

surength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alnot or phosphate powders. Sold only in cass. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

COMMERCIAL

GRAIN AND FLOUR .- There was no change nthe grain market on account of the continued light offerings and the slow demand, consequently business was dull at unchanged prices. We quote:—Canada winter whea 85s to 87c; white winter, 85s to 87c; white winter, 85s to 87c; Skin and House.—Hides, No. 1. ner lb, 5½c; Canada spring 83s to 84c; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 86s to 87c; No. 2 do 83s to 84c; No. 1 Northern, 83s to 84c; peas, 73c 25c; sheepskins, 75s to \$1. Fish—White to 74c per 66 lbs. in store; cats, 41c to 42c per 34 lbs.; rye, 50c; barley, 65c to 70c; founders, 8c; fresh cod, 8c; fresh cod

The flour market has shown no improvement, tusiness being quiet and of a jobbing character, and the demand was only A fair amount of business was done in Manitoba strong flour at steady prices. We quote:—Patent winter, \$4 40 to \$4 60; patent spring, \$4 40 to \$4 65; atraight roller, \$4 00 to 4 55; extra, \$3 80 to \$3 95; superfine, \$3 00 to \$3 25; strong bakers', \$4 20 to \$4 30. Ontario bags-Extra \$1 80 to \$1 95; superfine, \$1 35 to to \$2; turkeys, per lb, 13 to 14c; goese. 50 grown animal twice a day, which generally \$1 70; city strong bakers (140 lb. sks.) per to \$0c. Live Stock—Milch cows, \$35 to \$10 proves fatal to lice. If this does not effectuable, \$25; live hogs, cwt, \$4 50 to \$6 00; ally succeed the best external application for orls., \$0 00 to \$5 45; oatmeal, granulated, pigs, pr, \$3 to \$4; fat beeves, \$3 50 to \$5 brls., \$0 00 to \$5 70; rolled meal, \$6 00.

Ottawa, March 27—The offerings are lived and coal oil."

LOCAL PROVISIONS.—The local provision market was fairly active. A fair amount of market was fairly active. A land business was done in lard at former pricer. Canada short cut, per brl, \$17 50 to \$18 00; mess pork, western per brl, \$17 to \$17 50; to \$550; oatmeal, \$535 to \$570; cornmeal, \$15 to \$1 25; bran, per 1b, 12s to 12sc; hams, canvassen, per 1b, 12s to 12sc; hams, green, per 1b, 9s to 9sc; flanks, green, per 1b, 9s to 9sc; lard, western, in pails, 9c to 9sc; bacon, per 1b, 10s to 1lc; shoulders, 00s to 8sc; tallow,

com refined, per lb, 482 to 52.

DEESSED Hoss.—The offerings of dressol hogs continue fair for this season of the year, and a few fair sized lots are held here yet.

The demand from butchers was fair, and a The demand from butchers was fair, and a loss; lard, per lb, 10½ to 12; dry salted number of small sales was made, and the market was fully active at steady prices. We quote \$7.50 to \$7.75 per 100 lbs.

were larger, which were mostly all taken, and each, 50c to 75c; ducks, per pair, 70c to S0c;

at 18; to 19; per dozen.

BUTTER.—Trade in butter continued mederate and limited to local requirements, there being no other cutlet offered. We quote:—
to 25c. Vegetables.—Potatoes, per bag,
Creamery, 19 to 22½c; Townships, 17 to 21c;
Morrisburg, 17 to 20c; Brockville, 16½ to 19½c;
beets, per dezen bunches, 20c to 30c; onlons,
Westard 14 to 171c.

Western, 14 to 17½c.

CHEST — Locally there is no change. New York quotation is 533 6d, c.i.f., colored.

Over.kept summer makes, 42s to 44: Better grades remain in small compass between 45; to 52: Skims and other qualities dull, from 12s to 302 Finest September and October, 1140; fine Ligo; finest August, 104c to Me; fine, 1010 to 1010; medium, 90 to 971. RETAIL MARKETS.

The attendance to-day at the market was not very large, owing to the had condition of the country reads, but, outside of the business done with farmers, the usual trade was transacted. Eggs met with a good demand, and butter was rapidly bought up. Fish was as usual selling plentifully. We quote:

| | 4 |
|--|--|
| GRAZN. | MEATS. |
| Red winter\$0 82@\$0 87 | Vest |
| White 0 83@ 0 86 | Hogs, 100 lbs. 6 50@ 7 25 |
| Spring 0 83@ 0 85 | Porkstonk lb 4 000 7 25 |
| Qate 0 886 U 41 | Porksteak, lb. 0 086 0 18 |
| Com 0 700 0 61 | Hams, per lb. 0 100 0 13 1 Bacon, per lb. 0 102 0 13 |
| Corn 0 70@ 0 72 | Bacon, per 1b. 0 100 0 13 |
| Page 0 75 | Parid Der 15 0 07@ 0 10 |
| 5049 V 58@ 0 74 | Lard, per 1b. 0 10@ 0 13; Lard, per 1b. 0 07@ 0 10 Pork, per bbl.10 50@17 50 |
| | |
| Buckwheat U 5509 U 45 | FISH. |
| PRODUINE. | Res Solmon 15 CO 10000 10 |
| Butter, fine\$0 25@\$0 30 | Hallbut 0 00% 0 14 |
| THE STATE | B.00 B 03@ 0 08 |
| ships 0 11@ 0 12 | Mackerol 0 000 0 15 |
| Butter, bakers' 0 15@ 0 17 | OYSTERS AND LOBSTERS. |
| Cheese, fi/10 0 106 0 18 | |
| Cheese, good., 0 96 0 10 | Oysters,select, |
| Eggs, fresh 0 17@ 0 19 | par quart. \$0 45@60 GD |
| Lgus, limed () 12@ 0 15 | Oyelerr.com., |
| | |
| Potatoes, bush 0 50@ 0 90 | Oysters, shell, |
| furnips, bush. 0 80@ 0 60 | |
| Darrots, bush. 0 40@ 0 50 | Lobsters, 1b 0 0 @ 0 10 |
| Dalons, bush. 0 85@ 1 25 | POULTRY AND GAME. |
| Beets, bash U 20@ 0 45 | G0000, ner lh. c 0 10/200 11 |
| Apples, bbl 1 75@ \$ 50 | Fowls, patr 0 35@ 0 50 |
| | |
| Patent \$4 85@\$4 85 | PIDAAAA A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ETRICIA COL 1 1500 1 AO I |
| Spring 8 50@ 8 75 | inipe doz 2 75@ 3 00 |
| BUGAR, | Plover, doz 2 50@ 2 75 |
| Cut lost | MTGGHTY LAMBONS |
| Crushed 0 7 @ 0 718 | Cost stove #7 comes and |
| Granulated. 0 676 0 7 | Coal cheet not & M.S.S. 4 05 |
| Coffee, "A" | Coal, chestnut, 6 756 H 85 |
| | Coke 6 50@ 7 50 |
| BALLT. | Wood, hard 7 50@ 8 00 |
| Tivernii hag en tomes es | Wood, soft 4 75@ 5 25 |
| Liverp'l, bag\$0 40@\$0 50 Canadian, in | 111G68, NO |
| | |
| Small bags. 2 50@ 3 50 | H1098, No. |
| TACIOTY ILLING. I ZUG I ZE | 2, per 1b. 0 07 @ 0 08 |
| Eur-kn fact'y | Whole is a second of |
| filed 2 30@ 2 40 | Calfekins, |
| THE STEERING U 280 D 301 | വു വരെ കറവെ ! |
| MEATS. | Riconnicia o ao a a a a a a a |
| -Deer, luu lus, ssa yhdask yht | TRIIDW.III BOA À À À ÀI. I |
| Steak, per lb 0 096 0 18 Rosst, per lb 0 066 0 12 | Addes, Dor |
| Roast, per lb U 06@ 0 12 | 100 4 40 @ 0 00 |
| "Corned D 07@ 0 091 | Hops 0 11 @ 0 20 |
| Mutton 0 07@ 0 12 | 2 24 W U ZU] |
| | |

Toronto, March 27.—Business is becoming more active as Easter approache. There wheat, red, per bush, 770 to 81c; wheat, 70c to 78: oats, per bush, 483 to 493; googe, per bush, 770 to 493; peas, 70c to 78: oats, per bush, 483 to 493; peas, peas per hush, 67c to 70s; Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs, \$7 to \$7 25; chickens, per pair, 555 to 75c; butter, per lb rolls, 20c to 25c; eggs, new laid, per doz, 00s to 15s; potatoes, per new faid, per doz, 003 to 153; potatoes, per bag, \$1 00; apples, per barrel, \$2.25 to \$3 00; onions, per doz, 155 to 203; onions, per bag, \$2; turnips, white; per bag, 400 to 500; rhubarb, per bunch, 15s; cabbage, per dcz, 50 te \$1; celery, 40s to 753 beets per

peck, 200 to 250; paraley, per doz, 200; hay,

\$11 to \$17; straw, \$7 to \$13; London, Ont., March 27.—Business generally is growing better and the supply for Easter week is good. We quote: Grain—Red Winter, \$1 30 to \$1 35; wheat, \$1 30 to \$1 35; spring, \$1 30 to \$1 35; corn, \$1 15 to \$1 30; rye, \$1 15 to \$1 30; barley, malt, \$1 25 to \$1 36; day, day, and \$1 28; do. feed, \$1 10 to \$1 15; beaus, bushel to \$1 30; peas, \$1 05 to \$1 15; beans, bushel, \$1 50 to \$2 25; buckwheat, cental, 95c to \$1; VEGETABLES—Potatoes, per hag, \$1 05 to \$1 15; turnips, per bag, 300 to 400; parsnips, per bag, 80 to \$1 00; carrots, per bag, 40c to 50c; beats, per bag, 50c; batte, per bag, per bag, 50c; batte, per bag, pe bag, 40c to 50c; bests, per bag, 50c to 75c; onions, per bushel, \$1 50 to \$2; cauliflowers, 50 to 20c; radiabes, 2 bunches, 50; cab bages, per dezen. 500 to \$1; celery, per dozen, 50a to 60); squash, aplece, 52 to 7c; squash, per dozen, 60a to 80c. PRODUCE—Eggs, fresh 14 to 19, eggs pack'd 00; Butter, best roll, 25 to 28; butter, large rolls, 18 to 20; butter, crocks 17 to 18; butter, tub dairy 00 to 00; butter, store packed firkin 00 to 00; Cheese, ib wholesale, 101 to to 111; dry wood, 4 50 to 5 25; green wood, 4 25 to 4 75; soft wood, 2 50 to S 50; honey, lb., 10 to 104; Tallow, cleor, 3½ to 04; Tallow, rough, 1½ to 02; Lard, No. 1, lb., 11 to 12½; lard, No. 2, lb., 10 to 11; Straw, loud, 3 00 to 4 00; Clover seed, bn. 4 50 to 5 50 Alsike seed, 4 50 to 5 25; Timothy, bush, 2 50 to 3 50; Hongarian grass sc. bu, 00 to 00: Millet, bu, 00 to 00; Hay 11 00 to 12 00; Flax seed, bu, 1 40 to 150. FRUIT—Apples, bag, \$1 to \$1 30; apples, bbl, \$2 to \$3; dried apples, lb, 65 to \$2; cranberries, qt, 155 to 253. MEATS—Pork, \$6 75 to \$7; pork, by qr, 80 to 93; beef, \$4 50 to

\$6 50; mutton, by qr, 80 to 90; mutton, by

careass, 50 to 7c; bear's meat, lb, 15c to 20c.

STARCH PRODUCT. An American paper says that the Aroostook (Me.) starch product for 1887 was the smallest for many years, potatoes having been scarce and of poor quality. Of seven factories re-ported as having been in operation for the past year, the average capacity is about 40, 000 bushels of potatoes a year, producing from 150 to 200 tons at each factory. The product is nearly all consumed in New Ecgland cotton mills, though some of it is pul verized and sold for potato flour. THE PROSPUCT.

BOGUS CHEESE.

a fine of \$75 upon the person found guilty of

selling this so-called cheese, and the Dairy Commissioners are looking up some case

they have in hand .- Chicago Tribune.

decader.

An exchange says that the winter wheat crop does not promise well in the West, and should the weather prove to be severe, the yield will not be an average one. The present position of wheat is considered a strong Stocks in the West are being reduced rapidly, and at English ports they are also being depleted. The good prospects of Eng-lish crops and the surplus for export anticicarcass, 7c; lamb, per qr, 10c to 12:; lamb, lish crops and the surplus for expert anticable carcass, 9c to 10c; veal, 5c to 6c; veal, by pated in India and South Australia are facts which lead many not to hope too much from

per 34 lbs.; rye, 50c; barley, 65c to 70c; baddock, 7c; flounders, Sc; fresh cod, Sc; fresh cod, Sc; bond.

The flour market has shown as in 1001 duct of Uncle Sam's poultry yards in eggs and poultry reaches this sum annually.

POULTRY (dressed)—Chickens, pr, 50 to 70c; ducke, pr, 75c to \$1; geese, each, 50 to 70c; geese, per 1b, 6 to 7c; turkeys, per 1b, 11 to 13c. POULTRY (undressed)—Chickens, 45 to 13c. POULTRY (undressed)—Chickens, 45 to

Children Cryfor Pitcher's Castoria.

26.; pike, 0.; mackerol, lb., 10.; black bass, 80; perch, doz ,250; smelts, lb.,10..

all good, and a brisk trade is being done. Following are the quotitions:—
FLOUR—No. 1 brand, per brl., \$4 to \$4.25; atrong bakers', \$4.25 to \$4.50; patent, \$5 to \$5.50; commeal, dred pounds, \$4.00 to \$6.75; bosisteak, per lb, 10x to 15x; roast beef, per lb, 10x to 15x; sheep, live weight, \$8.50 to \$4.50; mutton, per lb, 5x to 8x; lamb, per lb, 00x to 00x. Wool.—Fleece, unwashed, per lb, 15x to 20x; fleece, washed, 22x to 25x; factory yarn, per lb, 40x to 50x. Pork.—Dreased hogs, per 100 lbs, \$7.75 to \$8.25; hams, per lb, 10x to 15x; smaked haven par lb 10x; sma lb, 12c to 150; smoked becon, per lb, 10a to Ashes—A moderate amount of business has been done in ashes and the market was more nactive as the receipts were fair. Prices were unchanged We quote first pots at \$4.25 to 100; brook trout, per lb, 100 to 150; cod, per lb, 25 to 250; brook trout, per lb, 100 to 150; cod, per lb, 42 to 60; finan haddies, 7c to 100 lts. a good business was done with prices steady at 18: to 19: per dozen.

Burrez.—Trade in butter continued modfresh prints, 23: to 28c, cheese, 12c to 15c. skim cheese, 7c to 9s; eggs, per doz, 18s per gallon, 200 to 250; colery, per burch, 50 to 10c; carrots, per bag, 45c to 50c; turnips, per bag, 35c to 45c. Hines —Hides, rough, per lb, 45 to 4½5; shearing and lamb skins per lh, 40c to 60c; sheepskins, each, 700 to \$1; tallow, per 1h., 3c to 4c. COAL—Stove, 8; chestnut, \$8; Egg. \$7 75; Furnace, \$7 75; American soft, \$8 50; onke, \$4. No charge for weighing. Wood-Tamarao per load, \$275 to \$3; mapls per cord, \$3 25 to 4 00; mixed hard-wood per cord, \$3 50 to \$4 MISCELLANE. OU:5—Hay, per ton. \$9 00 to \$10 00; Applea,

EASTER CATTLE.

per bbl, \$2 00 to \$3 00.

BUSINESS AT THE CATTLE YARDS -- COOD CATTTE FOR BASTER.

Business at the cattle yards have been brick and a good lot of cattle has been placed on the market. There were nineteen carl adschipped from the Point to the East End Abattoir market, and a fair amount of business was done in this line, which tended to strengthen the market, and some holders were asking much higher prices than buyers were willing to pay. Some hoavy steers were lought up, Mr. Levenue purchasing one we sighing 2,625 lbs. The price for heavy animal's ranged from 5c to 54. There was a strong demand and drovers held out for their price. Mr. Simpson was holding a beautiful steer wingbing 2,600 lbr. at 93 per lb., which was the highest price asked. J. Rollet, of Quebec, bought from T. Peers a choice steer at \$4.00, and a few others at 6c, also eight more at 51c. Mr. Bourassa, of Bonsecours market, bought two fine steers weighing 3,210 lbs. at \$200, eight choice heifers at \$75 each, twenty five calves at from \$5 to \$30 each. One of these calves weighed 535 lbs. and cost \$30. Lwelve spring iambs at from So to Si. On the whole the offering was the best seen for many years, and the butchers will all have a choice supply for Saturday.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

The world's consumption of wheat is said to be about 2,165,000,000 busnels annually. The entire dairy interests of the United States represents a capital of \$3,000,000,000. The timber experted to the United States from Canada during 1887 was valued at near-

ly \$8,000,000. It is said to be just one hundred years since the price of outs was so low in England as it has been this winter.

Cheeserine is said to be the latest fraud in England. It is a suggestion of cheese, as oleomargarine suggests to butter.

Hay is the most valuable of all American with their grain as often as two or three times crops; the amount out in 1880 exceeded a week, and if they are seen to have an incli-

600; ducks, 50 to 700; turkeys, each, \$1.25; sulphur in feed, say two tables; out als pe

CURE FOR SCRATCHES AND GREASF.

A writer in the Farmer's Advocate gives the following cure for the above diseases, which, he states, he has thoroughly tried with unfailing results: Wash the affected part thoroughly with castile soap and sof: water. dry perfectly and then apply, once a day, an cintment composed of 11 lbs. matten tallow, doz. of tincture of iodine, doz. of oil of origanum, 2 ozr. of turpentine, 1 cz. of finely ground verdigris, and 4 ozr. of ointar at of rosin, mixed well together. For grouse he recommends an application of time are of iodine before the first application of the oint-

AMERICA THE HOME OF TROTTERS.

An American paper says :- It is conceded now that the American trotting borse is the best in the world. Years ago superiority was conceded to English horses, and before that to the Arabian. We imported from both— improved on both. While England has some good horses, her breeders need to con-Arabian importations, or their steck will run down. There is a significance in this to horse breeders. English climate is over-moist. That of Ara-100 lts.

EGGS—There was a good demand for eggs and the market was active as the offerings of the were mostly all telescope were larger, which were mostly all telescope and the market was active as the offerings of the were mostly all telescope and the market was active as the offerings of the were mostly all telescope and the market was active as the offerings of the were mostly all telescope and the were mostly all t most wide-awake, enterprising and indomitalls in the world have apparently affected our horses also. Consider the localities in this country where our greatest trotters have been bred, all dry and generally on high or rolling lands. On the face of things it would evidently us a mistake for farmers on low, wet prairies, or in other sections where the climate is always moist, to expect to breed the best trotters.

CARRIOS FARM ANIMALS. The farm animals will need to be well taken

care of and looked after this month. The long apall of severe cold weather, during which they have been or should have been confined to the barn for the most of the time, and the loy condition of many barn yards, which has made it necessary to deprive them of the opportunity of taking exercise even when the weather would have allowed them to be out of doors, have united in increasing the liability of dilness, or at: ileast of that general running down in vigor and weakening of the system which is usually termed getting" out of condition."

The first cause is more frequently the in-creased appetite produced by the cold weather, and then the lack of exercise reluces the digestive powers. Some part of this may be prevented by attent ion to the food given. More grain should be given in cold weather, if the stables cannot be licept warm, ant while this is done there should be daily feeds of roots or of ensilage, or good rowen hay, which will assist digestion by quickening the action of the digestive organs. For this purpose roots have a much higher feeding value than is indicated by their analysis.

Another frequent cause of sickness or weakness in animals at this season is the drinking of ice water, chilling the atomach to that it cannot perform its work. This may be prevented by a little extra care, either in protocting the watering trough from freezing, or in supplying water direct from well or cistern, where the temperature is not as low as to be unplessant to drink, which will not chill the system of the animal.

When the yards are very slippery, the animals should not be let out, or only put out one at a time, that they may move cautiously over the dangerous places. Besides the risk of broken legs, or of other severe lameness, there is always danger of aborting from the strains received in slipping. A thorough and careful grooming every day is beneficial to horned cattle as well as to horses, keeping the pores open and the skin in good candition; but it should be done in such a way so to be a pleasure instead of a torment to the animal. If the skin is tender and sensitive, and the tesh of the card or currycome so sharp as to make the animal cringe away from it, change at once to a brush or some other instrument which is not so harsh in its application. The wire brushes, with the teeth set in fiexible rubber backs, are much better than the old-

fashioned wooden cattle cards for general use. Cows in milk and young stock should have a spoonful or more of fine ground bone mixed thirty six millions of tons grown on more intloutorchew bonss, leather or wollen rags, that thirty six millions of sorse. It has kept the amount given may be much larger, even

page with its rivals, for in 1850 not quite to a cupful of ground bone every day for a fourteen million tons were grown. Even twenty years ago but nineteen millions were while. In some sections where the phosphates seem to have been exhausted from the soil, or where the water is impregnated with some reported, so that it has nearly doubled in two element that may cause an unusual waste of the bone-forming material in the system, this craving for bone becomes a disease, known as Dairy Commissioner Howard says that adults atcd cheese made in Elgin, Ill., is to a considerable extent brought into Minnesota bone ail or cripple-ail, and there seems no remedy excepting in supplying the bone as it is needed, even in quantities which would seem dang rous to those who have not had and consumed. It contains coloring matter, hog's lard and arsenic, and as it can be sold experience with this disease. Salt should be for less than genuine cheese can be made for, it finds ready purchasers. The law imposes given to all animals once a week in their food, or the batter way is to keep a lump of the hard mineral salt where they can have access to it as they require it. But if they have been kept long without it, they should not have too much at first, as an overdose of it, or of the water which will be drank afterward, may cause injury rather than benefit.

NOTES.

A blanket in a cold stable will save oats. The Sultan of Turkey has prohibited the

farther exportation of Arabian horses. In the agricultural districts of Russia the women are said to do two-thirds of the field

An Australian farmer says that thirtles which infest his land make ensiloge which

the cattle satrapidly. Wooden troughs are best to hold drinking water for fouls in winter, as i. does not freeze

as readily as in other vessels. It is estimated that there are as many as sixty-eight standard breeds of thoroughtred fowl, exclusive of the common barnyard

poultry.

A cow well broken to lead is worth ten dollars more as compared to a timid and unmanageable one. She will give more milk. and make more butter, beardes atways making good nature.

The modern fancy butter contains more moisting than the old style. All right, this is, the way people want is. It looks better, spreads better, and is made without breaking the grain and looking like greass.

A mushroom plantation has been established in a disneed railway tunnel at Edinburgh. The mushroom beds occupy about six hundred yards of the tunnel, whose to al length is about three-quarters of a mile.

It is said that 1,000 sheep, kept on a piece of ground one year will make the soil capable of yielding grain enough-over and above the capacity of the soil without the sheep manure—to support 1,035 sheep the entire

Clover hay is just the thing for the breeding marc. It feeds the blood to make a perfect foal. The clover stubs are good after the leaves, blossoms and stems are eaften off -we mean hay not dead ripe. With such hay there must be bran and oats or the unborn foal will be starved.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

VETERINARY.

[The Veterinary Department of The Tau & Withers is in charge of a practical veterinary suracen. The bane-its of this column are extended to country subscribers only, and no charge is made for these answers. In case private advice by mail is required it is necessary to enclose a fee of one dollar.]

H.P.-1. Got coltthree years old in spring ; run in yard till week ago; in moving from one side to the other in stall his hind legs catch sometimes, when all at once it will fly up like a horse with string halt and back to the floor, when he apparently will be all right for a time. 2. Got mare ten years old. isme forward; am unable to locate the treubie; have taken shoe off, but can find nothing in foot. Aus.—1. Examine the heels to see if there is any sores; if there is, clip the bair off and apply a linseed meal poultice for three days, at the same time feed on bran maches and give 5 drs. of aloss, 1 dr. of ginger, lard to make a ball; when the cores look healthy apply exide of sine 2 dre., lard 2 conces, rubbing a little on every day until healed. 2 Examine the pastern for enlargement, and from fetlock to knee for splint, or the thoulder; if in the shoulder will dreg the foot, if lame from splint will drop when trotted, but will walk all right; if in the pastern joint, will walk on the heels; if you find any of the above symptoms write and let me know.

J. H.-I am so much pleased with you Weterinary Column that I take the liberty of asking a question : I have a three-year-old colt affected with pin worms. Please give remedy in Veterinary column of TRUC WIT WESS and oblige. Ant. - Feed on bran masher for two days, on second merning give the following fasting : Oil of turpentine, 2 ounces linseed oil, raw, 1 pint; on the third day give 5 drs. of aloes, 1 dr. of ginger, flard to make a ball; also give injection of warm water, 2 querts, with 2 ounces of turnenting,

C. C. -My horses broke out under the collar and saddle last fall and continued to break out whenever worked any length of time or drove. It isn't like the usual gall, but comes out in large pimples and weeps. Horses are in fair working condition and fed or hay, with about a gallon of oats per day, with an odd feed of roots. By answering the above you will confer a favor on an old subscriber. Ans.—Feed on bran mashes; on second day give aloes 7 drs., ginge: 1 dr., lard to make a ball; allow to physic well; when physic has set give 14 ounces of citrate potash, I ounce of rosin, 2 ounces of sulbur, mix and divide into powders; give one powder every day; apply the following to the ckin: acetate of zinc 4 dre., water 1 qrt.; mix and apply two or three times a day.

THE HORSE TRADE.

Mr. Kimball, proprietor of the Horse Ex-change at the Canadian Pacific stock yards, at Hochelaga, kas submitted plans to the directors of the company for a large atable at that place having all the latest improvements.
The company have accepted the plans and work will at once commence. They will also build a stable on the wharf near their station to facilitate the transfer of imported horses by the steamship companier.

Mr. Kimball has received letters from Amsterdam asking for detailed information, also as to the purchasing of horses for military together you can get money from both, be-purposes, some having been exported last cause each one is airaid the other will think season which gave great satisfaction to the her stingy if she refuses. This profession has military authorities. It is likely that a large to be studied, just like any other, if you extrade will be the outcome. Mr. Kimbali has also received letters from London, Scotland, Liverpool and other places, informing him that horses will be sent out at the opening of navigation. A larger number of horses bave been imported during the past winter via Boston and other ports than in any former season, caused by the good market and prices obtainable in the States.

11/3/01/23



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PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

STILL IN MONTREAL, AT THE ALBION HOTEL.



Physicians and Surgeons from Dr. KERGAN'S International Medical and Surgicul Institute, Detroit, Mich,

Are Still at the Albion Hotel,

WHERE THEY WILL REMAIN UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE On account of the manner in which their business keeps on increasing and the large number of important cases on hand requiring close attention. Dr. Kergan has been obliged to close attention. Dr. Kergan has been obliged to cancel dates for Ottawa, and retain present Staff in Montreal. Another Division of the Staff will, however, fill the following appoint ments for the recommodation of patients and all persons suffering from UISEASES or DEFORMITIES peculiar to their sext Conconic Diseases, Nervous Diseases, Private Diseases, Hereditary Diseases, Diseases of the Rayreductive Organ, att. who desire our Reproductive Organ, etc., who desire our opinion or advice or treatment, FREE OF CHARGE.

SHERBRAOKE—Grand Central Hotel, Non-SHERBROOKE—Grand Central Hotel, Nouthy, Tue-day and Wedu-sain, March 26th,
27th and 28th. LANCASTER—McRue's Hotel,
Friday, March 26th. CORNWALL—American
Hotel, Raturday and Wonday, Rarch 21st and
April 2nd. MOREISHIEG—St. Lawrence Hall,
Tuesday, April 3rd. SMITA'S FALIS—Royal
Hotel. Wedo-sday, April 4th. CARLETON
PLACE—Hississippi Motel, Thursday, April 5.

If you suffer from Catarrh, Consumption, Asthma, Rheumatism, Deafness, Heart Disease, Dyspensia, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Piles, Blo dor Skin Disease, Fits, Tumors, Cancers, Varices Veins or Ulcers, call at the Hotel for Free Consultation. We will forfeit SICO for overy case we fail to cure, if patient follows our treatment and in-

structions.

If you have any discoloration, mark, or mole on the skin, come and have it removed; Super-fluous Hairs removed from face or any part of

the body without the rightest pain, or ill effects.

ATTY our treatment, Free at Atblock Hotel.

Diseases and derangements peculiar to ladies, young and old, POSITIVELY CURED by Dr. Kergan's system of home treatment. Call for personal interview if possible, the wind write for References. write for References, Special Treatise, and necessary Blanks, etc., furnished free. Address all letters to

Dr. J. D. KERGAN, Medical Director, Detroit, Mich.

ELY'S CATARRH GREAM BALM Gives Relief at once and Gures COLD n HEAD CATARRH CATARRH Hay Fever Not a Liquid, Snuff to or Powder. Free from USE Injurious Druge HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable Price 50 cents at Drugglets; by mall, registered, 60 cts. WIY RROIHERS, 285 Greenwich by Naw York

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, No. 1428. Dame Clara Dufresne, Plaintiff. vs. Olivier H. Mallette, Defendant. Madame Clara Dufresne has this day instituted an action for separation as to property against her husband, Olivier H. Mallette, trader, of the City of Montreal, and District.

Montreal, 26th March, 1888.

P. M. DURAND,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Woman with satchel enters car, sits down enter conductor, asks fare; woman opens, satchel; takes out purse, shuts satchel, opens purse, takes out dime, shuts purse, opens satchel, puts in purse, shuts satchel, offers dime, receives nickel, opens satchel, takes out purse, shuts satchel, opens purse, puts in nickel, closes purse, opens satchel, puts in purse, closes satchel; stop the car, please,

First Beggar-"Why didn't you tackle that lady? She might have given you some-thing." Second Beggar—"I let her go be-cause I understand my business better than you do. I never ask a woman for anything when she is alone; but when two women are pect to make it a success.

Chicago Lady (to husband) : " My dear, did you think to order a ton of coal to-day? Husband: "Yes." Chiosgo Lady: "And my shoes " hushand : "Yes, and " (peering out of the window) "there's a truck backing up to the door now, but it's too dark to see whether it has the coal or the shoes."

CARSLEY'S COLUMN

IMDIES, always beer in mind that S. Caraley is daily receiving novelties in Dress Goods, Silks and Satine.

"Time is Moving."—In going straight to S. Car-lev's for Dress Goods, Ladies can depend on finding what they want at once and no time

IN THAT NEW LOT of Colored French Cashmeres lately received at S. Caraley's, the Shades were found to be the prettiest ever imported in that line of goods.

MEN'S KID GLOVES
MEN'S KID GLOVES
MEN'S KID GLOVES
MEN'S KID GLOVES

Men's grod Kid Gloves, two Buttons, slitched acks, 500 per pair. S. CARSLEY.

Get your Umtrellas re-covered and repaired at S. Careley's.—Star.

MEN'S ELK GLOVES
MEN'S ELK GLOVES
MEN'S ELK GLOVES
MEN'S ELK GLOVES

Men's Elk Gloves, very good for driving, Tan Culer, 55e per pair. S. CARSLEY.

"Why. Jennie, you foolish gir, core into the hols. What are jou out in the snow for pithout wraps?"

"Oh, nothing much, ma! You see, Augustus bas just called and here are his footprints in the snow. I'm measuring to get the right size for those slippers, and do you know I don't believe I've got half cloth enough in them."—Tid Bits.

MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES

Men's Kid Gloves, in every new shade stitched backr, two button, 75c per pair.

S. CARSLEY.

A large variety of new imported Tweeds have just been received at S. Carsley's. — Witness.

MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES MEN'S KID GLOVES

Men's Kid Gloves, in every new color, two clasps, heavy and fine stitched backs, \$1 per cair. There are none to equal them in the trade for the money. S. CARSLEY.

Hotel Clerk, to sea captain: "What was that note in your room?"
Captain: "Oh, I had to break the neck off a bottle I tound there, as I couldn't draw the cork."

"Why, the only bottle there was a han grenade for fire extinguishing." "Is that so? I thought the liquor was very

STILL APPRECIATED.

-THE-GREAT BUTTON SALE --AT--

5c per doz.

NEW PATTERNS ADDED -FOE-

WASHING DRESSES.

EXTRA PEARL BUTTONS -AT-

Sc per doz.

A GREAT SURPRISE

THE PRICE OF RIBBONS.

WERE NEVER CHEAPER-The Favorite Line is 13½c per yd. Usually sold at 25c yd., in

SILK AND SATIN, 8 inches wide.

NOVELTIES NOVELTIES NOVELTIES SPRING SPRING IN DRESS TRIMMINGS IN DRESS TRIMMINGS IN DRESS TRIMMINGS MANTLE MANTLE MANTLE IN IN TRIMMINGS TRIMMINGS TRIMMINGS

The above is in all-wool braid patterns, in § fashionable colors. There is a great demand for them At S. CARSLEY'S.

ABOUT SPOOL COTTON.

The fact is that so many shirt makers and others that do fine sewing use Clapperton's Speels in preference to other maker, gots to prove that it is the best Thread in this market.

MONTREAL, March 28th, 1888.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN " " " " i ded med, "opverling the Trid I decembe to the Spisse cryster of phol

provide and there, in

Children Cryfor Pitcher's Gastoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. र के कार्र के स्वाप को है। का अनुने के के किया में