

## The Daily Planet

A. STEPHENSON, PROPRIETOR.

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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1905.

## AN INQUIRY THAT DID NOT HAPPEN

Already it is manifest that the affairs of the Immigration Department will be subject to rigid enquiry during this Session. Questions are now on the order paper concerning the enquiry which Mr. Oliver promised to make into the charges against "Hug the Machine" Preston. Mr. Wilson, of Lennox, asks for copies of the evidence taken in this investigation and for the conclusions reached. It is not likely that his desire will be gratified, as the common impression is that the promise was broken and no inquiry held. Before Mr. Oliver had time to even begin the investigation he and his colleagues had promoted the officer accused to the important position of Trade Commissioner in the East. Yet it will be remembered that it was only upon the distinct and clear assurance of Mr. Oliver in his place as Minister, that several of his own supporters voted against Mr. Monk's resolution condemning Mr. Preston for his conduct in relation to Leopold (otherwise Lazarus) and the bogus Canadian Labour Bureau. Among those who pressed for and obtained this pledge were Mr. Guthrie, of Wellington, Mr. Verville, of Montreal, and Mr. Johnston, of Cape Breton. Probably the first and last mentioned only desired an excuse to vote with the Government, but that does not relieve the Minister of the interior.

There will also be a further investigation into the North Atlantic Trading Company's operations. This fictitious concern has already received \$300,000 from the Canadian treasury for no definite service. Though the contract is cancelled, if the announcement of the Government made in the House last Session can be accepted, there is reason to believe that claims for payment are still made, and that the Government is recognizing continuous obligations.

## THE TARIFF CHANGES.

In another column of to-day's issue will be found the Tariff Reform as brought down in the House by Finance Minister Fielding. This changes wrought in the present tariff will be a great disappointment to those who confidently looked forward to and who rightly expected a much needed and thorough reform on this subject. The Mail and Empire yesterday published a clear cut editorial on this latest move of the Finance Minister. It said:

"It will take time to comprehend the purport of the tariff changes announced to Parliament yesterday. At first blush these amendments do not appear to alter the situation materially. There is a slight lift here and little cut there, with the result that the situation is apparently not much changed. But it sometimes happens that a moderate alteration in a tariff affects business and industry to a very considerable extent. For this reason the scheme will have to be tested by experience."

"The principle upon which the tariff is based, it is to be feared, is somewhat complex. To-day we have practically four tariffs, namely, the general tariff, the British preference, the German tariff, and the French treaty tariff. The new scheme adds another tariff to the list. This is called the intermediate tariff, and is to come into force at will of the Government in response to tariff reductions made in our behalf by other countries. We shall therefore have in future five tariffs. First, there will be the general tariff, applicable to all countries with which we have no terms. Then there will be the intermediate tariff, prescribing lower rates for countries agreeing to give us something in return for being placed upon this schedule. Next we shall have the British preferential rates, which will be a shade lower than the intermediate tariff. Again, there will be the tariff against Germany, which is higher, owing to the surtax, than the general tariff; and in addition we shall have the tariff for France, which is governed by treaty. The new feature of the complicated system is the intermediate schedule, which is supposed to figure as an offer to other countries to enter into reciprocal relations with us. As the thing does not come into operation until agreements have been reached on both sides, it effects no change in the situation. We have always been free to enter into trade arrangements with other countries, although our special terms have not been mentioned in advance in our tariff. The naming of such terms simply exposes our hand and leaves the other parties free to dictate their own conditions should negotiations be determined upon."

The new schedule is really superfluous and it is not probable that it will ever be operated. It is designed, no doubt, as a first step towards closer relations with the United States; but it is not likely to have the effect intended. In the British preference an alteration of some interest is made. The concession, instead of being on a percentage basis and applicable to all imports indiscriminately, is to be larger on some articles than upon others. Iron and steel are among the articles on which the preference is increased. The British maker has a slightly lower tariff, and to balance this favor the Canadian maker receives a larger bounty.

"The complex tariff does not appear to offer much to the producer, nor is it particularly favorable to the consumer. It shaves a little off the duty on agricultural implements, but adds to the tax on raw sugar. It thus preserves its revenue-producing quality. It is the same thing over again with altered details, and the details cannot be judged in the light of experience."

A London doctor says every man should have a silent hour at home each day. The doctor is too late with his advice. If he had only advocated this a few months ago he might have won the thanks of his Liberal friends.

Mr. Archibald Campbell had a lot to say about Conservative electoral impurity, as an effect to the London scandal. But when Mr. C. was accounted for in West Kent he was unseated for what the judges called "widespread corruption." When Mr. Broder, of Dundas, brought this to mind, the House had a jolly good hearty laugh.—London Free Press.

The death of Judge Woods, who died in Chatham last week, marks the passing of a most remarkable man. A few years ago the deceased interested himself in the "good roads" movement. He spoke from many platforms and wrote columns in its favor, and no doubt, the present activity of the Ontario Government along this line is largely due to the excellent and telling arguments advanced by the subject of this brief sketch.—Chamber Herald.

Sir Wilfrid, in his first speech on the address, remarked on the high prices for everything, "extravagantly remunerative" in some commodities. And he was not referring, puts in the London Free Press, to the pemican for the steamer Arctic at \$150 a pound, or the dog biscuit furnished the soldiers as "emergency rations" at \$2 a pound. These two items stand as conspicuous examples, but there are others.

Emperor William has presented a photograph of himself to a German church. Emperor William would do the world a favor in some respects if he would present the original to some lunatic asylum.

The Christmas spending time is here. Although we never asked it, its coming gives us such a pain. We're broke again, dodgast it!

The weather lately has almost been as irresponsible and reckless as an Ontario bank manager.

Hon. Mr. Fielding, speaking on the tariff, said that Canada was flitting with Great Britain, whereas it would be the proper thing for this fair nation to blushingly ejaculate an indignant "Sir!"

Stolypin has discovered the presence of graters in Russia which we take as a sign that advanced civilization is really beginning to dawn in that long suffering country.

There is a mine in the Cobalt called the Cannon. Now we are next to where all those big reports about that country are coming from.

We read of a collar button which exploded in a Massachusetts man's pipe. The kind of explosions collar buttons usually cause, are those occasionally heard when they won't fit the button hole and there is only five minutes to catch the train.

Toronto has a water famine which will likely be felt most when someone asks the bartender for a little of it on the side.

Harry Thaw is to be tried in January, when he will most probably have the company of his proverbial namesakes.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the box, 25c. E. W. Grove's signature on each money if it fails to cure.

## A CRITICAL PERIOD

INTELLIGENT WOMEN PREPARE

Dangers and Pain of This Critical Period Avoided by the Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



How many women realize that the most critical period in a woman's existence is the change of life, and that the anxiety and nervous irritations, which are the result of this change, are the most dangerous condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy of any organ, it is at this time likely to become active and, with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden.

At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to begin their destructive work. Such warning symptoms as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, dizzy spells, headache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, spasms before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period of life when woman's great change may be expected. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the world's greatest remedy for women at this trying period.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound invigorates and strengthens the female organism, and builds up the weakened nervous system as no other medicine can.

Madame Louis Belleau of 17 Ramsay St., Quebec, writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham: Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound assisted me to pass the change of life with very little sickness and pain, and I am pleased to give it my endorsement. I feel that it is the medicine which every woman should take. I am the mother of three children, and when I reached the age of fifty naturally my health was not too good, and I feel sure that if I had not taken your Vegetable Compound I should not have passed the climax safely. I took it off and on for two years and now find that I am in splendid health and strength and feel younger and better than I did ten years ago. Much praise to your medicine, and may all suffering women learn of its value."

For special advice regarding this important period, women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. She is a daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Her advice is free and always helpful to ailing women.

## FOR BIGAMY AND THEFT.

Donald Ferguson Sentenced to Two Years On Double Charge.

Toronto, Nov. 29.—Donald Ferguson will serve concurrently in Central Prison two terms of two years less one day, on the charge of bigamy and theft.

Miss Maria Medler made the accusation that Ferguson had courted her while she was visiting in Winnipeg two years ago. He posed as a widower and played the part of a most devoted Christian. They were married at Niagara Falls, Nov. 4, 1905, and not until August of this year did she discover Ferguson had a wife and family in Toronto. In the meantime she had handed him her earnings, amounting to \$400, which was not returned when they separated. Ferguson pleaded "not guilty" in the police court yesterday, but the young woman's evidence was straight.

Truss's Testimony. The feature of Mr. Truss's testimony was what Mr. Snow termed as "hearsay" evidence. Mr. Truss stated with reference to pupil Saunders, who had been contracted a bad disease and had been expelled on this account, that the boy had said that his father had said that he threatened T. H. Preston, M.P.P., to withdraw his support from him at the approaching elections unless his son was reinstated.

Mr. Snow asked Truss what improvements Gardiner could make. "I would suggest that he resign his position and give place to a trained educationist," was the reply.

He had often made remarks on the conduct of inmates, but only verbally. Mr. Gardiner knew about the tobacco nuisance.

## HAIL INSURANCE.

Not Practicable For Government Unless By a General Tax.

Winnipeg, Nov. 30.—The Hail Commission has drafted its final recommendations to the provincial commission. It does not regard with favorable eye the suggestion to suppress existing hail insurance companies, and believes that governmental interference is only practicable if a general tax on all assessable lands.

One recommendation reads: That directors should not have power to vote themselves indefinite sums for services, confining them to maximum of say \$5 per day and traveling expenses, and that no hail insurance company should be allowed to carry a reserve fund at any time larger than 10 per cent. of the past year's business.

## VICTORIA'S BOOM.

Realty Values Advance 25 Per Cent. In One Night.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 30.—Victoria realty values have advanced 25 per cent. overnight, and the city is celebrating over the announcement that the C. P. R. will spend fifteen millions in development work.

Other big industrial deals involve the expenditure of millions of pounds sterling.

The C. P. R. states it will establish a port of call at an island on the west coast, and build a railway there.

Canadian Nationality. Toronto, Nov. 30.—Earl Grey's speech at the Canadian Club banquet last night was an eloquent and exhaustive survey of Canadian nationality, and its problems treated in a high-minded and experienced statesmanship. It met with frequent applause.

A good bit of applause is paid for the capture of the steamship "Philo Parsons" last fall on Lake Erie, and who was arrested at Guelph, claiming and surrendered to the American authorities under the extradition treaty, is now on the broad Atlantic homeward bound for his native land, Scotland.

## AULD LANG SYNE

FROM PLANET FYLES OF HALF A CENTURY AGO

Taken from The Planet fyles from Oct. 12, 1855, to Oct. 18, 1855.

"The Chatham Dramatic Club will play 'The Banqueter,' 'Used Up,' 'Cor-la-ho!' and 'Jombasta! Fugio' on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, the 16th and the 18th."

The bazaar held on Tuesday—Fair Day—in the Presbyterian church, of which Rev. William Walker is the pastor, was a most successful affair, and realized a far greater sum than the most sanguine had anticipated. In a very short space of time after the doors were opened, the best articles offered for sale were taken up and by the middle of the afternoon nearly everything was gone. The ladies engaged in this work deserve much praise for the excellent arrangement throughout.

"Dolgarro, Parkinson & Co. have got their new foundry and machine shop on Wellington street in full blast now, and have commenced with a shop full of work. All the firm's work is of a practical nature, and well known in their respective branches as being of the highest quality."

Dankin's temperance bill was reported as having been finally quashed in the County of Halton by the decision of the Courts.

A large fire took place at Bay City. The fire broke out in the Gaiswold Block, and burned both sides of the street for over thirty rods. The best part of the business portion of the city was destroyed.

"We learn from a reliable source that Captain Bennett G. Barley, who

## ACCUSED AS A PARTISAN.

Engineer At Brantford Institute Was Active On Election Day—Tobacco and Liquor For Blind.

Brantford, Nov. 30.—The distinctive feature of yesterday's session of the investigation at the Ontario Institute for the Blind was the formal charge made against Assistant Engineer A. L. McIntyre of political partisanship. Political work prior to and on election day in January, 1905, in the interests of the Reform candidate.

Tobacco and Liquor. A former blind pupil of the institute, Claude Carnitte of Belleville, related at length irregularities in connection with the management. He told of a large number of pupils who were allowed out late at night to attend a Liberal meeting and were driven in a van to the drill hall. Cigars were passed freely around to those in the conveyance. He also gave evidence of pupils indulging to quite an extent in the use of liquor. Witness stated, however, that Principal Gardiner was in no way cognizant of the questionable doings of the pupils in this regard.

Carnitte from all reports was the most incorrigible of the inmates; his evidence in many particulars materially differed from that of Truss, who lays charges against Gardiner.

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On Friday night last, Mr. James Purser, of the Township of Chatham, was robbed of about 22 pounds of butter, a four gallon churn with cream in it sufficient for churning, and a large quantity of preserves and lard. Mr. Purser, who lives near the River Thames, is of the opinion that the parties who robbed him, conveyed their plunder away by means of a boat on the water.

A man named Joseph Stanley got drunk at Drummond's Hotel at Bothwell, and while in this condition was struck by a train. He was found with both his legs broken by Station-master Elliott, who summoned Dr. Ross, of Bothwell, and Dr. Siverwright, of Chatham, to his assistance. The man was, however, badly cut, and as a result of loss of blood from his wounds, died in a few hours. An inquest was held into the death, Dr. Siverwright presiding. The verdict arrived at, was that Stanley came to his death while drunk through accidental causes, and no blame was attached to the railway company.

"On Friday last, a deputation from the congregation of St. Andrew's church, consisting of Charles G. Churcheff, David McNaughton, Henry B. Robertson and Duncan McNaughton, waited on Rev. John Rennie in the name of the congregation, presenting him with a purse containing \$180 in bills and gold, and an address."

International Railway and Ontario Power Co. Apply to Taft. Washington, Nov. 29.—Arguments were made yesterday before Secretary Taft upon applications for permits to transmit power from Canada to the United States that had been developed on the Canadian side of Niagara River.

The speakers were Morris Cohen of the International Railway Co. and Francis Lynde Stetson, who represented the Ontario Power Co. and other concerns. Mr. Cohen said his company has facilities to develop 3,600 horsepower, 2,500 of which would be worthless unless they could transmit it to use in Niagara Falls.

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## THIS TONIC BUILDS UP.

Many medicines stimulate, break down, leave you worse than ever. Ferronze is different. A body former, a nerve-trengthening, a body builder. Pale anemic girls are given color and vigor. The tired and sleepless are strengthened and restored. "Better than all tonics," writes Mrs. F. P. Castleton, of Woodstock, "I found Ferronze run down, cheeks were blanched, lips white and had every sign of anaemia. Ferronze added to my weight, gave me strength, ambition and good health." Nothing better, try Ferronze yourself, 50c. per box at all dealers.

Esat Hamilton Candidates. Hamilton, Nov. 29.—The nomination proceedings for Esat Hamilton yesterday were rather tame. The following were nominated:

Allen Studholme, labor candidate; Walter E. Rollo and Charles G. Bird, John Peables, agent.

J. J. Scott, K.C., nominated by John Milne and Thomas W. Jutten; John G. Gauld, agent.

Samuel Landers was also nominated, but declined to run.

## OH, FOR A CLEAR COMPLEXION!

A clear complexion is the outward evidence of inward cleanliness. In bad health the face becomes a sign-board, telling of disease within. If yellow, bile is not properly secreted; if pallid, the kidneys are faulty; if skin is murky and dark circles beneath the eyes, look for constipation. Whatever the cause, no remedy compares with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are mild, safe, purifying and vitalizing in their action. They give a marvelous rosy tint to the cheeks, brighten the eyes and establish health that defies age and disease. Sold everywhere in 25c. boxes.

## Young Farmer Suicides.

Chatham, Nov. 29.—George A. Colart, a young farmer residing with his mother, Mrs. Reid, on the 5th concession of Harwich, committed suicide at noon yesterday by hanging himself from the rung of a ladder. His mother chided him for abusing the horses, and he called to her to mind her own business. The only theory is that he committed the deed out of spite of his mother and brother, who scolded him.

## LIKE A THIEF IN THE NIGHT.

That's how pain comes. We sit near an open window, get stiff neck or sore back. Perhaps foot off too quickly after exertion—rheumatism develops. Spend what you may, but money can't buy anything better than Polson's Nervine. Its penetrating power enables it to reach deep tissues—that's why it cures aches that all else can't touch. For outward application we guarantee five times more strength than in any other liniment. Inwardly it's harmless and as sure as the beneficent breeze at once. Don't accept a substitute for Polson's Nervine, which is the one great household panacea of today.

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## "SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Pleases the Most Exacting

WHY? Because no tea on the market can equal it for flavor, deliciousness and strength. It is the finest tea grown and worthy of your attention.

Lead Packets Only. 25c., 30c., 40c. and 50c. Per Pound. At All Grocers.

## BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital (all paid up), \$14,000,000.00  
Reserve ..... 11,000,000.00  
Undivided Profits ..... 801,855.41

Branches in all principal cities of the world.

GEO. MASSEY, Manager.

Branches in all principal cities of the world.

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