are carried into effect, we hope public attention will be steadily fixed upon it, and that the next time any simi-lar project is set on foot for the purpose of relieving ennui and indulging in emotions, men will coolly turn upon their heels and say, look at Brock's Monument!—British Canadian.

[Since the above was in type we have with much pleasure seen it stated in the Kingston Whig, that the funds subscribed for the Monument are in safe keeping, being invested in debentures at interest for the benefit of the same.]

PROGRESS OF IMPROVEMENT .- On looking over an old file of the Chronicle of April 30, 1819, we find that the Frontenac Steam Boat, James Mackenzie, Master, was advertized to ply between Kingston and York three times a month. Passage Money,....£3 0s. 0d. Board not included, with 60lbs. of Baggage only al-

lowed, all above to pay the usual freight charge. Deck Passengers, Flour 4s. per barrel bulk, each small parcel 2s. 6d. Let our readers compare the present state of things and they

will be convinced that we do progress "considerably."

1844—Passage every day, both ways, in 18 hours each voyage, Passage money including Board £1 5s. 0d., Baggage allowed almost ad libitum.

Deck Passengers 10s. Flour per barrel 6d.

QUESTION TO BE ANSWERED BY THOSE WHOM IT CONCERNS?—In the palmy days of Mr. Baldwin's power, any officer of the government who dared to oppose his mightiness was sure of dismissal—the public advertisements were taken from papers which dared to have an opinion of their own, and the papers which dared to have an opinion of the control of the lowest Clerk in the lowest office was compelled to think as he did. Is it a proof of a new fledged liberality that at the present time the most active canvassers in behalf of the opponents and insulters of the Governor General and the revilers of his Council, are men holding government situations? - Cobourg Star.

PROSPERITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK .- We are glad to find such cheering prospects encouraging the labours of our neigh-bours in New Brunswick. Mercantile affairs in St. John are the laws. As long as the spiritual peers of the Mother Country sit as legislators in the House of Lords; as long as the elergy of the United Kingdom, and the Ministers of all Christian land labouring classes—particularly the latter—are very generally employed, at fair rates of wages. The Provincial Revenue for the last quarter amounted to about £26,000, being upwards of one-half of the whole amount of last year's revenue; and the prospect of the fall trade was never better, while there is every prospect of a fair average, if not an abundant harvest, to reward the labours of the husbandmen-the weather for nearly a month past being all that could be wished for ripening and securing the crops.

> GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE IN NEW-BRUNSWICK .- Under the above head, the New Brunswicker contains the follow-

> We have learnt with much gratification, that the sum of £75,000 sterling, has been voted by the Imperial Parliament, towards the erection of Military Works at the Grand Falls in this province, that sum being one half the estimated amount pleting the works in question, which are to be on a very large and substantial scale.

Commissariat, for commencing these works, a contract having been entered into with Messrs. F. W. Hatheway, Leonard, Coombes, and James E. Perlan for all the mail to be made up to-morrow,—the sales effected being within our quotations Coombes, and James E. Petley, for clearing 250 acres of ground on which the fortifications are to be erected, at £5 per acre, the contract to be completed by the 1st day of November next.— The Commissariat officers have also stated that 200 acres more will probably require to be cleared after the completion of the present contract. The site selected for this new Military Post, on the eastern side of St. John, quite near to the fallsof the most commanding positions in these lower colonies, the maintainance of which must be always a matter of the highest

"This fortification at this point, will cover and protect the proposed Military Road from the Bend of Petitcodiac, which we are assured will certainly be commenced next year. There can be no doubt, that independently of other advantages, the expenditure of the large sums necessarily required for th undertakings, will be of the greatest possible benefit to New Brunswick, and tend in a variety of ways to its advancement

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN QUEBEC AND HALIFAX.

114 miles below Quebec,—crosses a hilly and almost uninhabited portage of 36 miles to Lake Temiscouata—then following the river Madawaska and the St. John to its mouth, crosses the Bay of Fundy to Digby, in Nova Scotia, from whence it con-William Botsford Jarvis, Esquire, the President of the Society, devoted himself very zealously to promoting the arrangements for the Exhibition and Dinner. The place appointed for the Exhibition was the open space in front of the Jail and Court House. The sight was highly interesting. The finest Cattle, Sheep The sight was highly interesting.

and there are long stages on it without houses). This is well worthy of attention, as it has just become a fact.

As a mail route, this is 6 miles shorter to Halifax than the other, and it is practicable throughout for wheel carriages, which

the other is not. As a military route, it has the exceedingly great advantage passing through five small seaport towns, accessible for ships of war—(some of them for a great part of the winter)—and full of provisions and other resources: and no part of it comes within a hundred miles of the frontier. This important fact that we have already an excellently safe, and now thoroughly open military route to Halifax, is highly worthy of attention :- all that

generally supposed. By passing straight across the interior om the St. Lawrence to the head of the Bay of Funday, the distance to Halifax will be shortened a hundred miles perhaps
—(say rather eighty, as the other route could be shortened
twenty miles with moderate alteration)—and it will pass where
all the rivers can be bridged and no ferries be required, which are always obstacles :- on the other routes there are several.

But it will pass for forty miles, within about 20 miles of the ontier, with several lumber roads and Rivers, branches of the St. John, leading directly from the frontier to it; by which the most desolate parts of it could be occupied in one day, by the Americans, if at war with us, Confined to a narrow tract, by deep snow, our regular troops could be slaughtered like sheep by one fourth of the number of the enemy, sheltered by the ods and accustomed to snow-shoeing :- retreat or advance, or successful resistence would be equally hopeless. miles, of the interior, it would pass through an uninhabited forest; part of it too elevated and frosty ever to be well settled; and it will be long before any part of it will afford suffi-cient supplies of provisions, horses and forage, for the sustenance and transport of the troops: these resources would have to be ought from the settlements on the rear, at great expense and considerable risk of interception. Under these circu it would be imprudent to march troops that way, while there was a perfectly secure and less expensive way of conveying them

As a civil communication it would be long before much good would come of it, especially in winter. Deep falls of snow and heavy thaws obstruct travelling on well settled roads, twenty times more used than it would be,—much more would it be the case in the 285 miles of wood. It would be searcely possible for the courier, passing over it four times a-week, to open,-which would cause irregularity and delay. The transmission of the mail for the seven winter months alone would cost about £3000 a-year for the 285 miles of wood, while the mail by the other routes would still have to be maintained (with little reduction) for the use of the important towns and settlemeuts on them. It would scarcely ever be used by commercial travellers going home to England, for the distance from Montreal to Halifax by it will be seven hundred and fifty miles, while to Boston it is only three hundred and seventy-one miles—already partly, and finally it will be all by railroad. This points out strongly the best mail route to England; and as it is to be hoped that peace will be the rule, and war a rare exception between us and our neighbours, with whom we have so much in common, it would be folly not to avail ourselves of any benefit their improved communications may afford us.

As an improvement of the communication between Quebec and Halifax—considering the possibility of a federation of the

As a military route it will be of service only in winter, and very little even then, for till the line be well settled, and well beaten, conveyance by it will probably be as tedious as by the present routes, and more expensive, on account of the transport of forage for the horses. In time of wer with the Arransport of forage for the horses. In time of wer with the Arransport of the transport of forage for the horses. of forage for the horses. In time of war with the Americans, it will be dangerous and improper; and in time of peace with them it will be unnecessary, for by crossing the Bay of Fundy from Digby to St. John, (where it was proposed having a steamer to ply regularly, even in winter*), the distance from Halifax to Quebec will be reduced to six hundred and twenty the description of the standard of t miles, via Madawaska, including that ferry, or only fifty miles longer than by the proposed new route, which difference would be compensated by the rapidity and cheapness of travelling in

of it .- Correspondent of Quebec Gazette.

* See Commissioners' Report to Sir John Harvey, dated St. John, 6th February, 1844.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Friday Morning, 11th Oct., 1844. Friday Morning, 11th Oct., 1844.

Notwithstanding the late unfavourable advices from the BOOKS and STATIONERY, from London, Edin-Notwithstanding the late unfavourable advices from the English murkets, the price of FLOUR continues much the same as at the date of our last report; all that arrives being readily placed at our quotations. For the very best brands the majority of holders demand 25s., but no sales over 24s. 6d. have transpired. The bulk of the purchases are made to meet the DRAWING MATERIALS, being procured from the most consumption of this and the Quebec market.

The arrivals are very light, and stocks limited. Good "Sour" is scarce, and saleable at 23s. WHEAT.—But few parcels of Canada have been offered—
any sales made being within the range of our quotations.

Two or three cargoes of American, of good sample, have

changed hands at 5s. per 60 lbs. Ashes.-Pots have experienced a still further falling off in rice. Shipping parcels are easily procurable at 25s., and small ills do not command over 24s. 6d. to 24s. 9d.

Pearls are offering at 25s., but we are unable to quote any Assertment of SPLENDID Property o Sugars .- A slight revival is exhibited in Muscovadoes, and

a cargo, composed of equal quantities of Bright and Middling Cuba, has been sold at 42s. 6d. per cwt. Refined realizes 75d. er lb. at public sale. TEAS.—A considerable quantity has been disposed of at

pest Young Hyson, 2s. 7d. to 3s., and Inferior 1s. 3d. to 2s. 2d. BRANDY AND GIN .- "Martel" and "Henessy" Brandies sell slowly at 7s. 10d. to 8s.; and the best brands of Geneva are not much in demand at our quotation, although sales have been effected by auction at 4s. 8d. and 4s. 9d.

PROVISIONS .- In American Pork, we do not hear of any Sales of Canada Prime have been effected to some extent at 46s. 3d., but it is procurable at 45s. 71d. In Prime Mess there

is nothing doing.

Canada Prime Beef sells at 21s. 3d, and Prime Mess at FREIGHTS .- To Liverpool, Flour continues to be taken at 3s 9d.; but for Ashes, an advance of 2s. 6d. to 5s. on our last

week's quotation is demanded. The only vessel on the berth for London asks 5s. for Flour, and 35s. for Ashes. By vessels for the Clyde, there are no

Within the last few days, eight vessels have left for Quebec to take in cargoes of Deals—the general rates obtained being £6. 6s. to London, and £5. 17s. 6d. to Liverpool.

EDUCATION.

THE REV. FRANCIS EVANS, Rector of Woodhouse, wishes to receive into his Family a limited number of young Gentlemen under twelve years of age, whom (aided by a very competent assistant) he would instruct in Latin, Greek, French, English, Geography, History, &c. &c., and prepare for the higher Forms of Upper Canada College.

The Woodhouse Rectory stands in a very pleasant and most

healthy situation, on the main road leading from Simcoe to Port Dover, and is within a few hours' drive of Hamilton, by the new

For terms, which will be very moderate, apply (if by letter pre-paid,) to the Rev. F. Evans, Rectory of Woodhouse, Simcoo, T. D.

October 10th, 1844.

THEOLOGICAL AND OTHER WORKS,

ı	P EV. Thomas Scott's Theological works	£0	7	9
1	White's Natural History of Selborne	0	4	0
į	Burgh on the Book of Revelation	0	8	9
ì	Caulfield's Fall of Babylon	0	6	9
	Rhind's Creation, 6 Engravings on Steel	0	7	6
	Morrison's Family Prayers, Royal. 8vo., cloth,			
	gilt	1	11	6
	The Book of Psalms, arranged for Family Devotion,			
	8vo. rough calf		10	0
	Bishop Russell's Barbary States		6	3
	Do Ancient and Modern Egypt	0	6	3
	Do Palestine	-	6	3
	Do Nubia and Abyssinia	0	6	3
	Grammar of the New Testament Dialect	0	12	6
	Common Prayer, with References	0	5	0
	Hervey's Theron and Aspasio. 8vo., cloth		7	6
	Hannah More's Miscellaneous Works. 2 vols.,			
	8vo., cloth	0	15	0
	Miss Edgeworth's Works. 18 vols., cloth		5	0
	Family Library, (Murray's) each	. 0	5	0
	(To be continued.)			

Orders from the country, with a remittance, punctually at-J. WALTON, 195 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Montreal, October, 1844.

NEW GOODS. THE Subscribers beg to inform their correspondents and the Trade in general, of their having received their supplies

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &C. And which on inspection will be found to comprise a very complete assortment, well suited to the Town and Country Trade. MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co.
Yonge Street, Toronto, 1st Oct., 1844.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. HOLMAN, Tailor and Draper,

BEGS leave to acquaint his Customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large supply of GOODS, ADAPTED TO THE WINTER TRADE. Consisting of the best West of England Broad Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Cassimeres, Striped and Figured Doeskins, &c. &c.

Also, a superior assortment of Vestings. All of which he is prepared to make up to order, in the best and most fashionable style, and at very low prices, for CASH. 379 tf King-street, Cobourg, Oct. 1844.

NEW STORE, AT GRAFTON. THE Subscriber begs to inform the Inhabitants of Grafton and vicinity, that he is now opening out at the Store lately occupied by Mr. Mackenzie, a very choice and complete

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c. &c. All of which are being selected from a stock lately imported by him from Great Britain, and which he intends selling at the very lowest Cobourg prices, for Cash or short approved credit. BENJAMIN CLARK.

Gobourg, 24th Sept., 1844. N.B.—Oats, Pease, Barley, Rye, Indian Corn, and Pork taken on account, or in exchange for Goods.

B. C. EUCLID'S ELEMENTS .- Book I.

FALL IMPORTATIONS. GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES HE Subscriber is now receiving direct from Great Britain, his FALL AND WINTER SUPPLY OF GOODS, which will comprise as good, if not one of the best, and most extensive assortments ever brought to this market; and be flatters himself that the cheapness and quality of his Goods will of Upper Canada College, one month before the first day of give satisfaction to his customers, and insure a continuance of that very liberal patronage hitherto received. His stock 3. The name

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, Groceries, Liquors, Hardware, Crockery, &c.

N. B .- A large stock of WINES, in wood and bottles say Claret, Champaigne, &c. &c. &c. 377-6m

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT, No. 2, Throop's Buildings, Division Street, (Next Mr. Calcutt's and opposite Cobourg Hotel.)

FRANCIS LOGAN PEGS to inform the inhabitants of Cobourg and surrounding Country, that he has just opened a large and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

Cash, he therefore respectfully solicits an inspection of his

STATIONERY, &c. & W. ROWSELL are now receiving their Fall supply of BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c., which, having been carefully selected in England by one of the Firm, they can recommend with confidence, as being of a very supewell beaten, and the best made are useless if blocked up with snow. Its utility will depend much on the number of settlers on it, to keep it open, and to raise forage and keep horses, to make transport on it cheap. As the line to be settled is as long as from Montreal to Kamouraska, there will be much to be done, and it would be a pity that the road, if made, should be rendered always to the firm, they can recommend with confidence, as being of a very superior description, and at the lowest prices. The first shipments have already arrived, and other arrivals by the Pearl, Ottawa, Lady Seaton, Prince George, &c. are daily expected Their FANCY STATIONERY is in great variety, including DRAWING MATERIALS of all kinds; Embossed, Tinted, Gilt and Plain LETTER and NOTE PAPERS: Embossed Silvers and the rendered always are recommend with confidence, as being of a very superior description, and at the lowest prices. The first shipments have already arrived, and other arrivals by the Pearl, Ottawa, Lady Seaton, Prince George, &c. are daily expected Their FANCY STATIONERY is in great variety, including DRAWING MATERIALS of all kinds; Embossed, Tinted, Gilt and Plain LETTER and NOTE PAPERS: Embossed Silvers are recommend with confidence, as being of a very superior description, and at the lowest prices. be rendered almost useless from the want of simultaneous and efficient measures being taken to ensure the speedy settlement care has been taken in the selection of the WRITING PAPERS, which will be found to be of the best quality and at unusually low prices.

H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ninent manufacturers.

Additional Supplies have been shipped, and are expected to

ive during this and the following month. Country orders punctually attended to HUGH SCOBIE.

Toronto, 1st October, 1844, ? 137, King Street.

FINE ARTS.

Assortment of SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS, many them of recent production. These will be sold at prices much under the regular advance. HUGH SCOBIE. Toronto, 137, King Street, ¿ 1st October, 1844.

auction during the past fortnight—good samples of Twankay bringing 2s. 2d. to 2s. $4\frac{1}{2}$ d., Inferior 1s. 6d. to 1s. $11\frac{1}{2}$ d.—the H. & W. ROWSELL. 163 KING SRREET, TORONTO.

MEMOIR of the Life of the Right Honourable Lord Sydenbam, G.C.B., with a Narrative of his Administration in Canada; edited by his Brother, G. Poulett Scrope Esq. M.P. Early Discipline illustrated; or the Infant System

progressing and successful, by Sam'l Wilderspin... 7 6
Illustrations of the practical power of Faith, in a

Popery, by Thos. James; revised and corrected by the Rev. John Edmund Cox, M.A., All Souls

by Rev. Richard Graves, D.D., Dean of Ardagh, Professor of Divinity in Trinity College, Dublin... ermons for the use of Families, by Rev. Edward Thompson, M.A.

Lecture Sermons preached in a Country Parish
Church; by William Hind, M.A.

Short Sermons for Children, illustrative of the Cate-

a Memoir by Charles Bowdler. 2 vols.

A Course of Practical Sermons: 4 vols. expressly adapted to be read in Families; by the Rev. Har vey Marriott. per vol.

The Warden of Berckingholt; or Rich and Poor; by

A Day in the Sanctuary with an Introductory Trea-tise on Hymnology; by the Rev. R. W. Evans, B.D. 9 0 Bernard Leslie; a tale of the last ten years; by the Rev. W. Gresley, M. A.

The History of our Blessed Lord in easy verse for young children, Illustrated with coloured Plates. 6 10
The Distant Hills; by the Rev. W. Adams. 3 9
The English Church and Roman Heresy; by Walter

Blunt, M.A.

A Companion to the Services of the Church of England for every Sunday in the year. 2 parts.....

The Family Altar or a Series of Prayers suited to Domestic Worship for every day in the Month with occasional Prayers and Meditations; by the Rev.

JUST PUBLISHED, THE PRINCIPLES OF BOOK-KEEPING,

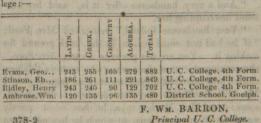
EXPLAINED in an Address to a Student of Upper Canada College; and an Elementary Course of Book-keeping, by Double Entry, by W. SCOTT BURN. Price 3s. For sale by rmour & Ramsay and John Walton, Booksellers, Montreal Ramsay, Armour & Co., Kingston; A. H. Armour & Co., Hamilton; Graveley & Jackson, Cobourg; W. Green, Dun-Hamilton; Gravery das; and by the publishers,
H. & W. ROWSELL,

163, King Street. Toronto, August 1, 1844.

Upper Canada College.

EXHIBITION EXAMINATION.

and the public generally, that they will be fully pre-pared, on the opening of the Navigation, with efficient means to carry on their usual business as the Fourth Annual Public Examination, of A Thursday and Friday, the 26th and 27th of September the following Boys, classed in order of merit, were elected Ex-



Number of Vacancies, July, 1845:

and Tuition, with liberty to commute the privilege of Boarding

Subjects of Examination, July 28th, 1845:

GREEK.—Valpy's Delectus.

LATIN.—Ovid's Epistles: Ariadne Theseo and Ænone Paridi
in the "Electa ex Ovidio et Tibullo," Eton, 1840, between

ALGEBRA. - To Simple Equations inclusive, (Bridge).

Extract from the Regulations:

1. All Candidates to be eligible who shall produce Testimonials of Good Conduct and Qualifications from the Principal or

Head Master, or any Institution for Education in Canada.

2. The above Testimonials to be lodged with the Collector

3. The names of the successful Candidates to be published,

The Cobourg Star, Toronto Patriot, Herald, and British Colonist; the Montreal Courier, Quebec Mercury, Hamilton Gazette. and London Inquirer, will each give three insertions.

EDUCATION.

will be ready, on 7th of October, to receive Popils at her residence, near to the Episcopal Church, Hamilton, C. W.

TERMS:

Board, Lodging, Washing, Seat in Church, and English and French Languages, Geography, Astronomy, Use of the Giobes, Ancient, Modern and Scripture History, Biography, Elements of Natural Philosophy, Writing and Arithmetic, Music, (Piano Forte), Drawing and Calisthenies, Plain and Fancy

Needle Works, per annum £61 0

EXTRAS, IF REQUIRED:

Payments, Quarterly in Advance: Letters, post-paid.

BOARDING SCHOOL,

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON.

TERMS PER QUARTER:

F. W. BARRON,

Principal U. C. Coll.

378-3w

specifying the Schools at which they were educated.

Toronto, Oct. 7th, 1844.

Hamilton, Sept. 25, 1844.

35, Newgate Street, Toronto,

N.B.—School re-opens September 2nd, 1844.

MRS. GILKISON

BEGS respectfully to announce to the inhabitants of Toronto, and to her friends generally throughout the

Province, that on the 9th day of September next, she will

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

IN THIS CITY,

FOR VOUNG LADIES.

by a competent Governess, lately from England, and as it is her intention to limit the number of her Boarders, it will be in her

Masters will attend for the French, Italian, and German

It will be Mrs. GILKISON'S particular duty, personally, to a struct her Pupils on the Piano Forte and in Singing, and having herself been a Pupil for many years of some of the most eminent English and Italian Masters in London, coupled with

ong experience in teaching, some inducement, she trusts, may

be offered to those who appreciate the cultivation of these accomplishments in their children.

Mrs. G. has accommodation for two Young Ladies as Parlour

The following persons have kindly allowed their names to be

H. J. Grasett, Toronto; The Rev. Henry Scadding, Toronto; The Rev. J. G. Geddes, Hamilton; The Rev. Arthur Palmer,

Guelph; The Rev. Thomas S. Kennedy, Clarke and Darling-

WANTED,

WANTED,

A S an ASSISTANT in a SCHOOL, a Person of Lady-like manners, and good English Education. She must be competent to instruct in History, Geography, &c. A Lady

possessing greater acquirements would be more desirable, but the abovementioned attainments are indispensable. She must

Apply to Thos. Champion Esq., 144 King St., Toronto.

Just received, and for sale by the Subscribers,

BANK STOCK, DEBENTURES, OR LAND SCRIP,

WANTED.

H. NORRIS & Co.

157 King-st. Toronto

ton: The Hon, Mr. Justice Jones, Toronto; The Hon, William

mick, Esq., Niagara.

routine of School duties.

Toronto, 13th August, 1844.

Toronto, 5th February, 1844.

elong to the Established Church.

DLAIN and beaded GOTHIC FONTS.

Which they offer at reduced prices.

369-tf toria Row, King Street, Toronto, C. W.

June 17th, 1844.

August 12, 1844.

Latin

p. 18 and p. 32 inclusive. These are to be considered as

text-books on which questions in Grammar, Prosody, History, &c. will be founded.

July 28th, 1845.

for an Annual Stipend of £20.

In addition they would also beg to state, that they have leased from the Kingston Marine Railway Company, their spacious STONE STORE-HOUSE, foot of Gore Street, Principal U. C. College. together with a large New Warehouse, to be erected by the Company on the adjoining Wharf, which will be ready for occupation on the opening of the Navigation. Upper Canada College. THE FIFTH ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION of the CANDIDATES FOR THE EXHIBITIONS founded by the Council of King's College, will commence on Monday,

These premises will afford them facilities for Transhipment, Storage and despatch, superior to any they have hitherto occu-pied in Kingston, while the safety of Property stored in Fire-proof Buildings, is too well known to the Commercial Public Four: tenable for three years; to two of which (3d and 4th) is attached exemption from College dues for Tuition; to one, (2nd) in addition to the above, the Annual Stipend of £10; and to one (1st) exemption from College dues for both Board

FORWARDING, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, beg leave to inform their friends

Forwarders, Warehousemen,

Their Line of Steam-boats, Eriesson Propellers, (first intro-

duced into Canada by them) Schooners, and Barges, equal to any in the country, will enable them to forward Merchandize,

Produce and Passengers, on the Canal. Lakes and River, at as

low rates, and with as much expedition, as any other House in

AND SHIPPING AGENTS. Routes of Transport between Kingston and Montreal, vis the Rideau Canal upwards, and River St Lawrence downwards.

1844.

At Montreal, Brockville and Bytown, they will occupy the same extensive Premises which they have hitherto occup Entries passed, Duties and all other Charges paid on Goods consigned to them from Great Britain.

MURRAY & SANDERSON, SANDERSON & MURRAY, Kingston and Brockville,

General Agency Office. WILLIAM HEPBURN (late Registrar of the Court of Chancery, Canada West) has opened an Office at No. 7, Rue St. Laurent, Montreal, where every description of business connected with the Public Offices, Land Agency, and otherwise, and also Commercial Agency of every kind, will

Opinions on Chancery Cases given, Petitions, Acts of Par-hament, Conveyances, Leases, Wills, Contracts, Cuparther-ship Deeds, Charter Parties, and every description of Legal

N. B .- All letters must be post-paid. Montreal, 1st June, 1844.

FOR SALE, A NEW and well built Stone Cottage, with five Acres of good land, beautifully situated in the romantic and thriving village of Ancaster, and distant but seven miles from the important town of Hamilton, District of Gore.

The Cottage is neatly finished and is, with the Stable, Coach House, Poultry House, Shed &c., in excellent repair.

Being in the immediate vicinity of Churches, Schools, and the Post Office, it offers a desirable residence for a genteel family. The road to Hamilton is Macadamized, and is one of the best in the Province

M ISS FELTON begs leave to inform her Patrons, Friends, and such persons as may please to favour her establishment for the EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES, that Miss F. Apply to Mr. H. E. Nicholls, Land Agent, Victoria Row, or

LEWIS MOFFATT. Toronto, June 22, 1844.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Sale of the Eleven (say Sixteen, as per hand bills,)
BUILDING LOTS, on the East bank of the River Don, near the City of Toronto, advertized in the fourth page of this journal, will be sold by AUCTION, on TUESDAY EVEN-ING, the 11th day of June next, at Eight o'clock precisely, at Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart. TERMS :- Only £2 10s. on each lot required down, the remainder can be paid in four equal annual instalments.

These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each,) cheaper, (see hand-bills,) and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale. The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at Every Pupil to furnish her own Books, Stationery, Bed, Bedding, &c. &c. a Silver Tea and Table Spoon and Fork; to be returned upon the Pupils leaving the School.

the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Steam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery.

NOTICE.

nid.

N.B.—Purchasers wishing to have a Deed at once, can have one, by giving a Mortgage.

It may be well to remark, that such a Deed will entitle the holder to a VOTE in the First Riding of the County of York. Toronto, May, 1844. For Sale or to Lease on Moderate Terms,

A HOUSE AND OUT OFFICES, conveniently and A comfortably arranged, in the vicinity of Cobourg, with or without about fifty-five acres of Land, one mile from the Church, Market, &c. A planked side-walk passes the door.

This Property will be found an excellent investment, as the whole can be laid out in Building Lots, and must increase in

Apply to Mr. HARGRAFT, Post Office, Cobourg; If by August 1, 1844.

TO BE LET OR SOLD, A most desirable residence for a Private Family, A PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMAN. Or the Captains of Vessels navigating Lake Ontario.

THE HOUSE is in the Cottage style, nearly new, built in the most substantial manner of wood, with a good Stone MRS. RYERSON hopes to do justice to those who may entrust their children to her care, as she has had much experience in the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, and Cellar underneath, and contains five Bed rooms, Drawing-room, Parlour, Kitchen, Pantry, and Closets, &c. &c. The Yard and Garden occupy half an aere, forming three good Building Lots all enclosed with a close Thorn Hedge and Picketed Fence. in London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen. The Garden is well stocked with a variety of choice Fruit Trees, in full bearing. The situation is within the limits of the picturesque and rising town of Port Hope, near to the Lake Shore, and on the West side of the Harbour, possessing one of the most beautiful prospects to be found in Canada.

For further particulars apply to Mr. M. Jellett, on the

Port Hope, 12th August, 1844.

FOR SALE.

THAT very valuable property, beautifully situated on the Shore of Lake Simcoe, Township of Georgina, being THE BRIARS," the property of the late CAPTAIN BOURin that commodious house at the Corner of York and Adelaide (late Newgate) Street, and formerly occupied by Mrs. Colonel The Estate contains 200 acres of very good land, of which there are 70 under good cultivation, and fenced in a very superior manner; the House is of Brick, well built, and not only MRS. GILKISON is assisted in the performance of her duties

comfortably arranged for a gentleman's family, with all neces-sary and fitting offices, but also well and completely finished in intention to limit the number of her Boarders, it will be in her power to devote herself entirely to them, and no pains will be spared, on her part, to promote their advancement in all the branches appertaining to a polite and finished Education.

"The Briars" is within a mile of the Church, Post Office, excellent Grist Mill, Saw Mill, and Store, and a few minutes walk from the Steamboat Wharf at Jackson's Point, the covered walk

of which is one of the most perfectly sheltered boat-harbours of that beautiful piece of water, Lake Simcoe. To any person visiting the picturesque scenery of the Lake, or desirous of settling on its healthy banks, this property can be pointed out by Capt. LAUGHTON, the intelligent commander of the Steamboat Beaver, who is acquainted with the place, and

on whose information every reliance may be placed.

For terms and particulars apply to EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, Land Agent, &c., No. 4, Victoria Row, King Street, Toronto. April, 1844. 353-ti JOHN HART

ised as references: -- The Lord Bishop of Toronto; The Rev. PAINTER, GLAZIER, GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER, CLATE OF THE FIRM OF HART & MARCH.)

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks for the kind support he has received while in copartnership, and desires to acquaint his riends and the public that he has Removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Popplewell. 10. 233, King Street, two doors cast of Mr. Rowsell's, where he intends carrying on the above business, and trusts, by strict attention and liberal terms, to still merit a continuance of mubilic paternage. Allan, Toronto; Clarke Gamble, Esq., Toronto; The Hon. John Hamilton, Kingston; The Hon. James Gordon, Amherstburgh; Samuel Street, Esq., Niagara Falls; Thomas McCor-

Toronto, 25th May, 1842. J. G. JOSEPH, Optician, Spectacles & Mathematical Instrument Maker, No. 2, Victoria Buildings, ADJOINING BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN BANK,

IN an Establishment for Young Ladies, a Lady capable of giving instruction in the usual branches of a good education, and who is willing to make herself useful in the general KING STREET, TORONTO, N returning thanks to the public generally for the liberal Application to be made by letter (post-paid), mentioning the individual's qualifications and terms, to D. H., Post Office, state that he has opened, in addition to his former Stock, an extensive assortment of SPECTACLES, adapted to every sight within the reach of artificial assistance. Compasses, EDUCATION.

LADY experienced in Teaching, will give daily instruction to a limited number of Pupils. For particulars apply to Mr. Champion, Church Depository, King Street.

Toronto 5th February, 1844 343-tf has on hand and will make to order WATCHES, JEWELLERY, and SILVER WARE.

All articles in the above line made and repaired to order. Toronto, 17th July, 1844.

BIRTHS.

At Niagara, on the 1st instant, Mrs. W. B. Winterbottom, Esq., of a daughter.
At Kingston, on the 27th ultimo, the lady of Capt. Symons, royal artillery, of a daughter.

At Quebe,c on the 12th instant, the lady of Henry LeMesurier, Jr., of a son.

MARRIED. At Williamsburgh, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev, Mr. Boswell, Pembrooke G. Crysler, Esq., son of Col. John Crysler, of Finch, to Sarah, fourth daughter of Capt. John Dorin, of Wil-

We regret to learn that the last packet brings intelligence of the decease of the lady of J. M. Higginson, Esq., the Private Secretary of his Excellency the Governor General.

Letters received during the week ending Thursday, Oct. 17 A SMALL quantity of U. Canada, Commercial, or Gore
Bank Stock wanted. Also Land Scrip, Government,
or City of Toronto Debentures (old dates).
Apply to HENRY E. NICOLLS, Land Agent, No. 4 VicLand P. Wing Street, Toronto C. W. Street, Toronto C. Street, Toront 376.4 Wilson.

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