

THE COURIER

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Thursday, August 13, 1914

THE SITUATION

It seems to be altogether likely that Germany will strike an early blow at France. If she can do that with any degree of success, the way will be made more clear for her to tackle Russia. That the German navy will be engaged at an early period in any important action, if the same can be avoided, would appear to be unlikely.

Ye Mariners of England That guard our native seas! Whose flag has braved a thousand years

The battle and the breeze! Your glorious standard launch again To match another foe; And sweep through the deep, While the stormy winds do blow!

The spirits of your fathers Shall start from every wave— For the deck it was their field of fame And Ocean was their grave;

Where Blake and mighty Nelson fell Your manly hearts shall glow, As we sweep through the deep, While the stormy winds do blow!

While the battle rages loud and long And the stormy winds do blow, Britannia needs no bulwarks, No towers along the steep; Her march is o'er the mountain waves Her home is on the deep.

With thunders from her native oak She quells the floods below, As they roar on the shore, When the stormy winds do blow.

The meteor flag of England Shall yet terrific burn; Till danger's troubled night depart And the star of peace return. Then, when, ye ocean warriors! Our song and feast shall flow To the fame of your name,

When the storm has ceased to blow, When the fiery fight is heard no more, And the storm has ceased to blow.

BORDEN CAN BE TRUSTED

After protesting vehemently that it was unfair to taunt Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Grit majority in the Senate for alleging that no emergency existed, or would exist, the Toronto Globe has the consummate gall to devote a leading editorial to to-day's issue to the allegation that Canada is lacking in leadership with regard to the present crisis.

As a matter of fact the Government at Ottawa has acted in a most prompt manner, and the sneers at Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, because of what was termed his "military craze" have entirely died away.

From the very first Premier Borden has demonstrated a keen perception of the threatening storm. Speaking in the House of Commons in 1910, he said:—

"The speediest organization would not make our Canadian naval service effective in less than ten years. Probably fifteen or twenty years would be required; and the crisis, if a crisis is to be apprehended, WILL COME WITHIN FIVE AND PROBABLY WITHIN THREE YEARS."

He was jeered at for that by the very paper which now alleges that actions are not up to date as far as the Dominion is concerned.

There is no politics in this thing. Liberals and Conservatives are together, shoulder to shoulder, just as much as the Carsonites and the Redmondites in Old Ireland.

be trusted to act in accordance with the national desire at this juncture—in fact has already taken the preliminary steps in that regard. Whatever may be expedient, we are all at one in the determination that Johnny Canuck must do his share both in men and money. The Globe is in arrears poor business when it seeks to chide the Ministry.

JOHNNY CANUCK ON HAND.

The following editorial is from the Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Times:—"Souvenir post cards received in Pittsburgh from friends visiting the exposition at Toronto, Canada, bear the cancellation stamp across the face, 'Peace Year'."

The same cheerful legend, now suddenly invested with ironic significance, has been printed upon all outgoing mail matter from the Ontario metropolis. The reference, of course, is to the celebration of the hundred years of peace between the United States and Great Britain, an era of cordial relations which have every likelihood of being extended indefinitely, but in view of the happenings on the continent of Europe which make 1914 far from a year of peace and in which the Dominion of Canada itself has been called upon to take part, it would not be strange should the postal authorities conclude to discontinue the imprint on cards and envelopes.

At any rate loyal Canadians promise to be too busy for the next few weeks to bother about frills and flares in any department of activity. Now that the mother country has been drawn into the European embroilment, Canada is ready with her contingent of first class fighting men, vieing with the other British possessions in all parts of the world. There will be no "year of peace" for our cousins across the border. When emergency arises when calamity threatens "at home" they spring to their guns and every man Jack of them is prepared to battle for the empire. It is not necessary to take sides in the European dispute to admire this trait in the Canadian character, which has often been displayed before, but never on such a scale as at present. In the Boer War soldiers from Canada gave a fine account of themselves, but it was a kind of fighting to which they were in a measure accustomed, virtual guerrilla warfare. Canadian militiamen will now clash with trained armies, but it is conceded that in discipline and general efficiency they should be equal to the European reservists who have been called upon in large numbers to join in the conflict.

HANDS ALL ROUND. The following editorial from the Toronto Star is worth re-printing:—"To-day, if ever in the history of the British Empire, it is 'Hands All Round.' Shoulder to shoulder, rigid round the earth, the subjects of the King, in all his world-wide dominions, have rallied to the aid of the Motherland in her hour of stress and strain.

Throughout the British Empire we know to-day, no narrow bounds of race, or creed, or clime, or politics. We are Britishers all, whether in London or at the Antipodes, whether in Liverpool or in Toronto. We are Britishers all. Great Britain's present time of trial is our time of testing, too. We are Britishers all. Great Britain's cause is ours.

Well for her, and well for us, that the justice of that cause can be clearly proven—proven up to the hilt. Well for all who glory in the British name that the ways of peace were fully trod and the resources of diplomacy exhausted, ere ever she had recourse to the sword's dread arbitrament. Here, at least, the conscience of Great Britain, and the conscience of the British Empire, can be amply clear.

To have been the assailed and not the assailer, the aggrieved and not the aggressor—that it is which gives Great Britain's position in this titanic struggle at once its purity and its pride: it is that fact which enables her sons and daughters throughout the world to look the whole world in the face.

Whatever the outcome of this Armageddon—and we Canadians know ourselves and know the oak from which we were hewn, too well even to doubt of it—it has been made plain before the eyes of the world, and posterity being our judges, that the reproach of bloodguiltiness lies not at the door of men of British blood. War can never be taught else but a deplorable and detestable calamity. And, always an evil, it is rarely indeed, that it is even a necessary one. Nevertheless, there may be times, rare enough in humanity's history, it is true when honor, when justice, when good faith when the welfare of mankind all alike require of a people that they should not shrink from the responsibility of engaging in it.

Of such rare times the present, so far as it is possible to judge, is emphatically one. For years, successive British governments and the British people have been the target for the studied arrogance and insolence of Germany. For years they have endured at her hands a policy of pin-pricks in small things, and a policy of brag and bluster in big things, with serenity which, though largely born of justifiable self-confidence, yet looked to the outside world to be perilously akin to pusillanimity. But with the outrageous breach of treaty rights involved in the German violation of Belgian territory—the neutrality and independence of which had been guaranteed by a treaty to which Great Britain, Belgium, France, Austria, Russia and Prussia were all signatories—the die was cast.

In this country the unanimity of sentiment on the whole matter is as impressive as it is inspiring. Conservative or liberal, young or old, rich or poor, Canadian-born or newly-arrived from across the seas, we are all at one. We are at one in the ties of sentiment and affection which bind us to Great Britain—those ties seemingly so insubstantial, which yet "grapple her to our soul with hoops of steel!" We are at one in our view of the inherent justice of her present belief that broadly speaking against ubiquitous militarism, of progress against reaction, of dawn of the ampler day for the common people against the black night of autocracy and feudalism.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Col. Sam Hughes to the line, let the chips fall where they may. At that, the biggest freak on the market square is the city hall building.

Germany has been sowing floating mines and is due to reap the whirlwind. It begins to look as if the proper place for the Brantford baseball team is in one of the major leagues.

Airships have made it impossible for any of those sudden and unexpected moves which Napoleon used to employ to such effect.

A New York society woman gave a ball at Bar Harbor, and the guests were attired as lobsters and eels. As to that, probably a number of them didn't need any fixing.

A cablegram announces that Italy is determined at all costs to defend her neutrality, and is prepared to do so by force of arms if necessary. May be, but the chances are that she will finally throw in her lot with the side which looks to be victorious.

George Bernard Shaw the celebrated British author and playwright, sees in the outcome of the near danger of Russian aggression. As to that it will be time enough to deal with the situation should such arise. The main outcome will probably be to check senseless naval construction.

Here is the record up to date:— July 28—Austria declared war on Serbia. Aug. 1—Germany declared war on Russia. Aug. 3—Germany declared war on Belgium. Aug. 4—Germany declared war on France. Aug. 4—Germany and England declared war on each other. Aug. 6—Austria declared war on Russia.

POLICE COURT

(Continued from Page 1) Mr. Noble said he had four years experience in the Northwest and the three defendants had come to him for advice. They told him they were going out hunting and he told them to get guns and ammunition.

Mr. Hawthorne said the defendants visited his shop and asked for some bicycle repair prices, and from that got to rifles. They eventually purchased rifles and ammunition, saying they intended to go to the Northwest. The magistrate said that he had heard enough evidence. The men were going to the Northwest and they would be discharged. Their guns and other goods will be returned to them with the exception of the revolvers.

Mr. Hawthorne however had violated the law in supplying men with guns without filling in the necessary particulars and he was fined the minimum of \$25.00.

RESUME RAILWAY TRAFFIC PARIS, Aug. 13, 9.05 a.m.—Ordinary traffic on the greater part of the French railways, with the exception of the eastern lines will be resumed from 12 noon. It is announced that the French railway has proven far superior to that of the Germans. The latter's heavy shells show little effectiveness. It is said.

Captain Colquhoun Enlists. Captain Matthew Colquhoun, the popular captain of A company, the 38th Dufferin Rifles is at present the provisional commander of the active service men. Captain Colquhoun anticipates being gazetted to command the company when it is mobilized for active service.

The Ontario Government will protect miners and prospectors desiring to volunteer for the war, by extending time for performing assessment work.

Lusitania's Turbines Tapered With Before Leaving New York

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13.—The Cunard liner Lusitania arrived here yesterday from New York. It was an exciting but slow journey, the slowest in fact that the Lusitania ever made. It is reported that the turbines were tapered with in New York. One day out of port, something went wrong with one turbine, and the vessel was not able to make more than 20 knots.

Eight hours later she sighted a cruiser, which refused to answer signals. It is believed she was a German. The Lusitania immediately changed her course crowded on steam

and raced to the south. The cruiser gave chase and there was great excitement aboard, but luckily a heavy fog came up and the Lusitania was able to escape from her pursuer. She continued the journey without headlights and with her portholes blanketed. One day the passengers heard many shots fired aboard the Lusitania, and they were in consternation until they were informed that the guns were in celebration of an alleged British victory at sea, which later proved to be untrue. The Lusitania has several guns, and was ready to defend herself if attacked.

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WOMAN'S BEST MEDICINE

Mrs. Kelly Advises all Women to Take "Fruit-a-Tives"

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913. "I can highly recommend 'Fruit-a-Tives' because they did me an awful lot of good and I cannot speak too highly about them. About four years ago, I commenced taking 'Fruit-a-Tives' for a general break-down and they did me a world of good. We bought a good many dollars' worth, but it was money well spent because they did all that you claim for them. Their action is so pleasant, compared with other laxatives, that I found only pleasure, as well as health, in taking them. They seemed to me to be particularly suited to women, on account of their mild and gentle action, and I trust that some other women may start taking 'Fruit-a-Tives' after reading my letter, and if they do, I am satisfied the results will be the same as in my own case."

Mrs. W. N. KELLY "Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Tives Limited, Ottawa.

As each delegate arrived he was ducted up to the Fraternal Court room, where he was registered by Secretary Lee, and just here let it be said Mr. Lee officiated in his accusatory and energetic manner. man was better fitted for the post than he, being as he is, Financial Secretary of the W. O. W. a Vice-president of Salisbury Lodge E., Secretary of L. O. L. 742, a member of the W. O. W. and O. F.

The spirit of fraternity was in air all morning. At each lodge quarters the visiting brethren received and again welcomed made at home. Among the first outside lodges to make their appearance was the company No. 2 of

Views of Old Mohawk Church—on—Fancy China Piece

JUST OPENED OUT—VANSTONE CHINA HALL

Men's T. Boots, n. ular \$5.

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Find another f

yours and receive

Flags and pri

office and at Neill

Come and get

CANADIAN MA

H. B.

OGILVIE, LOCHHEAD & CO. Smashing Prices Great Bargains Await You This Saturday COME! Crash Towelling Bargain An all pure linen 18-inch Crash Towelling, with colored border—yes, all pure linen, something you can rely on to give satisfaction. IT'S A GREAT BARGAIN. EXPANSION SALE PRICE 82c Remember Saturday is Remnant Day Nightgowns Ladies' fine Crepe and Nainsook Night Gowns, beautifully trimmed with lace and ribbon, slipover and button fronts. Regular \$1.50. Expansion Price... 97c Ladies' Parasols Ladies' Gloria top, taped edge, Black Parasol. Regular \$1.50. Expansion Price... 98c Children's Rompers Children's Rompers, in chambray, print and gingham, small stripes and checks, sizes 2 to 6 years. Regular \$1.00. Expansion Price... 49c Fancy Collars Ladies' Fancy Collars, Jabots, etc. A great big slaughter takes place Saturday. Only, each 5c Ribbons Beautiful Dresden and Ottoman Cord Roman stripe Ribbons, lovely colorings. Regular value 75c. Expansion Price... 25c Cream Serge 1 piece 52-inch fine Cream Serge, something that will wash. Regular \$1.10. Expansion Price... 69c Straw Shapes All this season's shapes in Black and Luster. Regular values up to \$5.00 and \$6.00. Saturday only... 73c Ladies' Combinations Ladies' fine nainsook French hand embroidered Corset Cover and Drawer Combination. Regular \$1.75. Expansion Price... 98c Curtain Scrim 5 pieces of fine Curtain Scrim, cream ground, with dainty colored border. Only, yard... 15c Black Silk Peau-de-Soie 36 inch wide Black Silk Peau de Soie, a silk we warrant you will give entire satisfaction. Regular value \$1.50. EXPANSION SALE PRICE... 79c Ladies' Combinations Ladies' fine nainsook French hand embroidered Corset Cover and Drawer Combination. Regular \$1.75. Expansion Price... 98c Straw Shapes All this season's shapes in Black and Luster. Regular values up to \$5.00 and \$6.00. Saturday only... 73c Cream Serge 1 piece 52-inch fine Cream Serge, something that will wash. Regular \$1.10. Expansion Price... 69c

FRATERNAL DAY (Continued from Page 1) failure, have been put to shame not having more confidence and ality in their city and in its people Morning Preparations. Shortly after eight o'clock in morning, the crowds began to c on the down town streets, awa the appearance of the regim bands. Promptly at nine o'clo bands appeared in front of the Home Week quarters in the T Building. First the Dragons with Lieutenant (Dr.) Pierc charge, their instruments flashi the morning sun and a few m later, the Dufferin Rifles band, Bandmaster Frank Johnson. A same time, every incoming radi from Paris, Galt and Ham brought in a crowd of visitors a 9.30 the bands left for the dep welcome the incoming fraternal At the depots the Reception Co see gave the glad hand to the v brethren and the welcome was it genuine. Those serving on the R tion Committee were W. T. Do (Chairman) J. H. Miller, F. N. M. Creighton, D. Lyle W. B. S. T. M. Raines, F. Waller, J. Pat M. Hall, B. H. Bennings, J. Kenn G. G. Lambden. As each delegate arrived he was ducted up to the Fraternal Court desk in the headquarters room, where he was registered by Secretary Lee, and just here let it be said Mr. Lee officiated in his accusatory and energetic manner. man was better fitted for the post than he, being as he is, Financial Secretary of the W. O. W. a Vice-president of Salisbury Lodge E., Secretary of L. O. L. 742, a member of the W. O. W. and O. F. The spirit of fraternity was in air all morning. At each lodge quarters the visiting brethren received and again welcomed made at home. Among the first outside lodges to make their appearance was the company No. 2 of