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n the south, one to the lat. 48° 42', ble coast bee south, the north side it ble distance, The harbours in Bonavista Bay are numerous, and safe when once gained; but they are, in general, so deeply embayed, the land is so diversified, and the passages so intricate, that their navigation is seldom attempted, unless by those who, from long experience, have a perfect knowledge of the coast: yet, should it become necessary, from stress of weather, or other circumstance, for a stranger to seek shelter, the places recommended for this purpose are, Barrow and Great Chance Harbours, in the B.W. part of the Bay; New Harbour and Cat Cove on the N.W.* These places are described hereafter.

BLACKHEAD BAY.—Black Head is 2½ miles S. by W. [S.W. ½ W.] from the Harbour of Bonavista, and Southern Head is 8 miles N.W. by W. ½ W. [West] from Black Head. The latter are the two extremities of Blackhead Bay, which is two lesgues in depth. On the S.W. side of this bay, at nearly a league and a half to the southward of Southern Head is the fishing establishment on King's Cove; but this is even a less desirable place of shelter than Bonavista, lying directly open to seaward, and having a foul bottom.

From Southern Head to Western Head the distance is four miles N.W. by W. 3 W. [West.] The coast between forms five coves, on the second of which, Keels, is a fishing village; but neither this nor any of the other coves are fit places for vessels of burthen.

GREAT CHANCE HARBOUR.—The entrance of Great Chance Harbour, which is an excellent anchorage, lies 10 miles W. § S. [S.W. § W.] from Western Head. The passage to it is clear, with the exception of a rock of 18 feet, the Bacon-bone, lying a mile and a quarter south-westward from Western Head. In salling for this place the mafest way is, not to shut in Southern Head until the isle called Little Denier, bearing N. § W., comes on with the outer Shag Jeland. Thus the Bacon-bone will be avoided, and you may steer for the harbour, S.W. by W. and West, without having any danger to encounter until you approach the entrance: but here, in the southern part, lies a sunken rock, with only O feet of water. Within this rock, and in a line with it, are two islets, called the Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, be careful not to shut in the western Mustard-bowls; in order to avoid the rock, and in a line with it, are

At two miles E, by N. from Chance Point, (the outer point of Chance Harbour,) is a spot of ground with 7 fathoms, over which the sea breaks in very heavy gales from seaward, but it is not dangerous in fine weather.

Barrow Harrour.—The island called the Little Denier, which lies off the entrance of Barrow Harrour, is situate in latitude 48° 41', and long. 53° 31'. The harrour, which lies south-westward of it, is safe and convenient: it is formed by three islands, Richard's, Goodwin's, and Keat's; the entrance is about 500 yards wide, and not very difficult of access: the harrour is a mile long; the lower part is rocky, and not well sheltered; but the upper part is completely land-locked, and has good holding-ground. The course to this place, from Bonavista' Guil Island, is N.W. by W. 2 W., 22 miles.

On approaching Little Denier, you must be careful to avoid the Outer Rock, lying three-quarters of a mile R. N. from that island. It has only 4 feet of water on it; but as the sea constantly breaks, it is easily guarded against. Between Little Denier and Richard's Island, there is also a range of rocks, called the Brandishes, at distances from each other, and extending nearly half way over toward Little Denier, with from 14 to 17 feet upon them: between are channels of 7 and 8 fathoms. These make the northern channel preferable for strangers without a pilot. To run clear of the Brandishes, you must keep Wedge Point, (the projection within the harbour,) a little open to the southward of Smoky Ridge, (a range of high land at the top of the harbour,) until you bring Broom Head, N. by E. 3 E. on with the middle Shag Island; the passage is then without obstruction till you near Wedge Point, off which, at 70 yards, lies a sunken rock, with 8 feet of water; you may then sail up abreast Fudner's Cove, until you are entirely shut in from the sea, and shohor in from 10 to 18 fathoms. There is a small fishing

^{*} See the Admiralty Chart of Bonavista Bay, &c., from the Survey of Messrs. Holbrook and Bullock, 1822.