

tered broadcast throughout the land ; the speakers they would have sent to agitate the subject, and renew and keep alive public sentiment upon so important a matter, would have so impressed the Government and the members of Parliament that the tariff would have been sustained and perpetuated. To recall these events in the history of the Canadian tariff is no reflection on the Government of that time ; for our statesmen did not have behind them the pressure and support of public opinion as they should have had to enable them to resist the pressure brought to bear in favor of Free Trade.

Since then the conditions have become greatly changed. A National Policy has been inaugurated that has done much for Canadian manufacturing industries, and that will do much more for them if allowed to prevail. Canada is now in a position to which the sentiments of Shakespeare may properly apply. She may now take advantage of the flood-tide of prosperity which will lead on to fortune. Omitted, all the voyage of the future is bound in financial shallows and the miseries of unproductive enterprises. We must take the current when it serves or lose our ventures.

*J. J. Cassidy*

*Assistant Secretary.*

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