

Lake Erie. Mr. W. C. McCalla collected it in 1897 near the bottom of the ravine of "The Twenty," Lincoln Co., Ont., Mr. J. Dearness reported it in 1902 from near Wardsville, Middlesex Co., Ont., and Prof. Macoun found it to be abundant in 1907 in Kettle Creek Valley, two miles south of St. Thomas.

LEONURUS SIBIRICUS, L.

Along the Côte des Neiges Road, near Montreal, Que., September, 1906. (Dr. Robt. Campbell). Only Canadian station known.

NICOTIANA LONGIFLORA, Cav.

Escaped from cultivation and naturalized at Côte des Neiges near Montreal, Que. (Dr. Robt. Campbell). Only Canadian record.

GALINSOGA PARVIFLORA, Cav.

Several records of the finding of this species in Ontario have been recorded in these papers, but the first record for Canada was overlooked. This was made in *The Record of Science*, Vol. VI, p. 402, by Dr. Robt. Campbell, who found it in the McGill College grounds at Montreal. Dr. Campbell writes that it is now well naturalized at Montreal, its favorite habitat being vacant uncultivated spaces between the side-walks and the fronts of houses.

PETASITES SPECIOSA, (Nutt.) Piper.

*P. palmata*, Macoun, Cat. Can. Plants, vol. I, 260 in part.

All our specimens from the vicinity of the Pacific Coast are this species. They are from Port Moody, Burrard Inlet, B.C., No. 14,672; Gordon Head, Vancouver Island, No. 14,671; Comox, V.I., No. 14,676, and Sooke, V.I., No. 11,596. All collected by Prof. Macoun. We have also several Alaskan specimens.

SENECIO EREMOPHILUS, Rich.

Near streams in woods between Ashcroft and Clinton, B.C., 1906. (E. Wilson). Not before recorded west of the Rocky Mountains.

SONCHUS ARVENSIS, L.

Near Golden, B.C., 1906. (R. Landells). Our only record west of Manitoba.