# The Canada Presbyterian. 

## Motes of the raleek.

Mis. W. C. M.notil, an elder at Calcutta, who has for fifteen years been a volunteer evangelist, animadverts on the recommendations of the Indian Presbyterian Alliance. He complains that the representation of lay liuropiean thought has been inadequate, and predicts that the table of doctrine manufactured by the missionaries will be blown to the winds in the first uquinquemium of the Indian Church's autonomy.

When the Census Bill is before Parliament the Earl of Camperdown will propose that the returns should include information as to the religious persuasion of all persons residing in the United Kingdom. His special object appears to be to obtain information as to the strength of the Presbyterian Churches in icotland. He preposes that in Scotland the census returns should distinguish between the different Presbyterian bodies in that country:

Ar the obscrvance of the Lord's Supper in the church at Pearn, Rev. D. Matheson, of Tarbat in fencing the tobles, is said to have debarred all those who believed in the views of Professors Dods and Bruce from coming to the table; and an Inverness minister, giving an account in Gaelic to his congregation of the proceedings at the Assembly, described the two professors and their supporters as "unregenerate and wicked men, striving to destros" the Bible."

Tnil: Christian Liader says: Mr. George Kennan, who in the Century has thrown such a flood of light on the horrors of Siberia, has been lecturings on the subject in Canada as well as in the United States, and the committee formed in England to ventilate this subject, with a view to bringing moral pressure to bear on the Russian Government, might do worse than invite Mr. Kennan to visit the chief cities of Bitain. He would be certain to attract great audiences. It would appear that he is not less effective oin the platform than as a magarine writer.

Tht new English Church Congress programme is not ambitious, but it indicates with sufficient fidelity the subjects on which the public mind is evercised at present. Great space is given to social guestions, including strikes, wages, sanitation, socialism, manufacturers and their workmen, and the like. Home reunion and Disestablishment make another group. Ritualism, of course, comes in for its place, and in reality the question of to day is the question of the Congress, the inspiration of Holy Scripture. The Archbishop of York will preside at the meetings, and the Evangelical party will no doubt be fairly represented. The mectings are to be held in the end of September and beginning of October at Hull.

Tul: success attending the Presbyterian Church of England " loward Movement " in L.ondon, in connection with which a great evangelistic meeting was held last year in Regent's Park, has encouraged the Open air Services Committee of the Presbytery of Yondon North, to arrange for another united service, with ministers, choirs and congregations in the northwest district. This aggregate service was held in Regent's Park on Sunday, June 22. The Kev. J. Munro Gibson, D.D., St. John's Wood, presided, and the Revs. John McNeill, Regent's Square ; 7. 13. Woffendale, Somers Town; Duncan Sillars, Haverstock Hill; J. R. Gillies, Mampstead ; and D. M. Connan, Kentish Town, took part.

Tu-MORROUl the Irish Presbyterian Assembly will celebrate its jubilec. The memorial meeting will be held in lBelfast, in the Rosemary Street Church, where the union of the Synods was consummated fifty years ago. It is on record that 333 men sat in the first united Assembly. Less than one in ten of that company row survive. But one of the best of them was Dr. Killen, who now, upwards of cighty years of age, proposes to tell the story of the union. There will be many addresses, and much justifiable folicitation over the growth of the

Church. It occurs to us, says the /nterem, that if the men who control the Assembly could control the politics of Ireland, the Ilome Rule movement would be in ummistakably sate hand.

Tilt Pope, says the Chrestan" Ledder, has certainly stolen a march upon Lord Salisbury in Malta. Not only are mived marriages between Koman -Catholics and Protestants to be subject to papal approval in the fulure, but the dispensation from the pope will be necessary to give legal validity to such marriages as have been already consummated. Thus, iuch a couple lately married by a Baptist minister at Malta will not be legrally man and wife till the tie is sealed at Rome. In these negotiations Britain has given everything and Rome nothing For the consent of the lope to recognice marriages between lrotestants was not necessary. such have always been valid under the civil law. The whole affair reveals in a micrucosm what papal assump tion used to be the world over, and suggests that a Protestant government ought not to consult the Vat ican as to its laws-certainly not, if it is to be led by the nose as it has been in this case.

Till. firttasí 1 'echly thus chronicles the demise of two recent journalistic ventures ${ }^{n}$ Edinburgh We regret to chronide the death of our spirited contemporary, the S.ottesh L.aberal. Started only a few months dyo with the support of such leaders as Lurd Ruspbery, l'rincipal Rainy, I'rincipal Cairn and others, it secencd to have a future before it But it is very doubtful whether a penny weekly can be successfully floated which does not to a large extent depend upon news. If fresh intelligence is not frecly given then it would be necessary to have many articles of a high class. This is the experiment we should like to see tried-a penny Spectator -but it can orly be done successfully from London. There is not roum chough in Scutiand fur weekly papers of the kind. The Swottis/l H'ckly, which was started to assist in the prosecution of Dr. Dods and Dr. Bruce, seems also to have collapsed, its pub lisher having appeared a short time aso in the bankruptcy court.

The Rev. A. T. Donald gave notice in Glasgow Presbytery of a motion intended to put a stop to promiscunus yuestions being put to candidate, for license. Mr. Thomson, of Ladywell, affirmed that such a motion was incompetent, and will move when it comes up in September that it is contrary to the laws and traditious of the Church. Dr. Watt, of Anderston, Convener of the Committee on Ministerial Training, stated that in the report of last meeting of Presbytery the examination of the students looked a great deal worse than it was in reality. Having had his eyc on those young men from the day they entered the hall, he could say that as to proficiency in their studies they wotld compare favourably with the students of any previous year. Only ten days before their appearance in the Presbytery they had undergone a long and searching examination before the examining board, to its complete satisfaction, and had proved their knowledge of the Shorter Catechism to be both exact and satisfactory. To this Mr. Thomson, of Ladywell, retorted that they did not prove that in the Presbytery; but Dr. Watt held that if the questions had not been sprung upon them unexpectedly they would have answered satisfactorily in the Presbytery too. Mr. Thomson replied that children in the fourth or fifth standarals would have answered the questions off-hand, and strongly denounced the proposed relegation of the examinations to obscurity.

In is not to be wondered at, says the lelfast Witness, that the Moderator of the Remonstrant Synod, which held its annual meeting in lelfast lately, sought comfort in the Dods case. Unitarianism is rapidly disappearing from Ireland, as from most other places, and it is but natural that under such depressing circumstances those who still cling to it should eagerly grasp at any small consolation which seems to offer itself. But if the Rev. Thomas Dunkerley and his brethren imagine that the Dods case indicates any disposition on the part of the Free Church, or of l'resbyterians generally, to question the great doctrine of the essential deity of our blessed

Lord, they were never more mistaken in their lives We are of those who deeply regret Dr. Dods' recent utterances. We cannot agree with them. We beljeve they were ill-advisec!, unwise and altogether wrons And we do not wonder that the enemies of erangelical Christianity should endeavour to make capi tal out of them. But, while condemning 1)r. Dods, we must be careful not to do him injustice, and it would be doing him the gravest infustice to insinuate that he hold; with a less steadfast faith than his brethren, or than the standards of his Church, the great fundamental truth to which we have referred, and in which Arianism has its raisen de che If the members of the Remonstrant Synoi can find no better consolation than the Dods case afforth. they are to be pitied I'et apparently they cammot.

A verilin, at st. James Mall, london, to cundemn betting and gambling was a success, the specches of Mr. Horsley and Mt. (ar Glyn beins firm in tonc, and Mr. Hughes repeating his well known panacea for the evil. A not. less remarhable meeting has been held in Leeds, where gambling is very prevalent. The new vicar, Dr. Talbot. late of Keble College. Oxford, summoned the clergs and ministers of all denominations to cunsider what action should be taken to diminish, and, if possible, put to an end betting and gambling in the borough. Dr. Talbot opened the conference in a temperate speceh, in which he deprecated academical definitions and wholesale cundemnations, and said that their duty was to onk men to louh fairly in the face the ruin of the comfort, happiness and hopes of domestic life caused by betting, and the injury and unsettlement caused in the relations between employers and employed. The chaplain of Staford Gaol had said that ninety per cent. of the prisoners got there through drink, and that drink in ninety per cent. of the cases was due to gambling. Dr. Conder said that the first thing they had to do wan to create public opinion, and that the curse of gambling was worse than the curse of drink. It was resolved tu ask Parliament to appoint a commission on the subject. If any good is to be done the Britis/l Wickly is of opinion that legislative measures must be considered and pressed. It is obvious that the evil of gambling can be suppressed by law more effectually than kindred vices, but the country is so honeycombed by the disease that it wuald probably not be possible to carry drastic medure: at once. The process of education must therefore be carried on, and in this movement, at least, it may be hoped the churches will be unanimous.

The Victoria correspondent of the lintes/t Weckly gives the following account of how the loodsBruce controversy has stirred up the Australians. The Theological Hall has been coming in for attention in connection, that is, with the Dods and Bruce question. The Alonthly, organ of the Presbyterian Church of Victoria, gave an account of this matter from the standpoint of the accusers. Thereupon Professor Harper, of the Theological Hall, wrote a letter to the Dazly Tilgraph, showins the unfairncos of this, and the false impression it created. A leading Wesleyan minister, with whom, however, the majority of his brethren do not agree, wrote in answer supporting the Presbyterian. Ifomthly by the opinion of the English Weslayat Methedis! Magrazinc. In reply, the late Mr. Ewing, of loorack, published Dr. Dods' letter; and Profensor Rentoul, in two successive letters, gave a statement of the analysis and standpoint and pusition of what he calls "The New Apologetics," of which Drs. Bruce and Dods, with many others of the noblest Christian teachers in the British lands and Germany, are representatices. This statement is such a convincing vindication of Dr. Bruce's teaching that it has put an end to controversy. One of the newspapers suggests that if the friends of Drs. Bruce and Doas in Scotland had taken the same method the trouble there would have been ended too. Nothing has been more totable in this discussion than the franle and fearless way in which the professors in the Melbourne Theological Hall welcome the higher criticism and the new modes of "Apologetic," as calculated by their method not to weaken, but in the long run to vindicate and make clear the substance and the living and the redoeming truth of Christianity.

