

siding and ceiling, \$40; 2nd do. \$35; 3rd do. \$32; 1/4 inch split siding, dressed, \$30. Spruce lumber—timber 16 feet and under, \$23; do. over 16 feet for each additional 2 feet, \$1; dimensions and joists, 16 feet and under, \$23; do., over 16 feet, for each additional 2 feet, \$1; boards, \$23; 1st flooring, siding and ceiling, \$32; XX shingles, \$5.50; Star A shingles, \$5.50; X shingles, \$5.50; A do, \$5; lath, \$4.50

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

There has been no change in business since last week, and no particular revival is expected until after harvest. Collections are fair.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

A fair trade is being done in wines and spirits and collections are satisfactory. The following are the quotations to jobbers and purchasers of quantities: Hennessy's one star, \$14.00; in wood, \$5.00 per gallon; Imperial, cases vintage of 1878, \$5.50; Martel, in case, one star, \$14; Renault, one star, \$12; Boleyn, in wood, \$4 to \$5.50; Rouet, in cases, quarts, \$8.50; flasks, \$10, half flasks, \$11; Pinette, in wood, \$4 per Imp. gal.; Louis Freres, in cases, qts, \$10; flasks, two dozen in a case, \$11; half flasks, four dozen in a case, \$12, M. Dubois, in wood, \$3.50 per gallon; cases, quarts, \$8; flasks, \$9; half flasks, \$10. Gin, Holland, in wood, \$3 per gallon; red cases, \$11; green cases, \$8; Old Tom gin, Bernard's, in wood, \$3.25 per gallon, Booth's, in wood, \$3.25; Booth's, in cases, quarts, \$8.50; Scotch whisky, Ramsay's in wood, \$4.00; Caol-Ila Islay, in wood, \$3.50; Stewart's, in cases, quarts, \$8.50; flasks, \$9.50. Irish whisky, John Jameson & Sons, in wood, \$4.50; Bernard's, in cases, quarts, \$8; flasks, \$9.50. Jamaica rum, \$3.50 to \$4 per gallon. Domestic whiskies, Gooderham & Worts, in wood, \$1.65 per gallon; 65 o. p. rectified, in wood, \$3.50; W. F. L. five-year old, \$2.50 per gallon; cases, quarts, \$7.50; flasks, \$8.50.

Winnipeg Manufactures.

Business in the manufacturing line has been rather on the quiet side during the past week, but a general revival is expected shortly.

The foundries have not been so much pushed to fill orders as they were some time ago, still they are kept fairly busy. Considerable orders have been received from the coal mining companies on the Saskatchewan, and there is a steady run of general jobbing and repairing business.

The biscuit factories are running up to their full capacity and find ready sale for all they manufacture. In the fall a rushing trade is anticipated, the goods turned out having given every satisfaction to customers. It is not likely that it will be necessary to import anything in that line in the future, as the home product will be ample to supply all demands.

The furniture factories are still running light, and will not put on a full staff of hands until some time next month. Now they are working only sufficient to supply orders.

The cigar factory, of which there is only one in the city, is doing a very good business, and is turning out an excellent quality of goods, equal to any domestic cigars that can be imported from the eastern provinces.

The sawmills are actively engaged working

up last winter's cut of logs, and the majority of them will have all they can do to get them turned into lumber before the cold weather sets in.

The breweries are the busiest of all. They are turning out a first-class article, and it finds ready sale. The soda water and ginger ale establishments are also busy.

The brickyards are very quiet. There has been enough manufactured this year already to supply the season's demand.

THE MARKETS.

WINNIPEG.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

There has been very little movement in grain during the week, nor is there likely to be any of consequence until the new crop begins to come to market. Provisions have been fairly active, but in this line collections have been somewhat slower than for some time past.

WHEAT.

There is very little coming in. In fact there is very little in the country to come until the new crop makes its appearance on the market. The old crop is pretty well exhausted, and what is left is of poor quality. The new crop promises well and with good warm weather to mature the grain and allow of its being well harvested; the yield will be beyond all anticipations. The price will also be good. First-class samples will easily be worth 90c here. At present for good old wheat from 80c to 90c is being paid.

OATS.

Receipts on the street have been very light during the week. The supply is obtained chiefly from outside points along the line of railway. The ruling figure now is from 23c to 30c.

BARLEY.

There is none offering, and the quotation of 45c is purely nominal.

FLOUR.

The mills are still running light, and only to supply local demand. Shipment east will not commence until well on in September. Prices remain, viz.: Patents, \$3 to 3.10; xxxx or strong baker's \$2.40 to 2.70; baker's \$1.95 to 2.05; trader's or xx \$1.05.

BRAN.

Although the supply is not large, it is fully equal to the demand. The price holds firm at \$10 per ton on track.

SHORTS.

The demand for this product still continues light, but the prices remain steady at the old quotation of \$12 per ton on track.

CHOPPED FEED.

is in fair demand at \$28 per ton.

POTATOES.

The supply of potatoes is liberal, and the quality of the new crop is excellent. They are worth from 60c to 75c per bushel, but it is expected that they will be considerably cheaper within a week or ten days. The crop throughout the country promises well, and the yield will be large.

BUTTER.

The supply of butter in the city is fully equal to the demand. The price is a shade lower. Quotations now are from 20c to 22c for choice dairy; creamery 23c to 24c.

EGGS.

There is a scarcity of eggs in the city, and prices have advanced from two to three cents per dozen during the week. Good fresh are now worth from 25c to 27c.

CHEESE.

The demand continues good, and the price remains firm at 14c for both new and old stock. Prices in the east tend to decline, but it has had no perceptible effect on the market here.

HAMS.

are firm and advancing. Quotations now are from 16c to 17c, and the probability is that they will not fall below this figure this season again.

BACON.

The demand for bacon continues good and prices hold firm at the following quotations, viz: Long clear, dry salted, 13c to 13 1/2c; smoked 14c; breakfast 16c; no rolls in stock.

MESS PORK.

is beginning to be more inquired for; it is quoted at \$22.50 to \$23.

MESS BEEF.

is being considerably used; it is quoted at \$18.

BEANS.

White beans are in slow demand, and are worth from \$2.50 to \$2.75 per bushel.

MINNEAPOLIS.

The grain markets, says the *Northwestern Miller* of the 24th, have been moderately quiet the past week. Prices have ruled alternately weak and firm, with but limited disposition among dealers to trade. A fair export inquiry is noted in eastern markets, and the movement from there is gradually increasing. Harvesting is general in the North-west, and with the continuance of favorable weather a few weeks longer an average crop of spring wheat will be assured. Quietness reigns in the local grain markets, and the transactions for the week are not large in the aggregate. With the inauguration of the crop movement, activity will be again installed, and the daily sessions of the chamber of commerce will be more interesting and important. The offerings of choice wheat has been limited, with prices for both grade and sample lots well sustained. Coarse grains have been but little in demand, with fair receipts of both corn and oats. A good inquiry for millstuffs is noticed; the markets for bran and shorts being stronger and prices showing an advance of 25 cents per ton. The following were the lowest prices by grade on change during the week ending Friday, together with to-day's closing prices.

	WHEAT	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
No. 1 hard	\$1.16	\$1.16	\$1.14	\$1.16
" 2 "	1.12	1.12	1.10	1.12
" 1 Northern...	1.10	1.10	1.09	1.10
" 2 "	1.06	1.06	1.05	1.06
" 1 Hard seller the year,	highest, \$1.05 to \$1.06.			

The situation of the milling business is but little changed from a week ago, there being a good healthy tone to the flour market, with a tendency to higher prices. The volume of trade done by our millers is perhaps smaller, due to a difference of opinion between themselves and buyers as to values; but the former are hard pressed to get good milling wheat, and have fixed pretty stiff prices on their flour, being confident that buyers will finally have to come to their terms. The stock of milling wheat available in this market is limited, and the mills will undoubtedly have to run light to make it last until the new crop is in condition for use. Most of the mills were pretty well contracted ahead previous to the present "boom," and every move