DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,

Office 61 Union St., Near Germain, (Formerly occupied by Dr. Pidler,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH. dec 19—1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,

And UNION GREY FLANNELS,

Suitable for Summer use, and VERY CHEAP.

IN STOCK:

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALSO:

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECFULLY SOLICITED.

☞ Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.

mar 26—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Per the "Polynesian," at Portland.

NOW OPENING:

THREE CASES MILLINERY.

Ladies' New Straw Hats,
New Feathers,
New Flowers,
New Jet Ornaments,
White and Black Blond Laces.

Daily expected per "Austrian, at Halifax:

8 Packages Hosiery, Millinery, Woollens,

NEW DRESS GOODS, &c.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

mar 18

BARNES & CO.,

Printers, Booksellers, Stationers,

AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.

☞ We have added new machinery to our Bindery, and are enabled to execute BINDING in the best style. Call and see Specimens.

BARNES & CO.,
nov 21 1y 58 Prince Wm. street.

MOORE'S

Sign Painting

ESTABLISHMENT,

47 Germain Street,

dec 5

WILLIAM DUNLOP,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Flour, Groceries & Liquors,

No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,

nov 21 1y St. John, N. B.

159 Union Street.

GEORGE MURDOCH,

Harness Maker,

AND DEALER IN

Driving and Working Harness, Whips Curry Combs, Brushes, &c., always on hand.

☞ Strict attention paid to Jobbing and Repairing. nov 21 1y

IN AID OF THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE President and Directors of the above named institution, in order to liquidate the liabilities of said building, and to render it worthy of the purposes for which it was intended, as a

Temple of Art and Recreation,

beg leave to announce to the public that they have arranged with a Committee of Management and Business Managers to give on

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

MAY 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, 1873

FOUR GRAND

GIFT CONCERTS!

At which will be given away

30,000 Dollars in Cash

IN THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 GRAND CASH GIFT OF | | $10,000 |
| 1 " " " " | | 2,000 |
| 1 " " " " | | 1,000 |
| 1 " " " " | | 1,000 |
| 1 " " " " | | 500 |
| 1 " " " " | | 500 |
| 1 " " " " | | 250 |
| 1 " " " " | | 250 |
| 1 " " " " | | 250 |
| 1 " " " " | | 250 |
| 10 Grand Cash Gifts of | $100 ea. | 1,000 |
| 20 " " " " | 50 " | 1,000 |
| 50 " " " " | 20 " | 1,000 |
| 500 " " " " | 10 " | 5,000 |
| 1200 " " " " | 5 " | 6,000 |
| 1790 Cash Gifts amounting to | | $30,000 |

Or, about ONE chance in NINE.

☞ To render the Concerts superior to any yet given in St. John, the BEST TALENT on the Continent will be procured if possible. The sum set aside for such purpose being

$5,000.00.

16,000 Tickets only will be issued at.....$5 each.

Eleven Tickets for Fifty Dollars.

All Tickets will be numbered and registered in the Managers' Books, and NO TICKET GENUINE UNLESS PAID FOR.

All receipts from the sale of tickets will be deposited forthwith in the Bank of New Brunswick to the credit of a Special Fund subject only to the Joint Cheque of the Inspectors representing the Company and the public and one or other of the Managers.

Should the enterprise not succeed, the Business Managers hereby pledge themselves to return all monies received from ticket holders.

The distribution of Cash Gifts will be solely under the control of a Committee to be selected by the audience from among themselves, assisted by leading citizens, and to take place during the period of the Concerts.

GEO. E. S. KEATOR, M. D., President.

DIRECTORS

JOHN GUTHRIE, T. B. BUXTON,
A. M. RING, M. D. J. T. STEEVES, M. D.
J. R. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Committee of Management on behalf of the Company:

J. T. STEEVES, M.D. M. W. MAHER, M.P.P.
R. P. McGIVERN.

Committee of Reference:—SIMON JONES, Esq., of S. Jones & Co., Bankers; R. P. BUTLER, Esq., of Everitt & Butler, Merchants; G. J. CHUBB, Esq., of H. Chubb & Co., Printers and Publishers; W. H. THORNE, Esq., Merchant; G. FRED RING, Esq., Merchant; JOHN MELICK, Esq., (Melick & Jordan, Ship Brokers.)

Inspectors:—WM. BREEZE, Esq., C. E. L. JARVIS, Esq.

☞ Tickets for sale at the Bookstores of H. Chubb & Co., and T. H. Hall, and the Music Store of E. Peiler & Bro., and at the General Agency Office, 51 Prince Wm. St.; R. N. Knight, Carleton, and of Agents throughout the Province.

All Registered Letters, Post Office Orders and Communications must be addressed to

WM. H. OLIVE, } Business
WM. NANNERY, } Managers.
P. O. Box 495, St. John, N. B.

N. B.—RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED.
jan 29



# The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY EVENG, APRIL 9, 1873


## Loss of 750 Lives—The Wreck of the S. S. Atlantic.

The wrecking of the S. S. Atlantic of the White Star Line, on Meagher's Head, Prospect Cape, between Cape Sambro and Blind Bay, about 20 miles from Halifax, with the loss of some 750 lives, is the most appalling marine disaster that has occurred for a long time. The ship was bound from Liverpool for New York and had on board, it is stated, fully 1,000 passengers. She was short of coal, it is supposed, although only eleven days out, and was making for Halifax for a supply. She struck at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a heavy sea running at the time, and sunk immediately. It was reported from Halifax last night that many were still clinging to the rigging. The Captain, third mate, and two hundred and fifty passengers reached the shore. The Cunard steamer Delta, Government steamer Lady Head and tug Goliah went down to the scene of the disaster, taking a large supply of mattrasses, preserved meats and other necessaries for the survivors.

Every reader will be able to realize the appalling character of the awful scene on board that sinking tomb when the thousand men, women and children realized their fate. The shrieks of women that pierced the air, the groans from manly bosoms, the wail of children too young too understand the horrors of the situation, the shouting of orders that were not obeyed, the prayers and curses, the frantic rushing to and fro, the wild leaping into the sea, the scramble for boats and life preservers, and the agonizing cry of drowning wretches as the wild waves gathered them under their folds or dashed them against the rocky shores. Then there were those who clung doggedly to the rigging, hour after hour, freezing, perishing slowly, yet sustained by the hope of final rescue. The saved gathered together in their misery, most of them only dressed in their night clothes—wet, chilled, many of them bruised, most of them weeping for dear ones—wives, children, brothers, sisters, parents—who had failed to reach the shores. Here was misery enough to make angels weep if they look down from on high with pity for the woes of humanity. It was an awful, a terrible scene that will haunt every participant through his whole life. Seven hundred corpses in the cruel sea and three hundred shivering wretches on the land in whose ears yet rang the dying shrieks of those nearest and dearest to them. They had left home with glowing hopes of wealth and happines in America. The dangers of the voyage, as they supposed, were past. The land of their adoption was in sight. A few hours would bring them to the end of the voyage. They slept the sleep of security, and dreamed the dreams inspired by high expectation. Then came the rude awaking, the blood-freezing alarm, the wild tumult of feelings inspired by terror of death and frenzied hopes of rescue, and the safe passage through the waters of some t dry land, and the drowning of others.

They huddled together on the shore, some wondering how they had been saved, some lamenting that they had not perished with their dear ones, some cursing themselves for deserting their darlings in the jaws of death, some calling vainly over the waters and wildly stretching out their arms with the mad hope that their loved ones may be within reach of aid, some fondly caressing the corpses of their dead. What a scene was this! Who are to be pitied most, the living or the dead?

The corpse-strewn shore will be searched, the dead will be reverently interred, and the living will be provided for. The great world will forget the calamity, but in the hearts of those who suffered it will ever be a burning memory of horror.

## NOTES AND NEWS.

### NOVA SCOTIA.

A daring robbery was committed at Tatamagouche, Colchester County, on Sunday or Monday night last, the Customs Warehouse at that place having been forcibly entered and a forty-five gallon cask of Scotch whiskey carried off. On Tuesday morning the locker of the Warehouse, upon visiting it to deliver some goods, found the door open and on entering saw that a large hole had been cut in the roof. Through this hole the thieves had got into the building, opened the doors from the inside, and rolled out the liquor.

About 2 o'clock on Saturday morning residents in the vicinity of West wharves, North End, Halifax, were alarmed by a sudden noise, which they imagined was the shock of an earthquake or something of the kind. Investigation proved that there had been no earthquake, but that about 140 feet of J. T. & A. W. West's South wharf (formerly Neal's), on which were piled a large quantity of barrels of pickled fish, had broken down into the harbor, together with about ten hundred barrels of fish. The wharf was a comparatively new one, but either from defects in its construction or from being strained during the winter's storms it was unable to bear the weight that was put upon it.

The Halifax *Express* thus talks to one of the swells: If the bold youth who threatened to "lick" a paper carrier on Brunswick street a few evenings ago, because the said carrier used his own lungs in his exertions to dispose of his papers, will call at No. 80 Bedford Row, he will hear of something to his advantage, inasmuch as he will be taught how to behave himself, and not interfere with other people when pursuing their legitimate business It may be here remarked that a paper carrier, no matter how noisy, can never be so much of a nuisance as the cane-swinging, cigar-smoking puppy for whom this is intended.

Charles Brooks, an elderly man, who had been a soldier, and had gone through the Crimean war, participating in the celebrated charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava, where he received a sabre cut across the face, left Sydney, C. B., on Monday afternoon with a horse and sleigh for the South Bar, taking the route over the ice. He did not return on Monday evening as expected, and on Tuesday morning his body was found beneath the ice in the cove below the Victoria Coal Mining Company's pier, where it had lain all night. It appears that Brooks was not well acquainted with the locality, and probably after dark on Monday evening drove into an open place near the shore, where there was five feet of water. The buckling of the harness was nearly all unfastened, the unfortunate man having evidently endeavored to extricate the horse,—but whether the beast in his struggles submerged or stunned the driver will never be known.

### UNITED STATES.

The undaunted perseverance of the mule has again been exemplified by four of them, late of Kentucky. They refused to look out for the locomotive engine, and were disposed of accordingly.

Philadelphia is waging war upon her street beggars, it having been discovered that one of the most noted, whose income from fraud is oftentimes twenty dollars a day, lives in an aristocratic quarter, loans money at usury, and gets drunk nightly. Another, a deformed young woman, owns a row of houses, and is a large dealer in real-estate.

The number of deaths in Boston last week was 146. Of these consumption and other lung diseases caused 45; unknown diseases, 6; small-pox, 4; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 14, and old age 3. Twenty-seven were under 1 year of age, eighteen from 1 to 5, and twenty-five between 20 and 30. Forty-nine were of American and ninety-seven of foreign parentage.

Upon the arrival of the passenger train at Southbridge on Tuesday morning conductor James H. Morgan was invited into the spacious parlors of the C. A. Dresser House, where a crowd of his friends had assembled, and was presented with a Howard gold watch and chain—value $357. He also received a purse for Mrs. Morgan containing $123.50. Mr. George H. Hartwell, in behalf of the donors, spoke as follows: "Mr. Morgan: In behalf of your friends in Southbridge and others, patrons of and upon the line of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad, I have the honor to present you with this watch and chain. And as from time to time you greet us with 'tick-ets, please,' may its tick please you. As it ticks on do not suppose we wish our ticket 'on tick,' but may its unwearied throbbing ever remind you that your friends are constant and appreciative, and may this golden chain never be detached by misplaced switches or broken rails." Mr. Morgan responded in a neat impromptu speech, and the company separated.—*Boston Journal.*

### GENERAL.

The Hon. Donald A. Smith, M. P., and Hon. W. J. Christie arrived at Ottawa last Friday. They made the quickest trip on record, having left Fort Garry on the previous Saturday.

A telegram from St. John's, N. F., furnishes the following intelligence regarding the seal fishery: Schr. Sherbrook, 20,000; SS Wolf, 20,000; SS Bloodhound, 25,000; SS Walrus, 11,000; SS Iceland, 3,000, (had to come in with a man named Trencher, who accidentally shot himself); Iceland reports Greenland 1,500; City of Halifax, 6,000; Tigress, 7,000; Ranger, 8,000; Vanguard, in Bonavista Bay, clean: Commodore, 3,000; brig Rolling Wave, 1,100; Merlin, 2,000; Bloodhound reports Mastiff 10,000.

List to the touching tale of a tender Teuton. 'Tis now thirty-eight years ago that, in his paternal land, he wooed a young and lovely maid. All his charms he tried in vain; his suit was mercilessly rejected. Did despair sit upon his Brow and ride rampant in his Heart? Not a bit of it. He didn't marry, neither did he drown his sorrows in flowing bowls of beer, though doubtless, like others of his race, he gave them a gentle and continuous soaking. Through the thirty-eight years he remained constant to a memory, while the young lady married and was a widow twice. At last, at last, in the romantic town of Terre Haute, Indiana, the indomitable patience of this ridiculous gentleman is to be rewarded by the fair hand of the now venerable lady.


JUST RECEIVED AT NOTMAN'S—a large assortment of best quality English Photograph Albums. Inspection invited.


## A man thrown into a Vat of Boiling Lye—One of the Would-be Assassins Surrenders Himself.

[From the Hamilton Standard.]

A horrible affair occurred last night in the potash manufactory of Mr. Alexander Forbes, situated at the corner of Wellington and Barton streets. It appears that Mr. Forbes, who is an extensive manufacturer of potash, gives employment to some seven or eight men, and last week a disturbance had arisen between employer and employes on the subject of wages, consequently all the men were discharged with the exception of a Frenchman named Thos. Lord Dieu, who continued at his work. Last night between the house of ten and eleven o'clk., four of the men who had been discharged entered that portion of the building where the lye is boiled, and, blowing out the lights, seized upon the unfortunate man, who was working, and threw him sideways into a vat of boiling lye, and then made a hasty retreat. Fortunately the man in his descent caught at the bar that was placed across the vat, or otherwise he would have been scalded to death; as it is, he only went in about up to his waist, when he scrambled out and screamed for help. He was at once taken to the hospital, where he is receiving every attention that medical skill can give to relieve his acute pains. This morning a man named James Dufferin gave himself up as being one of the perpetrators of this fearful outrage. He was taken before the injured man in the hospital, who at once identified him. The three others have not yet been captured. The case is in the hands of that old and efficient officer in the police force, Con. Ferris.

## A Murderer Partakes of the Sacraments and Perjures himself in his Prayers on the Scaffold.

Thomas Smith, the negro murderer executed last Friday in Louisville, Ky., was duly baptized, received into the church by two ministers, and allowed to partake of the Sacraments. He protested his innocence, even in his prayers on the scaffold, until told to take his stand on the trap, when he gave way, and confessed his guilt. The execution was public, and about 7000 people were present. The murderer's neck was dislocated by the fall of thirty inches. He did not struggle much, and convulsive movements ceased in four minutes. Death ensued in six minutes. The body was cut down at the end of twenty minutes. Smith was a desperate character. The murder for which he was hanged was cold-blooded and for the purpose of robbery, though the murderer got but a small amount. The murdered man's wife was at the execution in a carriage and witnessed the whole scene. Smith labored under great excitement on the scaffold. He prayed incoherently and begged for a little more time. He has made many misstatements in regard to different persons during the trial, all of which he contradicted.

## Murder at the Fireside.

The details of the terrible fratracide recently committed in the neighborhood of Louisville, Ky., have just come to hand. John and Daniel Holtshouser were the sons of a wealthy and respectable farmer residing in the village of Bardstown. Both of them had for the last six or eight years superintended their father's business and assisted the support of their parents. It seems that for several months past a feud has existed between these brothers, the cause of which is as yet unknown. On Saturday evening last John Holtshouser, the elder of the two brothers, returned from a visit he had been making during the day and entered the room where his father and brother were sitting by the fire. His brother sat by a small table reading a newspaper, his father, being at the right of the fireplace, saw his son enter the room, and supposed he was bringing in the mail from the city; but instead of taking the mail from his pocket, the latter drew out a large navy revolver, and without uttering a word, shot at his brother, the ball passing through the paper, entering the left breast of the victim, and lodging under his shoulder blade. The wounded man attempted to rise from his chair when the fratricide fired again, the ball this time entering near the shoulder, and as his brother fell towards the door, he fired the third time, sending a deadly ball into the crown of the head, through the brain, and lodging under the right eye. Having completed his bloody work, the murderer started out of the door, closely followed by his father, who, in the agony of his grief, begged that he might be shot also, and thus have his troubles ended. The murderer then visited the house of his father-in-law, who lived near by, and giving his wife a parting kiss, he fled across the country and has not been heard of since.

## The Re-appearance of Witchcraft.

Witchcraft as well as history must be credited with the power of reproduction. Since the revolutionary epoch in Judea when a vast number of good swine were sacrificed and a corner in pork probably induced by evil necromancy, the subtle and dangerous influence has had manifestations at various periods and in different parts of the world. For two hundred years the forces of diablerie have been supposed to be laid in the States by the vigorous measures adopted for their destruction in Massachusetts, and the little city of Salem in particular. Many a Pine Tree shilling or King's coin of later stamp was diverted from its primary office of a circulating medium to be moulded into a silver bullet in which death to witches sped. But by a strange coincidence Salem, Va., is as lively with the unhallowed influence as if the inspiring demon had not been so badly punished in times past. One woman was recently found almost nude in the topmost bough of an apple tree, praying that the fiends of hell might be made to come out of her, and a little further on a Mr. Ellis was discovered asking forgiveness for his sins in a frantic manner. Upon the manifestations of the latter the excitement turned. He had told a neighbor who possessed a sick horse that the animal was bewitched and the owner, after Mr. Ellis's incantations had failed, adopted his advice and shot the beast with a silver bullet. The horse fell dead and the witch took up its abode successively in cows, pigs, dogs, cats, etc., all of which were shot with silver bullets, until the farmer's stock visibly diminished, and his sons agreed to try the remedy upon Mr. Ellis. He persuaded them to believe that to shoot a bullet into his effigy would answer as well, and he sought the woods in order that the banished demon might not find him. The depravity of these mischievous spirits is proved by their attempt to regain power when silver ammunition is so scarce and high.

*Subscribe for the* DAILY TRIBUNE, *and have it delivered at your residence every afternoon*

## LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

### New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—

| | |
|---|---|
| Academy of Music Gift Concerts | |
| do | Grace Egerton |
| do | Dan Ducello's Texan Troupe |
| do | Seamen's Mission |
| do | Grand Vocal Concert |
| do | Grand Concert |
| By Order of the Common Council— | |
| do | do |
| do | do |
| Twist Drills— | T McAvity & Sons |
| Butter— | Masters & Patterson |
| Bloaters— | do |
| Codfish— | do |
| List of Letters— | J Howe |
| AUCTIONS. | |
| Insolvent Act of 1869— | G R Prichard |
| Shops and Premises— | |
| Clothing, &c— | E H Lester |

### Personal.

Dr. Alward was in the city yesterday, and was warmly received by his friends.

E. R. Burpee, Esq., was a passenger by this morning's train Westward.

### Brevities.

The entertainment in the Academy of Music for the benefit of the Seamen's Mission has been postponed until the 10th inst

There was a false alarm of fire from Box 34 last night about 12 o'clock. The firemen were called from a festive board as is usual on election nights to go out and be "sold."

To-morrow, Thursday evening, the colored singers of St. John give a concert in aid of St. Philip's Church. Miss Delia Murray of Bangor will assist. She is very highly spoken of in the Bangor papers.

The tongue of the fire bell at the corner of Union and George streets dropped out last night. It has been loose for some time.

The concert in aid of the Wesleyan Sunday School in Carleton last evening was not largely attended. The entertainment was very highly spoken of by those who were present.

### A Canine Canvasser.

In front of a prominent business house in the city, yesterday, was a large dog, from whose neck was suspended a placard bearing the injunction "Vote for Cur." For about two hours the dog sat there, a silent but effective canvasser.

### Grace Egerton.

The Institute was again crowded last night to hear Mr. and Mrs. Case's performance, and all were delighted. The characters assumed were entirely new, and presented that same variety as on the previous night. Her "girl of the period," in which she appeared in the *very latest* costume, was attentively studied by the ladies present. To-night, for the present, will be the last performance of these talented artists, but it is hoped before their return to Europe they will again favor the citizens of St. John. An entirely new programme is offered for to-night.

### The Trains.

The trains East and West were delayed yesterday. The Eastern arrived about 12 o'clock last night. It is almost impossible to make time on parts of this road now, nor can they until the frost is thoroughly out of the ground.

The Western train was delayed by the up-train from St. John going off the track near Welsford station, causing the down train to wait, and be four hours behind time. The mails from either direction were not delivered until this morning.

### Cents in the Plate.

In the Market Square this morning W. H. A. Keans, Esq., and John Sears, Esq., met, and Mr. Keans said:

"We had a good many Trinity Church people in the Stone Church last Sunday."

"How do you know?" asked Mr. Sears.

"By the large number of cents and the scarcity of silver on the plate," replied Mr. Keans.

### Fancy Leather Work.

There are now exhibited in the shop window of Mr. C. Murray, King street, some beautiful specimens of leather work. They were made by Miss Drury, of this city, and represent fruit and leaves as true to nature in form as possible, and reflect credit on the taste and skill of the fair artist. The work was done to order for a bazaar to be held in Boston under the auspices of the Y. M. C. Association, and will be forwarded to that city in a few days.

### Rodyism.

Last night there was considerable rodyism on the streets and one or two parties were assaulted. Until one o'clock parties of boys were marching through the streets making night hideous with their howls and execrable music. A young man at the Golden Ball corner was stopped by a crowd about 11 o'clock, and a demand was made for money to buy barrels. He thought discretion the better part of valor and gave them a little money, when they said he was a brick and they would drink his health, which was done at once, they forgetting all about the barrels.

### Advertise in the Tribune.

Business men in every department of Trade, Lawyers, Doctors, Landlords and others who wish to extend their business, increase their practice, sell property or rent houses, will find it greatly to their advantage to advertise in the DAILY TRIBUNE. Our subscription list includes the names of a large number of our leading professional and business men, and our city circulation is not exceeded by any other daily in St. John.

### Common Council.

The old Council met for the last time last evening. Though there are not many changes in the body still it is not the same. Quite a number of electors were present, and one or two disappointed candidates, and there was any amount of hand-shaking and congratulations. Some were congratulated on their new honors, others on their getting clear of the duties, and the best of good feeling prevailed. The Mayor presided, and called on the Common Clerk for his returns of the election. The Clerk read the reports from the Wards and they were severally confirmed. On motion of Ald. Rowan Wm. Sandall was appointed Chamberlain and Receiver of taxes for the East Side, and on motion of Ald. McCordick George H. Harding was appointed for the West Side.

On motion of different Aldermen and Councillors the following were appointed Constables for the next year for the different Wards:

Bernard Murray for Queen's, John Harrington and Edward Edginton for Duke's, John Kerr for King's, Calvin Powers for Sydney, Patrick Duffy for Wellington, John McLean for Prince, Thos. Murphy for Albert. Wm. Smith was made an additional Constable for the city.

On motion of Councillor Coxetter the Council adjourned.

The Aldermen and Councillors were beset with large and small boys for money to buy barrels to burn in their honor, and, looking upon them as future voters, they responded. The evening seems to be the best time to hold Council meetings, as many who would like to attend the deliberations cannot spare the time in the afternoon who could in the evening.

*The* DAILY TRIBUNE *is not excelled as a city advertising medium.*

### A Medium Faints at Sight of a Bogus Ghost.

At the Spiritualistic Re-union Monday evening Mr. King, the medium, was tied with cords and placed behind a screen, a glass of water being placed at his side. In a few minutes he called for lights, and was found tied, just as he had been left, but the empty glass was on his breast. He was tied again and a bell was placed by his side. In a few minutes the bell began to ring. The musicians began to play and the bell kept perfect time with them. When the curtain was drawn aside the medium was tied as he had been left and the bell came down from above with a bang. This was part of the manifestations. A correspondent gives us an account of what occurred after our spiritualistic reporter left. He says that once, while they were tying the medium, one of the gentlemen suddenly appeared on the scene in the orthodox habiliments of a ghost, and Mr. King was so frightened at what he supposed to be one of his supernatural rope manipulators that he fainted away and was only restored to consciousness by the free use of camphor and liniment. He was so overcome that one of the company had to go to Charlotte street and get pain killer for him before he was able to finish his performance. We are very much surprised to hear of a medium being so frightened at sight of one of his familiars. Mr. H. was so different a looking ghost from the friendly spirits who come in the dark and untie the cords that Mr. King must have taken him for the Evil One himself.

### Auction Sales.

Messrs. Stewart & White sold at their salesroom to-day at 11 o'clock a large lot of new and second-hand furniture.

This evening Messrs. Lockhart and Chipman sell a select library of books, which can now be seen at their rooms.

### Shipping Notes.

*The schooner C. A. Bovey*, hence for Cuba, put into Cranberry Isles on the 21st ult. in distress, with one of the crew dead and another "just alive," caused by exposure, and the whole of the crew completely worn out by incessant pumping. She was towed to S. W. Harbor by a revenue steamer, when medical assistance was speedily procured.

*The bark Brothers' Pride*, Morris master, before reported abandoned at sea, has arrived at her port of destination. A letter, dated the 18th ult., from the captain to the owners, Messrs. Palmer & McLaughlin, reports her arrival at Cardenas in ballast on the 10th ult. from Havana on the 8th. She is loading at that port for New York.

*The bark Bertha Temple*, McFee master, from Galveston for Liverpool, put into New Orleans on the 26th ult. in distress.

*The crew of the Morocco,*—The crew of the bark Morocco, of this port, before reported abandoned at sea on fire, were rescued by the brig Moses Day from Philadelphia and landed at Havana.

*The brig Martha A. Palmer*, at Havana on the 23rd ult., from this port via Cardenas, experienced rough weather during the entire passage and lost mizzenmast and rigging.

*The brig Scud.*—The materials of the brig Scud, before reported wrecked at Atwood Cay, have been saved.

### Dead Body Found.

This forenoon about 11 o'clock a young man named Ross, in the employ of Mr. Brickley, was grappling for junk, etc., opposite Robertson's wharf, when he pulled up the body of a man in an advanced state of decomposition. The body was towed into Long Wharf Slip, and the grappling rope tied to a schooner. The young man went for a policeman and assistance, but while he was gone the body was shaken off the grappling irons and sunk. The tide was coming in at the time, and when they came back for the body it could not be found. They grappled for some time, and then left until the tide should fall. The body will probably be recovered to-night, as it will not likely be carried out of the slip. From the place in which it was found, it is very likely the body of McCarthy the watchman, who disappeared from off the South Wharf, though those who saw the body were unable to recognize it.

*The circulation of the* DAILY TRIBUNE *is rapidly increasing.*

## PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

*Special Telegram to the Tribune.*

### Finance Minister's Budget Speech—

OTTAWA, April 2.

After the routine business had been dispposed of Mr. Huntington postponed his want-of-confidence amendment until to-morrow, to allow the Minister to make his first budget speech in the Commons of Canada. This act of common courtesy was in accordance with the freely expressed sentiments of all parties, and could not have been neglected with any show of decency.

At 4 o'clock, when Hon. Mr. Tilley began his budget speech, the House was full, and many spectators were in the galleries. He began with expressions of regret for the forced retirement of Sir Francis Hincks, on account of ill health, from the position that had been so ably filled by him. He would, he said, review the progress of the country since Confederation, and he felt sure that the result would give satisfaction in the present and hope for the future. In each department of Trade, Finance and Public Works there had been development and progress. In 1867, the Bank capital was about $20,000,000; in 1872-3 it is nearly $50,000,000. During the five years the increase of deposits in Quebec and Ontaria alone was over $37,000,000. The Exports for 1867 amounted to $57,000,000. In 1872, they amounted to $82,000,000, and for the current half year they amounted to over $50,000,000. The imports for 1867 amounted to about $71,000,000. In 1872, they amounted to $107,000,000, and for the current half year to $72,000,000. The rate of duty placed upon the imports was in 1867 a little more than 12 per cent., while in the current year it is under 10 per cent. The surplus on the five years' transactions after deducting the expenses of Government and paying the interest on part of the debt, was about $9,000,000. In 1867 our public debt was about $76,000,000. In 1872-73 our debt was about $82,000,000, an increase of over $6,000,000, but the increase in our debt was in exact proportion to the increase in our population. The increase was occasioned by loan for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, the purchase of North West Territory, Pacific Railway Survey, and the assumption of the British Columbia debt. The whole public debt of Canada amounted to about $23 per head and the interest on it to about $1.23 per head. The amount of taxation by means of duties was something over $4 per head of the population. The average tariff of the past, 12½ per cent., had enabled the Government to construct great public works. The receipts for the last year had exceeded the expenditures, leaving a surplus of about $175,000. It was thought the loss to the revenue by the repeal of the sugar duties would necessitate an increase of duties. At present no extra taxes would be levied, and no change made in the tariff. It gave stabillity to trade and commerce to leave the tariff unchanged, whenever it was possible to do so. Increased public works might draw more heavily on the revenue, and when it was necessary to make changes the question of incidental protection to certain native industries would come up. With our small population and limited means we had so far met our engagements and embarked in gigantic public works, and he believed that the increased population and growing wealth of an expanding country would meet the requirements of the future? He hoped the policy of the Government in consolidating the country, and developing its resources, would be continued to be followed out in the futurc, and result in making Canada the strong right arm of the British Empire. The speech occupied only an hour and a half, and was listened to with marked attention, frequently interrupted by applause, and he was loudly cheered at the close. It was one of the briefest and best budget speeches ever delivered.

Mr. Mackenzie replied briefly, chiefly doubting the ability of Canada to meet the requirements of the future. He complimented Mr. Tilley on the lucidness of his statements, and would treat him in a spirit of fair play and candor.

The members crowded around Mr. Tilley offering him their congratulations, Mackenzie, Holton, and other leading members of the Opposition being among the first to greet him.

Sir Francis Hincks complimented Mr. Tilley highly, and the discussion on the budget continued till nearly 12 o'clock. Most of the Opposition speeches were made up of attacks upon Sir Francis Hincks and his financial policy in the old Province of Canada.

Mr. Young, of Waterloo, ridiculed the course of the Government in changing the tariff every year, and now talking about the necessity of not meddling with it. During the late elections in Ontario they had promised protection to various indvstries, but now took no action in the matter. He admttted the present flourishing state of our finances and the general prosperity of country but the Government could claim no credit for that condition of affairs. The immense revenue from imports arose from the great railway works going on, and could not be expected to continue at the same rate. The present success was abnormal. He concluded by abusing Sir Faancis Hincks.

Mr. Glass, of Middlesex, said Sir Francis Hincks was no more responsible for the financial difficulties in the old Province of Canada than for the difficulties which occurred at the same time in England. The charges showed how little the Opposition had to show against the present management of affairs. The fair way was to contrast the position of the country five years ago with the one it occupies to-day and judge whether the hopes of confederation had been realized.

Mr. Thomson of Welland would oppose the Government because they had not spent half enough money. The Government ought to put more change in circulation. We did not want population but wanted money. One end of the Pa-