Weekly Rossland Miner.

Published Every Thursday by the

ROSSLAND MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO. LIMITED LIABILITY.

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THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE of the WEEKLY ROSSLAND MINER for all points in the United States and Canada is Two Dollars a year or One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents for six months; for all other countries Three Dollars a year—in variably in advance. The subscription price of the DAILY MINER is $1 per month, $5 for six months or $10 for one year foreign, $12.50, also in advance.

Shipments of Ore.

From January 1 to August 7, inclusive, the shipments of ore from mines at Rossland to smelters were as follows:

Mine.	Tons.
Le Roi	31,037
War Eagle	6,538
Columbia & Kootenay	1,540
Iron Mask	2,182
Jumbo	91
Josie	385
Cliff	547
Centre Star	523
Red Mountain	56
O. K.*	172
Evening Star	39
Giant	21
I. X. L.	12
Total	43,143

*Concentrates.

From January 14 to June 19, inclusive, the ore milled in the camp was as follows:

Mine.	Tons.
O. K.	2,472
I. X. L.	230
Total	2,702

Shipments for the past week were Le Roi, 1,500; Iron Mask, 30; Columbia and Kootenay, 130; Cliff, 60; Centre Star, 30. Total, 1,750 tons

AN IMPUDENT SLANDERER.

The following paragraph appears in a paper styling itself the British Columbia Mining Critic, under date of July 29:

War Eagle.—The news arrives from Roesland that disappointment is felt at the action of Mr. Gooderham with Mr. Blackstock, who, after a visit to the mine, have decided that no more ore be sent to the smelter. The Mining Critic asks again, why? Answer: "No ore there!" Why fool about with procrastination. First the terms are too unfavorable. Then a new strike is made, and 200 tons of ore sent to the smelter, in spite of previous protestations as to the expense being being great and the necessity of deferring shipment of ore till better facilities be afforded. Then again, shipment to the smelter is vexatiously suspended. Why? No ore? Let the War Eagle company answer this query!

Such stuff as this would be too contemptible to notice were the paper not sent abroad, where the facts are not known.

It is amazing that the business community of Vancouver should sustain a publication which is devoting itself to the publication of articles defamatory to the legitimate mining enterprises of the country. We observe on the business pages of this sheet advertisements of the Fern Gold Mining company of which F. C. Innes is the president and managing director. He surely cannot countenance anything like this attack on the War Eagle and on the Rossland camp. The Canadian Pacific railroad is also carrying an advertisement there. Does this company think it for the good of the country to encourage publications of this description?

What is here said about the War Eagle mine is absolutely, unqualifiedly false. The man who wrote it is an ignorant, malicious ass. who neither knows nor cares what he is writing about. It has not been a week since the writer of these lines went through the War Eagle mine. The War Eagle company now has on its payroll 115 men, about 15 of them being employed at the Crown Point, and is working a 20-drill compressor up to the full capacity. The mine has in it today more than twice as much ore as it ever had before, and its development is being prosecuted in the most elaborate and permanent manner.

It is true the War Eagle is not shipping ore, but there are perfectly sound reasons for this. The company has ample capital with which to prosecute its development work. The interest on the capital required to do this work will be less than the loss sustained in shipping the ore at present rates of freight and treatment. And this is just the situation. While the camp would be benefitted by ore shipments from this mine, it must be admitted that the policy adopted by Messrs. Gooderham and Blackstock is a sound one from a strictly business standpoint. They certainly have a right to adopt such a policy without being subjected to hostile and slanderous criticism from a paper published in the city of Vancouver, where we should look for friends and not enemies.

A SERIOUS QUESTION.

The letter signed "Mining Engineer," on the smelting question, which we publish in this issue, was written by the representative of English capital which is now seeking investment in British Columbia. The gentleman being an Englishman cannot be accused of favoring things American, simply because they are American. We regard his statements as coming from a sense of strict business considerations and therefore deserving of respect. It is a valuable contribution just at a moment when this whole question of ore treatment is uppermost in the minds of all mine owners in the camp. The matter is to come up before another meeting under the auspices of the board of trade tomorrow evening. In the main the temper shown in the discussion of the subject of export duty on ore at the meeting Monday evening was admirable. There was an evident purpose on the part of most of them to get at the bottom facts and do the best thing for the camp.

It might be a serious, even a fatal, blunder to put on an export duty, as much as we may wish to retain the smelting industry in British Columbia. THE MINER has not hesitated to express its views on the importance of establishing the smelting industry in the province, but now that we failed to keep the Le Roi smelter on this side, we are not going to make things worse by jumping into the advocacy of an export duty. It is a matter for the most patient and careful inquiry and consideration. We take a conservative and waiting position think it better for the present, at least, to in the matter. It is too grave a question to be settled off-hand. It would certainly be a very foolish thing for the government to put an export duty on ore until it is clearly established that we can at least smelt ore as cheaply on this side of the line as it can be done on the other side. Such a duty would simply be a tax on the mine owner and a bar to development.

ON A BUSINESS BASIS.

While there are not so many properties in the Rossland camp under development as there were a year ago, the business of the camp, from a mining standpoint, is on a far better basis than ever before. The wildcat schemes had their brief day and have folded their tents and have stolen silently away. With this general cleaning out some good properties, depending on public subscriptions, have suffered a temporary setback. Abundance of capital is now waiting for investment here. Confidence in the camp on the part of thorough mining men is greater than ever. There will be no lack of money with which to develop good properties here, but there is not a dollar for mere speculative or booming purposes. That period is over and done with, and we are glad of it, although the immediate effects are unpleasant, as seen in a temporary slackening of the business of the town.

It is better to get down to bed rock and know where we stand. The growth that we achieve now is solid and permanent. We are now producing more than twice as much ore as we were a year ago, notwithstanding the fact that three of the largest mines in the camp are not shipping because of the high rates of freight and treatment.

Things have now arrived at a point when we may expect a substantial reduction in treatment, as well as in transportation charges within a few months, if not within a few weeks. Both railroad and smelting men have been investigating the possibilities of the camp and there is no longer any doubt about the camp's enormous tonnage of ore. The tonnage being here somebody will come after it. We confidently believe the camp in a year from now can produce 2,000 tons of ore per day, instead of a little over 2,000 tons per week as it is now doing. We will then be able to keep four smelters like the one at Trail running and make it very interesting for two or three railroads.

THE QUARTZ CREEK LAND CASE.

The position taken by THE MINER in the beginning of the Quartz creek land case, and for which we were so severely criticised by certain interested parties, has been completely vindicated by the decision of the supreme court at Victoria, by which the railroad is permitted to apply for a crown grant to the land in dispute.

We have always taken the ground that the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railroad had earned its land grant. The company has acted in good faith and has done what it agreed to do. The province of British Columbia wanted a railroad, and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard company agreed to build one provided a grant of so much land was made. A contract was entered into and the railroad company built its road and has operated it, much to the improvement and benefit of the country.

Blake and his associates fought to upset the grant on technical grounds. They alleged that certain minor conditions had not been complied with by the railroad company, and boasted that the proceedings they had instituted would result in the restoration of all the Nelson & Fort Sheppard land grant to the crown. It was not the desire of the provincial government or any fair-minded man that such a thing should be done, even were it possible, because the railroad company had earned its land, and it would be a breach of good faith, if not actual robbery, to seize it for the crown on technical grounds.

The supreme court, in taking a broad view of the question, has not only sustained the legislature and the government in their intentions, but has done a signal and well deserved act of justice. The action of the court will have an excellent effect. It will give stability to the obligations entered into by the government, and show that we mean to carry out these obligations.

"ROSSLAND."

Under this heading the Spokesman-Review of yesterday had the following happily worded editorial:

It is being demonstrated that the ores of Rossland are to be freighted and treated for rates much less than the charges paid in the past. Offers now pending before the Le Roi company make that quite plain. Mr. Heinze, who owns the smelter at Trail, shows a desire to put in better rates, and the manager of the Tacoma smelter has submitted a proposition to treat the low grade ores of the Le Roi upon the ground.

The problem of cheaper treatment for its ores was the pivotal point in Rossland's future. Enough ore has been blocked out there to bring operating capital in large streams just as soon as it shall be demonstrated that freight rates and smelter charges are moving downward.

Rossland's future was never safer than it is today. The Le Roi, which has been generally recognized to be the big, determining mine of the camp, has more than met every expectation. Development in a score of other mines has blocked out vast ore bodies. As freight rates and smelter charges come down, values pass into these ore reserves. A year ago the camp was more feverishly active than now, but never before has it had the real merit and value of today.

We are sure these generous sentiments meet with a hearty response among the Spokane people generally. Rossland has perhaps been the chief factor in the new growth which has set in at Spokane, and which makes her the envy of every other young city in the United States. Spokane people had the courage to invest their money in Rossland prospects when nobody else would do it. The results in the sum total have been most satisfactory. There are many rich men in Spokane today who were poor before the discovery of the Rossland mines, and Spokane has an enormous trade which she did not have before the town of Rossland came into existence. The relations of the two places must always remain of the most intimate character, and we hope it will be as friendly as it is intimate. Rossland will not disappoint her early champions in Spokane; on the contrary, she will far exceed the hopes first entertained, and even now entertained of her.

THE SLUMP IN SILVER.

Silver was a little stronger Saturday at 56⅜, but there is little prospect of its making any substantial recovery unless something should be done for it by the proposed international conference at Washington. The truth of it is, silver is simply reaching its trade level as a commercial commodity. It is no longer held up by legislative enactment. It may go down to 50 cents. We are inclined to the belief that the owners of silver properties should base their expectations on this price.

Fortunately for British Columbia her silver mines are as a rule high grade. Silver will be mined here when it cannot be mined in Idaho, Montana and Colorado. The day of the low, or medium grade silver mine is probably over.

The effect will undoubtedly be to increase the demand for gold properties, though there will still be a big profit in the operating of high grade silver properties.

The fall in the price of bar silver has been so heavy and so sudden that it must have borne heavily upon smelting companies who had large amounts of bullion on hand. The mine owner will be the next to suffer. It is agreeable to know, however, that while silver has declined, lead has advanced, so that there is some compensation for the present unsatisfactory state of affairs.

EXPORT DUTY ON ORES.

The question of placing an export duty on ores will be discussed at a mass meeting of Rossland citizens tonight. It is a most momentuous question and should be carefully considered from all points of view before a decision is reached.

It is an admitted fact that the one great need of the camp is the reduction of its low grade ores so as to leave a fair margin of profit to the mine owner, and three of the largest mines are playing a waiting game, as they claim they cannot afford to have their ores smelted at the prevailing prices. What is also needed is cheaper transportation facilities. The C. P. R. could give the necessary low rates provided it had a line to Robson, but it has no such line at present and is, therefore, as Vice-President Shaughnessy has said, not a factor. It has, however, promised to do something in the future.

In the meantime the Le Roi company is about to erect a smelter at Northport, and the promise is held out that it will be built with the special purpose of reducing the low grade ores of this camp so as to leave a fair margin of profit to the miner. Its projectors insist that under present conditions they can smelt Rossland ores at Northport for at least $1 per ton less than at any point in Kootenay. If this is so, Rossland would be foolish to deprive the mine owners of this section of the benefits of the competition which the Northport smelter would give them, as it would prevent them from marketing their low grade ores. Hence an export duty at the present time is not desirable.

Further on when the Crow's Nest Pass railway is completed and smelter supplies can be laid down cheaper at points on the Columbia river, and when the C. P. R. has made itself a factor in the question, we see no reason why Rossland ores should not all be smelted in Kootenay, and we do not think an export duty will be required to bring about this much desired result.

It ought to be perfectly plain to every citizen of Rossland that this camp cannot reach its full development on an $11 freight and treatment rate. This rate must be reduced to $6 or $7 a ton. At that price hundreds of thousands of tons of ore will be available which cannot now be mined and the camp's output will jump from 300 tons a day to perhaps 10 times that amount, furnishing labor to 10 times the number of miners now at work. But to bring about this condition of things our transportation system, as Mr. Guggenheim and many other smelter men have said, must be reorganized. An export duty on ore will not accomplish it.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

IT is reported that W. A. Jowett, of Nelson, came over to Rossland the other day with a petition in his pocket praying for a export duty on pyrrhotite ore but excluding silver lead ores. He took his petition back with about the same number of signatures it had when he came here. The people of Rossland will fight shy of an export duty under any circumstances, and especially if distinctions are to be made as to classes of ores. It has the look of a very presumptious proceeding for the people of the silver district to set themselves to be the judges of what should be done over here. We know a thing or two ourselves.

IT is hardly probable that the movement originated by the Nelson Miner to petition the Dominion government to place an export duty on pyrrhotite ores and exclude galena ores from such duty will receive any support in Rossland. If there is to be an export duty we insist that it shall apply to the lead ores of the Slocan as well as to the pyrrhotite ores of Rossland. We doubt, however, if an export duty on ores is desirable under any circumstances, certainly not if it is going to keep up the price of smelting. The question is a serious one and the government will not act without the most careful inquiry into all the facts in the case. If it is finally decided that an export duty is necessary to keep the smelting business in this country we are sure all the ores of British Columbia will be put upon the same basis.

Listowel, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise.

Yours truly,

J. A. HACKILG

North Star Company Floated.

A cablegram from London to a gentleman in Rossland states that Sir Adolphe P. Caron has successfully floated his big development company, known as the North Star Mining and Development company. It is capitalized at £1,000.000 and will operate chiefly in British Columbia. John Hardman, of Montreal will be resident consulting engineer.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days from the date hereof I intend to apply to the board of license commissioners for a renewal of liquor license to sell liquor by retail on the premises known as the Hotel Brunswick, lot 6, block 4, in Rossland, B. C.

ARMSTRONG & McLAREN.

Dated August 5, 1897. 8-5-4t

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

The Romeo mineral claim situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: About one mile northeast of the townsite of Sayward.

Take notice that I. F. A. Wilkin, acting as agent for T. R. Morrow, free miner's certificate No. 82,093, P. A. Barnhart, free miner's certificate No. 93,899, Elizabeth Gray, free miner's certificate No. 93,623, J. P. Roberts, free miner's certificate No. 94,668, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

F. A. WILKIN.

Dated at Rossland, B. C., this 11th day of August, 1897. 8-12-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Silver Bear mineral claim, situate in the Ainsworth mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: About 16 miles from Kaslo on the south fork of the Kaslo river.

Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for the Silver Bear Mining and Concentrating company, limited liability, free miners' certificate No. 3208A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. A. KIRK.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1897. 7-22-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Santa Cruiz and Butterfly mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: In township 28, section 21.

Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for J. L. G. Abbott, free miners' certificate No. 79,402, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

J. A. KIRK.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1897. 7-22-1ot

NOTICE.

Ninety days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of agricultural land, commencing at a post marked "T. Gambling's S. W. Corner Post," running thence north eighty chains, thence east forty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west forty chains to point of commencement, comprising 320 acres more or less.

Said land being situated on Fourth of July creek, in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District, British Columbia.

Dated this 12 day of April, A. D. 1897.

6-10-1ot THOMAS GAMBLING.

NOTICE.

Ninety days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres more or less of agricultural land on Sheep creek, Osoyoos Division of Yale District, British Columbia, commencing at a post marked "A. B. Anderson's N. W. Corner Post," close to the south line of B. H. Lee's land, running thence east eighty chains, thence south forty chains more or less to the International boundary line, thence west eighty chains, thence north forty chains more or less to the point of commencement.

Dated this 20th day of May, A. D. 1897,

6-10-1ot A. B. ANDERSON.

Shareholders' Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Red Mountain Railway company for the election of five directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting, will be held at the head office of the company in the town of Rossland, in the province of British Columbia, at 5 o'clock p. m. of Wednesday, the 8th day of September, 1897.

8-5-4t A. T. HERRICK, Secretary.

Notice to Shareholders.

The first general meeting of the shareholders of the Hillside Silver Mining Company, limited liability, will be held at the company's office, Columbia avenue, Rossland, B. C., on Monday, the second day of September, 1897.

8-12-4t J. FRED RITCHIE, sec'y-Treas.

License Authorizing an Extra-Provincial Company to Carry on Business.

"Companies Act, 1897,"

CANADA.—PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

No. 2.—1897.

This is to certify that the "Canadian Pacific Exploration, Limited"' is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia.

The head office of the company is situate at 88 Cannon street, City of London, England.

The amount of the capital of the company is £500,000, divided into 500,000 shares of £1 each.

The head office of the company in this province is situate in Rossland, British Columbia, and William Henry Corbould, whose address is Rossland, British Columbia, is the attorney for the company.

The objects for which the company has been established and so licensed are:

(a) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire freehold and other lands, properties, mines and mineral properties, and also grants, concessions, leases, claims, licenses or authorities of and over mines, land, mineral properties, mining, water and other rights, and either absolutely, optionally or conditionally, and either solely or jointly with others.

(b) To prospect for, open, work, explore, develop and maintain diamond, gold, silver, copper coal, iron and other mines, mineral and other rights, properties and works, and to carry on and conduct the business of raising, crushing, washing, smelting, reducing and amalgamating ores, metals and minerals, and to render the same merchantable and fit for use.

(c) To cultivate lands and properties, whether belonging to the company or not, and to develop the resource thereof by draining, clearing, fencing and planting, pasturing, farming, building or improving the same.

(d) To carry on the business of farmers, graziers, planters, miners, coal and iron masters, quarry owners, brickmakers, builders, contractors, merchants, dealers in gold and silver, diamonds and other precious metals and stones, importers and exporters, bankers, shipowners, wharfingers, carriers, warehousemen, hotelkeepers, storekeepers, publishers, printers, agents and general merchants, and to buy and sell and deal in every commodity, substance and product.

(e) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company.

(f) To negotiate loans, and to act as agents for the loan, payment, transmission, collection and investment of money and for the management of property.

(g) To obtain and furnish accurate information in reference to the mining and other districts, and to act as agents between owners of mining and other properties and negotiate the sale of properties and generally carry on an agency business.

(h) To employ and pay mining experts, agents and other persons, partnerships, companies or corporations, and to organize, equip and dispatch expeditions for prospecting, exploring, reporting on, surveying, working and developing lands, farms districts, territories and properties and whether the same are the property of the company or otherwise and to colonize and assist in the colonization of the said lands, farms districts, territories and properties, and to promote emigration or immigration for that purpose, and to make advances to and pay for or contribute to the expenses of and otherwise assist any persons or company prospecting, acquiring, settling or farming, building on, mining or otherwise developing the said lands, farms, districts, territories and properties or desirous of so doing.

(i) To construct, erect, maintain and improve or aid in and subscribe towards the construction, erection, maintenance and improvement of railways, tramways, roads, waterways, waterworks, shafts, wharves, public or private buildings, parks, telegraphs, electric works, gas works, machinery and other works and appliances.

(j) To promote, make, provide, acquire, take on, lease or agreement, lease, let, grant running powers over, work, use and dispose of railways, tramways, waterways and other roads and ways, and to contribute to the expenses of promoting, making, providing, acquiring, working and using the same.

(k) To establish or promote, or concur in establishing or promoting any other company whose objects shall include the acquisition and taking over of all or any of the assets or liabilities of, or shall be in any manner calculated to advance, directly or indirectly, the objects or interest of the company, and to acquire and hold shares, stock or securities of, and guarantee the payment any securities issued by or any other obligation of any such company.

(l) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company.

(m) To enter into partnership or any joint purse arrangement, or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, joint adventure or co-operation with or agency for any company, firm or person carrying on or engaged in or proposing to carry on or engage in any business or transaction within the objects of the company, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted, so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company.

(n) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities af any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company.

(o) To establish and promote or concur in establishing and promoting associations and companies, syndicates and undertakings, of all kinds, and to secure by underwriting or otherwise the subscription of any part of the capital of any such association, company, syndicate or undertaking, and to pay or receive any commission, brokerage, or other remuneration in connection therewith.

(p) To buy or otherwise acquire, issue, place or sell or otherwise deal in stocks, shares, bonds, debentures and securities of all kinds and to give any guarantee or security in relation thereto, or otherwise.

(q) To draw, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, debentures, bills of lading, and other negotiable or transferrable instruments or securities.

(r) To invest money at interest on the security of land of any tenure, building, farming stock, stocks, shares, securities, merchandise, and any other property, and generally to lend and advance money to any persons or companies without security, or upon such securities and terms and subject to such conditions as may seem expedient.

(s) Generally to carry on and undertake any business undertaking, transaction, or operation, whether mercantile, commercial, financial, manufacturing, trading, or otherwise (except life insurance) as an individual capitalist may lawfully undertake and carry out.

(t) To borrow or raise money for the purpose of the company's business.

(u) To mortgage and charge the undertaking and all or any of the real and personal property, present and future, and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the company; to issue debentures, mortgage debentures and debenture stock payable to bearer or otherwise, and either permanent or redeemable or repayable.

(v) To distribute among the members in specie any property of the company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the company, and for such purpose to distinguish nad separate capital from profits, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.

(w) To procure the company to be registered, incorporated, or otherwise duly constituted, if necessary or advisable.

(x) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them aud to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions:

(y) To establish or support and aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions and funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit any of the employees or ex-employees of the company, or any of the dependents or connections of any such persons and to grant any such persons, dependents or connections, pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance thereof, respectively and generally to subscribe or guarantee money to or for charitable or benevolent objects, or to or for any exhibition or to or for any public, general or useful object.

(z) To obtain any provisional order or act of parliament for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect or effecting any modification of the company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly, to prejudice the company's interest.

(z1) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.

(z2) To transfer to or otherwise cause to be vested in any company or person or persons, all or any of the lands and properties of the company, to be held in trust for the company, or on such trusts for working, developing or disposing of the same as may be considered expedient.

(z3) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the formation, establishment and registration of the company and to remunerate by commission, brokerage or otherwise, any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in relation to the formation and establishment of the company or the conduct of its business, or placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in or debentures or other securities of the company.

(z4) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, province of British Columbia, this 29th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven

S. Y. WOOTON.

[L. S.] Registrar of joint stock companies.

Filed this 29th day of July, A. D., 1897.

S. Y. WOOTTON,

Registrar of joint stock companies.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Bryan mineral claim, situate in the Trail creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located:—On the east slope of Deer Park mountain, adjoining the Midnight mineral claim.

Take notice that I, Peter McLaren Forin, acting as agent for Joseph W. Boyd, free miner's certificate No. 84,009 and John Andrew Forin, free miner's certificate No. 81,952, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

P. McL. FORIN.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1897. 7-8-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Paul Boy mineral claim situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Monte Cristo mountain north of and adjoining the City of Spokane mineral claim.

Take notice that I, H. B. Smith, acting as agent for Daniel C. Corbin, Esquire, of the City of Spokane, State of Washington, United States of America, free miner's certificate No. 76,380, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

H. B. SMITH.

Dated this 3d day of August, 1897. 8-5-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Seiguiorage, Ridgeway, Ptarmigan and Quinault mineral claims situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Lake mountain about three miles southeast of Rossland, and adjoining the Ella and Wide West No. 2 mineral claims.

Take notice that we, the British Columbia Gold Discovery Company, Ltd. (Foreign), free miner's certificate No. 3182A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice, that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

B. C. GOLD DISCOVERY COMPANY, Ltd.

Thos. S. Gilmour, Manager.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1897. 7-15-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Antelope mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: In the south belt adjoining the C. B. & Q. mineral claim on the south.

Take notice that I, Joseph Frederick Ritchie of Rossland, B. C., acting as agent for Patrick Burns, free miner's certificate No. 78,513 and Thomas S. Holt, free miner's certificate No. 92,615, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. F. RITCHIE.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1897. 7-1-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE

Fairford mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: About 1¼ miles south of the city of Rossland.

Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Herman L. Keller, No. 79,572 and Frederick S. Algiers, No. 79,580, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

N. F. TOWNSEND.

7-1-1ot

Dated this 28th day of June, 1897.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Iron Colt Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: Between the Iron Horse and Iron Colt.

Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Thomas B. Garrison, free miner's certificate No. 97,731, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

N. F. TOWNSEND.

7-1-1ot.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1897.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Caro mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: In the south belt, adjoining the R. Lee and Hidden Treasure mineral claims on the north.

Take notice that I, Joseph Frederick Ritchie of Rossland, B. C., acting as agent for Patrick Burns, free miner's certificate No. 78,513 and Thomas G. Holt, free miner's certificate No. 92,615, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. F. RITCHIE.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1897. 7-1-1ot

Notice to Shareholders.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the shareholders of the Anglo-American Gold Mining and Milling company, (limited liability) will be held at the office of Harris, MacNeill and Deacon, Columbia avenue, Rossland, B. C. on Friday, the 27th day of August, 1897, at the hour of 8 o'clock in the evening for the purpose of considering a proposal to dispose of the whole of the assets, rights, powers, privileges and franchises of the company and if deemed advisable passing resolutions to enable such proposed sale to be carried into effect and for the purpose of authorizing the execution of all instruments that may be considered necessary to effectually vest the whole of the said rights, powers, privileges and franchises in the purchaser or purchasers thereof.

And notice is hereby further given that at the said meeting a special resolution will be submitted requiring the company to be wound up voluntarily. By order of directors,

N. E. NUZUM, Secretary.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1897. 7-29-4t

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Lincoln No. 1 mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: North of and joins the White Elephant mineral claim, lot 1357 G. 1.

Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for Alex. H. McKay, free miners' certificate No. 78,833, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. A. KIRK.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1897. 7-22-1ot

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Comet No. 2 and Annie Fraction mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: The Comet No. 2, east of the Lincoln No. 1 mineral claim, lot 1931, G 1; the Annie Fraction southwest of the Annie mineral claim, lot 730, G 1.

Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for the Kootenay-London Mining Company, limited, free miner's certificate No. 3,200A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. A. KIRK.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1897. 7-22-1ot