(living with Mr. P. D. Browne above Sherbrooke street,) tall, well nourished, fair complexion. On admission he had all the usual initiatory symptoms characteristic of typhoid fever. He was ordered milk diet, with extra milk and corn starch and the following mixture:

R. Hydrarg. Bichlorid gr.1, Syr. Zingib. 4 oz., Aquae 6 oz. A teaspoonful every 4 hours.

Pulse and temperature as in chart.

The bowels acted four or five times in the twenty-four hours for the first few days after his admission. The tongue, which was at first heavily coated with red tip and edge, became gradually dry and brown. There was not much local tenderness over the abdomen or any distension, but few spots were discovered. The Biniodide of Mercury ointment was applied to the abdomen.

The diarrhoea continued four and five times in the 24 hours up to the 18th instant, when it increased to eight and and ten times in the twenty-four hours.

18th.—To-day also had some epistaxis, and on examining his chest the physical signs of bronchitis were found present. He was ordered, in addition to his other mixture, the following prescription:

R. Vin Ipecac. 2 dr., Ext. Seneg. fld 3 vi; Mist Camph. ad viii oz.; tablespoonful every three hours.

21st.—To-day he again had epistaxis, and he passed blood from the bowels for the first time.

He was given 6 oz. wine, and a pill containing Plum. Acet. gr. ii; Calomel gr 1-3, and pulv. opii. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ every three hours, and bran poultices were ordered to the abdomen.

22nd.—The hæmorrhage still continued, the bowels having acted four times since yesterday, with blood in each motion. An enema containing tr. opii. m xi, with four ounces of starch was ordered twice a day.

23rd.—Hæmorrhage still continues; ordered 4 oz. brandy in addition to his wine.