

HAMILTON HAPPENINGS

BOYS GAVE PURSUERS HOT CHASE WITH BUGGY

Took it From Front of Canada Life Building in Hamilton and Made for Dundas.

HAMILTON, Oct. 24.—(Special).—Two boys jumped into a buggy which was standing in front of the Canada Life Building to-night and drove in the direction of Dundas. The outfit belonged to Field's livery, and the man in charge of it reported the theft to the police. A hot chase resulted, and the boys got back to the city by a roundabout way. They deserted the horse and carriage in the north end of the city, and so far have not been captured.

Gregory Sullivan, 330 East Cannon-street, was arrested to-night on a charge of assaulting his wife. At a meeting of the local assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, in All Saints' Church, on Saturday, reports were received from the delegates to the convention held in Montreal a few weeks ago, among those who spoke were Bishop Dumoulin, Archbishop Forster, Canon Howitt, A. G. Alexander, John Estey, William Locke, Fred Henderson, W. McGillivray, A. S. Mitchell, Brantford, and W. G. Davis of St. John's. The inmates of the house of refuge were entertained to-night by the choir of the Epiphany Church, which on "A Night With the Minstrels."

It was announced that other prosecutions would follow. There are three or four foreigners here who are accused of smuggling non-union garment workers in from the United States. The government inspector is busy to-day gathering evidence against them. Other arrests will be made to-morrow. Northern Navigation Co., Limited, sailings from Sarnia 1.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. From Collingwood 1.30 p.m. and from Toronto 1.45 p.m. every Wednesday and Saturday.

PANAMA CANAL PURCHASE

Final Effort to Sustain Libel Indictment Against New York Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The final effort by the federal government to uphold the validity of the indictment in the New York federal court of the Press Publishing Company, on a charge of libel, growing out of the publication of an article in The New York World, on the purchase of the Panama Canal, was made to-day in oral argument before the supreme court of the United States.

The article in question was printed in the heat of the presidential campaign of 1908. It charged that Charles P. Taft, Douglas Robinson and Wm. Nelson Cromwell, with J. Pierpont Morgan and others, obtained control of the Panama Canal route for \$23,000,000, and thru their intimacy with Theodore Roosevelt, then president of the United States, and Wm. H. Taft, then secretary of war, sold the property to the United States at a profit of \$36,000,000. Much attention was paid to the case by President Roosevelt, during the campaign and it was even made the subject of a special message to congress by him.

The court took the case under advisement.

Pope Not Ill.

ROME, Oct. 24.—A report was current to-day that the Pope was recovering from an attack of the gout. This is declared to be unfounded. His illness held his usual receptions to-day.

Four new rooms have been opened in Frankland school. The school is at the head of Logan-avenue and draws its pupils from Chester.

Piles Cured Quick

Send for a Free Trial Package and You Will Be Overjoyed at the Astonishing Relief and Cure. Anyone who has piles wants quick relief. If you can't wait for the next drug store and get a 50c package of Pyramid Pile Cure. You will find relief right away. The cure comes quick and is a complete, permanent cure. Old, chronic cases, that itch all the time, bleed, protrude and are sore, become gangrenous and are the very essence of utter misery, should write to the Pyramid Drug Co., 271 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., for a free trial package by mail in plain wrapper of Pyramid Pile Cure. Such cases have tried a dozen remedies, they believe in nothing, expect to be operated on, are sick, weary and discouraged. They need this free trial. It will be a revelation. The relief will bring back their hopes of a cure, the remedy will turn that hope into realization. A man in Indiana past 70 had suffered over 30 years with bleeding piles. The free trial of Pyramid Pile Cure was his first real comfort. He was thoroughly cured and has lived his remaining years in peaceful enjoyment, doing such odd work as would occupy his mind, and going about with none of the restraint and hardships that always accompany piles. Don't neglect to send for this free trial, and remember you can always obtain the regular 50c package in any drug store, and be sure you get what you ask for.

HAMILTON BUSINESS DIRECTORY

HAMILTON HOTELS HOTEL ROYAL

Every room completely renovated and newly carpeted during 1907. \$2.50 and up per day. American Plan. ad7

A DEMAND FOR LIGHT

Publishers Want to Know Who the Bribers Are.

The Printer and Publisher says editorially: "Another month has passed without an announcement from the Secretary of State as to the identity of the manufacturers and dealers who are implicated in the scandal in connection with the Government Printing Bureau at Ottawa. Further dismissal of employees have taken place, but the public is still kept in the dark as to the source from whence the bribery or other corrupt practices emanated. It is such a condition of affairs in accordance with the established principles of British equality and fair play to all parties? We do not doubt but that in the end the government will make public the desired information, but we do claim that the proper time for its publication is simultaneous with the announcement of the dismissal of the employees forming a party to the dishonest practices. "Every now and then vague suggestions come to the ears of Master printers of the United States and Canada that certain firms make a practice of using questionable means in the securing of business. It is very difficult, nay, almost impossible, in such cases to secure conclusive evidence that such is the case. The Dominion Government has in its possession evidence sufficient to warrant the dismissal of members of the bureau as recipients of take-offs and therefore sufficient to stigmatize certain firms as guilty of bribery. Occasional flashes of light, such as have been already given are not sufficient, the light must be turned on full and kept on until the printers and publishers of Canada know where the money came from."

STEAMER BURNED

Anchors Caught and It Was Impossible to Beach the Ship.

DULUTH, Oct. 24.—The steamer Langham, 300 feet long, owned by the John I. Adams Co. of Detroit, and with a grain carrying record, burned to the water's edge off Keweenaw Point Sunday afternoon. She was bound up the lakes for Port Arthur with a cargo of coal, and passed the Soo last Tuesday, but had not been reported since then. When the fire broke out on the Langham, the anchors caught, and it was impossible to beach the ship. The crew, seventeen men and one woman, took to the water, after opening the safety valves to prevent the boiler from blowing up. The sailors kept near the burning craft until it sank. Capt. J. H. Sinclair of Port Huron was in charge. Most of the crew lost their personal effects. The boat is a total loss.

SECULARIZE THE SCHOOLS

Portugal Will Substitute Instruction in Individual and Civic Morality.

LISBON, Oct. 24.—The secularization of the schools involves the replacement of religious instruction therein by systematic teaching of individual and civic morality. This is strongly favored by the reformers heading the government, who argue that the greatest peril to the young republic would be passed, if they succeeded in educating the children so that they would apply the same honesty to political as to private life. It has been decided to suppress the faculty of theology at the University of Coimbra, and abolish the taking of oaths by professors and students. The Portuguese embassy to the Vatican has been reduced to a legation.

OBITUARY

Well-Known Lawyer Dead. ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 24.—Dr. Allan Earle, perhaps the ablest lawyer in Canada, died in the letter of the law, died here to-day, aged 60. He leaves two sisters here, one brother, Dr. Thomas Earle, in the province, and a brother, W. Z. Earle, chief engineer of the public works department, Winnipeg.

An Old Resident. HUNTSVILLE, Oct. 24.—With the passing of John R. Reece at the General Hospital in Toronto yesterday, Huntsville loses one of her oldest and best known citizens. He came here thirty-five years ago. He transmitted to H. P. Dwight the first telegraphic message ever sent out from the town when the line was in course of construction northward. He was born in Lipton, Staffordshire, in 1848, and served with the Prince Consort's Own Rifles Brigade at Malta for some years.

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

The kidneys are often the first organs of the body to cause trouble. Their work of filtering the blood is greatly increased by excessive eating or by the use of highly seasoned foods and alcoholic drinks. As advanced age comes on most people suffer more or less from derangements of the kidneys. With some there are years of pains and aches, with others Bright's disease is soon developed, and the end comes quickly. Fortunately a great many have learned about Dr. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills, and are enabled by their use to keep the kidneys healthy and active. This medicine is entirely different from ordinary kidney treatments, and investigates the action of the liver and bowels. To this combined action is attributed its remarkable success. Mr. Richard Preston, Osborne, Lambton County, Ont., writes: "I want to testify to the wonderful curative properties of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills. Seventeen years ago I began the use of this medicine, when my back was so bad that to stoop or to rise from a chair was a torment. The kidneys were in bad condition, but these pills entirely freed me of back pains. I have used them ever since, whenever the kidneys would get out of order, and now, at eighty years, am well and hearty, thanks to this grand medicine. Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto."

NINETEEN MEN OF THE CREW WERE DROWNED

Steamer Regulus From Belle Island to Sydney Wrecked on the Cape Breton Coast.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Oct. 24.—News of the wreck of the steamer Regulus, bound from Belle Island to Sydney, with the loss of 19 men of the crew, was received here to-day. The wreck occurred at Shoal Bay, nine miles from this port.

The Regulus has been running between Newfoundland ports, Sydney, C. B., and New York and Philadelphia. She broke her tail shaft off the Bay of Bulls, 26 miles from here, during a heavy storm yesterday, while bound from Belle Island to Sydney. The accident was reported here, and a tugboat went to her assistance and picked her up. The storm increased and four hawsers parted, and the Regulus was lost in the fog and darkness. The tug found her at daylight a total wreck at the entrance of Shoal Bay. The tug, led by the 19 of the crew were swept into the sea and drowned in attempting to reach shore. When the tug left the steamer she appeared to be sinking up.

The Regulus was 822 net tons burden and was owned by Harvey & Co. of St. John's.

Fears for Safety of Vessels. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 24.—Fears are entertained for the safety of several schooners that left American ports weeks ago with cargoes of lumber, consigned to Kingston.

The schooner Earl of Aberdeen arrived last night from New Orleans. Her sails, steering gear and the tailraff were carried away during the hurricane of Cuba, and the water tanks were damaged. The captain reports that he did not sight any of the other schooners which left gulf ports before he sailed and were bound for Kingston.

Fishing Schooner Sunk? BOSFON, Oct. 24.—An unconfirmed rumor says that the Louisiana, a fishing schooner owned by Sylvanus Smith & Co. of Gloucester, has gone down at sea, with her crew of 24 men.

COPYRIGHT LEGISLATION

Canadian Publishers Get Together to Oppose Fisher's Bill.

An informal meeting was held in the Methodist Book Room yesterday by members of the executive committee of the Copyright Association. President John Ross Robertson occupied the chair, and others present included W. J. Gage, A. F. Rutter, W. D. Gundy, J. Murray, Dan. A. Rose and A. W. Briggs, Jr. The object of the meeting was to arrange preliminaries for a general re-organization of the association, which has been more or less dormant for some years past.

Objection to Hon. Sydney Fisher's copyright bill, now before the Dominion House, has made it necessary to revive the subject, and it is believed that some definite action will be taken at a forthcoming general meeting.

The Kidneys Wear Out

But many people of advanced years have ignored how to keep these organs healthy by using

COSTS AND RATES OF CITY ELECTRIC LIGHT

Services to Be Charged for on Room Basis and Will Be Much Cheaper Than the Present Charges.

W. Randolph Sweeny, business manager for the city electrical department, has prepared the following statement: The citizens of Toronto who are users of electricity have been so accustomed to paying a straight rate per kilowatt hour that a differential rate of any description would call for an explanation and the interest of those interested and others who will doubtless become interested in the use of electricity in the home, the Toronto Hydro-Electric System publishes the following facts that explain the reason for this style of rate, and further, shows the underlying principle of rate making, which, if not adhered to, must result in unfair discrimination.

The city's rate for domestic or residence service, embracing lighting, use of small motors, irons, stoves and heaters, etc., will be 10 cents per room monthly investment in service charge, and 3 cents per unit (1000 watt hours) delivered. Please note here that the number of rooms in the service charge does not include unfinished basements, storerooms, basins, halls, cellars and outbuildings, and that no meter charge is made. Now as to the equity of this rate—let us first analyze the cost of supplying service. This cost is made up of two separate and distinct parts—investment cost and running cost. The latter—the cost per unit—is the same for each residence consumer, while the investment cost differs in almost every instance.

Let us take up the investment necessary to be ready to supply the residence consumer. We will say for the sake of argument that the investment is \$100 per kilowatt of capacity (capable of supplying about 20 sixteen candle-power standard carbon filament lamps). Note here that the figures are not to be taken as representing actual values, but just to illustrate. Take 15 per cent. of this as our annual fixed charge, which covers interest, insurance, depreciation, etc. We therefore have to charge anyone requiring this demand \$15 per annum.

This is not for supply, but just being ready to supply. Now the rate shows, our running cost for residence service is 3 cents per unit. Now, in order to show the whole cost of it, let us take for example the case of A. and B. each having a maximum demand of 20 fifty-watt (16 candle-power) lamps. Both require this maximum during the period of the city's peak demand. The investment cost in the case of A. is \$15 per unit at the end of one year a meter has registered 200 units while B's meter registers 500 units. Now it is obvious, using the above figures, that it has cost B 50¢ more than A for the investment charge plus a running cost of 3¢ per unit. The total annual cost of A's service is \$15.00 plus 15¢ per unit for 200 units at 75¢ per unit is \$22.50, while B's service is \$15.00 plus 15¢ per unit for 500 units at 75¢ per unit is \$26.25, or 37.5¢ per unit—just one-half of what it costs to serve A on the unit basis.

Proving the Equity. Now attempt to apply a straight rate in both cases and note the result: 1200 units have been delivered at a total cost of \$40, or 3 cents per unit. If A were charged a cent a unit instead of 3 cents he would be getting his service for \$15 (37.5 per cent.) less than it cost the city to serve him. If B were charged 3 cents per unit instead of 4 cents he would be paying \$20 (25 per cent.) more than it cost to serve him, therefore, any straight rate must necessarily carry with it injustice as regards both parties.

An equitable rate is one which will collect from each consumer the cost of his service. As no two consumers have identical the same requirements in the investment required to generate investment charge. There are several methods in use by public service corporations whose rates are based on the amount of lamp and farthest to fixed expense. We give here a short description and analysis of these in order to justify the city's charge of 10 cents per room per month.

To determine the annual investment necessary to serve the consumer some companies install, in addition to the regular recording meter, a demand indicator, which instrument indicates the highest load turned on at any period. Our objection to this method is that it not only increases the investment itself, but the indication recorded does not bear a true relation to the investment necessary to serve each consumer.

The Maximum Demand. The investment in the residence class of business is determined by the total maximum demand, which is the sum of the maximum demands of each of the evening meal, whereas the individual maximum demand is generally caused by entertainments, morning and evening meals, and lights are turned on. As these functions generally fall at a later hour than regular evening meal time, it seems that they do not come at the same time as the total peak, therefore, the demand indication record would not serve as an equitable method of determining fixed charges.

Another means used to estimate the investment necessary to serve the consumer is to distribute the cost pro rata to the connected load. This tends to discourage the installation of lights in the parts of the house that have little to do with increasing the station demand, as they use falls at other times; also it penalizes intelligent use and favors only those using the minimum number of lamps, and further, to keep correct records of the number, size and style of lamps and the number of rooms, would require constant inspection, which would add to the expense, and even then accuracy would be practically impossible.

It has been demonstrated from experience that the amount of current used during the period of the station's maximum residence demand is proportionate to the number of living rooms used by the consumers. As a result of this the Toronto Hydro-Electric System adopted the room charge as the most equitable, and, at the same time, the most simple method of calculating the prorata investment charge.

Some Difficulties. The investment charge based on the square foot area of the living rooms has numerous advocates. But it is doubtful if this gives any closer relation to the actual investment; at the same time it presents many commercial objections. Here again closer inspection is necessary, this being objectionable as it annoys the consumers, and further, owing to the allowances made for halls, baths, unfinished attics, etc., it is very difficult to have the consumer's figures agree with the inspectors'. Then again, where a prospective consumer calls at the office and before entering his order insists on knowing how much the service is going to cost him, when we are unable to answer satisfactorily until we inspect the premises, he is apt to depart without getting what he called for and we are in danger of losing his business.

A Schedule of Savings. The average sized house is one rated at eight rooms and the average number of units consumed for this sized house, under such a favorable rate, should be about 40 units per month, or 5 cents per unit hour.

Below is given a comparison between the city's residence rate and a rate of 8 cents per kilowatt hour plus 25 cents monthly meter charge. It is meant to show for houses rated from five to fifteen rooms, inclusive, at what point the city rate starts to become cheaper. Bear in mind that all additional units consumed are charged for at 3 cents, not 5 cents, which means a reduction of 62 1/2 per cent. quite an item. This permits of the entire family ironing being economically done with electric irons, to say nothing of the use of electric toasters, heaters, fans, etc.

Canada's Big, Illustrated Weekly Magazine THE CANADIAN CENTURY Canada's National Weekly

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Mail your subscription to-day—this offer is only good until Oct. 31st. Just one week more—after that date the regular price will be resumed. Two cents a week, that's what this offer means—a big, live, interesting weekly, simply for the cost of mailing. We want to place THE CANADIAN CENTURY in every home in Canada. That's the reason for this exceptionally low offer. And you will enjoy this reading. Every phase of Canadian life is featured, graphically illustrated by experts with the camera and brush, and written up by men prominent in the political, scientific, financial and sporting world. And woman's sphere is not overlooked. There is the housekeeping page, social affairs of national interest, the latest fashion hints and humanly interesting stories by well-known authors that will captivate all. A special department just added is the Boy Scout Column. Read what the Boy Scouts are doing—read what they have to say. Each week there is a special article by some Boy Scout. THE CANADIAN CENTURY is a magazine for all Canadian people—a welcome friend in every Canadian home. Clip the coupon in the corner, fill in your name and address, attach a one dollar bill and mail to THE CANADIAN CENTURY, Montreal. Enjoy a year's good reading—mail to-day, you may forget.

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Get subscriptions for this weekly magazine at this Special October Offer—one year for one dollar. Start to-day—interest your friends and associates in THE CANADIAN CENTURY. A few minutes' work each day may secure for you one of these large cash prizes. Utilize your spare moments. We will give \$500.00 to the 43 persons sending in the largest subscription lists.

- \$150.00 to the person sending in the largest list of subscribers. \$50.00 for the second largest list of subscribers. \$25.00 for the third largest list of subscribers. \$10.00 each for the next fifteen largest lists of subscribers, and \$5.00 each to the next twenty-five largest lists of subscribers.

THE CANADIAN CENTURY MONTREAL

Below is given a comparison between the city's residence rate and a rate of 8 cents per kilowatt hour plus 25 cents monthly meter charge. It is meant to show for houses rated from five to fifteen rooms, inclusive, at what point the city rate starts to become cheaper. Bear in mind that all additional units consumed are charged for at 3 cents, not 5 cents, which means a reduction of 62 1/2 per cent. quite an item. This permits of the entire family ironing being economically done with electric irons, to say nothing of the use of electric toasters, heaters, fans, etc.

Table with 4 columns: House Rating, Monthly consumption at total rate, Monthly consumption at city's rate, Saving in per cent. (unpaid balance by using city's rate).

Newport, R. I., Oct. 24.—Development to-day proved that last night's wireless message of distress, purporting to come from the big tank steamer Oklahoma, with 46 men aboard, was a wireless hoax.

Mail Steamer Wrecked. LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Portuguese mail steamer Lisbon has been wrecked with a loss of three lives, according to a cablegram to Lloyds from Cape Town, South Africa, to-day.

WILSON'S INVALIDS' PORT A LA QUINA DU PÉROU A BIG BRACING TONIC BIG BOTTLE ALL DRUGGISTS THE ONLY PREPARATION ON THIS MARKET THAT HAS RECEIVED AS MANY WRITTEN ENDORSEMENTS FROM THE MEDICAL FRATERNITY

Mark En Orders this pa Men Perfe fold, tum sizes 12 Less than 25c Fo Over made to each. We er's over hand shap of shades. Heavy A c Comes in shades; d garment Men's Our flannellet yoke pocke and seams; value at. A