Montreal, the export of drugs to Canada has quite considerably increased in 1919, one importer alone having bought in 1919, from a single house in Basel drugs, the value of which exceeds the total export value of chemical products in 1918. I am also informed by a representative in New York of another chemical plant in Basel that considerable shipments of dyestuffs from Basel, destined for Canada, are made to New York and then re-exported to Canada. Their values are as follows:—

Year	1916	about	Dollars	111,000
"	1917	"	"	74,000
"	1918	"	"	100,000
"	1919	"	"	129,000
Jan.	1920	"	"	17,000
Feb.	1920	"	"	12,000
Mar.	1920	4.6	"	25,000

The greatest part of these dyestuffs is coming from Switzerland, while some of them were mixed with goods of American manufacture. These shipments are of course included among United States exports to Canada, and do not appear in statistics as being of Swiss origin.

It seems rather astonishing that the Canadian market has not been worked more intensively by our industries in Basel.

Previous to the war and also during the first three years of the war, we exported some foodstuffs to Canada (0.8 million francs in 1915, 0.5 in 1916, 0.2 in 1917), mainly "farine alimentaire" for children, and chocolate. The export had, of course, to be stopped entirely later on, but it will undoubtedly again be taken up. I have received a number of applications from Canadian agents for representation of Swiss chocolate firms,

The exportation of machinery to Canada seems to be very sporadic, and thus far has been of very small value (0.1 million francs in 1915, 0.2 in 1916). We have exported some hydraulic machinery, and latterly embroidery and knitting machinery. The Canadian market was entirely abandoned as a consequence of the war.

Under the heading "Autres articles" are classified some timid endeavors to export articles such as phonographs,