

PREGNANCY AFTER VENTRAL FIXATION OF THE UTERUS. A REPORT OF FOUR CASES. By George M. Edebohls, A.M., M.D., Gynæcologist to St. Francis Hospital, New York; Professor of Diseases of Women at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School; Consulting Gynæcologist to St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, N.Y. Reprinted from the Transactions of the New York Obstetrical Society.

MORPHINISM IN MEDICAL MEN. Read before the American Medical Association, San Francisco, 6th June, 1894. By J. B. Mattison, M.D., Medical Director Brooklyn Home for Habitues.

THE MODERN AND HUMANE TREATMENT OF THE MORPHINE DISEASE. By J. B. Mattison, M.D., Medical Director Brooklyn Home for Habitues. Read before the Pan-American Medical Congress, Washington, D. C., 6th September, 1893. Reprint from Medical Record, December 23rd, 1893.

DE L'AGRANDISSEMENT MOMENTANÉ DU BASSIN. Rapport lu au Congrès International des Sciences Médicales tenu à Rome du 29 Mars au 5 Avril 1894. Par Adolphe Pinard, Professeur à la Faculté, Membre de l'Académie de Médecine, Paris. G. Steinheil, éditeur 2, rue Casimir-Delavigne. 1894.

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THE SPELLING OF SOME MEDICAL WORDS. By George M. Gould, A.M., M.D., of Philadelphia, Pa. From The Medical News, June 17, 1893.

CLASS-ROOM NOTES.

—Prof. Parvin says in cases of *Rupture of the Uterus*, when it has become necessary to perform laparotomy in order to deliver the child, and hemorrhage exists which cannot be controlled by either sutures or tampons of iodoform gauze, hysterectomy is indicated.

—Prof. Parvin says one of the best methods of getting rid of the accumulation of water that occurs in cases of *Hydræmia* is by giving the

patient a hot bath for about twenty minutes and then giving her a glass of hot water to drink, causing her to perspire freely.

—Prof. Parvin says, if immediately after the birth of the child the *after pains* are so severe as to prevent the mother from sleeping, and are not relieved by the application of hot compresses to the uterus, with compression of the uterus, opium and camphor or antipyrine may be administered.

—*Atropine and Belladonna* exert their chief influence on blondes.

—Prof. Hare says *Chronic Catarrh of the Mucous Membrane* is often relieved by alkaline diuretics.

—Dr. Wolff does not favor the use of the cold bath in the treatment of *Pneumonia*, for the reduction of the fever.

—Prof. Parvin believes that women who develop a goitre during their pregnancy should not nurse the child.

—Prof. Parvin says that the period of incubation of *Scarlet Fever* is longer in a pregnant than in a non-pregnant woman.

—Prof. Hare says creosote should not be employed in cases of *Tuberculosis* in which hemorrhage or hectic fever is present.

—In cases of *Intestinal Flatulence* combined with indigestion, Prof. Hare says chloroform will be found to be very valuable.

—Prof. Parvin says a nervous woman is more predisposed to *Puerperal Convulsions* than one whose nervous system is not over-sensitive;

—In cases where a tumor of the breast occurs, accompanied by a retraction of the nipple, Prof. Keen says that, as a rule, the tumor is a *Carcinoma*.

—Prof. Keen says in *Cancer occurring in the breast*, the whole breast should always be removed, on account of the infiltrating method in which a cancer grows.

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