The Weekly Observer

Devoted to Literature, Education, Temperance and General Intelligence.

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THE WEEKLY OBSERVER

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Our Specific No. 23 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TONGRE MEDICINE Co., 343 Spadina Ave., Toronto, Ont.

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Leather Manufacture.

If you want a first-rate quality of

Cold Liquor Tanned Leather

—call at the—

HARVEY TANNERY.

Upper, Calf and Harness Leather manufactured and kept on hand. Best quality of

SOLE LEATHER

—and—

Hand Made Boots

kept in stock.

Oil Tanned Larrikans a Specialty.

Orders for which are now solicited, to be delivered next Autumn.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR HEMLOCK BARK. COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

W. H. A. CASEY, Proprietor.

Harvey, A. Co., May 25, 1888.

Art and Science,

In the grasp of Master Minds in the present day, is making rapid progress. Notably among others is the

Art of Photography,

which in the hands of

MONCTON'S ARTIST.

Mr. C. E. Northrup, is not one of the lost arts, but is rapidly attaining a

Foremost Place

attained by few. Mr. N., at considerable expense, has introduced a variety of

New Designs in Scrolls,

both tasty and unique, which almost revolutionizes Photography. His samples are the admiration of all.

The public can always rely upon getting

THE LATEST

at

NORTHRUP'S STUDIO,

Main Street, Moncton, N. B.

C. P. Curtis & Co.

Produce Commission Merchants.

16 ATLANTIC AVENUE BOSTON MASS

Solicits consignments of all kinds of produce, such as Hay, Potatoes, Apples, Eggs, Poultry (alive or dressed,) or anything else parties wish to ship to this market on hand. Fish of all kinds in their season. Quick sales. Prompt returns.

CHARGES MODERATE.

1812 HOUSEHOLD SPECIFIC—The great External Remedy. Used in diseases where an external application is indicated it never fails. Nearly 100 years before the public. Once introduced into a family, they never will be without it. In Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gouty Swelling of the Hands or Feet, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Soreness of the Muscles, etc., its effect is magical. Keepit in the house for any ants all emergencies; it will never disappoint you. Only 25c. a bottle, and you'll say its worth 5$. Sold by all druggists. DR. A. L. SLAWSON, Manufacturing Chemist, No. 2 Brighton street avenue, Boston Mass. If your druggist does not keep it get him to order it.

FREE! 16 Grand LOVE STORIES package of goods worth two dollars to manufacture, and a large 100p Picture Book, that will surely put you on the road to a handsome fortune. Write quick, and send 5c. silver, to help pay postage. A. W. KINNIB, Yarmouth N. S.

BYE-ROAD LIST.

COUNTY OF ALBERT, 1889.

ELGIN.

JOSEPH COLLIER, BENJAMIN McARTHUR, GEO. E. STILES, COMMISSIONERS

Over expended by Geo. E. Stiles in 1888	$45 00
From Elgin Corner via Gordon Falls to Church's Corner	50 00
Balance due Wm. S. Hopper on bridge	15 75
From Collicut's via Baptist church to Marshall's	10 00
" Coverdale River road via Geo. Steeves' to McLaughlin's mill	5 00
" Elgin Corner via R. A. Smith's to Marshall's	20 00
" Elgin Corner via T. Horseman's to Mechanic Settlement	20 00
" Frederick Steeves' via Garland's to Sherman Settlement	20 00
" Gordon Falls road to Job Garland's	5 00
" Goshen Corner via Howards' to Swift Settlement	5 00
" Great road Middleland via Conner's to Owens'	5 00
" Henry Campbell's via Grey's to McAllister's	5 00
" Collicut's to David Garland's	10 00
" David Garland's to Alma line	10 00
" J. Deeves' to Kilham's mill via F. C. Colpitt's	10 00
" Jesse Hayward's via B. R. Blakney's to Kings County line	10 00
" John Magee's via Collier's to William Bannister's	5 00
" Kings County line to Trafton's	5 00
" Kings County line to Church's	10 00
" Church's to Collicut's	15 00
" Mapleton school house via E. A. Tingley's to R. Colpitts' road	10 00
" Colwell road to Scribner's	5 00
" Pollett River through Mapleton to F. E. Colpitts'	20 00
" Pollet River via D. A. Graves' to Trafton road	10 00
" Prosser Brook via Beeman's to Sherman's road	10 00
" Thomas Colpitts' via Byron Colpitts' to Prosser Brook road	25 00
Thence up Prosser Brook to William Prosser's	20 00
From William Prosser's to Hillsboro line	10 00
" Thomas W. Church's to Coleman's Corner	20 00
" Coleman's Corner to Alma line	25 00
" Coleman's Corner via I. C. Jacques' to Harbill's Corner	20 00
" D. via Garland's to Celia McKenzie's	5 00
" Prosser Brook to Row Brook	10 00
" Pow Brook to Hillsboro line	5 00
" Wilfred Beeman's Corner via McCully's to Sherman road	10 00
" Parks' down Coverdale River to Parish line	15 00
" Hubley's through Swift Settlement, for new bridge	40 00
" Amos Wilson's via E. Mitton's to Pollet River road	10 00
" Collins Gifford's to Steeves A. Colpitts' mill	10 00
" Collicut's to Blackwood Lake for a new bridge	75 00
" Frederick Steeves' to Seaman's to Marshall's	5 00
" Sherman road via C. M. Steeves' to Baptist church	5 00
" Maurice Gillespie's road	5 00
" Gibson road on Garland Mountain	5 00
" Pleasant Vale or the Brook so called	15 00
For new road from Harlem Settlement via Sproul's to Mechanic Settlement	100 00
From Mapleton to Gladstone's	5 00
From Goshen Corner to Geo. Haywards	10 00
From Prosser Brook to Lounsberry Settlement	10 00
The Shean Road	5 00
Zachariah Jonah's road	5 00
From Middleland to I. L. Babcock's	5 00
Kent road from Harvey line to Sherman road	10 00

RALPH E. COLPITTS, COMMISSIONER.

From Baptist church down Little River to Arthur Colpitts	80 00
From Arthur Colpitts' to end of Weldon Colpitts' road	45 00
From Parkins' mills to County line via Eastman's mills	50 00

HARVEY.

PATRICK DUFFY, ENOCH STEEVES, BENJAMIN REID, COMMISSIONERS.

Over expended by Mariner Cannon	$15 00
New Horton aboideau road	10 00
From Great road near Beaver Brook to James McGorman's	20 00
" McGorman's to great road near Edward Berryman's	20 00
" Brookville road via Mount Gideon to Fullerton's	35 00
" Great road near Alcorn's place to Sherman's	20 00
" Nathan Marks' to top of hill near Lyman's clear	40 00
" Nathan Marks' back of Mountain to parish line	20 00
Great road to and through Canada	10 00
From Barrett's to parish line Alma	30 00
" Charles Tingley's to bridge at head of lake	15 00
" Bridge at head of lake to great road near Pearson's	5 00
" Great road to Albert Tingley's place	20 00
" Peter Daley's to Parish line Hopewell	10 00
" Mulligan's to Albert Tingley's place	50 00
" Great road to Mulligan's to build new bridge	20 00
" W. Doherty's to Charles Tingley's	10 00
" Gallager's to Public wharf	5 00
" Great road to breakwater at Anderson' hollow	10 00
" Ridge road to Light house	20 00
" Midway road to Rochea	20 00
" Daniel Mahar's to Elgin line on Lumsden road	20 00
" Midway road Germantown marsh to raise road at foot of hill	35 00
" Joseph Fullerton's to New Ireland road	10 00

ALLEN WEST, COMMISSIONER.

New bridge on Point road	95 00

ALMA.

JOHN LONG, ALEXANDER McKINLEY, ARMOUR McFARLANE, COM.

To pay Armour McFarlane for over expenditure	$10 00
From Point Wolf to Herring Cove	35 00
" Great road to Butland's	10 00
" Great road via O'Connor's to Elgin line	35 00
" Great road in New Ireland to Cleveland's mill	30 00
" David Cleveland's to Parish line back of mountain	50 00
" Cleveland's to Elias Walton's old place	25 00
" Walton's to Parish line	15 00
" Great road to and from the Haslem Settlement	15 00
" McFarlane's old place via O'Connor's to Cleveland's mill	40 00
" McKinley road to school house	20 00
" O'Connor's road to Henry Carter's	15 00
" McFadden's to Elgin line	30 00
" Great road to Sweney's	10 00
" Great road to Cleveland's Corner	25 00

HOPEWELL.

LEVI WOODWORTH, NICHOLAS PEARSON, LEVI DOWNEY, COMMISSIONERS.

From Asael Peck's to Thomas Downing's place	$25 00
" Thomas Downing's place to Newton Wells' place	10 00
" Caledonia road via Ceester to Great road	10 00
" Great road to Parish line via Hawkes'	20 00
" Chemical works to Hill Corner	20 00
" Chemical road to and through Memel to Stanyard's	15 00
" Methodist church to Renison's	10 00
" Renison's to John Stanyard's	10 00
" Memel road to James McRae's	10 00
" Chemical works to Curryville	15 00
" Woodworth road to Jamison's	10 00
" Great road via William Cleveland's	5 00
" Hopewell Cape to Demoiselle Creek	50 00
" Hopewell Corner to William White's	50 00
" Tingley road to Crooked Creek	20 00
" McAllister road to Parish line	10 00
" Steadman bridge road to Parish line	45 00
" William White's to Parish line Lumsden	50 00
" Hillsboro line via Henry Copp's	5 00

COVERDALE.

HOWARD CROSSMAN, DOUGLAS GELDART, LANE COLPITTS, COM.

For Solomon Berry balance expended on Leeman bridge, Little River	$71 00
Over expenditure by Lane Colpitts	78 20
Over expenditure by Howard Crossman on Fork Creek bridge	24 15
From Great road near the McDonald farm east side of Turtle Creek to the bridge at Fillmore's mill	60 00
From great road Smith's village to Howard Crossman's	20 00
Great road to Lannan's Corner	10 00
Lannan's Corner to Howard Crossman's	8 00
David Smith's up Turtle Creek to great road	16 00
David Crossman's road	6 00
From great road via Magee's to Leeman's Corner	15 00
Smalloff Mollin's to County line	10 00
Colpitts' to Godfrey Mollins'	10 00
Great road to John Ayles'	5 00
Nixon road to Wallace Ayles' and beyond	5 00
Great road via John Mitton's up Little River	40 00
Road leading from A. Lutz' called the Pow road	5 00
From George Geldarts' to I. W. Smith's	10 00
From Solomon Berry's to Peter Jonah's road	10 00
John Douthrite's road	5 65
Daniel McQuarrie's road	5 00

GEORGE COLPITTS, COMMISSIONER.

Bridge over Little River as per petition	40 00

HILLSBORO.

HARVEY STEVENS, ISAIAH JONAH, MARINER T. STEEVES, COMMISSIONERS.

Lannan's Corner to Railway	$30 00
Round Hill road to Albert Mines via John L. Steeves'	15 00
Great Road to David Cameron's	5 00
Isaiah Steeves' Corner to Joseph H. Steeves'	5 00
From Joseph H. Steeves' to Oil works	20 00
" Oil works to John Bennett's	10 00
" John Steeves' to Frederick Steeves'	10 00
" Allan Prices' to Baltimore road	10 00
" Peter Jonah's road up Turtle Creek to Edward Berry's	15 00
" Great road via Peter Jonah's to Mitton's road	10 00
Job Steeves' road	5 00
From Dawsonville via Ogdens to sears Steeves'	5 00
Miles Mitton's road	15 00
Great road via Cross road (so called) to Osbourne's corner	10 00
From E. Read's to Simeon Bray's	10 00
Great Road at Gallagher's to Isaiah Steeves's corner	18 92
Alfred Steeves' road	5 00
Round Hill road near Erastus Steeves' to Mitton's road	24 00
Dawson Steeves' via Demoiselle Creek to Parish line	20 00
Albert Mines to Thomas Giles'	4 00
Great road to Wesley Steeves' (Beech Hill)	8 00
Freeman Hoar's to Beech Hill road	5 00
From Caledonia road via Agreen Tingley's to Parish line near Henry Copp's	10 00
John McRae's road	5 00
From W. H. Stuart's via Oulton Tingley's to Parish line	10 00
From Demoiselle Creek road to Noble Steeves'	8 00
From Salem road via Stephen Steeves' to Great road	20 00
Bliss Steeves' via Salem station to McLatchy's	20 00
Caledonia road via Cannon's to Mines road	20 00
Geroge Mollin's road	7 00
From Isaiah Steeves' Corner to Spurgeon I. Steeves'	20 00
From Demoiselle Creek road to C. J. Osman's	10 00
From Berryton to Elk line	5 00
From Spurgeon I. Steeves' to Tingley's and beyond	20 00
Gray's Island road	10 00
Bamford Patterson's road	5 00
Edward Berry's to Thomas Rice's	20 00
Road via Judson Steeves' to Railway station	10 00
To Solomon Berry for Jonah Bridge	47 25
Over expended by C. S. Bishop—cash advanced by Receiver-general	38
Over expended by C. Mitton do. do. do.	49 00
Over expended by J. H. Steeves do. do. do.	40 00
Over expended by Abram McFarlane on bridge near McFarlane's mill	57 80
	34 65

The Weekly Observer.

HILLSBORO, N. B., June 20, 1889.

A Word.

A word, and all a heart
With joy unspeakable
Is filled.
A word, and there's no art
Can bid the throb of pain
Be stilled.

A word, and faith is wrecked
And all a life is marred
For aye!
A word, and love is decked
In rainbow hopes that arch
A sky!

A word, and honor's stabbed,
Writhes, quivering, bleeds, sinks out
Its cry!
A word, and years long fled
For some sad heart breathes in
A sigh!

Words, patient, tender, wise,
Kind, trustful, loving, true,
Speak such
What power in them lies
To heal and help and bless
And touch.

Words, angry, foolish, vile,
Unkind, cruel, false, as!
Evil words
That fester rank, by wile
Of Satan blossoming in
Fearful deeds!

O lips, God made, to let
The music out of heaven's
Wide gate.
For hurrying crowds— God set
A guard before thee ere
Too late.

—*America.*

Good Temper.

There's not a cheaper thing on earth,
Nor yet one half so dear;
'Tis worth more than distinguished birth,
Or thousands gained a year.
It lends the day a new delight,
'Tis Virtue's firmest shield;
And adds more beauty to the night
Than all the stars can yield.

It maketh Poverty content,
To Sorrow whispers peace;
It is a gift from heaven sent
For mortals to increase.
It meets you with a smile at morn,
It bids you to repose;
A flower for peer and peasant born,
An everlasting rose.

A charm to banish grief away—
To snatch the brow from care;
Turns tears to smiles, makes dulness gay,
Spreads gladness everywhere.
And yet 'tis sweet as summer dew
That gems the lily's breast;
A talisman for love as true
As ever man possessed.

What may this wondrous spirit be,
With power unheard before—
This charm, this bright amenity?
Good temper—nothing more.
Good temper—'tis the choicest gift
That woman homeward brings,
And can the poorest peasant lift
To bliss unknown to kings.

My Guide.

In the summer of 1869 I had occasion to visit Rushmoor Asylum for the Insane. The institution is, I believe, reckoned among the best of its kind in this country. The distinguishing feature in its system of treatment is that of according to patients all reasonable freedom—a system, I am informed, which has been followed with the most encouraging results. So far as practicable, the inmates of the asylum are treated like sane men and women; and instead of being constantly reminded of their infirmity, they are led to forget, if the power to forget it remains.

On the day of my visit I had purchased a case of medicines for one of the assistant physicians, who was an intimate friend. This I had done at his request, and it was to deliver these medicines that I made the journey to Rushmoor Asylum.

Ascending the massive stone steps, I was conducted by one of the attendants into the reception parlor. Here I was left to wait until my presence could be announced to my friend, Dr. Balcom. It so happened that I was the only occupant of the room and to engage my mind while I waited I picked up a copy of De Quince's 'Confessions' and began to read. While thus occupied, a voice accosted me, saying, 'Do you wish to see anyone, sir?'

Looking up I saw the speaker was a small, neatly dressed man, who had entered noiselessly, and who had evidently addressed me in order to make his presence known.

'I am waiting,' I replied, 'to see Dr. Balcom.'

'The Doctor is engaged just at present on a very important case. Would you like to make a tour of the building?'

I answered that I should be pleased to do so, and thereupon my friend conducted me out in to the hall. I discovered that he was one of the attendants in the asylum, and he also informed me that he studied insanity for a number of years, with a view of fitting himself for a physician.

'Under so excellent a guide I was conducted through the building, and shown the numerous points of interest. Those patients whose cases possessed particular interest were also pointed out to me and their idiosyncrasies fully explained.

'The man whom we just passed,' said my companion, referring to a large, fresh faced, mild eyed patient, 'is one of the most dangerous patients we ever had.'

'Indeed!' I replied, 'one would not think so from looking at him.'

'No; but the appearance of all insane people are deceptive. There was a woman here some time ago—a pale, sweet faced, delicate creature—whom we all thought a saint, and who acted as one until she succeeded in getting hold of a carving knife, and then she cut the throats of two of her fellow patients.'

'Is there not danger,' I asked, 'in granting so much liberty to the inmates?'

'Well,' it is our peculiar system. We find it in some instances, of course, that the freedom is abused, but in the majority of the cases it works well

This and much more conversation took place between the attendant and myself as we passed through the halls. I was most favorably impressed with his intelligence and manners, and the thought struck me that he was fitted for a higher position than that which he occupied.

'I observe,' he said, 'that you carry a medicine case, and I infer that you are a physician.'

'No,' I rejoined; 'although I have the equipments of a doctor, I should but make sorry work at using them. They belong to Dr. Balcom, and I called to deliver them.' Then, looking at my watch, I added, 'I fear I am keeping the doctor waiting by my long absence.'

'I think he is not yet disengaged,' returned my companion; 'we shall have time to go out on the roof of the building from which the views are really magnificent.

Accordingly my guide led the way up the spiral staircase, which connected the topmost story with the roof, I following at his heels. As we emerged through the broad skylight the scene which presented itself to the eye was really magnificent. To the right lay the river, winding like a silver thread through the pleasant valley; in front could be seen the distant spires of the city, glistening like the sunlight; and afar off rose the hills, their summits lost in the blue of the heavens. The carefully kept grounds of the asylum immediately beneath us like a map, gorgeous with its many hues of flowers.

'This is certainly a splendid view,' I said.

'It is still better from the opposite side of the building,' returned my guide. 'Let us go over there.'

Accordingly we walked along the flat roof the attendant taking the precaution to close the skylight behind us, lest any of the patients should be tempted to follow us. The Rushmoor Asylum covers two hundred and fifty feet in length, and as we emerged from the westerly end of the roof we had this considerable distance to walk.

Suddenly, when we had reached a point midway in the building, my companion stopped and turning upon me abruptly said; 'Have you a large brain?'

I looked at him a little wonderingly, and then laughed as I replied: 'Well, if I have the world has not discovered it.'

'Don't jest, sir,' he said, petulantly, and with a seriousness that flashed an unpleasant suspicion across my mind. 'I wish to know distinctly, whether or not you have a large brain?'

He was looking me full in the face, with a peculiar expression in his dark eyes which I had not before observed. There was not the slightest betrayal of levity in his manner. He was terribly in earnest. His thin white fingers worked convulsively, and there was a twitching about the muscles of the mouth, such as I have seen in persons suffering intense pain. The horrible truth flashed upon me as I returned his steadfast gaze. This man was a maniac. I am possessed, I fancy, with an average amount of courage, but at that moment I felt it oozing out of the very pores of my skin. I know that I turned deathly pale, and for a moment was utterly unable to think. Then I grew calmer. Doubtless this maniac had brought me on the roof of the building with the idea of pushing me off.

As I have already said he was a small man. Physically I was his superior. But I was without weapon of defence. Suppose that he was armed!

'My good sir,' I said, endeavoring to speak in a natural tone, 'I can assure you that my brain is not a large one, and as our time is limited, I think we had better go down now.'

I made a movement as if to retrace my steps to the skylight. Quick as thought the madman sprang in front of me, and with his eyes glaring wildly, albeit, he spoke in a low excited voice, he said.

'I think your brain is large enough for my purpose, sir. You must understand that I have a great mission in this world to fulfill—a mission which I have not as yet begun. The strain upon my own mental faculties will be too great. I therefore intend to take your brain and insert it in my own head.'

Here he drew from the breast pocket of his coat a large sized clasp dagger, which he opened and began to run the blade up and down the palm of his hand.

'I have given years of thought to this subject,' he continued, 'and I am convinced that I shall succeed. With double brain power, I shall be enabled to accomplish a double amount of brain work. I have been waiting a long time for a subject, but not until I saw you did I find one that suited to my purpose. You are the man—the brain for which I have been watching.

'I fear, sir,' I said, 'that you are sadly mistaken. Your idea is a grand one, an original one. But I am not fit to aid you in carrying it out. You should select a strong, active, healthy, brain. Mine, on the contrary is weak and diseased. Why sir, up to the age of 14 I was considered an idiot. Since then my friends do not permit me to have control of my own affairs. I am actually little better than a lunatic. I'——

'Nevertheless,' he interrupted, 'you will answer my purpose, and I am about to take out your brain with this dagger, and insert it in my own head. I have brought you out here on the roof that we may be free from interruptions. You will oblige me by now lying down.

If my mind had been stunned by the first discovery of the man's madness it was active enough now. A thousand schemes rushed through my mind; I took in the situation fully. I was alone with a maniac armed with an deadly weapon, and he bent on my destruction. To cry out would be useless. Nobody would hear me. The nearest of any aid from those within the asylum were small indeed. I could not escape. If I attempted to gain the skylight I should certainly be killed. The medicine case in my hand suggested the idea which saved my life.

'If you are determined to waste your time on such an unworthy subject as I,' I said, 'well and good. I shall offer no further resistance. But look that you will grant me five minutes while I collect my thoughts and bid farewell to my friends. I will give it to you to give to them'

'Very well,' he replied, 'if you know how to write proceed. I will wait five minutes.'

He took up his position a foot from me watching every movement I made with horrible eagerness. I knelt down my back towards him, took from the medicine case a bottle of chloroform (which I knew it contained) and saturated my handkerchief with the liquid. This I succeeded in doing without his knowledge. Then rising to my feet, I wrote some unintelligible words upon the back of an envelope, and said,

'You will do me the honor by reading what I have written here.'

He came towards me and while I held the envelope in my hand stood by my side and looked at the writing. I had the handkerchief in my right hand and envelope in the left. As he bent forward to decipher the words I suddenly clutched his hand which held the dagger and at the same instant clapped the handkerchief over his mouth and face. He struggled fiercely for a moment or two, and then the fumes of the drug began to tell upon him. His efforts to release himself grew weaker, and he finally fell to the floor insensible.

With all haste I made my way to the skylight, down the spiral staircase and into the halls below. There I recounted what had happened, and two of the assistants were sent to bring the murderous maniac down. He recovered from the effects of the coloroform, and the last I heard of him he was looking for a subject to furnish him an extra brain.

Dyspepsia

Is one of the most prevalent of diseases. Few persons have perfect digestion. One of Ayer's Pills, taken after dinner, or a dose at night before retiring, never fails to give relief in the worst cases, and wonderfully assists the process of nutrition. As a family medicine, Ayer's Pills are unequaled.

James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn., testifies: "I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."

Lucius Alexander, of Marblehead, Mass., was long a severe sufferer from Dyspepsia, complicated with enlargement of the liver, most of the time being unable to retain any food in his stomach. Three boxes of Ayer's Pills cured him.

Frederic C. Greener, of East Dedham, Mass., for several months troubled with Indigestion, was cured before he used half a box of these Pills.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

Our Washington Letter.

The heart of the true-blue Republican government clerk is heavy when he looks at the list of promotions in his bureau. To say that he is sad and astonished is to put it too mildly. He is hotter than Pennsylvania avenue's asphalt pavement on a July afternoon. "The neutral shadowy people get all the preferment," said an old Treasury chief to me yesterday, a man who long ago reached the length of promotion, and therefore has no private jealousy in the matter. It was expected that Republican hold overs belonging to doubtful states who did not go home to vote last fall, would be dismissed by this administration, and they were liberally prepared for that fate. Now the tables are turned, and the men who carried water on both shoulders are on top. To my positive knowledge, a Pension Bureau clerk recently promoted to $2,000 per annum not only failed to go home to New York to vote last fall but discouraged others from going, telling them their presence at the polls was not exactly necessary and in the event of Democratic success would cause their discharge. The next morning after the election this same man wore a Harrison and Morton badge six inches long.

A mighty dispute goes on in the local press over the question of the right of Sunday papers to exist. Exactly what is to be gained by the arguments, the disputants, it is safe to say, do not know, but their zeal is none the less great. Incidently the inconsistencies of the local Sunday laws receive attention. For instance, one can buy soda water but not beer, cigars but not matches, milk or bread but not butter or sugar. The panorama may exhibit its painted wonders, but the theatre must close. Ice cream saloons deal out the vanilla, but mint juleps are tabooed. You can hire a team at the livery, but the public hacks must not stand at their regular places or anywhere else, the hackman must keep from the better side of the avenue as if he were an unclean animal. If he even mutely implores you to hire his vehicle as he drifts slowly by you, he is liable to arrest. On Monday morning he and his brothers may drag you into his old death trap and divide your money and raiment among them.

Especially slow to score, Washington has yet been rather stirred up by the local floods, the water having been higher during the recent inundation than it had ever been before, except in two or three February floods when the ice was gorged. The danger chiefly apprehended is from the choking up of the river with flat improvements. Eight years ago when the proposition to reclaim the Potomac flats took form in Congress, there were not wanting those who protested against the plans adopted by the army engineers. It is asserted that the scheme of "filling up a tide river to make room for the volume of great floods" is not feasible. The opinion of Chief Engineer Severson is quoted. He says, in substance, "There is but one proper way; that is to reopen the Washington channel fully and to improve all south of it as not to diminish its capacity for carrying off the water of great floods. Any diminution of the conductive capacity of the channel must inevitably endanger city property and the greater the contraction the greater the danger." The truth is this is about time to return to the good old fashioned respect for the powers of nature. The inventive race lacks modesty. We defy natures laws successfully maybe but hardly safely.

There is a blunderingly bitter partisan sheet in the town that finds food for serious contemplation in the more or less probable story that an Episcopal church in California received $5.00 from Mrs. Cleveland and fifty cents from Mrs. Harrison. I am inclined to the belief that this story has not a germ of truth for neither lady could afford to respond to the individual appeals of remote churches. How many such appeals do you suppose such prominent ladies receive in a year? Probably a thousand. Mrs. A. T. Stewart, and her reputation for charity as she was managed by Judge Hilton was not remarkably bright, used to receive a half dozen such letters a day. With her, they were never answered. She did not even take the trouble to refuse.

The president has ordered that Sunday duty in the army, other than inspection parade without fire arms, be abolished. The Barrack inspection which formally occurred Sunday will hereafter be made Saturday. In his order the President refers to the fact that Washington and Lincoln ordered week day duties omitted on Sunday in times of war and concludes that if the plan was successful then it cannot be a bad practice in time of peace.

Washington, D. C., June 10th, 1889.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. 25 cents a bottle.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness Hay Fever.

A New Home Treatment.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For catarrhal discharges peculiar to females (whites) this remedy is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of ten cents by A. H. DIXON & SON, 303 W King St., Toronto, Canada.—*Scientific American.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.

Nov 1, 1888.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the following formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

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