

GERMAN LABOR CLASS LICENSED AT ACTION OF TROOPS

GT. BRITAIN READY TO PRESENT CANADA WITH FLEET OF SHIPS THAT COST HER MANY MILLIONS

Admiral Jellicoe's Report Shows That Mother Country Is Prepared To Make Substantial Gift To Provide Naval Protection For Dominion—Annual Expenses For Navy About \$4,500,000.

Ottawa, March 19.—(By the Canadian Press).—Examination of the report of Admiral Jellicoe, recently tabled in the House of Commons, shows that the British Government is prepared to present to Canada a fleet of ships which, at pre-war prices would be worth \$15,000,000, and at present prices would have a much higher value. These vessels, as indicated in table number four of the admiral's report, are as follows: One light cruiser, four torpedoed destroyers, eight patrol boats, one flotilla leader, eight submarines, and four minesweepers. In connection with the gift of these vessels, the suggestion of Admiral Jellicoe is that Canada should make a naval scheme, the cost of which for the first year would be \$5,500,000. Of this amount, however, \$500,000 would be used for the construction of ships, which could be postponed till a convenient date, and the balance of \$5,000,000 would be for the necessary expenditure to give Canada a small navy, which would have necessitated no capital outlay, would have been a gift, and would have been a substantial one.

SAYS CANADIAN SPIRIT IS GUARANTEE OF THE FUTURE

Lieut.-Col. Charles McCullough Gives Brilliant Address Before Canadian Club—Scores Sinn Feiners and Trouble-Makers Who Try To Divide the People.

Scoring the Sinn Fein propaganda of Lindsay Crawford on the one hand, and with equal vehemence the "trouble-makers and mischief-makers" who had tried to divide the French and English speaking races in Canada, Lieut.-Col. Charles R. McCullough hit out right and left in his address on "The Spirit of Canada" before the Canadian Club at the luncheon in the Tecumseh House today at noon. Now depicting the destruction of stable forms and institutions by daring innovators, and deprecating the subversive tendencies of "untrained agitators," big enough to include and properly place all classes of citizens and thinkers, Lieut.-Col. McCullough gave forth a veritable flood of highly rhetorical and literally remarkable and brilliant English more than half an hour of time than any speaker in London has for a long time.

GERMAN WORKERS GET SYMPATHY OF TRADE UNIONS OF TORONTO

Radical Utterances Follow the Passing of Resolution.

Toronto, March 19.—A resolution expressing sympathy with the proletarian of Germany in the struggle for liberty and freedom from the thralldom of the Junker imperialists, was passed by the meeting of the Toronto District Trades and Labor Council last night. The appearance of the Council was a signal for a number of radical utterances by members, who, in the discussion with the condition of workers throughout the world. The council further recommended that the council should send a delegation to the German labor representative should be maintained in England. The Government will be petitioned to retain the order, in-council providing that immigrants to this country possess at least \$250 in cash.

DECLARES UPRISING IS PLANNED IN IRELAND FOR EASTER MONDAY

London, March 19.—Allen Clement Edwards (Liberal) has given notice in the House of Commons on Monday whether the government is informed of a rising in Ireland for Easter Monday, and a local rising at the same time at Liverpool, Manchester and Glasgow. He will ask also whether the navy has seized a consignment of arms and ammunition from Germany, and whether there is reason to suppose that the German secret service is back of the planned rising.

What's Doing Tonight?

- THEATRES. Allen—Will Rogers in "Jubilo" and Mary Pickford.
- Grand—Thorne Power in "The Servant in the House."
- Loew's—Constance Binney in "The Girl in the Red Velvet."
- Majestic—Sessue Hayakawa in "The Dragon Painter."
- OTHER EVENTS. Mocha Patrol Dance—Masonic Temple at 9 p.m.
- Kilwinning Lodge, 64—Meets in Masonic Temple at 7:30 p.m.
- 33rd Comrades—Meet in G. W. V. A. rooms at 8 p.m.
- London Poultry and Pet Stock Association—Meets in Duffell Hall at 8 p.m.
- Candy and Biscuit Workers—Meet in Foresters' Hall at 7:45 p.m.
- Grand Army of Canada—Meets at 350 Richmond street at 8 p.m.

TURK RADICALS ARE DEPORTED TO MALTA ON BRITISH WARSHIP

Halideedib, Notorious Woman Red, Is Among Those Exiled.

MOVE IS POLITICAL

Efforts Being Made To Prevent Inroads From Bolshevism.

Constantinople, March 19.—Halideedib, the most prominent woman leader among the Turkish Nationalists, and Reuf Bey, deputy for Sivas and mouth, Piece of Mustapha Kemal, in this city, among the returned undergraduates, and the chamber of deputies, have been deported, presumably to Malta by the British. They were placed on board the cruiser Hebeus yesterday shortly before that warship sailed.

The first convoy of political deportees left here for Malta yesterday. Leaders of the Turkish Nationalists, from Azerbaijan to Palestine, have been cooperating in a movement to oppose Allied proposals for a peace favorable to Turkey. Men closely associated with Mustapha Kemal, leader of the Nationalists, have been skillfully prevented from all foreign interference. It is assumed, and the Arabs, Kurds and other tribes are said to be aligned with forces planning to checkmate any movement on the part of the Entente looking to the partitioning of the country.

Political, Not Religious. The Nationalist movement seems to be political rather than religious, it being declared by many not to be Islamic in any way. Whether Bolshevism is into the situation has not as yet developed, but it may turn in that direction. Mesopotamia has far held aloof from the Russian Bolsheviks. Turkish newspapers frankly say that the Allies cannot muster sufficient strength to force an unacceptable peace upon the country. They point to Capt. d'Annunzio's defiance of the Allies, and say it would be better, in any event, to risk humiliating defeat rather than have the country "turned into a group of European dependencies."

French detachments are reported to be meeting stubborn resistance in their effort to occupy districts northeast of Aleppo, where British troops were formerly stationed.

The spirit of Canada, said the speaker, was the spirit which had actuated the Indian archer when Krishna implored him to make peace, but he replied that he must fight and die for the spirit which actuated David facing Goliath for the sake of Israel, the spirit which actuated the two young men who died at the Long Sault to save Canada.

FOUNDERS OF SOVIET REPUBLICS ARE FROM RANKS OF DESERTERS

The Hague, March 19.—The Handelsblad takes the view that no one should be frightened by dispatches announcing that Soviet republics have been proclaimed here and there in Germany. These proclamations, says the paper, are the work of troops and armed laborers, supported by army deserters, "depend largely on a couple of hundred marks and a piece of bacon."

CITY CLERK BAKER DEFENDS LONDON BILL

No Question Regarding Legality of Council's Action, He Says.

Major Little had not returned today from Toronto, where he appeared before the Legislature Thursday. Ald. O. Cunningham is acting chief magistrate.

The city of London bill is now the chief business before the council, although attacked as a medium for over-riding the wishes of the people it was defended today as a "court of appeal" by City Clerk Baker.

Even the item which seems most like flying in the face of the law, the idiosyncrasy of the council, is not really so, he said. The laws of the province say we must keep the bridges in safe condition or close it. The city engineer declares that the present bridge is unsafe. If the council wishes to keep it open it must do so of its own authority, and relieve the city of all responsibility in case of accident. Every decision is not final, and putting the matter in the London bill is merely an appeal to a higher court. The council does not want to take the drastic step of closing the bridge, but it is absolutely impossible to proceed with a paving program unless the storm sewers are laid first. The council does not want to hold up the whole program if the Legislature is in a position to authorize sufficient work of this nature for it to proceed.

ORIGINAL PLAN FOR GRATUITY SUPPORTED

The original plan of the G. W. V. A. for gratuity was taken up and unanimously supported by the provincial convention of the association at Peterborough. This plan called for the sum of \$500 to be paid to a man enlisting in Canada in 1914, with no service other than Canadian. For service in England and France in 1914, the sum was brought up to \$1,000. The sums for the following years were: 1915, \$400; 1916, \$300; 1917, \$200; 1918, \$100. If the men or girls who enlisted in a certain year arrived at either an English or French destination during the same year, the amount of the gratuity is to be double that of the Canadian service gratuity for the equivalent year.



"Why the ear muffs?" "Night as well wear 'em—there's no danger of anybody asking me to have something and my not hearing it these days.—Drawn for Cartoons Magazine by G. M. Shellhase.

"GOD HELP THE EMPIRE IF WE HAVE TO IMPORT GERMAN PROFESSORS TO TEACH THE YOUNG MEN OF CANADA"

Montreal, March 19.—The Returned Men's Association of McGill held a meeting yesterday afternoon to discuss the situation arising from Dr. Elder's resignation. The following official statement was issued: "At McGill Union, March 18, the following resolution was passed: 'That this association places itself on record as being in sympathy with the action taken by Lieut.-Col. J. M. Elder, in resigning from the faculty of medicine, and protests against the fact that the authorities are allowing the circumstances that led Col. Elder's resignation to continue.'"

WILL URGE GOVT. TO DEFRAY EXPENSES OF DEFENDANT

Fred Bissell, Accused of Selling Liquor by Spotters, Is Honorably Discharged by Magistrate—Women Swear Accused Was in Cleveland at the Time Mentioned.

Fred Bissell was honorably discharged in police court today on a charge of selling liquor, and Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon, supported by Crown Attorney J. B. McKillop, made a recommendation that the Government defray the defendant's expenses in connection with the case. The fact that two Government agents, Roy Cutts and Cyril Henry, swore that the accused was the man who sold the whiskey, the magistrate concluded that it was a case of mistaken identity.

TRACKS UNDER WATER AND TRAFFIC HAD TO BE DIVERTED

Quarter of a Mile of G. T. R. Roadbed At Prairie Siding Is Submerged—Detroit and Windsor Trains Are Sent Around By Sarnia.

Nearly a quarter of a mile of Grand Trunk tracks at Prairie Siding, west of Chatham, were under water during last night, and all Detroit and Windsor trains today are being run around via Sarnia and Port Huron. Milk and other produce on early morning trains intended for Windsor will be delivered through the United States, special arrangements being made to meet the emergency having been made with United States and Canadian customs authorities at the border.

MAGISTRATE UNCHANGED

Declares Negro Charged With Betraying White Girl Was Rightfully Acquitted.

Hamilton, March 19.—With a view to having the attorney-general investigate the action of Magistrate Jeffs yesterday in dismissing a colored man, charged with betraying a 14-year-old white girl, the returned soldiers of Hamilton have called a mass meeting in the market square for Tuesday night. Magistrate Jeffs stood by his action and statements today. He insisted in such cases there must be corroborative evidence, but there was none in this one. He declared it a white man had faced the charge and had been convicted on such evidence. Hamilton would have been stirred to anger.

AUSTRIA FORCED TO NEGOTIATE WITH REDS FOR PRISONERS' RETURN

Vienna, March 19.—Dr. Karl Renner, the chancellor, has notified the allied representatives here that owing to international pressure it was necessary for the government to enter into negotiations with Soviet Russia for the return of Austrian prisoners of war. The Soviet Government requested that the Budapest building in Peking, China, in order to secure funds for this purpose.

PRESENT SESSION HAS BEEN ONE OF MOST PEACEFUL EVER HELD

Sir George Foster's Management of House Has Created Peace.

NEXT SESSION IN FALL

Little Argument Anticipated Over Remaining Legislation.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 19.—From present indications the session promises to be one of the most peaceful ever yet held. With the exception of one stormy day during the debate on the address the Commons has been as placid as a mill pond, and about as uninteresting. Compliments have been passed across the floor with great regularity, and the parties appear to be getting on with each other in the matter of defence and respect for each other. The leading of the House by Sir George Foster is a marvel of gentility, tact and diplomacy which did not characterize the early days of this parliament's parliamentarianism.

There is as little controversy about legislation to come up as there has been about that which has already been introduced, the session may end before the time set for Sir Robert Borden's return, namely, two months hence. The franchise act, which has been introduced, will be proceeded with just as soon as the French copies of the bill have been printed. A casual survey of it does not disclose very strong reasons for controversy, and several days' debate on second reading, and in committee, should dispose of it.

Changes in Pensions Act. Whether there will be any legislation this session or not will not be known until the report of Mr. Rutherford has been carefully considered. So far no number of the government has been introduced.

Changes in the pensions act may follow the report of the committee which is to be appointed to inquire into the matter of pensions. There may also be some legislation based on the report of the committee which will investigate civil re-establishment.

The strong probability is that the present session will be a short one, and that there will be another session in the fall. This course would be favored by the majority of the members since it would insure another double indemnity.



LADY ASTOR IS IN FAVOR OF SOCIALISM

Hopes To See Day When It Will Become General.

London, March 19.—Lady Astor, M.P., made a declaration in favor of socialism in an address at a meeting of women employees of the civil service. "I hope some day we shall all be socialists," said Lady Astor. "It is a far better state than the present, but we are a long way from it yet. That is the tragedy of it. We do not have enough of the communal spirit."

NO AMENDMENTS TO ALBERTA LIQUOR ACT

Premier Stewart Makes Announcement to House.

Edmonton, March 19.—No amendments to the liquor act of the province will be introduced at this session of the legislature by the government, a statement to this effect being made by Premier Stewart to the House Thursday evening.

THE WEATHER

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 40; lowest, 24. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 29; lowest, 26.

BERLIN WORKERS SHOT DOWN BY REACTIONARY TROOPS FORCED TO LEAVE---50 KILLED IN LEIPZIG

German Capital Is Described As "a Barrel of Gunpowder Which May Be Ignited Any Minute"—Labor Classes Show Greatest Opposition To Kappist Soldiers—Revolution Is Imminent.

Paris, March 19.—Hundreds of persons have been killed in the mining districts of Germany in collisions between miners and troops, it is declared in reports from Germany received at Copenhagen, the Central News correspondent in that city telegraphs. Telegrams received from the big towns in Germany, the message states, shows that fighting is proceeding in nearly all the thickly-populated areas where soldiers and workers are opposed. The Communists are declared to be masters at Cassel.

London, March 19.—All Germany, with the exception of the southern states, is rebellious, and Berlin is a "barrel of gunpowder" which may be ignited at any time," says a Berlin dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph. Members of the security guard in the divisional barracks at the Iron Division yesterday afternoon in the midst of a pouring rain. Crowds, the majority of which were Communist, looked on as the members of the security guard marched down Unter Den Linden at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the midst of a pouring rain.

The soldiers marched to the accompaniment of music and the Prussian banners flying, the message says. "They were armed, carrying their rifles, and the sound of the firing was heard. Their behavior could not have been more provocative. Many soldiers stood mockingly at the crowd as though saying: 'Wait a while, we shall return.' This increased the anger of the crowd, and many of whom shouted, whistled and cat-called, while others hurled such epithets as 'Karl Liebknecht' and 'Karl Kapp' at the soldiers, who responded with con-siderable violence, and they handled their grenades menacingly."

Workers Storm Hotel. "From the hotel, the soldiers began to dress women, and they began to handle the soldiers, this rising to a pitch of anger and violence. They suddenly made a rush toward the hotel, and some actually invaded the vestibule before being repulsed by a strong detachment of security troops guarding the Allied missions at the post."

"Hardly had the last soldier passed the Brandenburg Gate when the rear guard turned and fired a volley into the crowd standing in the street. Those near the main entrance of the capital, no recourse but to fling themselves on the pavement. Along the Unter Den Linden, Sommerstrasse and Con-s-trasse, men started to run away. Many of these were either killed or wounded during the firing, which lasted for half a minute. Four dead and ten wounded were carried into the Hotel Adlon. Members of the security guard stationed at the Brandenburg Gate did not interfere during the firing, being few in number."

"A little later, near the Parliament building, a crowd of workers rushed a detachment of British troops, who were passing, and the latter began firing. The sound of the firing was heard, and the soldiers here shot a number of their own men. The exact number of those killed and wounded cannot be ascertained this evening. Twenty persons were killed in a subsequent clash near Charlottenburg, and also a more serious encounter was reported from Kottbus, but no details are at hand."

Workers believe the soldiers may return, and they are becoming more and more serious than that of the past few days. They are particularly furious over the appointment of General Seeckt as commander of forces here, he being placed in the same category as Gen. von Luitwitz."

KAPP MOVEMENT HAS BEEN BAD ECONOMIC BLOW TO GERMANY

Stuttgart, March 19.—Tremendous damage has been done to Germany economically by the Kapp movement, and the coal and food situations have been made more acute. Herr Koch, minister of the interior, informed the Associated Press today.

The minister believed that the Kapp government's hands had been strengthened by the Kapp failure, but he pointed out that there had been a serious aggravation of the old problems by the disastrous Berlin revolution. He insisted that the government was determined to deal severely with the offenders, but specified "through the suppression and confiscation of their property."

The consequences of the Berlin uprising, which was a disaster to the economic conditions are concerned, said Herr Koch. The output of the railways, the coal mines, the slow transportation and rising stock had improved, so that the peace treaty which was the delivery of coal to the stopped for several days, and the worst of this is that the mining population is greatly excited, with consequences that are far-reaching and serious, particularly how the men can be returned to the agreement made previous to the Kapp movement to work overtime.

Food Is Wasted. So far as the food question is concerned, days have been lost in agricultural work, such as sowing, and the removal of the rationing restrictions in a quarter of Germany has caused an enormous amount of food to be wasted. Herr Koch said that the public, for food, ordered much excess, and means another setback for our regular army in automobiles and motor lorries. Were sent on Wednesday to the neighborhood of Eisenach, Saxony, where the dispatches have been received that the dispatches that the troops took the Eisenach station after a fierce night of fighting, and the troops have been engaged by the revolutionaries.

REDS AND REGULARS FIGHT. Copenhagen, March 19.—A dispatch from Halle-Saale-Saalkreis says that armored train and shock troops of the regular army in automobiles and motor lorries, were sent on Wednesday to the neighborhood of Eisenach, Saxony, where the dispatches have been received that the dispatches that the troops took the Eisenach station after a fierce night of fighting, and the troops have been engaged by the revolutionaries.

SPARTACANS SEIZE ARMS. Berlin, March 19.—Reports received here from the Rhine provinces are conflicting. The Neueu Rotterdam Courant reports severe fighting at Eberfeld since 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Spartacans having factories and other places, and were storming the town hall at Eberfeld, seized the arms stored there, and ultimately captured the town.

ADMIRAL LEVETZOW DISMISSED. Berlin, March 19.—Rear-Admiral Levetzow has been appointed station commander at Kiel, replacing Rear-Admiral Levetzow. The admiral has been given an advisory council of four burgesses belonging to various parties.

FIFTY KILLED IN DRESDEN. Stuttgart, March 19.—Fifty persons were killed in most violent fighting at Leipzig, it is reported. Workmen in the town hall at Leipzig, after up barricades, dug trenches and fought almost organized warfare. Mines were exploded near the railway station.

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