

PAYMENTS RECEIVED.—Sir James Stuart, No. 105 to 150; Messrs. John Church, No. 157 to 182; Samuel Newton, No. 157 to 203; Thos. Poston, No. 157 to 208; J. Cadville, No. 157 to 208; Wm. Penney, No. 157 to 208; Capt. Creagh, No. 157 to 208.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—Received E. C.;—E. E.;—C. Y.

Local and Political Intelligence.

LORD COCHRANE.—At a chapter of the Order of the Bath, the Queen in person invested the Earl of Dundonald (better known as Lord Cochrane) with the ribbon and badge of a Knight Grand Cross.

WELLINGTON STATUE.—It is at length finally settled that the colossal statue of the Duke of Wellington on the arch at Hyde-park corner is to remain undisturbed, the Duke having expressed a wish to that effect.

GOVERNORSHIP OF GREENWICH HOSPITAL.—On looking over our English files, we find that Admiral Sir Edward Codrington has refused the appointment to the above honourable, but somewhat inactive post; and it has been conferred upon Admiral Sir Charles Adam, K. C. B., Senior Sea Lord of the Admiralty, and M. P. for the county of Kinross.

THE ARMY.—Rifle Brigade.—Captain Richard Henry Fitzherbert to be Major, without purchase, vice Robert Walpole, who retires upon half-pay; Captain John Read Vincent, from half-pay 4th Foot, to be Captain, vice Fitzherbert; Lieutenant William Harry Earl of Errol to be Captain, by purchase, vice Vincent, who retires; Second Lieutenant the Honourable William Draper Mortimer Best to be First Lieutenant, by purchase, vice the Earl of Errol; Henry Tryon, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Best.

ALTERATION OF MILITARY UNIFORM.—The United Service Gazette states confidently, that the following alterations are about to be made in the uniform of the officers of infantry regiments: 1. Forage caps of Royal regiments to have a black silk (oak leaf pattern) band with present badge, instead of the present scarlet band.

IRISH RELIEF.—In reply to a question put by Mr. Hamilton in the House of Commons, on the 14th ult., Sir G. Grey, Secretary of the Home Department, stated "that the total amount of subscriptions received under the Queen's Letter was £170,533. 16 2, exclusive of £1,000, by bill from the Bishop of Calcutta, which would not be due till September. Of this there was £209 paid for expenses to the Paymaster for Civil Services, and there now remained an available balance of £324 13 8.

THE PREVALENT DISEASES IN IRELAND; from a letter written by Dr. Neasey Adams, Honorary Physician to the Achill Dispensary and Hospital.—Fever, dysentery and anasarca swellings very general—the former not increased in severity. I find that an improved diet with a solution of Crystals of Tartar, Nitrous Ether, and Tincture of Squills removes the dropsy; and that Dorer's powder and Nutt Galls the dysentery, unless these diseases meet with extreme old age or a shattered constitution.

THE IRISH AT LIVERPOOL.—Eight Priests of the Church of Rome had died from fever contracted by contact with the numerous members of their Church lately congregated in Liverpool, in a state of destitution and misery. The city was being relieved of the enormous burden which had lately weighed upon it by the flow of immigration from Ireland: the new law providing relief for the destitute in Ireland, all those who have no legal claim upon the rates at Liverpool were in course of removal.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT AT WOLVERHAMPTON.—A man of the name of Fossey, constable on the London and Liverpool Railroad, was found guilty of manslaughter at the Assizes in the county of Buckingham, on the 5th of June last; and sentenced to imprisonment and hard labour for two years. He had, through negligence, caused a passenger (twin coming from London to turn into the sidings at Wolverhampton, where it ran against some coal-wagons, and the consequence was that seven persons were crushed to death.

EXPLOSION OF MESSRS. HALL'S GUN COTTON FACTORY AT FEVERSHAM, ENGLAND.—This establishment has been in work for about six months; it was secured, like powder-mills, with mounds of earth to divide the different buildings—walls 18 feet wide—fire kept apart—the wearing of ordinary shoes forbidden &c. But an explosion took place on Wednesday the 14th ult., by which some twenty persons lost their lives, and 16 were more or less seriously injured. The buildings themselves were torn up at the foundations—the roofs of houses within a quarter of a mile from the factory were stripped of their tiles, and the walls much shaken. The explosion was heard at an enormous distance. A coroner's inquest opened on the Friday after the occurrence, and was adjourned to the 9th of this month.

FRANCE.—A very ugly affair has engaged the Chamber of Peers, acting as a Court for the trial of two members of its own body, Mr. Teste, formerly Minister of Public Works, and General Cubieres, a share-holder in a Salt-Mining Company, which adventure gave occasion to the offence charged against these two individuals, besides one Mr. Parmentier, not a member of the Peerage. Salt-works being a monopoly of the government in France, it required a license from it to enable the Company to work a mine which they had discovered while extracting coal from a pit at Gonhanes, department of La Haute Saone. General Cubieres undertook to procure the license, by means of funds which the Company had to furnish him, and which he avowed that he would use for purposes of bribery. He described the government as being in the hands of "greedy and corrupt men;" and did obtain money which was employed in bribing Mr. Teste, then at the head of the department to which the granting of licenses for salt-works belonged. The evidence

became so strong that Mr. Teste attempted suicide, before a decision had been pronounced by the Peers; shocking to relate, his own son furnished him, in his place of confinement, with the pistols he made use of in his attempt to destroy himself. Judgment was afterwards pronounced upon the three accused; they were convicted of corruption, and sentenced, Mr. Teste to restore the 91,000 francs he had received from General Cubieres, which were to be confiscated for the benefit of the hospitals, to three years' imprisonment, to deprivation of his civil rights, and to a fine of 10,000 francs; Mr. Cubieres to deprivation of his civil rights and 10,000 francs fine; and M. Parmentier to deprivation of civil rights and 10,000 francs fine, and all the costs. General Cubieres had a narrow escape of having imprisonment added to his sentence, a majority of only one being in his favour.

BELEAGUE.—King Leopold has for some time been in a very indifferent state of health, has meddled little in public affairs, never sees even his ministers on business, but makes known his mind to them through Mr. Pradt, His Majesty's Secretary. It is stated that he wishes to abdicate in favour of his eldest son, who is a minor, and to get his Queen appointed Regent until the young Prince shall be of age to assume the reins of government.

KING LOUIS PHILIPPE, the Queen's father, is said to be unfavourable to the measure, and to advise a temporary retirement only from public business.

MOROCCO.—Abd-el-Kader seems to be again in the ascendant. He has taken arms against Abd-el-Rhaman, the Emperor of Morocco, and obtained a complete victory over his forces in the province of the Rif, the inhabitants of which had taken the opportunity of their governor's absence in Gibraltar, to erect the standard of revolt. The governor of Mequinez having gone with about 200 men to quell the insurrection, his camp was attacked during the night by Abd-el-Kader, who captured the greater number of the horses, arms, and all the baggage of the Moorish army. El Amar, the Morocco General, was taken prisoner and decapitated. The Rif, of which Abd-el-Kader has now obtained the mastery, is an extensive province, on the frontiers of the French colony, and including seaports, by which supplies of every sort can be obtained. It is said that the Emir has changed his policy, and aims at establishing a peace with France, to effect which he has solicited the good offices of the Spanish government.

MEXICO.—Telegraphic despatches from New York and Buffalo state that General Scott entered the city of Mexico on the 17th ult., after some fighting in which he lost 300 men, and the Mexicans a much larger number.

MONTREAL HEALTH OF THE CITY.—Such an extent of disease as has prevailed in this city during the last six weeks, has not been known for years. One prevailing cause is fever, and this of a typhoid type, attributable entirely to the direct and almost unlimited access which the immigrants have been permitted to the city. Since the arrival of these unfortunate creatures, disease—not only among themselves, but also among those who have administered to, or visited them—has tracked their course to the interior; proclaiming, in language too loud to be misinterpreted, the absolute necessity which exists for adopting some means of establishing an isolation of them, and compulsorily forcing a complete non-intercourse. To their introduction of it into the city, must be chiefly attributed the rapidly increasing rate of mortality from fever alone. For the six weeks, commencing on the 12th June, and ending on the 21st July, the mortality returns for this city afford, among the resident population exclusively, the following progressive ratio: 3, 4, 12, 55, 58, 72;—a ratio demonstrating too conclusively the cause upon which it depends. Other principal causes of disease are cholera (sporadic), and diarrhoea, diseases which usually are met with during our summer months. The weather has been exceedingly hot and oppressive, until within the last week; the temperature having been considerably above that which usually obtains at this period of the year; the thermometer having stood at 96° and 98° frequently, once reaching as high, we have been informed, as 102° in the shade.—Br. Ann. Journal of Med. Science, August.

After the removal of the sick from the old sheds to the new hospital at Point St. Charles last week, there was a sudden diminution of the number upon the doctors' lists, from about 1500 to about 800; the number of convalescent in a condition to be discharged, being found to amount to between 600 and 700. The fact is, we presume, it was impossible to introduce any order or arrange at any degree of certainty in the old sheds at all, nearly the whole of their inmates being sometimes returned, as they really were for the time being, on the sick list. But since the erection of the new sheds, there is the most ample opportunity for securing classification, order, cleanliness, ventilation, and in fact every advantage that can be reasonably required, and we may state from personal inspection, that we never saw hospitals, so far as we can judge, better adapted for their object, or better arranged and managed. Indeed a large proportion of the patients appear decidedly convalescent.

The proximity of these hospitals to the city has also a great advantage, which has not been sufficiently considered; namely, that of serving as a fever hospital for the city—the very thing which the citizens of Quebec are earnestly demanding. There has been a continual stream, amounting sometimes to eighteen fever patients a day, going from the filthy and confined hovels of the city, to the clean and airy hospitals at Point St. Charles, and this must, in a very short time, clear the city of the infection, or at all events greatly mitigate its ravages.—Witness.

Among the Emigrant vessels arrived at Grosse Isle since our last, there are the Free Trader, from Liverpool, 450 passengers, 60 sick, 40 deaths;—Ganges, from do., 333 passengers, 80 sick, 45 deaths;—Larch, from Sligo, 410 passengers, 150 sick, 108 deaths.—Sick in Hospital, on Monday, 2240; and more waiting for admission.

FIRE.—Yesterday (Sunday) morning a fire broke out in Martello Tower, No. 2. It appears to have been occasioned by sparks from the chimney falling upon the roof, which being dry, and a strong wind blowing at the time, very soon became ignited. The Fire Companies and the military were soon on the spot, and a plentiful supply of water being obtained from an adjacent well, the flames were speedily extinguished, after destroying a part of the roof. The damage, we are informed, will soon be repaired, and the place again occupied as before.—Chronicle.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—SIXTEEN LIVES LOST.—A sail-boat, belonging to a man named Francois Xavier Dion, left here on Saturday about noon, for St. Antoine, on the south shore, above Quebec. There were nineteen individuals on board, consisting of Dion, his son, another young man, and the re-

maining 16 were females, returning from market. They reached St. Nicholas with the tide, in the evening; which place they left about two o'clock yesterday morning; but had not proceeded far when the boat grounded, and through the violence of the weather shortly afterwards upset, and melancholy to relate, out of the 19 persons on board, only three escaped, namely, Dion, his son and a young woman. Up to the time our informant left yesterday evening, thirteen of the bodies had been found.—Chronicle. The three survivors are reported to be the owner of the boat, his son, and a female; they were saved by the exertions of Mr. Paquet, who put off to their rescue. Of the victims, 7 were mothers of families, 8 young girls, and 1 lad of seventeen years of age.

WEEKLY RETURN Of Sick in the MARINE & EMIGRANT HOSPITAL Quebec, from August 3 to August 10, 1847. Description. Remain. Since To- Dis- Died. It- tion. ed. admitt- ed. charged. ed. ed. maining. Men... 558 191 719 113 57 579 Women... 267 66 333 48 29 256 Children... 32 30 62 9 20 33 Total... 857 287 1144 170 106 868 (Signed,) JOHN B. SELLEY, Acting House Surgeon.

FEVER HOSPITAL.—Strange to say, it was reported yesterday, that the Ordnance Department here had not yet received orders for giving up the Cavalry Barracks to be used as a Fever Hospital. It is still hoped, however, that every impediment will be promptly removed; and we are glad to perceive that the Board of Health are advertising for 100 Pillboxes, Bolsters, and Pillow Cases, 400 Sheets, and 200 Blankets—tenders to be received till Monday next. Patterns to be seen at the office of the Board. Separate Tenders for Bread, Milk, Meat, and Groceries.

Shipping News. Arrived, among others: Brig Marchioness, of Ailsa, M. Fadzcan, Glasgow, E. Allan & Co., general cargo. Bark Fenella, Hay, London, Molson & Speirs, general cargo, 18 pas. Brig Mutual, Robinson, Liverpool, for Montreal, general cargo. Schr. Lord David, Coriveau, Halifax, Noad & Co., molasses, &c. Ship Corsair, McGregor, Bristol, Burstall, general cargo, 45 pas. Brig Valiant, Cuthbertson, Liverpool, Symes & Co., general cargo. Bark Ann Rankin, McArthur, Glasgow, A. Gilmore & Co., coals and iron, 332 pas. Bark Tropic, Burgess, London, Gillespie & Co., general cargo, 82 pas. Bark Zealous, Richards, London, Gillespie & Co., general cargo, 129 pas.

PASSENGER VESSELS. Ann Kenney, From Waterford, 357 Passengers. Charles Watson, Killala, 3 " Johann Christoph, Bremen, 173 " Lady Campbell, Dublin, 211 " Broom, Liverpool, 515 " John & Robert, Liverpool, 316 " Grace, Westport, 41 " Rosalinda, Belfast, 69 " Sir H. Pottinger, Cork, 335 " Canton, Bremen, 232 " Pandora, New Ross, 326 " Frankfield, Liverpool, 528 " Odessa, Dublin, 242 " Covenanter, Cork, 329 " Jessie, Limerick, 108 " Victoria, Miramichi, 31 " Vesta, Limerick, 113 " Yorkshire, Liverpool, 392 " Pomona, Bremen, 225 " Countess of Arran, Donegal, 205 " Henry Volant, Ballyshannon, 63 " Westmoreland, Sligo, 207 " Marchess. of Abercorn, Londonderry, 416 " Helen, Belfast, 210 " Royal Adelaide, Killala, 237 " Naomi, Liverpool, 331 " Anne Maria, Limerick, 116 " Trinity, Limerick, 61 " August, Bremen, 170 " Henry, Bremen, 292 "

MARRIED. On the 29th July, at St. Andrew's Church, Grimsby, by the Rev. G. R. F. Grant, Rector, Frederick Augustus Ball, Esq., to Mary Ellen, youngest daughter of the late Hon. Samuel Smith. At London, C. W., on the 2nd inst., by the Rev. B. Cronyn, Captain JOHN PULLER BOWEN PULESTON, H. M. 82nd Regt., second son of Sir Richard Puleston, Bart., of Emral Park, Cheshire, England, to JANE, eldest daughter of PETER SCHRAM, Esq., of Westminster, Canada West. On Tuesday, 3rd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Talbot Street, London, C. W., by the Rev. Charles C. Brough, Rector of St. John's, Thomas D. HUMR, Esq. M. D., Surgeon 82nd Regt., to CAROLINE STOKES, youngest daughter of Major J. J. SLATER, of the same Corps.

DIED. On Tuesday morning, Elizabeth Porter, wife of George Hall, Esq., of this city. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock, P. M. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice. At Beauport, on the 9th instant, Caroline Mary, infant daughter of Mr. James Taylor, of this city. At Montreal, on the inst., Capt. C. H. Polton, Rifle Brigade, of congestion of the brain, after an illness of only four days. At Montreal, on the 2nd inst., Elizabeth Anne, only child of John Morison, Esq., aged 15 months. At Granby, Lower Canada, on the 7th May last, after a short and severe illness, Mr. Alexander Brack, a native of Greenhead, Roxburghshire, Scotland, aged 52 years. On Saturday last, aged 8 months, John, infant son of G. S. Pooler, Esq., Clapham Terrace.

QUEBEC MARKETS. Corrected by the Clerks of the Markets up to Tuesday, the 10th Aug., 1847. Beef, per lb. 0 4 a 0 6 Mutton, per lb. 0 3 a 0 6 Ditto, per quarter 2 3 a 3 9 Lamb, per quarter 1 6 a 4 0 Potatoes, per bushel 4 6 a 5 0 Maple Sugar, per lb. 0 4 a 0 5 Oats per bushel 2 0 a 2 6 Hay per hundred bundles 25 0 a 35 0 Straw ditto 17 0 a 23 6 Fire-wood per cord 10 0 a 12 6 Cheese per lb. 0 4 a 0 6

POST-OFFICE NOTICE. THE next mail for ENGLAND (via Boston) will be closed at the Quebec Post-office, THIS DAY.—PAID letters will be received to THREE o'clock; and unpaid to FOUR o'clock, afternoon. Post-office, Quebec, 29th July, 1847.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE.—The Council of Bishop's COLLEGE beg to announce to the public that Michaelmas term commences on the 4th of SEPTEMBER next. For further particulars apply to the Rev. J. H. NICOLS, Principal. August 9th, 1847.

QUEBEC ACADEMY, 21, Esplanade. THE undersigned, having fulfilled his engagement with the Committee of the above institution, will, for the future, assume its entire responsibilities. It will be re-opened, with the aid of competent Masters, on MONDAY the 16th inst., on the same terms as formerly, but with a reduced charge for French tuition and with some slight deviation from the original plan. There are a few vacancies at present, which may be immediately supplied, on application to the Principal. J. S. CLARKE, A. M. Quebec, 9th August, 1847.

THE EPISCOPAL RECORDER. THIS is a weekly Periodical, published in Philadelphia; and edited by a Clergyman of the Episcopal Church; it has been twenty-four years in circulation, during which period its columns have zealously, and faithfully, advocated evangelical truth in connection with Episcopal church government; it has been one of the first periodicals found in array against the Tractarian Heresy. Clergymen and the lovers of truth in general will find in it a valuable acquisition to their store of literature. Terms, 15s. per annum exclusive of postage, or 12s. 6d. if paid in advance. Applications addressed to the undersigned, at the B. & C. School, post paid, will receive immediate attention. E. AIERN, Agent. Quebec, August 11th, 1847.

NEW WESLEYAN CHURCH. TO MASONS. TENDERS from competent persons will be received at the office of the undersigned, until TUESDAY next, the 17th instant, for the Masons' work required for the Basement Story of the proposed new Wesleyan Church in this city. A specification of the various description of work is now ready for inspection. The building committee does not pledge itself to accept the lowest Tender, but reserves the right of selection. EDWD. STAVELEY, Architect, No. 6, Parloir Street, adjoining the Ursuline Convent. Quebec, August 10, 1847.

SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE. THE subscriber has received and will constantly have on hand Clark's celebrated Chocolate, comprising— Sweet Milk, flavored with Vanilla, Ditto plain, Ditto " in sticks for Children. M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 29th July, 1847.

CHOICE WINES. THE Subscriber having completed his spring importation of Wines, now offers for sale in his Vaults, 500 dozen choice WINES, comprising— Sparkling Hock and Champagne, Blandy's and Blackburn's Madeira, Gold and Brown Sherry, Hunt's Prime Port, Companhia do, Claret of various brands. —ALSO— London and Dublin Porter, in qts. and pts., Alloo and Burton Ale, Pinet's Pale and Coloured Brandy, Real Isla Whiskey. And constantly on hand: Penner's clarified Cider—in wood and bottle. M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 6th July, 1847.

CLAYED SUGAR. SUPERIOR article for Preserves. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 17th July, 1847.

PRESERVED OYSTERS. A SMALL lot in Bottles, just received from New York. —ALSO— small lot of fresh FIGS, for sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 17th July, 1847.

YARMOUTH BLOATERS. A FEW kegs of the above excellent and rare Fish just received, and for Sale. Apply to M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. —AND— Daily expected, a supply of SMOKED SALMON. 6th July, 1847.

WANTED. FREIGHT FOR NEW YORK—UNITED STATES. THE fine fast sailing American Bark POMONA, of 377 tons—now daily expected to arrive at this Port from Bremen—will take any Freight offering and have prompt despatch.—Apply to J. W. LEAYCRAFT, Quebec, 4th August, 1847.

FOR SALE. 30 CASES MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, ex Robert & Isabella, from Hamburg. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 8th July, 1847.

NOW LANDING, FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS. WHITE LEAD, Genuine Nos. 1, 2, 3, Dry, Red and White Lead, Red and Yellow Ochre, assorted dry colours Rose Pink, Chrome Yellow, Turkey Umber Letharge, and Vandyke Brown, Paints in Oil, assorted colours, Black Lead, Putty and Window Glass. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 3rd June, 1847.

RECEIVING FOR SALE. BEST and Common English BAR IRON, Tin and Canada Plates, Boiler Plates, Sheathing and Braziers' Copper, Camp Ovens, Bake Pans, and Sugar Kettles, Sheet Lead and Patent Shot, Blister and Cast Steel, Smith's Bellows and Anvils, Spades and Shovels, Chain Cables and Anchors. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 10th June, 1847.

FOR SALE. PIANO FORTE. Apply to C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 6th July, 1847.

FOR SALE. LIVE Oil in Pipes and Quarters. WELCH & DAVIES. Quebec, 24th June, 1847.

NOTICE. THE BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY having reduced their rate of Premiums, the subscriber is prepared to receive proposals according to the new scale. R. PENISTON, Agent. India Wharf, October, 1846.

BAZAAR. A BAZAAR will be held, (D. V.) on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 1st and 2nd of SEPTEMBER next, by the Ladies of the Protestant Episcopal Church, on the heights of Pointe Levee, for the purpose of aiding in the erection of a NEW CHURCH in that place. The following Ladies have been appointed a managing Committee, by whom contributions will be thankfully received. Such as are kindly disposed to assist, are requested to send their contributions not later than the 26th of August, with the price affixed to each article. Mrs. H. N. PATTON, Mrs. D'ARCY, Mrs. TIBBIS, Miss M. CHAPMAN, Mrs. JENKINS, Miss MACKENZIE, Mrs. ROBERTS, Mrs. TORRANCE. Quebec, 8th July, 1847.

NOTICE. MRS. WHEATLEY respectfully intimates to her friends and the public, that she has received a small but choice assortment of BOOKS AND TOYS, which she is now prepared to dispose of on reasonable terms, at her shop in ST. STANISLAS STREET, next door to the Rev. Mr. Sewell's Chapel. Quebec, June 10th, 1847.

COALS! COALS!! FOR SALE—NEWCASTLE AND SUNDERLAND GRATE and S: NUT COALS. Apply to H. H. PORTER, No. 36, St. Paul Street. Quebec, June, 21st 1847.

REED & MEAKERS, Cabinet Makers, ST. DENIS STREET, MONTREAL.

A BUILDING LOT FOR SALE, IN ST. JOACHIM STREET, ST. JOHN'S SUBURBS. Inquire at No. 15, Stanislaus Street.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 12, PALACE STREET.

HENRY KNIGHT DEGS leave to return his sincere thanks to the Military and Gentry of Quebec, and the public generally, for the very flattering patronage with which he has been favoured since he commenced business, and pledges himself to use every care and attention to ensure a continuance of their support. H. KNIGHT also invites an inspection of his Stock of West of England Cloths, Cassimeres, Dueskins, Vestings, &c. &c., having just received, per "LADY SEATON," from London, a General Assortment of those articles, all of the very best quality and latest Fashion, which he will make up in his usual style, at Moderate Prices. Quebec, June 10th, 1847.

Mutual Life Assurance. SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. HEAD OFFICE, 141, BUCHANAN-STREET, GLASGOW. THE Constitution and Regulations of this Society insure to its Members the full benefits which can be derived from such sums as they are willing to devote to the important duty of LIFE INSURANCE. The whole profits are secured to the Policy holders by the Mutual System on which the Society is established, and their allocation to the Members is made on fair, simple, and popular principles. It is provided by the Rules, that the whole Directors, Ordinary and Extraordinary, shall be Members of the Society, by holding Policies of Insurance for Life with it, of more than three years' standing. This rule secures to the Public that those Noblemen and Gentlemen who appear as Directors of the Society, have practically approved of its principles. For further particulars, with tables of Premiums, apply to R. M. HARRISON, Agent for Canada. Quebec, August, 1845.