

## ONLY TWO BY ACCLAMATION IN PROVINCE

### Keen Fights Certain in Every Division Except Madawaska County.

## GOVERNMENT PAIR ARE ELECTED THERE

### Question Right of One Government Candidate to Run in Queens County.

With two acclamations only, the provincial nominations were held in the various divisions on Saturday. In Madawaska county the government candidates, J. E. McMichael and D. E. Deane, were elected by acclamation, the honor of being the first two men in the province to be assured of places in the new legislature.

In all the other constituencies there were battles between the Government, the Opposition and the Farmers with a couple of Labor candidates, one soldier and one independent.

At Gagetown there was a sensation when objection was raised to the acceptance of the papers of G. H. King as Government candidate, on the ground that they did not carry a written acceptance of the nomination. A writ sheriff adjourned the court until two o'clock in the afternoon and in the meantime he conferred with the Attorney-General on the case. At that hour he declared he had been authorized to accept the papers, so the name of Mr. King was included in the list.

There were speeches at the meeting in which the Farmers and the Opposition showed the extravagance of the Government, the enforcement of some of its legislation and the poor results that the electors were receiving. In the course of his remarks, Mr. West, the Opposition candidate, referred to the roads, and said that in Queens county they had three kinds, some of what Mr. West called "quarable" roads, another kind referred to as "undrivable," and the third was the "unendurable" kind, and the latter greatly outnumbered the other two. Mr. West's analysis of the situation appeared to find pretty general endorsement among those present.

In Albert County the electors, of whom at least half were heard, addressed from four candidates, John L. Peck and Lewis Smith accepted the challenge of the two Government candidates, and showed that the present government at Fredericton had been guilty of gross extravagance and that its actions were not for the best interests of the province, and that as a result some of the best men in the party had either been killed or had resigned, and were unwilling to try their luck before the electors in the present campaign.

The meeting was very enthusiastic for the Government candidates.

Change in Suburb One of the Farmers dropped out at the last minute, while in Westmorland Mr. J. A. Robinson was substituted at the last minute on the Farmer ticket for P. D. Ayer.

The list of candidates for the province is as follows:

- St. John City  
Opposition—L. P. D. Tilley, F. L. Potts, Dr. J. Roy Campbell, James Lewis.  
Government—Premier Foster, Dr. Roberts, R. T. Hayes and W. E. Scallion.
- St. John County  
Opposition—Dr. J. B. M. Baxter, Thos. B. Carson.  
Government—A. F. Bentley, Dr. L. M. Curran.
- Albert County  
Opposition—J. L. Peck, Lewis Smith.  
Government—Jacob Steeves, Arthur W. Stevens.
- Charlotte County  
Opposition—Farmer—S. D. Guphill, Chas. R. McMillan, and  
Opposition—Dr. H. I. Taylor, John M. Fiewelling.  
Government—John W. Scovill, Harry W. Mann, Frank Kennedy, U. R. Lawrence.
- Kings County  
Opposition—J. A. Murray, Geo. B. Jones, H. V. Dickson.  
Government—S. L. Keith, Colonel Wetmore.
- Farmers—H. H. Huggard, H. F. F. Ellis, F. J. Hatch, Geo. H. King.  
Government—Dr. J. E. Hetherington.
- Opposition—Alfred West, W. A. Macdonald, A. A. Dybart.  
Farmers—Charles W. Huzhes, George W. Dingee.
- Westmorland County  
Government—Fred Magee, F. E. Bourgeois, F. L. Estabrooks, Reid McManus.  
Farmer-Labor—Frank Riley, A. C. Fawcett, Mathias Arsenault (Farmer), J. A. Robinson.  
Restogouche County  
Government—Arthur T. LeBlanc, S. S. Harrison.  
Opposition—David A. Stewart, Henry Diotte.
- Kent County  
Government—A. J. Bourgeois, Phibes McManus, A. A. Dybart.  
Opposition—Farmer—Dr. D. V. Landry, Col. John Sheridan, Councilor David Roach.  
Sunbury County  
Government—Robert B. Smith, D. W. Meresseau.  
Farmer—James Harding.  
New Brunswick  
Labor—John W. Vanderbeck, John B. Martin.  
United Farmers—Fred Fowle, Charles Dampy.  
Government—Robert Murray, J. P. Burchill, F. A. McGrath and D. V. Allan.
- Gloucester County  
Government—F. J. Vezina, J. P.

## DEVIL BORN IN CRACOW IS CLAIM OF WILD CROWDS

### Mobs Surround Hospital in Effort to Kill the Child and Mother.

Copyright 1920 by Cross-Atlantic Warsaw, Oct. 3.—A story with a medieval flavor comes from Cracow. It had been rumored for some time that a young girl of ten had given birth to a devil in hospital, and a large crowd gathered round the building demanding entrance. Many professed to have seen the devil, which they described as having horns and cloven hoofs.

The director of the hospital came out to try and calm the mob who, however, shouted: "We are going to get inside to poison the devil." Hourly the crowd increased, and by afternoon it numbered 2,000 people. Threats were made to burn down the hospital. The authorities were compelled to send for the mounted police and charged the crowd and inflicted casualties.

## TWO SAILING SHIPS SUNK NEAR QUEBEC

### Fears Crews of Both Unnamed Schooners Were Lost in Gale on Friday.

Quebec, Oct. 3.—The signal service was notified today that two schooners were seen foundered in the vicinity of the Traverse and had evidently been wrecked by the violent storm on Friday last. The identity of the vessels is so far unknown, but it is feared that their crews have perished.

## JAPAN BUYING DIESEL ENGINES FROM THE GERMANS

Berlin, Oct. 3.—According to reports circulated here, today, Japan has bought or is buying from Germany more than a dozen Diesel motors, of which five are 2,000 horse-power and the others around 1,500 and 1,600. These are ostensibly stationary engines, but are essentially of the type used in German submarines and could be easily converted for submarine purposes. It is known that about thirty of these motors recently were placed on the market. No information could be obtained from the Diesel works regarding this significant purchase.

## GOVERNMENT SHIP ON TRIAL TRIP

Montreal, Oct. 3.—A successful trip was made by the Canadian Runner of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine on Friday. This is one of the vessels built by the Port Arthur Shipbuilding Company and was cut in half to permit of her coming down through the locks and canals here from the Great Lakes. The vessel was run from Montreal to Sorel. She will load at a New Brunswick port with lumber for Manchester, England.

## FAIL TO FLOAT SHIP

Pictou, N. S., Oct. 3.—Wrecking tugs today at high tide attempted to refloat the British steamer Clare Hugo Sianee, ashore at Annet Island, Pictou County, but failed to do so.

## MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger.) London, Oct. 3.—Recently the British Government placarded Dublin with signs of the Royal Air Force appealing to young Irish lads to join. Those placards read "Join the Royal Air Force and see the world."

After the bill stickers had departed a loyal Irishman with a paint bucket painted another sign near the government posters. It contained this simple inscription, "Join the Royal Irish Constabulary and see the next world."

## OPPOSING THE GOVERNMENT



JOHN M. FIEWELLING  
Mr. Fiewelling is an Opposition candidate in Charlotte County in the provincial elections.

## FARMERS FEAR DOUBLE-CROSS IN YORK FIGHT

### Claim Some Who Shout Loudly Against Gov't Are Working Secretly for Its Success.

Special to the Standard—Chatham, N. B., Oct. 3.—With three tickets in the field and the general no-up, and the uncertainty incident thereto more interest than usual is added to the skirmishes preceding the ballot battle scheduled for October 9. The government ticket is not one regarded as particularly heavy, and left alone in a contest with the Conservative ticket would cut but a poor figure. The Farmers' ticket is the unknown factor that gets in the farmers' organization are planning to give their friends of the party the double cross. At Farmers' meetings they are shouting in loud voices for the success of their ticket, but are out working quietly for the government.

### Fear Double Cross

Several at Saturday's market here were in earnest conversation over the situation, and frankly admitted they were pinned down by one hearing their argument, they intended to vote for the old party. Their plans and intentions have been made known to leaders of the Farmers' party who are sincere in their party work, and something of a sensation in political happenings in York county has been caused by the discovery of the plan which would be a breach of confidence.

"Why did you tell the Liberal convention the full and complete details?" asked Mr. Wood.

### Best Labor Man

The Provincial Secretary, angling for the labor vote, vehemently stated that he was a better labor man than any member of the organization. In this he was emphatically contradicted. He refused to divulge his own negotiations to secure the labor vote to the Farmers' party.

### Eight Nominated in Charlotte Co.

Special to the Standard—St. Stephen, N. B., Oct. 3.—Nomination Day drew large numbers to the station on Saturday, though the absence of a steamer or a train for election parties reduced the number below the pre-war attendance.

Sheriff Stuart's court closed at noon with eight candidates nominated. For the Opposition the candidates are Dr. Henry I. Vaylor, of St. George; John Fiewelling, of St. Stephen; Chauncey R. Pollard, of St. David; Scott D. Guphill, of Grand Maize. The ticket is a strong one, representing the professional, commercial, farming and fishing industries, and all sections of the county.

The government candidates are: John W. Scovill, of St. Stephen; Harry W. Mann, of Old Ridge; W. Frank Kennedy, of St. Andrew; and Hugh R. Lawrence, of St. George, apparently chosen without reference to any industries and ignoring the islands and eastern sections of the county.

### Speakers in Good Form

In the afternoon the candidates addressed the electorate in the court house, Sheriff Stuart presiding with impartiality, and at the close receiving a hearty and unanimous vote of thanks.

### Bandits Rob Station

Eauclaire, Wis., Oct. 3.—Two unmasked men walked into the railroad station at Bloomer Friday night, held up the employees and several persons awaiting trains and got away with the cash box containing \$1,000. After leaving the station, the men held up a passing automobile, forced the driver to carry them to Escanaba, 37 miles distant, and then robbed him of \$40.

## MacSWINEY GROWS WEAKER STEADILY IN BRIXTON JAIL

### No Startling Changes in His Condition But Daily Increased Exhaustion is Noted.

London, Oct. 3.—The condition of Terrence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork, who is on a hunger strike in Brixton Prison, tonight is unchanged, but he is growing weaker, according to the bulletins of the Irish Self-Determination League issued this evening.

## SEAPLANE TO START TODAY FOR HALIFAX

### On Tuesday Col. Leckie Expects to Start His Trans-Canada Air Voyage.

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Information received at the Air Board indicates that the trans-Canada seaplane and airplane flight will start on Tuesday next. Everything depends on weather conditions, but those promise well at present, and Col. Robert Leckie is hopeful of getting off on the first leg of the long flight on Tuesday. He has advised that he will leave Fredericton, for Halifax tomorrow morning, in order to prepare for the start from the latter city. The relay boat is leaving Quebec for Riviere Du Loup to meet the Falvey seaplane, which Col. Leckie and Major Basil Hobbs are flying.

## BIG BALKAN ENTENTE IS PROPOSITION

### "Little Entente" Hopes Poland and Greece Will Join in.

By GUGLIELMO EMANUELE. (Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger.) Rome, Oct. 3.—Take Jönescu, Rumanian foreign minister having called his conversation here with Premier Giolitti and Count Sforza, Italian foreign minister told me today that the "little Entente" aims at keeping peace in central Europe.

"I told the Hungarian representative in Rome that our chief purpose was to eliminate all temptations on the part of the Magyars to modify by force or diplomatic intrigue their frontiers as drawn by the Peace Conference. This is rendering service not only to the cause of peace, but to Hungary herself. It is perhaps unpleasant to have to speak so harshly to the vanquished, but it is healthier than Hungary should know."

M. Jönescu has explained to Italian statesmen that the "little Entente" is animated by an unfriendly feeling toward Italy; on the contrary, having in common with Italy the wish that peace be unbroken. M. Jönescu pointed out the Italian treaty will continue to expand in Rumania, but doubts whether Italy should get oil from Roumania. Peace on the other hand, having doubled her territory, needs more oil for internal consumption.

### Want Poland and Greece.

M. Jönescu hopes Poland and Greece will join the "little Entente" so as to constitute a strong bulwark against Russia as well as Hungary. However, alluring to some diplomats, the plan appears difficult of realization as it remains to be seen how far Serbia will engage herself against greater Slavia.

M. Jönescu admits now that Poland is too busy with her war against the Soviets to examine the matter of joining the "little Entente" but hopes to convince her later, especially if he succeeds in getting the great powers to sanction that Poland should get permanently East Galicia. Jönescu today expounded his plan to the American representative here.

## COX READY TO TALK PEACE PACT WITH THE SENATE

### Pittsburgh, Kansas, Oct. 3.—Governor James M. Cox told an audience that met him at Pittsburgh on Saturday that if elected he would "sit down with the Senate, discuss the treaty of peace and agree upon any reservations that would clarify or reassure the treaty."

## AIRMAN DROWNS WHEN CRAFT FELL INTO LAKE

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Lieut. Sidney Pettot, of Chicago, a naval reserve officer, was drowned Saturday afternoon when a seaplane which he was flying plunged into Lake Michigan two miles off Lake Forest. Lieut. A. K. Bachelor, of Saginaw, Mich., his companion, was thrown clear and swam back to the shore.

## WORLD NEWS TODAY

### CANADA.

Less than one-quarter of the Drumheller miners responded to the O. B. U. order to go on strike. Two schooners have been found sunk below Quebec, and it is feared the crews have been lost. Two members were elected by acclamation in the New Brunswick nomination on Saturday.

### THE BRITISH ISLES.

The condition of the Lord Mayor of Cork, Terrence MacSwiney, remains little changed. More fighting is reported in Dublin, where military patrols have been fired on.

## DISCOVER A GERMAN CABLE OFF JUTLAND

### Secret of Hun Intelligence During War Brought to Light Recently.

(Copyright, 1920, by Cross-Atlantic.) Copenhagen, Oct. 3.—A series of discoveries recently made by the crews of Danish trawlers along the coast of Jutland appear to establish what was often suspected during the war, that the Germans had secret submarine bases and secret stations for tapping the Great Northern Telegraph Company's cables between this country and Great Britain along the Western Coast.

Not long ago trawlers discovered a very large store of petrol hidden under the sea just outside the sandbar lying along the entire coast of Jutland from France to the Skaw and several thousand gallons of petrol were fished up from the briny deep and put to good use by Danish fishing boats on the North Sea. The matter was kept quiet at the time by the lucky finders for fear that the Danish government might step in and have the costly "blud" as treasure tove.

### Cable Discovered.

Just now, however, a far more interesting find has been made when the crew of a trawler working just outside the three-mile limit brought to light a modern cable of the newest and most expensive kind, which was so heavy that it was impossible to raise it without special tackle.

The discovery was, therefore, promptly reported to the Danish Navy Department and an investigation made. It was first thought to be one of the Great Northern Telegraph Company's cables, several of which were put out of business by the Germans during the war but this was found not to be the case, for when one of the company's steamers pulled in the cable, it was found to end blindly about half a mile outside the three-mile line and about a mile south of the company's cables to England.

Near the Danish coast the cable was carefully hidden under the sand and the shore end was found in a kind of dugout among the highest dunes on a very desolate and lonely part of the coast, well removed from the nearest coast guard stations north and south. Although no receiving or transmitting instruments were found, there is little doubt that German spies from the dugout were able not only to communicate by telephone with German submarines who picked up the outside end of the cable, but also to tap the Danish-English cables and get hold of all messages sent either way.

This explains many incidents which have hitherto been shrouded in mystery. Many code messages sent by the British Government by cable to the details of the government than he (Dickson) did. He had made a splendid minister of agriculture and had raised the department to the position of one of the best in Canada. It had been said what did Mr. Murray know about agriculture. He might, perhaps, not know as much about it as a farmer would, but he was an organizer, and he had gathered together some of the most capable men in the country as members of the department who were in charge of the practical work, and these men had built up a department second to none in Canada, considering the population of the province. Then Mr. Murray had brought in the clover hays which had proved an enormous benefit to the farmers, who, instead of having to pay out hundreds of dollars every year for seed, not only able to save their own but had seeds to sell also. Then there was the ditching machine, which had rendered thousands of acres that previously were of no farming value for lack of drainage, capable of producing large crops. The value of the seeds thus reclaimed was enormous. Then, again, Mr. Murray had made arrangements under which fertilizer could be purchased at cost by purchasing the ingredients in large quantities, farmers not only got the fertilizer, but by mixing them at home they were able to get the proper proportion of each to suit their different requirements.

### Is Not British.

A section of the cable has been shown to the British naval attaché here, who declares that it is entirely different from the cables used by the British navy, while the German attaché says that he is unable to say if the cable is of German make.

A thorough search of the entire Danish North Sea coast will now be made by authorities here and particular attention will be paid to the outside coast of the island of Faeroe, not only because from here several lines of cables start for Newcastle, but because the large hotels of this famous resort on the finest beach in Europe were continuously crowded by German visitors during the war.

## CANADA'S ACTION TRIBUTE TO BRITISH U. S. AMBASSADOR

London, Oct. 2.—The Daily Chronicle, in the course of an editorial on the decision of the Canadian Government to leave its interests in the United States in the hands of the British Ambassador at Washington, Sir Auckland Geddes, regards this as a special tribute to the Ambassador.

Thinking, while noting that the arrangement is not necessarily permanent, says that it is none the less a gratifying compliment to the Mother Country and Sir Auckland Geddes.

### BIG FIRE IN WEST

Grassy Lake, Alta., Oct. 3.—Fire originating in an unknown cause and discovered at three o'clock Saturday morning, wiped the greater portion of the business section of this town. The total loss is estimated to be between \$50,000 and \$60,000. The insurance will not cover half of this amount.

## CROSS WASTE OF PROVINCE'S FUNDS CHARGE

### Government Policies Sharply Criticised in Hampton Nomination Speeches.

## ELECTORS HEAR EIGHT CANDIDATES

### Farmers and Opposition Speakers Give Gov't Representatives Interesting Time.

Special to the Standard—Hampton, Oct. 2.—All roads appeared to lead to Hampton today, for from every direction farmers and others came to hear the hurrying in to attend the nomination day proceedings. By noon nearly five hundred were congregated around the Court House, and the air fairly "buzzed" with politics.

Sheriff McLeod opened his court at ten o'clock, and in the course of the morning three sets of papers were handed in. Two nominations of the Government candidates.

After the sheriff's court was closed, it was announced that the candidates would address the electors in the afternoon, and when the time arrived the court room was crowded to its utmost capacity.

Speech-making commenced shortly after two o'clock. Ex-Warden J. William Smith was voted to the chair, and it was arranged that each of the three parties should have an hour to be divided among them as they should decide themselves.

### C. W. Wetmore

C. W. Wetmore opened the ball. He was well received and referred to the fact that it was not the first time he had appeared before the people as a candidate for legislative honors. While on previous occasions he had not been successful, he expected this time to roll up such a big vote as would land him later at Fredericton. He then reviewed the record of the Foster government, pointing out all its virtues and contrasting it with the record of the present government, which he thought no sane man would wish to see back in charge of affairs.

### H. V. Dickson

Hedley V. Dickson, one of the Opposition candidates, was the next to speak. He referred to the fact that he had been called upon to remark that after that had been said about him and his colleagues, he hardly expected to see a corporal's march there to greet them; but if all these who were cheering so loudly for him would only work as well as they cheer, he and his ticket would give the government a very good run. He then made a very feature had been introduced in the present session, the woman voter. Although at the outset he had a few objections, he had now come to the conclusion that after the way that the women had worked in various places, they had proven their ability to do their part and it might be or will be put in an entire charge.

### The Short Call

The election had been called so early suddenly and time was so short that the candidates getting round to all the parts of the country, as they would have to split up. He himself would do what he could, but most of the work would have to fall on Mr. Murray, who was not only a much better orator, but knew more about the details of the government than he (Dickson) did. He had made a splendid minister of agriculture and had raised the department to the position of one of the best in Canada. It had been said what did Mr. Murray know about agriculture. He might, perhaps, not know as much about it as a farmer would, but he was an organizer, and he had gathered together some of the most capable men in the country as members of the department who were in charge of the practical work, and these men had built up a department second to none in Canada, considering the population of the province. Then Mr. Murray had brought in the clover hays which had proved an enormous benefit to the farmers, who, instead of having to pay out hundreds of dollars every year for seed, not only able to save their own but had seeds to sell also. Then there was the ditching machine, which had rendered thousands of acres that previously were of no farming value for lack of drainage, capable of producing large crops. The value of the seeds thus reclaimed was enormous. Then, again, Mr. Murray had made arrangements under which fertilizer could be purchased at cost by purchasing the ingredients in large quantities, farmers not only got the fertilizer, but by mixing them at home they were able to get the proper proportion of each to suit their different requirements.

### POLES STOP MOVEMENTS.

Riga, Oct. 3.—The Poles have reached a temporary agreement with the Lithuanians at Suwalki and military operations have been arrested, according to yesterday's Polish official statement, which adds that the Polish forces now occupy the River Tilla region northeast of Grodno.