Youths' Department.

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A LONELY LITTLE GIRL.

The people of Holland are very proud of their noble Rijks Museum in Amsterdam, into which are gathered the treasures which illustrate the growth of the arts and sciences in their kingdom from barbarous ages until the present time. The great corridors are usually crowded with all the classes of the Dutch nation.

A visitor to the museum last summer noticed that the long procession swerved aside from the galleries of pictures which held only a large blank-book, inscribed with the names of noted visitors.

Upon the open page of this book was written, in a child's unsteady, careful hand, "Wilhelmina."

It was a motley crowd that paused to look at this name, and a picture que one; for the Dutch still wear many of their national costumes. There were nobles with their equerries, wealthy burghers, peasant women from Zealand, in hooped skirts and white caps with gold helmets, priests in black gowns, with white cord about their waists; maid servants from Scheveningen, with huge golden cork-screw pins in their hair, and orphan boys from the Stadt Asylum, one-half of their bodies clothed in black, and the other in scarlet.

On each face, old or young, came the same amused, tender smile, as they saw the childish writing; and they passed on, nodding to each other with delighted

approval:
"She writes well."

"She is wonderfully clever."
"Ab, the dear child!"

"Who is the little child whom everyone loves?" asked the American lady of the Dutch lady who was standing near

"She is our little Queen, Wilhelmina," was the reply. "She is only ten years old, and not a strong child; but each of us prays every day for her life, as if she was one of our own. That is not only because she is the last of the royal race, and if she dies Holland would be torn to pieces by wars for succession, but because we love her. She is so good, so honest and friendly a child."

Wilhelmina is a slight, erect child, with brown hair, a smiling mouth, and dark, candid, friendly eyes. She lives with her mother, the regent, in the chateau of St. Loo in summer, and in one wing of the royal palace at the Hague in winter.

The great State ball-rooms and thronehalls are closed since her father's death; and the little maid has a wing of the palace, like a cozy house, to live in, full of pretty China stoves and easy-chairs, with flowers in the windows. But few girls have so lonely a life as she.

"She cannot play with other children," said one of her subjects. "Whom could she have for a companion? She is Queen: she must study, study; she must learn to rule."

Poor lonely little Queen! Yet she has her pleasures.

When her mother's last birthday arfamona artist. S COLLEDVED TO keep the secret for months, and had chosen a dress to wear which her dead father had given her.

Sometimes she gives a fete to the Stadt orphans in their queer red and black

garments.

"She loves the orphans," said the Dutch trau. "When, after the King's death, all the people of Amsterdam came to pay homage to the regent mother, the little child suddenly stepped down from the throne, and going up to one of the poor girls, who, like herself, had no father, she put her arms around her and kissed her.

"Ah, then you should have heard the acclamation of the people! All our boys in Holland love their child Queen. They would protect her with their lives."

While all Americans will agree in rejoicing that the well-being of our country does not depend on the life of a child, yet we can recognize the truth in the shrewd remark of the frau in Amsterdam :-

"If one must have a monarch, it is best that she should be a child and a

girl; for then all that is best in the hearts of her subjects will rise for her support and her defence!"—Youth's Com-

Rescue the Perishing.

Give New Life to Those Burdened With Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound the Sufferer's Best Friend.

Another Wonderful Cure in Manitoba.

WAS ONCE A BURDEN TO MR. FAIRHALL,

Now He is Hearty and Healthy,

Mr. Fred. Fairhall, of Fairhall, Selkirk Co., Manituba, writes for the sole purpose of benefitting thousands in Canada who suffer from the troubles and afflictions that made life a misery to him in the past. Comment on our part is unnecessary, as Mr. Fairball clearly proves that Paine's Celery Compound was the direct means of saving his life. He

writes as follows:—
"Having read of some remarkable cures reported in the Winnipeg Weekly Tribune, permit me to add my testimony in favor of your valuable medi ine.

"I had been troubled with indigestion and bilious diarrhosa for six years. These troubles, with hard work, brought upon me, in the spring of 1891, nervous prostration. From a state of activity I was reduced to a condition that I could not work. My memory, which previously had been retentive, failed me; I could not sleep, and I felt a great depression of spirits. I was so distressed at times both in body and mind, that I often wished to die, and I frequently prayed to God, if it was His will, to take

"I thank God all this has passed away. Paine's Celery Compound with God's blessing has been the means of curing me. I have taken ten bottles of the Compound which I purchased from Mr. R. W. Oliver, of Killarney.

"I am now perfectly restored in mind and memory; my appetite is good, and I am improving steadily in health. For rived, Wilhelmina with great joy sur- all these blessings I am more than prised her with her portrait, painted by thankful, and have strongly recomaine's Celery Compound to my neighbors."

A CATHOLIC PETITION.

PRESENTED YESTERDAY IN WIN-NIPEG

By press despatch from Winnipeg dated Monday, we learn that a thousand Catholics of that city were to have marched, yesterday, in a body to the Cayaramant building to lay before Pressure and the control of the contro Government building to lay before Premier Greenway and his ministry the following petition:

We, the undersigned Catholics of the Province of Manitoba, do respectfully represent:

1. That we are unable from motives of conscientious convictions to participate in, or derive benefit from the system of education, as now carried on under the Public School act of 1890 and amend ments thereto.

2. That the heavy pecuniary sacrifices with which Catholics throughout the province have been burdened in consequence of said laws for the last four years, even through the financial stringency of the present time, must remove any doubt as to the correctness of their feelings and convince your Government of the gravity of their grievances.

3. That without sharing your petitioners' religious convictions, that the taxation of Catholics for schools acceptable only to Protestants is most oppressive and unfair, your Government must feel that they can no longer in their own conscience legitimately carry on that system, the result of which is injustice and oppression.

4. Therefore, your petitioners, as freeborn British subjects, do enter their firm and solemn protest against this unfair treatment at your hands, and do respectfully and earnestly pray that your Government take into their serious consideration the grievance of the Catholics of this province, and to pass such legislation as may be necessary to remedy such grievances to their full extent, and to assure to the said population the full respect of their rights and conscientious feelings, the use of their school taxes and of their legitimate share of the public money, voted for educational purposes in this province, and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

STAINED GLASS WINDOWS FOR SALE CHEAP.

Four of the large, rich Stained Glass Windows in St. Patrick's Church, Montreal, which do not harmonize with the others, are for sale cheap. The pattern is such that they could be easily divided into eight windows, each of about twenty feet in height and about five feet in width. May be had after a month's notice. Apply to

J. QUINLIVAN, Pastor.

CHURCH PEWS FOR SALE

The Pews of St. Patrick's, Montreal, which have been removed from the Church, may be bought very cheap. There are three hundred of them, made of the best clear pine, with neatly paneled ends and doors. The book rests and top bead are of black walnut; each pew is six feet long by thirtyeight inches wide. Apply to

J. QUINLIVAN, Pastor.



"D.& L". MENTHOL PLASTER used.

EDUCATIONAL.

MOUNT ST. MARY

Educational Establishment for Young Ladies,

NOTRE DAME COLLEGE AND MOUNT ST. LOUIS INSTITUTE

Will re-open on Monday and Tuesday, September 3rd and 4th. It is desirable that Parents of Intending pupils should know that the very best place in Montreal to purchase the season's outfit of Footwear is at the deservedly popular store of

J. F. BANNISTER,

Queen's Block, St. Catherine Street, Corner of Victoria, Where the largest Variety, the best Quality, the lowest Prices and satisfaction is guaranteed. Telephone 4105.



Who Weigh and Compare

Know and get the best. Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, has won a wide and wonderful popularity. At its introduction it was submitted to expert chemists, prominent physicians and famous cooks. All of these pronounced

a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose.

The success of Cottolene is now a matter of history. Will you share in the better food and better health for which it stands, by using it in your home?

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Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA DIVISIONS.

Chambly, St. Ours, Lachine, Beauharnois, St. Anne, Carillon and Grenville Canals.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-CEALED TENDERS addressed to the underD signed, will be received until noon of the
15th September, 1894, for the supply of materials, including Timber, Lumber, Cast and
Wrought Iron Hardware, Coal Oil, Coal, &c.,
&c., in such quantities as may be required
from time to time during the fiscal year 1894'95. Each tender must be endorsed "Tenders
for Supplies."
Forms can be obtained at the office of the
Superintending Engineer, Montreal, and from
the Canal Superintendents.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

E. MARCEAU,

Acting Supt. Engineer.

Acting Supt. Engineer.
Suptg. Engineer's Office, 1709 Notre Dame St.,
Montreal, Aug. 1716, 1894.



LAKE ST. LOUIS.

CEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-D signed, and endorsed "Tenders for New Channel, Lake St. Louis." will be received at this office up to noon on Tuesday, the 18th day

Channel, Lake St. Louis." will be received at this office up to noon on Tuesday, the 18th day of September, 1894, for the formation of a new channel in Lake St. Louis, section No. 1.

Plans and specification of the work to be done can be seen on and after the 23rd day of August, 1894, at the office of the Chief Engineer of Italiways and Canais, Ottawa, and at the Superintending Engineer's office in Montreal, where forms of tender can be obtained.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank cheque, for the sum of \$5,000.00 must accompany the tender. This accepted cheque must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canais and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in offer submitted. The accepted cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

J. H. BALDERSON,

Recretary.

ept. of Railways and Canals } Cttawa, 4th August, 1894.

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IF YOU WANT

Good Reef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Corned Beef and Salt Tongues, go to E. DAURAY, Bonsecours Market, Stalls Nos. 54 and 56, or Telephone