less criticism of dumping provisions were it possible to exempt food and food products from the scope of the section. In exchange, a measure of protection could be given food producers by providing dual rates on such items - specific and ad valorem. At the present time practically all vegetables are on the ad valorem basis, while a number of the fruits are on specific, although there are some ad valorem rates. If dual rates were provided, the higher to prevail, the specific would give a measure of relief to the producers against possibilities of glutting, while a moderate ad valorem would give reasonable assistance during the normal season. Coupled with this might be tariff relief to the consumer during certain of the winter and early spring months.

It is known that the present wording of the Dumping section makes it difficult to apply, and in 1925 a new wording was drafted and submitted in the Budget of that year. It was withdrawn early in the debate. The proposal read:

"In the case of articles exported to Canada of a class or kind made or produced in Canada, if the export or actual selling price to an importer in Canada is less than the value thereof for Customs entry, there shall, in addition to the duties otherwise established, be levied, collected and paid on such article, on its importation into Canada, a special duty (or dumping duty) equal to the difference between the said selling price of the articles for export and the said value for Customs entry; and such special duty (or dumping duty) shall be livied, collected and paid on such article, although it is not otherwise dutiable."

The material change the suggested amendment made

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