

will find will be stiff and stubborn for what is right; and Pat's lying stories about being down-trodden by England, and all such rubbish, may as well be

WHINED TO THE WIND.

Facts, undeniable facts, must be laid before the people of the United States before they will stir themselves in any way. All experience of them shows that there are in the United States as well as in Canada, politicians who use and flatter the ignorant Irish for their votes. From the fact, nothing of serious import will ever arise.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN,

above referred to, one of the cleverest members of the British House of Commons, has been travelling through the Northern part of England and South of Scotland recently. During his tour he described the Irish question in all its phases. At Ayr, he said: "The Liberal Unionists are resisting double dealing, they are resisting outrage, and they are supporting remedial legislation for Ireland of a drastic Nature. What he meant by saying that the Liberal Unionists are resisting double dealing, is that whilst the Nationalists are pretending to work for land reform, their real aim is separation from the Empire. To establish this point, he quoted from the proceedings at the Nationalist Convention held at Chicago in the summer of 1886. Mr. Redmond, M.P., Parnellite, who attended that convention, said Mr. Parnell and his followers were not working solely for the removal of grievances, not simply labouring for the amelioration of the physical condition of the country. The principle, said Mr. Redmond, at the back of this movement to-day is the same principle which formed the soul of other Irish movements, as in the last Rebellion, against the *rule of strangers*. It is the principle which Robert O'Neil vindicated on the Banks of the Blackwater; which inspired Wolf-Tone, and for which Fitzgerald and Emmet sacrificed their lives. I assert here to-day, said this Redmond at Chicago, that the Government of Ireland by England is an impossibility, and I believe it to be *our* duty to make it so." And this idea he reasserted on the 16th April, 1887, in the House of Commons.

Let us fancy an impudent rebel and traitor like Redmond, he being English by descent, daring to use such treasonable language in the House of Commons during the time the

IRON DUKE WAS PREMIER.

Verily the forbearance of British Statesmen of this day to Irish disloyalty and traitorous ranting, boasting and threatening is surprising.

Professor Tyndal writes to the London *Times*: "Your columns already contain the expression of the views which I venture to entertain regard-