

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT., SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1903

NO. 140

Extraordinary Sale —OF— CHILDREN'S Cotton Hosiery

5½ doz. Childs, Misses and Boys' Black Cotton Hose go on sale to-night at a saving to ½ to ⅓ off regular prices. This is without doubt the greatest hosiery bargain ever on our counter and coming just at the commencement of the cotton stocking season should be of supreme interest to you.

THESE ARE THE PARTICULARS:

9 doz. Children's Black Cotton Hose, fine one-one rib, Hermsdorf dye, guaranteed fast colors, fine pure natural wool soles, sizes 4½, 5, 5½ and 6 in., regular value up to 30c pair, on sale for 19c

20 doz. Misses and Boys' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, guaranteed fast colors, fine one-one rib, sizes 7, 7½, 8, 8½, 9, 9½, and 10 in., regular value up to 30c a pair, on sale very special at 19c

22½ doz. Misses and Boys' Black Cotton Hose, fine one-one rib, natural wool soles, Hermsdorf dye, guaranteed fast colors, sizes 6½, 7, 7½, and 8 in., regular up to 40c a pair, on sale very special at 24c

NOTE:—Every pair of these stockings is made double knee

Sale of Insertions.

Imitation Cherry insertions, the newest coarse effects for dress trimmings in narrow and wide widths, on sale very special at a yd., 10c. and 12 1-2c.

Sale of Pure Linen Side Board Covers.

Plain effects and drawn work design, in pure crepe linen side board covers, full 1½ yds. long, fringed all around, very special at 25 Cents.

Sale of Ladies' Ties.

Ladies' Silk Stock Ties made in plain, corded and stole effects, in shades of sky, pink, rose, navy, black, white, green, etc., regular value 30c. and 75c. each, on sale for 28 Cents.

New White Linen For Waists and Dresses.

Yard wide, pure bleached linen, just correct weight for waists and dresses, on sale very special value at a yard 20 Cents.

THOS. STONE & SON.

BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES!

...SOMETHING NEW...

THE AUTO VALVE

Very Powerful.

A Wonderful Baker.

See them at

WESTMAN BROS.

NOW READY FOR

New Business—More Business—Better Business

Having our new mill machinery fully adjusted we are now prepared to offer our customers **Beaver Flour** better than ever before.

Farmers can now get their chopping done to their entire satisfaction as heretofore and with the greatest despatch.

Call and inspect our new plant. It will convince you that we have the equipment and facilities to turn out all products to the entire satisfaction of the most particular **WHEAT WANTED**. Highest prices paid.

Buy **Beaver Flour**. It is the cheapest because the best.

The T. H. TAYLOR CO., Limited
Cor. William and Colborne Sts.

COLLINGWOOD MURDER.

STRANGE CIRCUMSTANCES PUZZLE POLICE.

Three Arrests Made—Detective Greer Takes Charge of the Case—One Man at Beeton Seemed to Know All About it.

Collingwood, May 30.—Mystery deepens about the murder of Glory Whalen. The clues that have been followed by the authorities have led to nothing, and while to-night no less than three men are detained by the police, it is reasonably safe to say that not one of them has any connection with the crime. This is a murder case in which the police may in a few hours stumble accidentally upon the man who struck down and afterwards shot Glory Whalen, but the circumstances surrounding this atrocity are of so exceptional a nature that at the present time the officers working on the case are hardly in a position to advance any definite theory. One thing seems to stand out clearly in this inexplicable crime, and it is that the little school girl was enticed by some one she knew into the place where she met her death. While one theory has been that some tramp or peddling Syrian was the murderer, this does not appear to be justified by the plain facts.

Provincial Detective Greer arrived to take charge of the case, and, acting on his instructions, three men were detained. One was the peddler who held a revolver to the head of Patrick Byrnes, an employee of the T. Long Company, two nights ago, and who was secured near Thornbury. At Beeton, three miles from Colling-



Glory Whalen, the victim in the mysterious murder case at Collingwood.

wood, a rough-looking man was detained because he had in a hotel there read the story of the murder from a Toronto evening paper, and said the report was wrong, proceeding to explain about the finding of the body as it actually happened, although the paper he was reading from did not contain these facts. This was considered suspicious enough to warrant his detention by the authorities. The third man detained was arrested at Duntroon, a little burg nine miles south of here. He was the peddler who called at the Kendall and Whalen farms on Wednesday last. He was brought into Collingwood to-night and examined by Detective Greer. Joseph Norsau of 115 York street, Toronto, was the name he gave, and he explained his movements on the day of the murder satisfactorily to the police and was released. A number of handkerchiefs were found in his pack, but they were not in any way similar to the one found around the head of Glory Whalen. The authorities to-day were making every effort to trace the revolver with which the murder was done.

PORT COLBORNE TRAGEDY.

Identity of the Yacht and the Victims Established.

Port Colborne, May 30.—It is certain that the boat wrecked off this port was the Emma, and that Stanley Pettit and Clarence Baylis were drowned. A party consisting of Mr. W. E. Pettit, brother of Stanley, who arrived last evening, and Mr. Clyde H. Lancot of Buffalo and Rev. W. A. Dietrick of Cleveland, who arrived yesterday, are conducting a search for the bodies. A large quantity of wreckage had drifted ashore, which Mr. Dietrick, the former owner of the yacht, positively identified as belonging to the Emma. The Emma was a schooner-rigged cabin yacht of thirty feet top measure, simply equipped for cruising. Both boys were enthusiastic over the boat and eager to bring her home as soon as possible. Investigation proves that the boys were on the course for Port Colborne, but too far in shore, so that the yacht struck the new cement breakwater, bows on, in the heavy sea. The spot where the bowsprit of the yacht struck the breakwater is evident, and the recovered bowsprit was broken off by the shock. The searching party have been at work all day, but as yet have not found the bodies.

Don't gossip.

A baby, like its elders, often kicks when it is up in arms.

G. T. R. OFFICIALS

Sir Chas. Rivers Wilson, Lady Wilson, London, England, A. O. W. Smith, London, England, and Henry Deer, London, England; Chas. M. Hays, Frank W. Morse, G. A. Menschall, J. H. Phillips, of Montreal, went through the city to Windsor and Detroit by special train last evening at 7.30. They return this afternoon or evening on their way to Niagara Falls.

HE PERJURED HIMSELF.

Mark Smith's Admission on the Witness Stand.

Toronto, May 30.—There was a dramatic ending to a case being tried yesterday before Mr. Justice MacMahon. The Strathroy Canning Company and the Oshawa Canning Company were plaintiffs and defendants respectively in the suit in question, the trouble being over 12,000 cans of corn which had been in the Strathroy company's storehouse, and were purchased by the Oshawa Canning Company from the Dominion Syndicate of Hamilton. When the corn was delivered portions of it were found to be sour, and the Oshawa people refused to pay. The Strathroy company therefore brought suit for the amount.

The principal witness for the defence was Mark Smith, Manager of the Oshawa company. He gave his evidence in-chief on Thursday. Under the cross-examination of Mr. Shepley, K.C., witness stood by his story, while Mr. W. R. Riddell, K.C., got up to cross-examine on behalf of the Dominion Syndicate the following dialogue occurred:—

"Did you make a statutory declaration as to your pack, I mean the number of cans you manufactured in 1900?" Mr. Riddell asked.

"I did," answered Mr. Smith. "In that declaration did you perjure yourself or did you tell the truth?"

"I perjured myself," was the faltering reply.

"In order to put a little money into your pocket?"

"Yes."

"That will do, sir," said Mr. Riddell. Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, counsel for the defendants, thereupon informed the Judge that he would not go on with the case, as he would not base a defence on the evidence of a man who admitted that he had committed perjury. He would advise his clients to settle the case, and asked his Lordship for an adjournment.

An adjournment was granted until June 5th at 10 a.m.

MR. WOOD WILL APPEAR.

Will Testify Regarding Cap. Sullivan's Accounts.

Toronto, May 30.—The Chairman of the Public Accounts Committee, Mr. G. P. Graham, M.P., has received a letter from Mr. E. R. Wood, Manager of the Central Loan & Savings Company, stating that while it was questionable if he had the right to produce the private accounts of a client, yet if the committee so ordered he would attend with respect to Captain John Sullivan's accounts whenever the committee decided him to do so. He further stated that he only received the first notice to attend at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Wednesday, which was too late for him to prepare for next day. Mr. Graham has asked him to attend on Tuesday at 10 a.m.

GLENCOE GIRL KILLED.

Struck by a Train While Crossing the Track.

Glencoe, May 30.—A sad accident occurred at the G.T.R. crossing here yesterday at 8.20, when Gladys, the twelve-year-old daughter of George Reiley, was instantly killed. The east-bound local was shunting in the yard, and the little girl, notwithstanding the warning of her companions, attempted to cross. As her attention was fixed upon the shunting train, she apparently did not see the swiftly-approaching west-bound express, which struck her, throwing her across the road. She expired a few minutes after the accident, without having regained consciousness.

SANTOS-DUMONT'S AIRSHIP.

Drops From the Skies to Call Upon the Polo Players.

Paris, May 30.—During play on the polo grounds in the Bois de Boulogne Santos-Dumont, on his balloon No. 9, appeared unexpectedly over the players and descended in front of the clubhouse. He reascended later, and after executing a number of manoeuvres at a height of 500 feet he returned to the balloon shed at Neuilly.

As Bad as Slavery.

Chicago, May 30.—A despatch from Montgomery, Ala., says: Investigation into the enforced slavery of negroes in this State has developed one death from ill-treatment and the arrest of an agent who is accused of plotting to set negroes into peonage. Witnesses before the Federal Grand Jury testified that death resulted from the punishment accorded a negro woman who was held in servitude on one of the farms. This woman, accused of being rebellious, and because she could not pile for burning the brush cut by a dozen men, was laid across a log and given 100 lashes. Still showing a rebellious spirit, her hands were tied and she was thrown over a limb of a tree and pulled up, so as to leave it barely possible for her toes to touch the ground. The woman died two days later.

GERMAN PRESS VIEWS.

LOOK UPON CHAMBERLAIN'S PLAN WITH SERIOUSNESS.

Discussion in Britain—Many Believe There Will be Early Dissolution—The Opposition is Almost Solidly Opposed.

Berlin, May 30.—The newspapers here treat the assent of Premier Balfour to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's plan for preferential tariff with in the British Empire and Mr. Chamberlain's second speech on this subject as serious matters, saying that anything which might irritate British feeling should be carefully avoided. They argue quietly that Great Britain's engaging putative hostilities with Germany over Canada would lead to a trade controversy with the rest of Europe and the United States. The official attitude is to wait and see how Mr. Chamberlain's policy develops.

London, May 30.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's protectionist policy is the all-prevailing topic of discussion here. His assertion that he would make reciprocal trade between the mother country and her colonies the topic of the hour has been sensationally fulfilled. Columns of comment fill the afternoon newspapers, and everyone is asking, "Does it mean dissolution?" Some people maintain that the Government contemplates appealing to the country on preferential trade and old age pensions immediately after the close of the present session of Parliament, at the beginning of August, while others maintain that the Government has not the slightest intention of giving up its unexpired term of office. The Telegraph, generally semi-inspired, says:—"The issue could not be voted on for at least eighteen months, but in the meantime the Government will give the country and Parliament every opportunity to discuss it. A definite decision will probably be arrived at soon, and it will depend almost entirely on the result of the propaganda now undertaken by the press and the members of the House of Commons. If the indications show that Mr. Chamberlain is likely to have the country at his back a general election at the end of this year is extremely probable."

The Colonial Secretary himself, the Associated Press learns, is doubtful if he could win out just at present, but he is enthusiastically positive that with political agitation the constituencies can be brought to see the wisdom of his policy. Those who have discussed the preferential scheme with its author say he never exhibited such keen interest in any topic. "For the first time in my life," said a friend of the Colonial Secretary, "I can say Mr. Chamberlain is really excited." In this crusade the Colonial Secretary is absolutely in harmony with Premier Balfour, and harbors no definite election on the issue, and Mr. Chamberlain's programme was carried Mr. Balfour would again take the reins of Government. The only practical development likely to occur in the near future is a series of political speeches from the leaders on both sides.

The Opposition is almost solidly opposed to a modification of free trade and will endeavor to arouse that public ferment which was associated with the corn tax days. Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Balfour and such Unionists as agree with them will try to extract from the public that degree of support which they may interpret as a popular mandate. All signs point to a lengthy campaign on the lines of protection versus free trade, which is likely to destroy party lines almost as much as did the home rule question. The opponents of the scheme point out that the comparative immunity of the American from taxation precludes his prosperity under protection being applicable to the Britisher, who, as even the Government organs admit, is already so heavily taxed that the initial years of protection, with higher priced food, would be a severe strain on him and possibly create bitter dissatisfaction among the poorer classes.

COMMAND BRITISH FORCES.

The King Wants the Duke of Connaught to Succeed.

London, May 30.—The Ministers are not engaged with the tariff issue to the exclusion of other vexatious questions. The King is reported to be anxious to place the Duke of Connaught in line for succession to Lord Roberts as Commander-in-Chief. This was the ardent wish of the late Queen Victoria, and her son has taken it up with characteristic tact. The Ministers are urged to consent to the appointment of the Duke as Adjutant-General, but are reluctant to do so because they know how unpopular it will be in the House of Commons. The Duke himself is respected and honored as a capable soldier, and a Prince of genuine administrative ability, but his appointment as Adjutant-General, with a line upon the succession to the general command of the army, is deprecated on both sides of the House of Commons on the ground that the discussion of military affairs would be rendered impracticable at a time when radical reform measures are urgently required.

GOOD SCHEME

An agitation is on foot to have an outlet cut from McGregor Creek through to the river and to fill up the creek through the city. The scheme is a good one and the Council would do well to act on Ald. McCraig's suggestion and see what chance there is for having the scheme become an accomplished fact. It would perhaps be cheaper for the city to put \$10,000 into the new outlet scheme than it would be to build the two new bridges and keep them in repair. Besides getting rid of a foul smelling evil odored creek, there would be other advantages. When the Americans come up to see the spot where the victorious troops under Harrison crossed the creek in pursuit of Proctor, there would be no creek, and we could say that there fore the crossing of the creek could never have happened.

CAPITAL DEVICE

H. Wigle, representing the Chamberlain Metal Weather Strip Company, of Kingsville, is in the city to-day calling on a number of the enterprising men of the city. This modern invention is of American origin and has lately been patented in Canada. The mission of this weather strip is to do away with storm windows. It is of metal and fits in between the window sash and the window. In this way the windows are made absolutely air tight and it also does away with any rattling whatever. It is indestructible and does not interfere with the appearance of a window. It is no expense after it is put in, which makes it far superior to storm windows.

It is claimed that tests have shown an average annual saving of about 25 per cent. in fuel. In many cases the saving has paid for the strip in one year. Drafts are positively excluded from windows equipped with this device, and dust and soot are shut out with the drafts. The noises arising from cars, wagons, howling winds, etc., also, are greatly lessened.

These strips are now in use in many public buildings in Canada and the United States, and the company is in receipt of many testimonials.

Mr. Wigle will be in the city for a few days, and when he leaves he will appoint a local agent.

OVERHEAD CHECK REIN.

Humane Society Makes Appeal to Horsemen.

Toronto, May 30.—The Toronto Humane Society has received so many communications regarding the cruelty of the use of the overhead check-rein on horses that it is desirous of inviting a discussion of the question through the daily press if possible, and thus reaching a wide field outside this city, as well as within its limits. The evil is perhaps less prevalent in Toronto than in other cities or towns, where there is less restrictive influence. The use here of an overhead check-rein on any but a high-spirited, hard-pulling, impatient steed, whose form and action would seem to warrant some little aid to restraint, is not perhaps so very prevalent, though frequent enough, it must be admitted, to call for attention and if possible remedy. While its use in Toronto on the hard-working patient, sometimes bovine type of general utility horse is regarded here as evidencing rather a rural taste, not general; its abuse on such in country towns has too long been patent to all lovers of this most patient, kindly, useful companion of man. It is felt that fashion alone is responsible for all this cruelty and could those who follow it but be made to realize its results they would abandon it at once.

So much of the cruelty inflicted on the defenceless orders of creation is entirely unconscious and unintentional that a suggestive word is always productive of good results.

If the torture inflicted on horses by the overhead check-rein were known and understood it would speedily pass out of fashion and fall into disrepute.

Girl's Strap Slippers..

A large variety of Girl's Strap Slippers has been put into stock at prices from

50c. to \$1.00, sizes 3 to 7½

75c. to \$1.25, sizes 8 to 10½

\$1 and \$1.25, sizes 11 to 2

These are the best we have ever offered for the money.

DOROTHY DODD
LADIES' SHOES.

PEACE & CO.
Sole Agents.