MORROWS
for future use. Fifteen or
BOLT'S WATER GLASS now,
save you dollars next winter.
SHOTBOLT'S PIONEER
Govrnm'nt St. Electric Sign

PAINT

good paint; paint
ears and look well
HID PAINT.

but it must be the
insure Pyramid
he market, we use
eed Oil.

Lead is the only
pigments. In our
ly Burrell's World-
ead.

ds Fresh and
for Use.

OLD PAINTS
Work.

AL PAINTS
or Work.

NUFACTURERS
CO., Ltd.
T DECORATORS,
Victoria, B.C.
ers' Block.

CTORIA
INDUSTRIES
TEA
ELICACIES
nt Counter
SS & CO.
NT STREET, VICTORIA
ken. R.1007

The Sprott-Shaw
BUSINESS
University
VANCOUVER, B. C.
336 HASTINGS ST., W.
ers a Choice of 2 to 4 Positions
very graduate. Students always in
Great Demand.
mercial, Pitman and Gregg Short-
Telegraphy, Typewriting (on the six
ard makes of machines), and Lan-
es taught by competent specialists.
SPROTT, B. A., Principal.
SCRIVEN, B. A., Vice-President.
ROBERTS, Gregg Shorthand.
SKINNER, Pitman Shorthand.

ancer is
Curable.
best evidence is THE TESTIMONY
THE CURED. If interested, let us
duce you.
Western Medicine Co'y, Ltd.
4 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works permission to purchase the following bed land:

mencing at a post at R. Tomlinson's mption, marked S. B.'s S. W. corner, e North 40 chains, thence East 40 s, thence South 10 chains to right of Skeena River, thence by bank of to point of commencement, contain- 0 acres more or less.

(Signed) SAMUEL BRIGHT.
nskinkinish, B. C., January 9, 1906.

Local News

(From Friday's Daily.)

Big Silver Find.—A remarkable discovery of silver is said to have been made recently on Observatory inlet, on the northwestern coast. Tests recently made show 1,200 ounces to the ton.

Rivers Inlet Cannery.—A whole equipment for a new cannery for the Dawson-Buttimer company at Rivers Inlet, was taken north on the steamer Otter. The company has abandoned its Fraser River cannery, and taken its whole equipment north.

Far North Mails. — Notification is given by the post office inspector's office that a mail will leave Fort St. James for Quesnel on or about the 25th instant, and that the return mail will be despatched from Quesnel about the 1st proximo with mails for Fort George, Fort St. James, Fort Fraser, Fort McLeod, Fort Grahame, and all interior points in the New Caledonia section.

To Prevent Glanders.—A warning to those interested in connection with the subject of glanders and precautionary measures to be adopted to prevent the spread of the disease comes from Dr. Rutherford, veterinary director general for the Dominion, and is very timely in view of the fact that there is trouble in different parts of the province from glanders at the present time.

Full Court Adjourns.—At Vancouver yesterday the full court adjourned, to meet in this city on April 20, when a number of judgments will be delivered. An order was obtained on behalf of Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir, an intervener in the Hopper vs. Dunsmuir will case, for an appeal to the privy council.

Real Estate Activity.—The activity in Victoria real estate as reported by the Colonist in its issue of Tuesday continues, and there is a brisk demand at the present time for city property. Messrs. Grant & Conyers have just effected the purchase of a house and two lots on Belton avenue for Mr. Marling of Regina, who has decided to make this his permanent home The transfer of the residence and office of Dr. George Duncan on Fort street to Dr. O. M. Jones is announced. This is a four-storey building and excellently situated.

Inquest Again Adjourned.—Yesterday afternoon the inquest concerning the death of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Duvall, of North Park street, which died after Stedman's Teething powder had been administered was again resumed, but nothing was accomplished. The coroner, Dr. Hart, stated that at the last adjournment when the jury had requested the analysis to be made by Dr. Fagan, he had seen the doctor who was at that time preparing to leave for Ottawa and had been promised that the result of the analysis would be ready as soon as the doctor returned from the East. He had not returned, and another adjournment was necessary. The inquest was adjourned until May 14th.

Hazard Found Guilty.—E. L. Hazard, who came to Victoria with W. Rowland at the time of the Valencia disaster, seeking the body of his son, Roy Hazard, who in company with the Rowland girls, Lulu and Mabel, who were induced to run away from Los Angeles so that they would not be available to give evidence against the elder Hazard, who was charged with assault on Lulu Rowland, aged 16 years, was found guilty by a jury in the superior court at Los Angeles on Wednesday. The penalty for the offence is from five years to life imprisonment. Hazard was convicted largely on the evidence of the dead girl, given at the preliminary hearing several months ago. Mabel, a sister of Lulu and a few years older than the latter, and Roy Hazard, a son of the defendant, were also lost in the wreck of the Valencia. It was charged by the prosecution in the present case that young Hazard was attempting, at the instigation of his father, to spirit the Rowland girls out of the country to prevent their testifying against him, at the time they boarded the Valencia at San Francisco on its voyage. The bodies of one of the girls and that of young Hazard were recovered.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

New Westminster's Grievance.—At a meeting of the New Westminster board of trade held on Wednesday evening the poor steamer service between that city and Victoria was brought up, and it was decided to call the attention of the Victoria board of trade to the matter as Victoria merchants were losing considerable business on that account.

Appointed Gold Commissioner.—News has been received that R. C. Miller, mining recorder at White Horse, has just been appointed assistant gold commissioner for that district with headquarters in White Horse, and Mr. Lockie Burwash, brother of Professor Burwash of Columbian college, New Westminster, has been named as Mr. Miller's assistant. Percy Reid has been appointed recorder at Conrad in the Windy Arm, and J. Holliday is named as recorder at Kluane. The appointments were put through by Commissioner McInnes, who is now in Ottawa on business connected with Yukon administration.

Drowned in Narrows.—Two men, carpenters, employed by Mr. Lawson, 1023 Pacific street, Vancouver, were drowned in the First Narrows, Vancouver, this morning. Their names were Jack Rear and L. T. Strickner, and they were employed by Mr. Lawson in repairing a house at the place called Navvy Jack's on the North Vancouver shore, about five miles from the Indian mission. One of the men, L. T. Strickner, came from Tacoma, where he went by the name of Paterson. The other, Jack Rear came to the city from Lindsay, Ont., and was well known to Mr. Hickling, a real estate man, who came from the same place. Mr. Hickling has communicated the sad news to Rear's sister. It is not known at present whether either of the men has any relatives in Vancouver and it is just a chance whether the bodies will ever be recovered.

Railways and Mines.—J. A. Macdowell, of the firm of contractors who are constructing the branch of the C. P. R. from Spence's Bridge to Nicola is at the coast from the Kootenay, where he was on mining business. He brought with him a small bottle of placer gold taken from Perry Creek, near Cranbrook, and says there are good returns to be made from digging the gravel in this stream, which was the scene of great activity in the early days. Mr. Macdonell is one the principal shareholders in the Perry Creek Gold Dredging company, which a few years ago took a large steam-shovel 15 miles over the mountains, which feat attracted considerable attention at that time. Owing to difficulties cropping up, the company has not been operating very largely of late, but now that everything has been cleared up, it is expected that things will now go on ahead. This company has ground just above that of the Perry Creek Hydraulic company, composed of Wisconsin people, who are making big money.

Suicide at Malcolm Island.—According to news received from the north by the steamer Camosun, a logger named Malshaw committed suicide at Malcolm Island last week by hanging. The man went north on the last trip of the Camosun and debarked at the island. Shortly after the steamer left that place for points along the coast Malshaw's body was found hanging from a pole. He had tied a leather lace round his throat and thrown it over a pole, and had slowly strangled to death. The remains were interred at Malcolm Island. The officers of the steamer Camosun stated upon arrival that the man was in a despondent mood when he left the steamer. He had not been drinking while on the steamer but appeared in a gloomy frame of mind and had apparently gone to the secluded spot where the body was found and ended his life.

Hopper vs. Dunsmuir.—In the full court at Vancouver on Thursday a motion was made by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, counsel for Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir, intervener in the celebrated case of Hopper vs. Dunsmuir, to admit of an appeal on behalf of Mrs. Dunsmuir to the privy council. Mr. E. P. Davis, K. C., counsel for Mr. James Dunsmuir, offered no objection to the motion, but asked whether the necessary bond had been deposited. Sir Charles Tupper assured him that the bond for $2,500 had been duly deposited, and the order was made. It will be remembered that Mrs. Dunsmuir, mother of the late Alexander Dunsmuir, brother of Mr. James Dunsmuir, who fell heir to the estate, came into the case as intervener when Miss Edna Wallace Hopper launched her action for the possession of some of the Dunsmuir millions on the strength of a will alleged to have been made in her favor. Mrs. Dunsmuir held that she was also entitled to some share of the estate. The action was first tried before Mr. Justice Drake and dismissed with costs. It was then appealed to the full court, and was again dismissed, the courts at all points confirming Mr. James Dunsmuir's claim to the estate. It is probable that when the appeal comes up before the privy council Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper will appear for Mrs. Dunsmuir, and Mr. Davis for Mr. James Dunsmuir.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Tyee Smelter.—According to a statement issued by the management, the Tyee smelter returns for March show the following results: The smelter ran 13 days and treated 2153 tons of Tyee ore, giving a return, after deduction of freight and refining charges, of $37,965.

New Brickyard.—Messrs. S. and J. Jennings, brick makers, who formerly conducted a business in the northern end of the city, and are now operating in Somenos, shipped a carload of brick to Vancouver during the present week. The shipment is the first made from the firm's new yard up the E. & N. line. A large gang of Chinamen is about to start work, and it is expected that shipments will be made regularly in future.

The Full Court.—The full court will resume its sittings in Vancouver on Monday, April 23. The following appeals are still on the list to be disposed of: Gabriel vs. Power, Rich vs. Hanbury, in re Bank of Hamilton (assessment), Canadian Bank of Commerce vs. Lewis et al, Keroya, Kondo & Kanive vs. C. P. R., Mitchell vs. Sinclair, Richards vs. Wood, in re Bissette, Hofius Co. vs. Lenora & Mount Sicker Gold Mining Co. et al, Youdall vs. Toronto & B. C. Lumber Co., Lewis et al vs. Hughes, Calori vs. Andrews, Dickinson vs. Helliwell, Union Loan & Investment Co. vs. Hill, in re Union Loan & Investment Co., Watson vs. Hamilton, in re Carew Gibson, Cone vs. Lewis, Cross vs. Hassock, Green vs. B. C. Electric Railway Co., Herman vs. Adams.

Seizure of Logs.—John Murray, provincial timber ranger, has returned to Vancouver from Secret cove, where he went in connection with the attempt to cut loose the boom of logs which was seized by the government, and which was lying there. A few days ago information reached the office in Vancouver that the large steel chain which held the boom had been cut, and had it not been discovered just when it was the logs might have drifted out with the tide. Mr. Murray states that he found every proof that attempts had been made to cut the timber adrift. To prevent the recurrence he doubled the number of guards who will patrol the boom night and day. Lights will also be placed on the logs.

BE IN EARNEST.

Be in earnest about your health. Do not suppose that the headaches, backaches and other symptoms from which you suffer will pass away of their own accord instead of developing into serious and chronic disease. If you are subject to kidney, liver and bowl derangements there is no preparation which will be so helpful to you as Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose.

LICENSED VICTUALERS.

Member of Organization Speaks of Raising of Licences in Vancouver.

In reference to the recent increase in the liquor licences at Vancouver, a member of the Licensed Victualers' Association, speaking for the executive, said to the News-Advertiser:

"The word licence may imply 'abusive freedom or liberty or authority, leave or permission granted by proper authority.' Doctors, lawyers, captains of ships, engineers, and in some parts drivers or conductors of public conveyances have diplomas, certificates or licence, which are practically the same, granted them by properly constituted authorities, after passing the necessary examinations in regard to ability and character in the interests of public safety, etc.

"Intoxicants, like drugs, have so great a power for evil that it is considered advisable in most parts of the world that those who sell them should be licensed in order that their uses should not be abused. When good judgment is used in regard to the qualifications of the persons licensed to sell, there is less temptation than when there is little discrimination, or persons are favored by political pull, religious partiality, fraternal obligation or other considerations than the desirable qualities.

"Unlike the learned professions, trades and callings, which have men well versed in the matter they are called upon to adjudicate, the liquor licence authorities are frequently men who have no practical knowledge whatever of the business, and whose theories are largely derived from those who are

Opposed to the Use of Intoxicants

"Where the licence fee is excessive, it usually means that the licensee pays a premium for the 'abuse of liberty or freedom.' Where the licence fee is reasonable it is, on the other hand, construed as meaning 'authority, leave or permission, granted by proper authority.' In my opinion the latter construction is of more importance to the community's welfare than the few dollars the city's coffers may be enriched by excessive licence fees.

"I am informed that one of our city fathers said that no consideration should be given to vested interests in the liquor trade. Such a policy might be applied to his own or other businesses to the detriment of the city's credit and be the means of deterring investments as well as the advancement of the community.

"With very few exceptions, everyone who has studied the liquor question has arrived at the conclusion that the true cause of temperance will be solved by the process of evolution or the elevation of the man who traffics, as well as the place in which the liquor is trafficked.

"Can we expect desirable investors to invest their money or desirable men to conduct drinking places if no regard is paid to their investments or endeavors? The licensees of Vancouver invested their capital in their businesses

According to Law

at the time they made their investments. Many have paid large amounts into the city treasury in periods extending over many years.

"Their places must have served the purposes they were licensed for, or they should not have been licensed. If they were not conducted in a desirable manner, the responsibility rests with the city's legislature or executive for not bringing them to account for their misconduct.

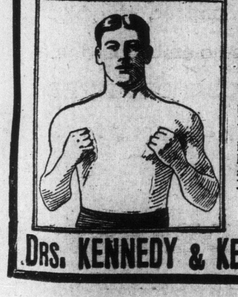
"In making drastic changes in the by-laws and regulations governing licensed places, some regard should be paid to the vested interests of the licensees, many of whose ages and constitutions preclude their commencing again without capital, lest they lose their money as well as perhaps many years of honest endeavor to build up desirable businesses again.

"Some objections have been made to a value accruing to a licence. If a man builds up a good business

The Goodwill of That Business

becomes more or less valuable. In the liquor business the goodwill begins with a licence and ceases to be a goodwill when the licence ceases. I know many 'leases, licences and goodwills' in London that could not be bought for $500,000 and one was sold for $135,000. The fear of losing a licence deters many men from breaking the law. In England where there are too many licences, those which are discontinued are compensated to their value of the 'lease, licence and goodwill,' and my experiences have led me to the conclusion that liquor traffic is better regulated in that country than it is in any other part of the world I have visited."

RESTORED TO MANHOOD



The New Method Treatment of Drs. K. & K. has restored thousands of weak, diseased men to robust manhood. No matter how many doctors have failed to cure you, give our treatment a fair trial and you will never regret it. We guarantee all cases we accept for treatment. Not a dollar need be paid unless cured for you can pay after you are cured. Drs. K. & K. established 25 years.

We treat Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Blood Diseases, Kidney Bladder and Urinary Diseases. If unable to call, write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. Consultation Free.

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNLESS CURED.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

MORE ABOUT THE CARIBOO PIONEERS

Sketch of Richard Berry an Old Timer Known to Many at Coast.

Richard Berry was born at Syracuse, N. Y., January 1, 1826. He left home when 19 years old and went to Illinois, where an elder brother was living. In January, 1849, he learned that a man named Cutting, whose home was at Lockport, Ill., had returned from California with gold, so Dick and a young man named Bob Napa went to see and talk with the man from California. Cutting showed them about an ounce of gold and said he knew where a man could easily make an ounce a day. It did not take the young men long to decide that they wanted some of it, and they were soon on their way to Peoria, Ill., where they took passage on a river steamer for St. Louis and thence up the Missouri to St. Joe (St. Joseph, Mo.). There they outfitted and joined a party of about one hundred men that left St. Joe May 10, 1849, with a mule train of twenty-five prairie schooners. The aforementioned Cutting, his son-in-law, Gooding, who was captain of the outfit, and Bob Napa, for whose father Napaville, Cal., was named, were of the party. During the journey every man took his turn at night watch to guard against an Indian attack. The last settlement passed was at Fort Kearney, Nebraska. Near this place Dick lost a pony and went back alone twenty-two miles to look for it, and found instead a band of Indians, who robbed him of two canteens of alcohol, and about everything else he had except his saddle mule, which they rightly regarded as dangerous property. The party passed the Mormon settlemen at a distance of forty miles. Some days after, they met a Mormon outfit returning from California to Utah. These were the first white people they saw since leaving Fort Kearnay. From the Mormons they got news of the mines that cheered them a lot. About six hundred miles from the mines the Goodyear party of five men and ten horses caught up with the train. Dick had tried to join this party in St. Joe, but they would not have him, he being at the time a rank tenderfoot. The mule team method of getting to the mines was too slow for Dick, so he asked again to go with the Goodyear party, and was accepted, the conditions being that he should take two saddle-nags, ride and ammunition, 45 pounds of grub, one blanket and the clothes he stood in—from which the reader will rightly infer that they were travelling light and getting there in a hurry. The only incident which promised trouble in this part of Humboldt, was when one of the mules grazing nearby stampeded into camp with two arrows sticking in him. After that the Goodyear party was particularly ready for war day and night, and used all the arts of frontiersmanship to avoid it. The Indian camp they came to was Weaverville. They had reached the land of gold at last; the rest was easy, so, careless of the present, and confident of the future, they pooled their entire capital, $2.50, and bought a $4 bottle of whiskey. The top was out of Dick's hat at the time and the buttons out of his moccasins, but his buckskin cheeches were still dust-proof. The next morning Dick pulled out for Coloma, where Marshall made his historic discovery of gold; here he sold one of his horses for $60 and rode the other to Sacramento, where he arrived August 1, 1849. The next day he went to work at his trade—carpenter—on the second board house in Sacramento, at a daily wage of $20.

"Later he went with two men who took a 10,000-lb. load of general supplies (valued at $10,000), to Redding Springs, Shasta county, where there was plenty of gold, no water to wash it with at the time, and about 200 men. The owners of the supplies mentioned were freighters, not merchants, so they arranged with Dick to sell out the goods for an interest and left him there. The "store" was under a big trees, and it took the new proprietor no time at all to knock in the head of a certain barrel, put a board on top, and, with a tin cup for fixtures, start the saloon part of the business at 50 cents a drink. Trade in all lines was brisk, and in about six weeks there was only a 1,500-lb. stock on hand. However, there was nearly as much liquid in the barrel as when Dick first opened his emporium. "Some were pretty good drinkers, too, but it was pretty high-proof liquor at first, and close to a good spring." This was in the autumn of '49, and the miners told such tall stories about the depth of snow in winter that Dick "got scared" and sold out the balance of the stock, taking the purchaser's note in payment—the same as it afterwards turned out being payment in full. About January 1, 1850, Dick and a man named Doddson bought a stock of miners' supplies in Sacramento and went to Park's Bar, Yuba river, 18 miles above Marysville (the town of Marysville was being laid out at the time). The freight on Doddson & Berry's goods from Sacramento to Park's Bar was 65 cents a pound. There was not much profit in the sale of their stock, and Doddson bought a claim on the Bar for $250. They worked this claim until the fall of '51 and netted from it about $30,000 each. They considered the claim about worked out, so they sold it for a few dollars and dissolved partnership. Dick took $27,000 worth of dust to San Francisco and had it coined into fifty-dollar "slugs." The Park's Bar gold was rusty and scaly—about $1 was the biggest piece Dick saw in their working. Two million dollars worth of gold was taken from the Yuba and bars at this place in 1850 and 1851, the river bed being far richer than the bars. Forty-five pounds of gold a day with a rocker was got from the river bed—not once, but many days about the same place.

In the winter of '51-52 Dick and a man named John Clark went to Oregon and bought oats for the San Francisco market. Oats were worth 12½ cents a pound on the dock in San Francisco. Clark & Berry bought for two cents a pound in Oregon and had $14,000 in the deal—this is what they lost in the venture, for the vessel was lost at sea.

Then Dick bought a stage line running between Sacramento and Marysville, and with it assumed a contract for carrying express at $250 a month. An opposition line started two months later and Dick sold out. For several years thereafter Dick speculated in Sacramento real estate. In 1857 there was a panic which broke every bank in Sacramento except D. O. Mills. Dick had $22,000 in Mills' bank, and, although he had confidence in Mills, he had more confidence in himself, so he went to the bank to draw $15,000. Mills said: "Dick, the bank is sound, but if I pay this money I will have to close the doors. There is plenty of bullion here; let me give you a special deposit secured by $15,000 worth of bullion." Dick asked to see the bullion; it was shown him and the matter arranged accordingly. A few days later Mills called Dick in and asked him to release the bullion and accept notes. Dick saw that the notes were good, ran for 30 days at 5 per cent. a month, and took five or six notes in lieu of his $15,000. One note was made by a cattleman who was worth $250,000, and another was made by Meeker, a merchant. At this time Mills was not worth much money, perhaps forty or fifty thousand. He was very careful in investment, honorable, economical, a plain dresser and "an awful nice man." As an instance of how cautious he was, Dick says that Mills would not loan money to Stanford, Huntington, Crocker and Hopkins for their Pacific railroad project. Dick first knew Stanford at Michigan Bluff in 1854. Stanford had a small stock of groceries and miners' supplies at that time. These four future railway kings were Sacramento merchants while Dick was there. "They were stirring fellows, and had lots of sand." Dick was well acquainted with Colonel Sutter, who owned thirty leagues of land at Sutter's Fort in 1849, and died poor. Dick was in Virginia City a few months in 1859, when the Pintes "got bad" and nearly everyone left the camp, including Dick. At this time a party of 140 men went out to fight the Indians and all but seven or eight were massacred at Honey Lake. Dick was about Carson and Washoe two years and left the latter camp late in 1861 to winter in San Francisco, January, '62. He left that city by steamer with the intention of going to Salmon river, Idaho, but the weather was so rough that the captain would not cross the Columbia river bar, so Dick landed at Victoria, where he learned favorable reports of Cariboo and saw considerable Antler creek gold. Hence, in the early summer of '62 he was on Williams creek. He was an owner in the Sportsman's Tunnel on Williams creek. Kimball, who owned the store on Keithley creek, afterward owned by Veith & Borland, was an owner in the claim, and Brooks was another. Dick was also one of the original owners in the Central, on Jack O'Clubs creek. Among the owners were Carlie House, Joe Denny and Harry Woolcock. Dick was also interested in quartz during the fleeting boom of 1878-9. But in the early days on Williams creek he chiefly played cards and dealt faro bank. During the last thirty years or so he has been an undertaker in Barkerville.

When the old man's mind travels back to the days of '49 and he feels like talking, the result is pure profit to the listener. Of the tens of thousands who went to California that year nearly all were young men. He saw less than a half dozen women in the state that year. At the same time the only man who wore a shirt in Sacramento was Murray Morrison, a lawyer—thereby was he known throughout all the region, and for this is he remembered by Dick Berry to this day—nearly 57 years later!

Ask your dealer for Amherst Solid Leather Shoes.

SERIOUS CHARGE MADE AGAINST MAXIM GORKY

Alleged That Russian Novelist Is Traveling With an Actress.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 14.—Mme. Andrievna, who is said to have accompanied Maxim Gorky to the United States, is one of the best known actresses here. Up to a few months ago no divorce from his wife had been granted Gorky, but it is alleged his relations with her have been severed, although he is still supporting her. It is said Mme. Gorky fully understood the relations existing between M. Gorky and Mme. Andrievna, but nevertheless she was extremely devoted to Gorky. After the tragedy of "Red Sunday" Gorky is alleged to have been with Mme. Andrievna when he was taken into custody and brought to the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul. Mme. Gorky then bend her every energy to secure his release. She journeyed from official to official, supplicating on bended knee the release of the novelist whose life she insisted would be jeopardized if he remained in the dungeons of the fortress. The night he was released Mme. Gorky saw him only for a few moments, and, it is said, he then returned to Riga, where he met Mme. Andrievna. In justice to Gorky, however, it should be stated that the police insisted that he should leave St. Petersburg immediately. Gorky, it is said, spent last summer in Finland with Mme. Andrievna.

Gorky's Statement

New York, April 14.—When Maxim Gorky arrived in this country last Tuesday he stated to the immigration officers that he was accompanied by Mme. Gorky. This morning the statement was published that his companion was not his legal wife, who, with his children, remains in Russia. As a result of this publication, Gorky today issued a statement, which translated, reads as follows:

"I think this disagreeable act against me could not have come from the American people. My respect for them does not allow me to suspect that they lack so much courtesy in their treatment of strangers. I think this dirt is inspired by the friends of the Russian government. My wife is my wife; the wife of Maxim Gorky. She and I both consider it too low to go into any explanation about this. Every one may say about us what they please; for us it remains to overlook the gossip of others. The best people of all lands will be with us. (Signed)

"MAXIM GORKY."

A Russian Actress

The published story went on to say that the Madame Gorky who is now with the author is Andrievna, a Russian actress, with whom he has lived since his separation from his wife about three years ago. The explanation was made that being unable to secure a divorce in Russia because of the strong official sentiment against him, Gorky secured a divorce in Finland and was married to Andrievna before a notary. When approached on the subject today, Gorky said:

"The publication of such a libel is astonishing, and I am surprised that in a country famed for its love of fair play and its reverence for women such slanders should be given credence.

"She is my wife. No law ever devised or made by man can make her more so than she is now. The insinuation that the relations now existing between us is illicit

Is a Base Falsehood

Never was union between man and wife more holy and more moral than that of ours." Madame Gorky tried to appease her husband in this point, but he struck the copy of the paper in which the article appeared and cried: "A lie travels fast, and I must overtake this one before it has gone too far. I will prepare a signed statement for the press and see if right and justice prevail in America."

Madame Gorky sought to have the reporter translate the article in question to her, but Gorky violently tore the paper from his hands, saying:

"I forbid you to read this horror."

The Committee Interviewed

Later Gorky issued the signed statement quoted above. Mark Twain and William Dean Howells, who had agreed to serve on the committee with R. F. Hunter, the millionaire, had started to organize to forward the Russian revolutionary cause, were seen by the reporters concerning the matter.

"I do not know," said Mark Twain, "what effect the publication will have on the committee which I had agreed to join. In Russia, I am told, political and social conditions are more or less interwoven, but here in this country the manner in which domestic relations are held is an utterly different one.

"I do not intend, anyhow, to take an active part in the work of the committee, but I believe in sticking to the flag until everybody else deserts. I will hear from the other twelve members before deciding whether I mean to get off the committee."

Mr. Howells said: "This is too early for me to be quoted on this matter. It would never do for me to discuss or criticize this thing one way or another in the public print. I cannot answer any questions at present. Yes, I agreed to serve on the committee. Will I resign from it? Really, I cannot answer any questions."

The Gorky party then left the hotel, at the request of the proprietor, and went to the residence of H. Gaylord Wilsher, in West Third street, as the guest of Mr. Wilsher.

THOUGHTLESS BOY'S CRIME.

Chicago, April 14.—During a panic following a prankish cry of fire by a boy tonight while 400 persons were participating in Easter evening service at St. Ludmilas Roman Catholic church, Twenty Fourth street and Albany avenue, Emily Hotka, Lillie Gunaw and Barbara Hormanik, children, and Mrs. Kate Kenaki were killed and a score of other persons injured, several seriously. There was no fire.

Father Farnik was offering prayer when one of a crowd of boys outside the church pushed open the front door and shouted "Fire." Seeing the serious effect his words had on the congregation, the boy ran away. The pastor and ushers vainly endeavored to quiet the congregation, explaining that there was no danger. Those who had no fear were trampled on by those who were frightened.

PRIZES FOR VICTORIA DAY CELEBRATION

Parade Committee Issues a Programme of the Proposed Events.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

The parade committee in connection with the Victoria Day celebration has arranged the following prize list in connection with the parade for automobiles and horses and rigs, to be held on the morning of May 24, starting from upper Pandora street and proceeding thence to Cook, Yates, Douglas, Cormorant, Government and Michigan streets and on to Beacon Hill park, where judging will take place:

Automobiles—Best decorated touring car—1st, $15; 2nd, $5.

Obstacle race, six miles an hour—1st, $15; 2nd, $10.

Lady's saddle horse—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Gentleman's saddle horse—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Jumper, over hurdles—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Single horse (entire)—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Single horse (roadster), to be shown to an appropriate vehicle and judged as a roadster—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Single carriage horse (over 15 hands), to be shown to an appropriate vehicle and driven by an amateur, horse to count 75 per cent., appointments 25 per cent.—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Single carriage horse (under 15 hands), to be shown to a vehicle, horse to count 75 per cent., appointments 25 per cent.—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Trotter or pacer in harness, open to all horses that have ever competed in a public race; to be shown without boots, weights or hobbles—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Best pair roadsters, to be shown to an appropriate four-wheeled vehicle and judged as roadsters—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Best pair of roadsters, to be shown to an appropriate vehicle, horses to count 75 per cent., appointments 25 per cent.—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Best pair of carriage horses, to be shown to a four-wheeled vehicle, horses to count 75 per cent., appointments 25 per cent.—1st, $20; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Single draught horse in harness, to be shown to dray or other appropriate vehicle, 1,500 pounds and under—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Single draught horse, to be shown to dray or other appropriate vehicle, 1,500 pounds and over—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Best pair of draught horses in harness, to be shown to truck—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Horse in delivery wagon (as actually used in local delivery), horse to count 50 per cent., appointments 50 per cent.—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Horse in delivery cart (as actually used in local delivery), horse to count 50 per cent., appointments 50 per cent.—1st, $15; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Best express, single—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Best express, double—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Best single pony (under 14 hands), driven to appropriate vehicle, pony to count 75 per cent., appointments 25 per cent.—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Shetland pony—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Calithumpian character, mounted or in vehicle—1st, $20; 2nd, $10; 3rd, $5.

Best decorated vehicle—1st, $10; 2nd, $5.

Best float on parade, $20.

Rules

1. No second prize will be awarded unless there are three or more entries.

2. All exhibitors must report to the committee, corner of Pandora avenue and Cook street, on Wednesday, May 24, at 10:30 a. m. sharp, when they will be allotted positions.

3. The order in parade will be the same as in the prize list, and all rigs must be at least twenty feet apart.

4. Marshals will be in attendance and will direct all movements of the parade. Anyone not conforming to the direction of the committee will be ineligible for any prize.

THE KING OF SPAIN.

London, April 14.—The King of Spain was today elected a member of the Royal Yacht Squadron, preparatory to his arrival at Cowes April 17 to visit Princess Ena of Battenberg, the future Queen of Spain. King Alfonso's stay here will last a week.

THE RUSSIAN LOAN.

Paris, April 14.—Official announcement is made today that the Russian financiers and French bankers have settled on the terms for the new Russian loan. The terms agreed upon are $400,000,000 in 5 per cent. bonds at about 88, the issue to be April 26. France will subscribe for $280,000,000. In official and financial circles the terms are considered sufficiently attractive to ensure over subscription. Austria's participation in the loan is regarded as remarkable, this being the first occasion she has had to subscribe to a Russian loan. The French government has given strong support to the efforts of the Russian financiers, thus assuring the success of the loan.

STUBBORN SKIN DISEASES.

Nothing is more discouraging than a case of eczema or salt rheum which refuses to heal. By using Dr. Chase's Ointment, however, you soon see that new skin is forming and the sore part is becoming smaller and smaller. The itching is entirely overcome after a few applications and you are given satisfactory evidence that a continuation of the treatment will bring a thorough cure.

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

MISS ELLISON, NURSE MASSEUSE

Garesche Block, 126 Yates St., Victoria

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND HEAT

Massage and Vibration Treatment

Cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Malaria, etc., successfully treated.

Patients received for Confinement, Rest Cure, or Minor Operation.

TELEPHONE 1110.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT"

To G. A. PERRIN, Registered and Assessed Owner of Lots 5, 6, 7 and 9 to 12, 15 to 18, 25, 39, 40 and 45 to 50, Lake District, Map 427, AND

To N. P. SNOWDEN, Equitable Mortgagee of Section 132, Lake District:

TAKE NOTICE that an application has been made to register Esther Theresa Campbell as the owner in fee simple of above lands under Tax Sale Deeds from the Assessor of the District of Victoria to her, bearing date, respectively, the 28th day of January, 1905, and the 7th day of March, 1905, and you and each of you are required to contest the claim of the said Tax Purchaser within sixty days from the first publication hereof.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, British Columbia, this 5th day of April, 1906.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.

First published the tenth day of April, 1906.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 30 days after date, we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special timber licenses to the following described lands:

NO. 1. Starting from a post planted on the right bank of the left branch of the Kokish River, V. I., about 10 miles from the mouth, and marked Smith & Lansdowne's S.E. Corner, thence running 50 chains North, thence 20 chains West, thence 40 chains South, thence 60 chains West, thence 90 chains South, thence 80 chains East to point of commencement.

NO. 2. Starting at a post marked S. & L.'s Southeast Corner, and planted on the North End of Bonanza Lake, thence running 80 chains West, thence 80 chains North to South line of Claim No. 1, thence 80 chains East, thence 80 chains South to point of commencement.

NO. 3. Starting at a post marked S. & L.'s S. E. Corner, planted on the West Shore of Bonanza Lake, thence running 120 chains West, along South line of Claim No. 2, thence 80 chains North, more or less, to intersect South line of Claim No. 2, thence 60 chains East, more or less, to Lake Shore, thence following shore line back to point of commencement.

NO. 4. Starting at a post marked S. & L.'s N. E. Corner, planted on the West shore of Bonanza Lake, thence running 20 chains West, along South line of Claim No. 3, thence 120 chains South, thence 80 chains East, more or less, to shore line, thence following shore line to point of commencement.

(Signed) LAWRIE W. LANSDOWNE.
EUSTACE SMITH.

Alert Bay, B. C. ap17

DREDGE MINING.

A Knock-Down Plant Under Construction for Yukon Work.

A large mining dredge for the Yukon is being constructed in the yards of the Pacific Coast Lumber company, of this city, to be shipped to the North in knock-down condition, says the Vancouver News-Advertiser. It will be assembled at Whitehorse, and floated down the Yukon to Dawson. The huge machine, which will cost when all is in place, $200,000 when completed, is being constructed for the Forty-Mile company by the Ills-Chalmers company of Milwaukee.

Mr. W. W. Masters, representative of the latter company, is overlooking the matching of the timbers at the mill here, and expects it will be ready for shipment about the end of the present month. The hull of the dredge will be 106 feet in length, with a width of 30 feet, and will carry a scow behind with sluice boxes, which will bring the total length to nearly 250 feet. There will be 200,000 feet of timber used in the construction, which be cut at the Pacific Coast Lumber company's mills, and some of these will be hewn timbers, some be two 16x16 inches square, with a width of 66 feet, and three two feet square, and 52 feet long.

The dredge is being constructed on plans very similar to that of the Bonanza Basin dredge, which was built last year at Whitehorse. Mr. Masters, who is an experienced hand at the business, has erected similar dredges in Montana, where a number of them are in operation. He states that the cost there of such a machine would be about $100,000, but the total cost of this when it will be ready will be about $200,000. The machinery is to be installed by the Ills-Chalmers company.

The Forty-Mile company, which has ordered the dredge, is the company which Rev. Dr. Grant of Dawson organized recently while in Toronto, and is composed of Canadian people. Mr. A. Davidson of Dawson is a large shareholder. Dr. Grant has been able to see from close observation the successful result of mining dredges in the Yukon, and had little difficulty in interesting Eastern capital.

This is not the first dredge of this kind to be constructed by the Pacific Coast mill. Last year the Detroit-Canadian-Klondike company, of which Mr. Otto Brener is manager, had one built, which was shipped in sections to Dawson. The one now being built will be assembled at Whitehorse and towed to Dawson down the Yukon, where the machinery will be installed.

LUMBER FREIGHT RATES.

Toronto Manufacturers Endorse British Columbia Demands.

Toronto, April 12.—The Canadian Manufacturers association (Toronto branch) has decided to give what assistance it can in support of the application of the British Columbia lumbermen to railway commission regarding freight rates on lumber.

Canadian Whist League

The tenth annual meeting and tournament of the Canadian Whist League opened auspiciously in the Temple building this afternoon. Many of the best known whisters of the Dominion are here, together with several from the United States. The programme cov