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The Toronto World.

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18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

PRICE ONE CENT

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1882.

THIRD PAGE.

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD SMART BOY WANTED TO CARRY a route "over the Don"; wages $2 per week. Route can be delivered in less than two hours. Apply World Office.

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DRIVING HORSE WANTED—BAY OR DARK BROWN; must trot in 2:40; height 15, 3 to 10. Apply or address J DUGGAN, Woodbine. 561

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SECOND-HAND SET OF DOUBLE HARNESS; heavy English make preferred; must be in good condition. Apply, stating price to P. O. Box 516. 34

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WANTED — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room for gentleman, with or without board; east Church and south Gerrard streets. Address Box 50, World.

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AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST IS THE CHEAPEST place in the city to buy clothing. All wool scotch tweed pants made to order from $1 50 to $3. W. SIMON.

CHANEY & CO., 230 KING STREET EAST, renovates all kinds of feathers and mattresses; cash paid for feathers, new mattresses, feather beds and pillows for sale.

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker" continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen street, west.

LEGAL.

A. A. ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street.
J. E. ROSS, W. M. MERRITT. J. H. MACDONALD, E. COATSWORTH, JR.

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O'SULLIVAN & KERR, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank. D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

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KING'S HOTEL, TORONTO, THE BEST ONE dollar a day house in the city, corner York and Front streets. Porter to meet all trains. The most convenient house to all railroad stations. J H RIGG, Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE IS THE LARGEST, COOLEST, in summer, unequalled in cleanliness best ventilated, best furnished and the best managed hotel in Canada. Graduated prices. HENRY J NOLAN, Chief Clerk. MARK H. IRISH, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, YORK STREET, TORONTO, immediately opposite Union Station. Terms, $1.50 per day. A. G. HODGE, Proprietor.

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A GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY desires pupils in English, Mathematics and Classics. 106 Adelaide west.

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A. W. SPAULDING, DENTIST, 51 KING ST., east, opposite Toronto street. Office hours 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Evening office at residence, Jameson Avenue, Parkdale. 246

C. P. LENNOX, SURGEON DENTIST, 204 Yonge street. Best plates $8. Vitalized air used in extracting; teeth filled with gold warranted for ten years.

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TORONTO DENTAL INFIRMARY, NO. 9 WELLINGTON AVENUE. The public are respectfully informed that the Toronto Dental Infirmary has been permanently established to meet a want so long felt in the City of Toronto viz., First-class work in all the branches of a Dental Establishment at a very moderate price. As the Infirmary will be conducted on a cash system, especially for the benefit those whose means are limited we would invite all such to call and consult our list of prices. The Infirmary will be under the management of Mr. J. A. SMITH, L.D.S while we will have professional control and oversee all major operations Nitrous Oxide Gas will be made a specialty at the Infirmary for the painless extraction of teeth, it being a safe and pleasant anesthetic. Every Tuesday between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 a.m. extracting will be done free of charge for the benefit of the poor. Our motto is: Get the best, use the best, and do the best for the least amount of money HIPKINS & ESCHELMAN, Dental Surgery, No 3 and 5 Wilton Avenue, Toronto. Office hours 9 a.m to 5 p.m 135

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

REGINA! REGINA—LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP. E E KNOTT, Speculators Mart, 48 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.

CATARRH.

A NEW TREATMENT WHEREBY A PERMANENT cure is effected in from one to three treatments. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON, 307 King street West, Toronto. 1y

FINANCIAL.

$50000 TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES of interest on farms or city property; half margin. C W LINDSAY, 22 King street east.

THE GLOBE'S INTERMENT.

THE PROCESSION BEGINS TO MOVE TO SLOW MUSIC.

Troubled Faces of the Mourners—Sighing as they Realize the Deed—'Twas Done for the Best—Let the Procession Pass.

That Gordon Brown has gone out of the Globe without a personal friend, that every one of the directors voted against him when the test came, that even the underling whom he had trusted announced with satisfaction five minutes after the vote that "Gordon's gone," that he retires a poor man and is unceremoniously thrown out of a paper to which he gave all his energy, all his best years in building up, all these and other facts as they become known have suddenly changed the best abused man in the city into a hero or rather a martyr. Sympathy is now running in favor of Mr. Brown, and the directors are regarded as his persecutors.

Gordon Brown was a headstrong man, a man of some malignant qualities, but that he was on the whole a master journalist those who are competent to say will readily admit. Perhaps the best test of a successful journalist is that he makes no friends. All the great editors have been strong minded men and would not take their cue from their inferiors. Fancy Greeley, or Bennett the elder, or Thurlow Weed, or Bowles, or George Brown of the late past, or Dana, or Madill, or Watterson of to-day taking their cue from a board made up of a shopkeeper, a lawyer, a lumber-yard owner and a pulp maker! Perhaps Gordon Brown was not the equal of these, perhaps he was, but at any rate he was of much better metal and of a different calibre altogether, and he refused to bow. Both he and his brother ware too much of the dictator to be dictated to, and when financial straits put their paper and themselves into the hands of a corporation they were still determined to hold to the supremacy or go under. Gordon Brown went under. He had given all his energy to building up the Globe, and he thought the Globe, therefore, ought to be the medium of his views. And this has been the case with all the influential journalists. Every paper of any account was made by the strong individuality of some one strong-headed man. By and by the paper comes to have an individuality of its own—borrowed from the man that made it. The Mail, for example, is milk and water to-day without individuality, without opinion, merely the chief apologist of Sir John Macdonald and his followers. But the Globe, while credited with being the reform organ, was never anything but a Brown organ, and it spoke out the Brown idea and the party bowed thereto. A time came when some refused to bow to the Brown rule. Then the trouble began. For seven or eight years it has continued. The Browns could not "go" the advanced views of the reform party; above all they could not "go" Mr. Blake and Mr. Mills. And strong in their antagonism to these gentlemen both George and Gordon opposed them to the last.

The event of Saturday may be claimed as a Blake victory, since the directors, hat in hand, are knocking at Mr. Blake's door and imploring to be taken in. But it is not Mr. Blake's diplomacy that has brought this about; circumstances of a nature altogether different.

Hereafter the Globe will reflect the opinions of no strong-minded man, but merely the wishes of the clique, made up of the grocer, the attorney, the slab-merchant aforesaid, and all of whom are general jobbers in a general way. Politically it will have a Blake flavor, if it pays, but outside of politics it will be used as a general grist mill for the parties aforesaid, and through it will be run various railway, land and other schemes which are already cut, dried and ready for the reducing process.

The directors have already a peck of trouble on their hands and there is more to come. They don't want any strong-minded man in the editor's chair, they want a pliable man and each thinks he will be able to "point" him as he desires. The result will be dissensions, and then finding that they have a mistake they will begin to look for the strong-minded man and they will not find him, or rather he will not take hold of a bad job.

The old-timers in the back townships who have been reading the Globe for forty years and swearing by the Browns, have not been heard from yet; and they were the backbone of the Globe; perhaps the directors will find their support weaken in their strongest prop when the old guard in the rural parts learn that the reliable name of Brown has been erased from the title-page of the Globe, and that trained journalists have been usurped by Tea, Slabs and an Attorney's Quill.

Stand, then, aside and let the procession pass, for as Euripides said of Alcestis, neither the son of Alcmena nor Jove himself can restore the dead again to life.

The Liberal Convention.

In connection with the coming liberal convention it may be mentioned that it has been arranged with all the railways in Ontario to have tickets issued to Toronto on January 2, 3 and 4, good to return till the evening of January 5, at a single fare for both journeys. Tickets may be got at any station and may be purchased by anybody, no certificate being necessary.

Osgoode Hall Notes.

Master Dalton yesterday morning announced that no business would be transacted in chambers, unless of a very urgent nature, during the Christmas vacation, which extends from Dec. 22 to Jan. 8.

The Kingston and West Northumberland election cases were yesterday enlarged until Dec. 29 and 30, respectively.

A KIND RECOGNITION.

Captain W. F. McMaster's Usefulness Acknowledged.

Last night about sixty men from St. George's ward waited on Capt W F McMaster and presented him with a solid silver tankard which bore the following inscription: "Presented to Capt W F McMaster by a few of his friends of St. George's ward, in recognition of his many excellent qualities as a citizen and a gentleman." Ald Peter Ryan very eloquently explained the object of the mission, and also stated Mr. McMaster's sterling qualities both in connection with the commercial enterprise of the city and his energetic efforts to make Toronto the greatest manufacturing and railway centre in Canada. Mr W B Rogers then presented the captain with a silver tankard, saying that although it was small it was like the recipient—genuine. Mr McMaster was so overcome that he found it almost impossible to speak, but he stated that it wasn't his desire to make an ostentation of what he gave for charity and that it was chiefly through the kindness of his family that made him favor so many charitable projects. Ald Maughan, G B Smith, W B Rogers, John Scully, Jos Power, C P Dougherty, — Gibson, — Looney, F H Eccles, J Maloney, J Proctor briefly addressed the captain complimenting him.

Society Election of Officers.

At the regular meeting of Excelsior lodge, No. 52, A O U W, in their hall, Adelaide street east, last night, the following officers were elected: Selby G Allan, master workman; Wm Simpson, foreman; A Woodhouse, foreseer; John Munn, recorder; A M Browne, receiver; John Bland, financier; Wm Coulter, inside watchman; G K White, outside watchman; medical examiners, Dr S B Pollard, Dr R H Robinson; delegate to grand lodge, D S B Pollard. This lodge was one of the first started in Toronto, being formed January, 1880, and now numbers 108 members.

At the annual general meeting of Pioneer council, No. 1, R T of T, held Monday evening, the following brethren were elected to office for the ensuing year: D Dunlop, S C; Jos Perkins, V C; G Ward, chap; J E Bull, rec S; R D Holtum, fin S; J B Marshall, treas; John Mills, herald; Wm Berry, G; J A Blackwell, S; G E Bedson, P E.

Police Court Penciliings.

In the police court yesterday Millie Mc Cann, Stanburg Egerton and James Bevens were fined $1 and costs for disorderly conduct in the streets. Daniel Webb was bound over to keep the peace for one year, he having attempted to stab his wife. Patrick Burns, an old vagrant, was sent to jail for two months. James Jardin on a charge of stealing two wolf-skin robes from L J Beemer was remanded till Dec 27 for sentence; there is also another charge of larceny against him. David Guropski on a charge of receiving the robe was also remanded till Dec 27. James Tredale was taxed $3 and costs for disorderly conduct in Yonge street, and $2 and costs for using foul language to a policeman. John Strathmore stole a suit of clothes and a fur cap from Edward Bothwell in a boarding house, two months in jail. A number of citizens were fined for not removing snow from their pavements.

Rosette Party in the West End.

The West Presbyterian Young People's association held a rosette party in the lecture room of the church. It was so well arranged that it eclipsed anything in the shape of a public entertainment that has yet been given by the association. Each lady member made two rosettes, one of which she wore, the other being cast into a large bag. From this bag each gentleman picked a rosette and the lady whose rosette was similar to his was his partner for the evening. A pleasing entertainment followed the selection of partners.

Salvini Coming.

The genial St Maur is in town arranging for the appearance of Salvini, the great Italian tragedian, at the Grand opera house on Friday the 29th. He will appear in the Gladiator, a piece written specially for him by Sonnet. His company will play the New Magdalene the next day and evening. This is Salvini's last tour in America. Miss Marie Prescott is his leading support.

The Planter's Wife.

A fair sized audience witnessed the play of the Planter's Wife at the Grand opera house last night. The company supporting Miss Maude Granger is certainly the best-all-round combination that has been here this season. To-night is the last appearance of the company.

To-morrow night the Harrisons commence their engagement.

The Litta Concerts.

The sale of seats for the Litta concerts at Horticultural gardens is progressing rapidly at Nordheimer's, and a rare musical treat is in store for all who are fortunate enough to be present on Monday and Tuesday next.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The first car load of whisky in bond from Toronto by the North Shore railway, was received in Quebec on Monday.

It is proposed to build a palace hotel on Dufferin terrace, Quebec.

The Montreal police commissioners have recommended an increase in the pay of the officers and men of the city police.

CABLE NEWS.

Westgate, charged with participation in the Phœnix park murders, was remanded yesterday.

At Loughrea on Monday a number of laborers paraded, demanding work or food, and declaring they were starving. They surrounded the residence of Bishop Dugan, who distributed money. There is great distress in the town.

FIRES.

A Hundred Thousand Dollar Fire at Corsicana, Texas—Seven Business Buildings Burned at Grand Forks, Dakota—Gothic Hall, Brooklyn, Destroyed.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 19.—The Gothic hall was burned this evening. It was occupied by the 3rd battery National guards, who lose $1,000, and the state loses $14,000. Two firemen were badly injured by the falling of the roof.

CORSICANA, Texas, Dec. 19.—Congressman Rogers' two mills, several other buildings, and 1,200 bales of cotton were burned yesterday. Loss $100,000.

GRAND FORKS, Dakota, Dec. 19.—Ten business establishments were burned last night; loss, $10,000. The water works not being finished, the firemen could do but little to check the flames.

THE ONTARIO ORATORS.

STILL DEBATING THE ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE SPEECH.

The Principal Points of Yesterday's Debate—The Discussion not yet Concluded—Sitting till near Midnight.

The debate in reply to the speech from the throne was continued in the legislature yesterday. The speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Mr Creighton (North Grey) charged the provincial secretary with mutilating the report of the immigration agent at Hamilton. This offence was committed for the second time by the hon gentleman, he having done the same thing last year. The speaker went on to quote several cases which he alleged proved that the government had undoubtedly used the license act for political purposes. Referring to the figures put forward by the government with regard to the decrease of committals for being drunk and disorderly, he stated that during the first year the Crooks act was in full operation, the number of these committals had been larger than before. Mr Creighton further reminded the house that the temperance people of Toronto had complained that the commissioners appointed to suppress intemperance were granting licenses to the full limit of the law. Although the sense of this house had been clearly against the selling of liquor on the exhibition grounds, these commissioners, with the connivance of certain honorable members, had empowered such sale. The speaker advocated the settlement of a fixed time for the meeting of the house; recommended the government to put the question of new parliament buildings before the people at the coming election; and charged the ministry with delay in the matter of the settlement of financial questions between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the dominion government. With regard to the boundary award, he accused the government of pursuing a policy of obstruction and negation.

Mr Pardee said that the house was told by hon gentlemen opposite that no important legislation should be entered upon before the elections. He thought the results of the late bye-elections were such as to give the government enough encouragement to proceed with the ordinary course of business. Mr Pardee went on to bestow a little gentle ridicule on the member for North Grey, whose chief specialty he declared to be finding little faults and catches in the printing business. The hon leader of the opposition had complained that his party was placed in a false position on the license question, and that they were unfairly accused of desiring to relax the restrictive liquor laws. He held that when the conservative party, at the late convention at least, proposed to do away with the license act, which had been productive of so much good, it was a prima facie case that the party was in favor of the relaxation of the laws. What did the delegation of licensed victuallers go down to Ottawa for? Sir John Macdonald had publicly denied that the relaxation of the liquor laws had been discussed. But we were told by the papers that they went down for the purpose of getting some alteration in the Saturday night law. It must have been for that; it could have been for no other. It was a good thing they could not deny that they had gone to Ottawa, or else there was no saying what we might have been told.

Mr. Meredith—What does the hon gentleman mean to say about these gentlemen?

Mr Pardee—You can't charge me with saying anything against the licensed victuallers (oh no); I believe them to be as respectable a body as any in the community. The speaker was glad to find that the licensed victuallers were, as a body, against any relaxation of the liquor laws. Mr Pardee went on to allude to the late conservative convention and expressed surprise that Mr Meredith had not been allowed to call that convention, which was to deal entirely with provincial matters. He did not object to the calling of the convention by Sir John Macdonald, but he did object to the presence there of a member from New Brunswick. It was improper and a dangerous precedent for the future (oh, oh, and laughter).

The hon. leader of the opposition had alluded to the timber policy of the government, but had made no suggestions and proposed no alterations. The policy of the government was to put under license only what was required for the purposes of advancing settlement. The opposition had accused the ministry of having no policy on the boundary question; their policy was to stand by the award. They had been accused of having no policy on disallowance; their policy was to maintain the rights of the people. The opposition, having seen their mistake in not standing by the award, now sought to convince the people that they had lost nothing and that the territory was worthless. The other argument, that this government should be in accord with that of the dominion, was unsound and dangerous. It was a doctrine tending directly towards centralization and imperilling the safety of confederation. With respect to the question of disallowance, he charged the leader of opposition with deserting his colors in order to serve his political chief. If the opposition had any policy at all on this question, it was a policy against the territorial and legislative rights of the province. Mr. Meredith had said that the dominion parliament had a right to disallow any act passed by this house. He wished very much that his hon. friend would recede from this position. Mr. Pardee quoted from Lord Carnarvon to the effect that the power of disallowance was vested only in the governor-general, and maintained that Sir John Macdonald had previously been in favor of the side of the question taken by the government. Vice-Chancellor Spragge and Mr Justice Strong were also quoted to the same purpose. The speaker asked if the hon. gentlemen opposite would have agreed to confederation if it had then been laid down that the dominion government had a right to disallow any and every act passed by the people's representatives, no matter by how large a majority? Mr. Pardee next touched on the rivers and streams bill. He maintained—

Mr Meredith—Will my honorable friend answer me one question—if this bill allowed no compensation at all, would he consider it constitutional.

Mr Pardee said his honorable friend was always putting impossible cases. (Laughter). He did not hesitate to say, however, that were such a monstrous proposal ever made, it could never become law. (Opposition applause.) Mr Pardee said he would next quote a greater constitutional lawyer than even Sir John Macdonald, Mr Blake. (Great applause). The extract was to the effect that the disallowance should never have been made and that the award was right. Chief Justice Dorion was also quoted to the effect that if the vetoing power were to be exercised in local matters, particularly in a case where the government of a province was opposed to that of the dominion, the results would be most dangerous. The individual loss which might accrue from the passage of the rivers and streams bill would be a mere bagatelle to the confiscation of property which must follow in the absence of any such law. With reference to the decision of the supreme court, he did not hold that court above criticism. Judges were just as liable to be mistaken as members of parliament. ("Not quite.") He pointed out, however, that the decision of that court had really nothing to do with the streams bills, but with a bill that had been passed thirty years ago. If the privy council should sustain the decision of the superior court respecting this earlier act there would be no necessity for the streams bill; if they did not, that bill was doubly necessary. In conclusion the speaker charged the leader of the opposition with a sudden change of opinion on the boundary question, on the disallowance question, and on the timber question. His attitude on these questions might well make the electors of this province doubtful whether he was a safe man to be entrusted with the management of affairs. For his own part, and for the government, he might say they would be glad when the writs were issued and they could submit the case to the people, who are over and above the heads not only of parliaments but of governments. (Applause.)

The house rose at 6 o'clock.

After recess Mr Merrick (Leeds and Grenville) returned to the attack on the license question. He charged the government with taking away large sums, in the shape of fines, from localities to the benefit of which that money should have been employed. The total amount taken out of the pockets of the people in the way of fines was $403,000, and for paying inspectors who were appointed by the government and who were political partizans, $744,000, during the few years that this government has been in power. Instead of this money being placed in the hands of the government to distribute at their will, it ought to be in the hands of the people to be fairly and equally distributed. No better plan could be found than that the municipalities should have control of this sum, save the amount necessary to pay printing and so forth. Mr Merrick went on to wade through the streams bill and re-tread the disputed territory question, but without bringing forward any very novel arguments on either subject.

Mr McLaughlin (West Durham) denied that the boundary question had been settled at the June elections. At the bye-elections he believed the people were appealed to on purely provincial issues. And what was the result? The hon member from London had come back to this house with one follower, the hon member for West Hastings (Mr Rose)—"the last rose of summer left blooming alone". (Great laughter.) Mr McLaughlin quoted from the Presbyterian, a religious newspaper, and from the resolutions passed at the late methodist conference at Hamilton, to show that the Crooks act was upheld by the independent religious element of the country. A year ago the licensed victuallers had applied to this government for relaxation of the Saturday night law. The government very clearly gave them to understand that no alteration could be made. What did they do? They went to a quarter where they thought they could do better; they went to the hon gentlemen opposite. The speaker reviewed the McLaren case at length, and said that when the government should appeal to the people on the three great questions of the boundary award, the right to pass bills within our jurisdiction and our own competence, and the license act, he had no doubt as to the result.

Mr Bell (West Toronto) said that the hon commissioner of crown lands had charged the opposition with continual change of front. He thought the hon gentlemen opposite were not free from reproach on the same score, and instanced as a proof of his assertion, Mr. Fraser's anxiety for a fence around the government house, and for which an item had been passed in the estimates, but which was not yet erected; the bringing in of an estimate of $100,000 some five years ago for the erection of a building in which the public records were to be preserved, but which was never gone on with, and the proposition regarding new parliament buildings, which had been entirely dropped by the government. The ministry were now trying to throw mowats (Mr. Bell was apparently struggling after a joke) in the eyes of the people, while calling out that the opposition was endeavoring to sacrifice the rights of Ontario in reference to the boundary award. With reference to the license question, the speaker believed the city of Toronto was quite satisfied with the Mowat law, with one exception—the appointment of license commissioners who were red-hot partizans. The chairman of the license board had opposed his (Mr. Bell's) election; he had not resigned his position on the board, or if he had, he resumed it after election; and he held that position to-day as a terror to saloon keepers, whose votes he desired to control. Another commissioner, who had the power of these people's living in his hands, was a large cigar manufacturer, and it was known that he had withheld licenses from various persons until they had agreed to purchase their cigars from him. This fact had been published in the press.

Mr. Hardy—Name?

Mr. Bell—His name is Doherty. The speaker then read a newspaper extract on the subject. Another commissioner, Mr. Hamilton, had not thus committed himself, but he was one of the most red-hot grits in Toronto, and it was well-known that no tory would ever get a license if he had the power to refuse it.

Mr. Waters (North Middlesex) defended the course of the government in not proceeding with the new parliament buildings, on account of the cost being $200,000 in excess of what they had estimated. He entered into rather a lengthy review of the chief subjects touched upon in course of the debate. With reference to the financial expenditure of the government Mr Waters pointed out that they had up to last December paid over thirty-two millions of dollars for surplus distribution, an amount within five hundred dollars of the whole surplus left in the treasury by Sandfield Macdonald when he left this house.

On motion of Mr French (South Grenville), the house adjourned at 11.15 p.m.

A Doctor With a Revolver.

When the train on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway arrived last evening the conductor gave a man who said his name was Dr John Robert McCullough, aged 60, of Enniskillen, Ont., in charge of Policeman Breckenreid. McCullough boarded the train at Orangeville and was very disorderly all the way down. He would not give up his ticket, and behaved in a disorderly manner towards the rest of the passengers. At police headquarters a five chamber Smith & Wesson revolver, loaded, was found on his person. He looked as if he had been on a spree.

A SWINDLING OPERATION.

An Old Man Enticed into a New York Gambling House—Relieved of $15,000 One of the Gamblers Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19—Last Thursday Alfred Clock, aged 70, residing on Madison avenue, was accosted by a well-dressed stranger, who pretended to know his family. Clock was induced to enter a house, where he was introduced. Clock lost $50 in cash. He continued playing and drew checks for $128, $200, $700 and $6000. The sharpers suggested that if he drew $15,000 from the bank, he might regain the checks. He assented and with one of the sharpers he went to the bank and drew the money and when he returned the $15,000 were taken from him and he was told that everything was settled. He informed his family and Wm. Edwards has been arrested as one of the sharpers. Clock is unable to locate the house where he was swindled.

Panic in a Detroit Church.

DETROIT, Dec 19—A panic occurred on Sunday afternoon at St Aloysius church, Detroit, where the dominican fathers are conducting a very successful mission. The building was crowded with women and girls to its utmost capacity, when suddenly a puff of smoke issued through the hot air register in front of the sanctuary. One of the attendants cried out, believing the church to be on fire, which caused the audience to rush for the door. Father McKenna, however, succeeded in restoring order, and the service was resumed. Many of the audience were bruised and their clothing torn, but as far as known nobody was seriously injured.

Serious Collision on the Southeastern.

QUEBEC, Dec. 19—A railway collision occurred on the Southeastern about two miles south of Richelieu station at 10 o'clock this morning between the passenger express leaving Montreal at 9 o'clock and a locomotive and tender backing up from West Farnham. The express was on time and the driver had reason to suppose all was clear and was making the regular speed of forty miles an hour; the driver of the locomotive backing up evidently forgot about the express, which was not seen in consequence of the snow until a collision was inevitable. Some of the passengers were badly shaken, but no one was seriously injured. The two engines and an express car were wrecked.

Freight Train Telescoped.

TROY, Dec 19—A freight train was telescoped by another to-day at Melrose on the Troy and Boston road. A locomotive and thirty-five cars were wrecked. John Reardon of Pittsfield, brakeman, who was going to Troy to get his pay, was killed. Frank Brundage, Pittsfield, brakeman, is dying from a broken back. Engine driver Charles Killinbeck, Geo Cross and Dennis O'Brien, brakemen, were injured but will recover. The track will not be cleared before to-morrow. One train was nearly two hours late when the accident occurred.

Challenged to Mortal Combat.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 19—It was reported to-day that the editor of the Yale college literary paper had been challenged to mortal combat by one of the students arrested a few evenings since for disorderly conduct at the firemen's ball. The editor published an article saying it was unfortunate that the college should be disgraced by the acts of half a dozen disorderly students. The editor denies that the challenge has been given, and claims the whole thing was a practical joke.

Serious Quarrel About a Woman.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 19—George Hardiman of this city shot S H Warner of Rome twice at the Central depot yesterday. Hardiman and Warner are both prominent methodists, and the former accuses Warner of having been too intimate with Hardiman's wife whilst he was confined in a lunatic asylum. The charge against Warner is popularly regarded as unfounded. One ball passed through the flesby portion of Warner's leg and the other lodged in his right thigh. The wounds are not considered dangerous, but Hardiman has been arrested.

Sympathy for a Murderess.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19—Several philanthropic ladies here propose when, Theresa Sturla, sentenced to a year for killing her paramour, Stiles, is released from penitentiary, to aid her for fitting herself for the concert stage. She has great natural musical talent and professes eagerness to reform. It is now thought the verdict will be allowed to stand.

Navigation of the Wesner.

BERLIN, Dec 19—The preliminary preparations for rendering the Wesner navigable for sea-going vessels from Bremen haven to Bremen have been finished. The work is estimated to cost thirty million marks, and will probably occupy six years. When completed it will give an immense impetus to trade between Bremen and New York.

Irish National League Extending.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—A meeting was held in Mulligan last night for the purpose of forming a branch of the Irish National league. Harrington said that if the more prosperous farmers did not throw themselves into the new movement they would have the whole force of the labor agitation directed against them.

The Austro-German Alliance.

BERLIN, Dec 19—The Austro-German alliance is approved of by the entire German press. The Germania says the prolongation of the treaty will prove an effectual bar to panslavist intrigues, Russia's expansive aspirations, and French plans for revenge.

A Strong Prohibition Meeting.

OTTAWA, Dec. 19—Sir Leonard Tilley last night addressed a large meeting in Gloucester. At the conclusion the chairman asked all those who favored prohibition to stand up. The large assembly, with three exceptions, rose almost simultaneously.

Lucky at Lottery.

OTTAWA, Dec 19—Mr John Askwith, of the postoffice department, and four other gentlemen, clubbed together and invested $500 in the Louisiana state lottery and, it is said, have drawn prizes aggregating $75,000.

Grave Robbing in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec 19—Eight true bills of indictment were found by the grand jury to-day against Dr Forbes, demonstrator of anatomy at Jefferson medical college, for complicity in robbing graves.

RAILWAY AMALGAMATION

CANADA SOUTHERN TO BE RUN BY THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

A Twenty-one Years' Lease—The Terms of the Agreement—Work to be Undertaken by the Canadian Line.

BUFFALO, Dec 18—At a meeting in New York city of the Michigan Central and Canada Southern managements, the details for the operation of the two roads as one system were very nearly completed. By the agreement between the companies the Canada Southern on January 1st comes under the control of the Michigan Central. As far as the working and operating of the line is concerned, the road preserves its corporate organization, and will perform all acts that may be required by law in that behalf. The Canada Southern agrees to construct a branch from the main line of the road to some point on the Niagara river, and to construct or acquire the ownership of a bridge over the river and acquire terminal facilities in the vicinity of the bridge. It is to replace Kettle creek bridge with a permanent double track of iron, stone or earthwork, and also agrees to lay a second track on the main line as may be deemed necessary from time to time. The equipment of the road will be increased up to 125 locomotives, 45 first-class coaches, 30 second-class coaches, 6 baggage cars, 3 dining cars, 2,600 box cars, 200 stock cars, 50 oil cars, 520 flat cars, 60 caboose cars and 100 coal cars. There is to be a pooling of the earnings of the companies, the residue, if any after expenses, to be divided in the proportion of one-third for the Canada Southern and two-thirds for the Michigan Central. The agreement is to continue for 21 years. The question of officers has not yet been fully decided upon.

Europeans Massacred in Africa.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—At the funeral of a native chief at Lagos, on the west coast of Africa, an outbreak occurred and twelve Europeans were massacred.

A Liberal Gift to Ireland.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—The ancient order of Hibernians has sent $2,000 to Mr. Parnell, towards relieving the distress in Ireland.

THE BEAUTIFUL, BEAUTIFUL BOND

Oh! father, what is that pretty picture?
It is a chromo lithograph, my son.
Where did you get it, father?
The big bank sold it to me, my son.
Are they very expensive, father?
Yes, my son, they cost par and accrued interest.
Father, I didn't know banks sold chromos. I thought you bought them at the stationers.
The big bank, my son, keeps a large assortment of this style of chromos on hand; they are all green but of different sizes.
Does the bank make them, father?
No, my son, they get them from Jim Hill's machine.
How does the machine work, father?
Well, it's partly automatic, but sometimes they have to use hydraulic pressure; the hydraulic machinery is the strongest in the world; they turned the water on the other day and in a few minutes raised the capital up to $100,000,000, and that my son is considered a big raise.
They must be wonderful machines to raise the capitals so high, and make such pretty chromos. Has any one besides Jim Hill got one?
No one in our glorious dominion, my son. Hill and his friends are the sole proprietors and patentees. They used to have them in the States ten years ago. I remember a very large one in Philadelphia called the 7.30 Northern Pacific. It belonged to Mr. Jay Ccoke, but he ran it without a safety valve and it blew up on September 18, 1873.
Why they are dangerous father, aren't they?
Yes indeed, my son. Mr Cooke was so ill from the effects of the blow up in 1873 that it was seven or eight years before he recovered.
Father, why don't you get the chromo framed?
Framed my son, why who ever heard of having a bond framed.
But, father, I thought you called it a chromo. What is a bond?
Oh, there are different kinds of bonds: bonds of friendship, bonds of matrimony, bonds of peace; but this is a syndicate bond, the strongest bond of all.
But, father, why did the big bank sell it to you?
Why, my son, you see Jim Hill's machine is building and buying railways, and they require a great deal of money.
But, father, why don't they do it with their own money?
Why, my son, because that is not their business. You see it takes two kinds of people to promote railways. The dear public who buy the chromos and thereby supply the money, and the promoters on the other hand who supply the enormous brain power that is necessary in such a gigantic undertaking. A railway promoter, my son, is one of the wonders of nature.
But, father, what is that pretty picture of a great high hill in the centre of the bond?
That, my son, is taken from a celebrated picture called a "Glimpse at the Rockies."
Why did they select that picture, father, for the bond?
Why, my son, that is in case "it should so happen" that the chromo-holders never get a chance to ride to the Rockies in a train. They can take out a bond and see this beautiful picture and refresh their memories.
The Rockies are big hills, aren't they, father?
Yes indeed my son, Kicking-horse pass is a "topper."
How high are they, father?
In some places, my son, they reach an altitude of 15,000 feet.
Will Jim Hill's machine go up there, father?
Yes, my son, I think it will "go up higher than that."
Father, what are those pretty little chromos at the end of the big chromo?
They are called coupons, my son. At certain times of the year I cut certain of them off and the big bank pays them for Jim Hill.
Will they pay every one of them, father.
I hope so my son.
Did the 7.30 machine of Mr Cooke's pay all theirs, father?
Not quite all my son.
Well, father, if you are sure they will pay all the coupons, I think I will open my savings bank and buy a little bond for ten cents.
Very well my son.

THE WEATHER BULLETIN.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,
TORONTO, December 20, 1 a.m.

Lakes: Easterly to southerly winds; fair to cloudy and milder weather, with local falls of snow and rain.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Date.	Steamship.	Reported at	From
Dec 19	Rheine	New York	Bremen
Dec 19	Nova Scotian	Liverpool	Portland
Dec 19	Deruyter	Antwerp	New York
Dec 19	York City	London	New York
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