## THE CANADIAN INDEPENDENT.

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The Protestant clergy in Rome, Italy, are moving for a better obscrvance of Sunday.

The Presbyterians in Ireland provide 228,239 sittings and have 106,776 communicants.

TEN missionaries-six of them women-were sent to the East, week before last, by the American Board.

Father Mackamara, of the Independent lrish Catholic Church, New York city, has excommunicated the Pope.

We see that an old Canadian brother, the Rev. Richard Lewis, once of Belleville, has accepted a call to the church in Grand Haven, Michigan.

The Evangelical Alliance of the city of Hamilton, at its last monthly meeting, held on the ist instant, passed a resolution strongly condemning the Sunday excursions which have afficted the city and neighbourhood, and appointing a Committee to deal with the matter.

1N Birmingham, England, the establishment provides church accommodation for 47,315 persons out of a total of 343,787 . And yet we hear such terms as "National Church" employed froin time to time. The Episcopal Church is little more of a national church than is the Established Presbyterian Church of Scotland.
THE "Christian Union" gives a hint to its readers in a recent number that there is nothing that answers to the designation of "the Congregational Church." We have thought that, even in our own churches, this fact was someumes forgutten, or, possibly, some brethren whose acquantance with Congregationalism has not been long, have never been aware of it.

The missionancs of the London Missionary Society in Madagascar publish annually a magazinc under the title "The Autananarivo Annual and Madagascar Magazine." It gives a great deal of infornatoon about the topography and productions of Madagascar, and the language, customs, tradtions and relignous beliefs of the people. The present eduor is the Rev. G. Cousins.

The whole philosophy of the liquor traffic was explained a few days ago when at a liquor trial an irate dealer broke out as follows: "Judge, there's no use
of jour trying to stop liyuur selling. Just as long as there is eight cents profit on a ten cent drink, zum will be sold, and no one can stop it." The love of money is the root of this "gigantic, crime of crimes."

Papal. blessing has been given in the past to all sorts of objects and enterprises. And now we learn that M. de Lesseps' Panama Canal scheme has been favoured in this way. We shall see by and by of the blessing is worth anythung. What can it do anyway to unite the Allantic and Pacific? Will at make it easter to dyg the soll and to blast the rocks? Who will enlighten us on this suisject?

Tue question of Sunday excursions hâs been agitating the people of Norwich, Conn. The Rev. Leonard Woolsey Bacon set the ball rolling. He seems to inave been successful in accomplishing something. We judge that it must be so because we learn that the opponents of the Sunday law have betn trying to do him injury. They plastered his house with mortar, on a certain occasion. Mr. Bacon is not the man to be daunted by such exhibitions of spite, and we think that he is pretty well supported by the good citizens of his towa.

OUR Scotch Congregational friends are exercised over some recent seccssions from their Union. They scem to be unable to agree as to the cause. One writer claims that the teaching in the Theological Hall has something to do with them. Another attributes them partly to the coldness and crotchetiness and stercotypedness and pride of some of the churches. We hope that no serious division will arise among our Scotch brethren. But, possibly, there may be a little too much conservatism about them. We understard that the Evangelical Union :s somewhat broader and more progressive.

We rejoice to see that our American friends have succeeded in forcing the Oneida Community to adopt an important reformation. This body has applied the principle of communism to everything, to marriage as well as to business arrangenents. The moral sentrment of the American people has long felt itself outraged by the condition of things which existed, and some time ago a Committee was formed to inquire as to what action should be taken in the case. Now, Noyes, the leader of the Community, proposes to give up the practice of free marriage, in "deference to the public sentiment which is rising aganst it." The Community now will allow marriage, but will prefer celibacy. The result which has now been reached might have been reached years ago with a little energy and interest on the part of a few prominent American Christians.

Therf: should be some way of dealing with newspaper men who bespatter with mud the names of wurthy men. There is a class of men connceted with the press who delight in laying hold of any rumour derogatory to a Christian man, and it is all the better to thein if he happens to be a prominent minister. Dr. Joseph $P$. Thompson, once of the Broadway Tabernacle, New York, now of Berlin, is the latest victim that we have heard of. An American newspaper-a Western one, we believe-published a story that, on tise face of it, was false and absurd, and then other journals $\cdots$ not many, and none of any respectability did tincir best to spread at, with their mean, contemptible comments attached. It looks as if no man was safe in these days. A reputation may be whispered away in a day at the whim or caprice or malice of any miscreant who can wield a pen. It is time that something were done.

## IE G."FETH MURE (BRACE.

That is good news. I do not know that 1 ever learal better. His giving great grace at first does not exhaust his loving kindness. It is rather a pledge that He will go on to do still more abundantly. We marvel to see a noble and virtuous prince marrying a poor dansel. That is condescension. Hut we marel not to find that after he marries her he treats her like a queen. The Lord loved us, even when we were lost; how much more shall we be blessed of Him when we have been accepted in the Beloved! I know no stronger or fairer reasoning than that.

Even a little grace is a great thing. It is so rich and valuable that God never puts it into any but vessels of mercy. It is so excellent that whoever has grace has the promise of glory, if 1 understand the prophet, (Psalm ixxxiv. 1.) Grace leads to glory as certainly as sin leads to misery.
The apostle says the Lord gives grace to the humble. The proud iefuse grace. They think they are good enough, and can do without it. It is with empty pitchers that we must draw water from the welle of salvation. The Lord knoweth the proud afar off. The reason why those who have grace have not more grace is, because they do not sufficiently humble themselves under the might hand of God. $O$, poor humanity !
The grace we have to day is seldom, if ever enough for to-morrow. We, therefore, need a constant increase. Fresh supplies of food are daily needed by the healthy labourer. It is a great thing for a saint to gain one victe $\gamma$. That shows him that, by God's grace, he can overcome. But David's slaying of the lion ard the bear did not make him victorious over Gcliath. It was God who gave him the victory in each case. Himself said so. But his experience as a shepherd-boy encouraged him when he met the pride of Philistia.
One of our great errors is that we are satisfied with a little. God warns us on this point. "1 am the Lord thy God, which brought thee out of the land of Egypt: open thy mouth wide, and I will fill it." "I have done great things for you already; look to me , and I will do more for you. We are rot straitened in God, but in our own compassions. O that sur hearts were enlarged! We need full salvation, and it is provided. Let us come and drink aburidantly.
He gives more grace when we needit. Dying grace is not given to the living. To fight weil is ufien our highest duty. To exult in God through Christ, will be a blessed privilege indeed; but the spoils come after the battle. Harvest is preceded by ploughing and sowing. Peace will come soon enough, and will last long encugh.
But let us never rest satisfied with past attainments. The secret of Paul's great growth is told us by himself. "Not as though I had already attained, either were already perfect ; but I fullow after, if that I may apprehend that for which also I am apprehended of Jesus Christ. . . I 1 press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus." Wellington did not think his work done till after the affair at Waterloo. Our work will not be done till we get our crown.

We need, and to the last shall need more grace. Whaterer convinces us of our need is good for us, and it is a great thing to know that we are poor, if we only may lay hold of the unsearchable ricises of Christ. It is a blessed thing to know our misery, if we are but led 10 find solace in Christ. None ever yets the linen white and clean who esteems his own righteousness as anything but filthy rags.

We may confidently trust Him for more grace, be-

