

THE STORY OF A FLOWER.
Some years ago, before the Charing Cross railway terminus was built, there used to be in Scotland Yard a tavern that was a house of call for coalheavers. Near this place a widow rented a front room, and by making gimp trimmings maintained herself and a sick child, who was well enough to help her mother to knot the firinges that gained their heavers as they went in and the coalheavers as they went in and out of the puble-nouse. It was not a pleasant sight to
little Jnue. She had once been a Sabbath scholar, and had learned two important things- that God is angry with the wicked every day; and yet that He sent His ouly begotten Son, Chist Jesus, into the world, through trusting in Him might have pardon through trusting in Him might have pardon
here, and herealter everlasting life. At that time Mrs. Davis liad been advised to take Jane as an out-patient to Westminster Hospital, and she borrowed a child's hand-carriage to draw her there.
. One sultry summer afternoon, just as she turned out of Parliament street to go home, $a$ wheel came off the little old waggon, and the mother was at her wits' end to know how she should manage to get her home. Just then there came by a man in whose coal-
heaver's hat was a bit of geranium and a surir heaverss hat was a bit of geranilum anda sprig
of southern-wood. "Why, missus," he said, "cheer up, this spill migh, missus," he said, Ill carry the tittle maid. Don't be afeared, my dear, I've gota baby of my own athome. I won't hurt ye," and so he lifted the sick
child tenderly in his strong arms, and walked child tenderly in his strong arms, and walked aged to drag the useleas vehicle home. He aged to drag the useleas vehicle home. He
laid little Jane on her couch by the wiudow, saying, "Be you the little maid as I've seen, n-looking out of the winder?- why, to be
sure, I thouglt I know'd you." The mother sure,
and child joined to thank him, and away he and child joined to thank him, and away he
went ; but in going, as he saw the cliild look went; but in going, as he saw the child look
at the flowers in liis hat, he took out the two sprigs, and gave them to her.
wood sprigs of geranium and the southernplanted. Little Jane lind, and in due time planted, hittle Jane had great pleasure in root under her care. For some time Jane got better, but when the winter came she declinet, and the kind doctor at the hospital could do no more for her.
The winter passed, and the spring brought new life to the earthe Once more little her plants were put outside. She looked out on the first warm day for Dick the coalheaver.

Mother, I should like to show him what care I have taken of his gift, and how the sips have grown into fine plants.'
some companions, and they had been with ing, and Mrs. Davis shut down her window, so that Jane might not hear thicir words,
The child was sad butshe mentioned Dick's name in her simple prayer that night. Two days after that, as Jane loqked out of the window, Dick passed very closeand quite alone.
Jane could not raise herself to lean out,
but her mother but her mother went out to him and said, girl ?"
. Accepting the invitation, Dick entered the house. Mrs. Davissaicl, "Jane is no better, and she wants to speak to you." Dick at the child's couch. With a bright smile little Jane said-
"Look at the flowers you gave me, Mr. " The flowers I give you ?" said Dick in great surprise.
"Yes, I planted the two little bits that you to carry me liome, Mre you were so kind as
I would like to give them to you to talec home."
"Them fine flowers!" exclaimed Diek, looking at the bright scanlet blooms coming gaily out on the geranium. "Ive tliree
young'uns at home, but I can't say as ever young'uns at home, but I can't say as I ever
took 'em a plant. Mine, I'm a-thinking, wouldn't care for them only to tear'em to
bits, and I can't exactly afford noney for flowers."
"Can't you? why, they're not so dear to
buy as"-the child stopped s she wos about buy as"-the child, stopped, she was about
to add, "as beer," but felt afraid of offending dear as the drink,' you means. Ah, well I knows that," said Dick.
"Nothing is so dear as strong drink," said
Mrs. Davis. "It costs money and time, and comfort, and health and salva hime, and paused on the word, but the child finished $i$ -" salvation."
Come, that's going it a bit too far," murmured Dick.
"It's the Bible says, 'Nor drunkards.. ered little Jane, her voice failing and a grea pallor spreading over her face.

## mother.

"Yes. But I'm glad I have scen you and thanked you for the flowers," she added to Dick, who took her hand in his big grasp,and unable to speak, went on his way.

- Dick did not go into the pullic-house, and as he was returning to his home he passed a
barrow with flowers for sale, and with the price of a few pots of beer he bought two plants in bloom, and took then home.
From the very first those flowers were
blessings, for Dick in his rough way told his wife and his children about litile Jane, adding to "his story, "And the kind little maid lies a-dying."
It was too true-jittle Jane's hours werc numblered. The child, two nights after she had thanked Dick for' the flowers, suddenly dear, I am better ; Ithink I shall perhaps bo able to go to grandfather's. Her breath was gently. laid lier down and kissed her, Jane closed her eyes os if in sleep-it was the solemn stillyess of death.
Poor widowed mother! weeping over her only child! how could she have loone her rief but for the sweet assurance that her darling had been gathered by a loving, pitying Saviour into the heavenly gairmer.
Little Jane's wish to give the plants was faithfully rernembered, and fulfilled by her mother. She took a little slip off the her chish geranimun to rear as a memorial of of her humble friend Dick. He was at first very unvilling to deprive her of them, but, ratefuly and from that time by God's blessing he was a changed man.
The year after Dick took the flowers to his home, a relation at the gold diggings sent home word that if Dick could get a minister the Gospel to sign a certificate tinat he was
strictly sober man, there was money ready to be advanced to take him. and his family out to Australia ; and Dick cound get plenty of testimonials now that he had as he said, "given the drink the go-by." Ever since he learned to love Him who made the flowers and loving Him they learned to hate evil.Clara Lnctas Balfour.


## STAFFORDSHIRE FREEHOLDER

I was standing one day in July of last year, talking to an upholsterer, in Worcester treet, Birmingham, when a covered waggon denly stopped, and the driver carie up to me, and politely saia, "My best respects to you irr; is not your name the Rev, James Downes? Walsall "" not some years ago doing duty in "Yes,
ago."
thought I was not wrong, sir, although lass in thot recognize me. Yous you used to give books to the boys, nost of which are now read by my children. Do you cousidered the best looys in the class some money prizes of 5 s. or 10 s. each, one Christnias?"
"It is very likely, for I always liked to encourage young folks in such duties;"
"But do you remember,sir, telling us that, as the prizes were our own, eamed, as youl thinf it would be to put them in the Savings' Bank, of which you were then one of the managers, as the co
provident havits?"
"Perhaps I might ; for I have alwass been ample.
an adrocate for young people putting by something against a rainy day."

Well, sir, I always wished to follow out your advice for our good ; and I went to the not a little pleased as I walked out of the ioom with my lank-book. Many a time have I been astonished what that first smail
sum did for me. Itincreased aind increased sum did for me. It increased and increased, year after year, with my fresh deposits, unna
it anounted to the incredible sum of $f 200$ Then the directors told me one day that they could take no more. I then consultéd a friend. what I had better do with it; and found that there was a plot of land to be sold, with a neat well-built cottage upon it. 'So,
after due precaution and $\epsilon$ nguivies I after due precaution and enquiries, I purchased it, sir, and amnow one of of the County of Stafford.
I told him I was much delighted to hear of his prudent forethought; and said how different was his present position to many a nightly sot, who spent every penny at those children half-clad and half-starved. . Whien he said-
"Please, sir, I have not done yet."
"Go on, iny old school-boy ; I am delighted to hear of the blessings. that have attended your thrift."
"I have let the cottage, sir, to a respectable week; and this suiu I now deposit in the same Savings' Bank. Youalways impressed upon us the importance of being stealy and endeavor, by diligence and respect to our employers, to keep our' situations ; and this advice, sir, I think you will own I liave pretty well carried out, for I have had but two situations since you left, eight-andtwenty years ago. So you see, sir, if it should please God that anything should happen to cause me to be laid by, I have a jittle of something in store ; and, should I be perof my own to to to when no longer able to work; and something to loave my family should they survive me. I have always instilled into the minds of my children, sir, that I owe my present position to attending strictly to the advice and counsel of my beloved minister when I was a boy at. the Sun-day-school."
With a hearty slake of the hand, and a "God speed," I parted with my friend.-

## THE OLD WOMAN'S APPEAL.

The inhabitants of a thriving town having assembled, as was their custom, to decide town should petition from the County Court there was a very full attendance. One of the magistrates piesided and upon the platform were seated among others, the pastor of the village, one of his deacons, and the physician. Ane of the meeting had been called to order, after a shortspeech moyed that the poeeting petition for the usual number of licences for the ensuing year. He thought it was not best to get up an excitement by refusing to grant licenses. They had better license good men, and let them sell. The proposifavor. The president was about to put the question to the meeting when to to put the in a distant part of the building and oll rose were instantly turned in that direction: It was an old woman, poorly clad, and whose of no lisht sumtenance was the painfulindex something in the flash of her bright ere was told she had once been what she then was not. She addressed the president, and said she had come because she had heard that they, said she, "all know who I am. Yon once nnew me mistress of one of the best estates five sons, and I once had a husband and husband, mother never had five better or more affectionate sons. But where are they how? Doctor, I ask where are they now? "In yonder burying ground there are six graves, filled by that husband and those five sous, and oh! they are all drunkards'
"Doctor, how came they to bedrunkards? You would come and driuk with them, and you told them that temperate drinking would o them no harm.
And you too, sir, (addressing the parson), and my sons and drink with my husband and my sons thought they might drink
with safety, and follow your religions ex-
ample.
"Deacon, you sold theim run, which made them drunkards. You have now gotmy farn and all my property, and you got it all by the drink.
"And now (she sail) I have done my errand. I go back to the poor-house, for that is my home. You, Rev. Sir,-you, again and you, deacon, I shall never meet where unil meet you at the bar of God, and thon, too, will meet my ruined husband means and influences, fill the drunkard's graves."
The old woman sat down: Perfect silence prevailed, until broken by the president, who Shall put the question. to the meetingfor the ensuing year?" aud the one unbroken "No!" which made the very walls re-echo with the sound told the result of the old woman's appeal.

## WHO BEAR THE BURDEN.

A parallel to the Egyptian slavery-with the advantage on its side, thongh it was probably worse than the condition of the poor fellans in that country to-lay-is the traffic. It makes their lives "bitter with ard bondage," and affords the most hateful Ilustration of the way the idle few live on the suffering and sweat of the many. The true character of this heavy oppression (hhe worst of which is that its direst victimss rather love than hate it! ) is foribly brought out in the following dialogue between a liquordealer and the editor of the Ohio Signat.
Quoth the rumseller, what " would liecome of the country if it wasn't for the money paid by the saloons $?$ Ye'd all starve if it wasn't for us liquor men. We
The editor replied: "Why, man, your accursed business makes all the paupers, and as y your taxes, a murder case is now going on in your own county, which bas already cost two lives, and will cost $\$ 5,000$ before it is done with. The gallon of whiskey that cansed the deviltry paid ninety cents revenue. On which side is the balance of revenue in this case?"

Well," said the xumseller, "who would pay yer pensions to the soldiers if it wasn't, With a significant smilo hor it in taxed "The boot is on the other foot, my friend. You fellows get nearly all the pension money as soon as it is paid to the poor veterans; and if this country really depended on whiskey pity the country."
"Never When on Duty."-Riding over the Pennsylvania Central Railway recently in one of the elegant cars for which this routa is celebrated, a young swell came aboard, with carpet-bagin hand, and took a seatnear us in the car. "He made very free with a "black bottle" which he carried in his bag and when an employec of the rood came along he showed his " hoospitality" by offerang he showed his "lospitality" by offer-
ing Him a glass of "fust-class Bourbon." Thg conductor shook hishead. "Don't yout indulge $?^{\prime \prime}$ asked the whiskey-tenntter "Never when on duty," was the prompt and ready answer. We fell a much greater degree of safety as well as satisfaction greater dhat reply. The tempting of railwny em-
the ployees by a certain class of travellers who carry their bettles with hiem is a disgraceful practice ; and deserves the severest condemnation, and we comunend the answer and the practice of this railway official to all others pracer similiar circunnstances.-National Temperance Advocate.
Evir Habirs,-A speaker in Fulton St. Prayer-meeting related the following :-"A poor woman in the north of Ireland experiShe had thus froma a livin by whiskey, and that made a living by selling whisiney, and hat without a ncense. Her basin. Sherealized this and berore Goa and hange of heartmust be followed by that the f life On reaching berlittle by a change he broun out the hede shanty hone, she brought out the poisonous compunjohn in which he kept Now jug you and Thave lived together for greatmony is coming to live with me now, and you and He cannot get on together, so one of youn must go ; it must be you.' So saying she stones in ler yard. Int pis pieces on the our evil habits thus, and God will guide and bless us."

