RELIABLE STORAGE.
ROBERT CARRIE, 37 Front-st. East, Has an excellent clean flat for Storing Furniture. Every care taken. Plenty of room. 135

The Toronto World.

GAS TUBING!
MOHAIR COVERED AND CORRUGATED RUBBER
GARDEN - HOSE!
TORONTO RUBBER COMPANY LTD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 1 1894 ONE CENT.

A NEW MANITOBA QUESTION

BROUGHT UP BY MR. MARTIN, SUPPORTED BY MR. M'CARTHY.

To Whom Shall the Patents for the 150,000 Acres of Land Granted the University of Manitoba Be Issued?—Procedure Under the Amended Franchise Act—Probable Length of the Session.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 31.—The session is generally supposed to be within a month of prorogation, but this is not at all certain. The Government has taken Wednesday, leaving only Monday for the business of private members. They have, however, a lot of business to get through; there will be two or more days on the tariff, the estimates have all to be passed, the Franchise Act has to be amended, the ocean steamships' subsidy approved, also the French treaty to be ratified. D'Alton McCarthy insists on getting on with his proposal to abolish dual language in the Northwest, and says if the Government does not allow him to reach his measure he will tack his proposal on to a Government measure dealing with the Northwest standing on the paper in the name of Mr. Daly.

The Session May Last Six Weeks.

Should the Government decide to readjust the representation of Quebec on the top of all this business, it is quite likely that Dominion Day and two weeks thereafter will see the House in session.

Not the Last of This Parliament.

For some time an idea has been circulating that this would be the last session of the present Parliament. But that can hardly be. There must be a revision of the lists before an election can take place as there are no lists for the new and enlarged constituencies, such as Haldimand, Wentworth and other ridings redistributed in 1892, and revision can not be completed until next March.

How the Voters' Lists Will Be Revised.

Nothing certain can be ascertained as to the revision and the modification of the Franchise Act until Sir John Thompson brings down his bill defining the changes. But the general impression is that the bill will adopt the municipal lists as a basis of the Dominion lists. To this will be added a manhood franchise clause, so that the lists in Ontario would work out something like this: The revising officer would take the municipal list, leaving off the names of all women that it contains. To this would be added the names of enfranchised Indians, next the names of all Dominion officials who have been debarred by the provincial law, but whose names may or may not be in part second of the municipal lists; next the names of non-resident property-owners and who also may or may not be in part of municipal lists.

What Manhood Franchise Means.

To the list thus built up on the basis of the municipal lists there would be added all young men who could qualify under manhood franchise clause. The only qualification here would be that he was of the age of 21, a British subject and a resident of the province at least six months. This manhood franchise would take the place of the $300 a year income, the farmer's son provision and the property owner's son provision, the student qualification, the fisherman franchise, etc., in the present law.

Appeals and Printing.

The procedure under such a change would be something like the following: During September and October the revising officers would receive declarations from those whose names were not on the provincial lists. From Nov. 1 to 15 the revising officer would cause one copy of the names he had taken from the municipal list and the names of those who had filed applications to be hung up in each municipality. This would complete the lists, no more names could be added. From November 15th to December 1st appeals could be filed against any name on the list. The appeals would be mainly against the manhood franchise voters. Ten days' notice of appeal would have to be given so that the revising officer could not begin to hear them until near the middle of December and would be occupied therewith on the average a full month. In the middle of January the judge might certify to the list, transmit it to Ottawa, where two months would be required to print it. So that anyone who expects an election before next June is not counting with the facts. If anything like the foregoing plan is adopted there will be no printing of the lists in each riding as heretofore under the supervision of the revising officers. This will largely reduce the cost of revision. The modifications here outlined, if adopted, will be adopted on the ground of simplification, cheapening the cost of printing the list, and also on the ground of widening the franchise still further.

Another Manitoba Question.

The Manitoba school dispute was just quietly disappearing off the boards when the strife-workers launched a new one on public attention in the House this afternoon. Mr. Martin of Winnipeg directed the launch and Mr. McCarthy gave the blessing. The new question involves all the old dispute between French and English, Catholic and Protestant that the school question involved.

In brief, it runs as follows: "Some years ago Manitoba and the Dominion closed their differences up to that time by an agreement or treaty embodied in an Act of Parliament that, among other things, Canada would give 150,000 acres of land out of the public domain for the benefit of the University of Manitoba. Before this was passed all the denominations of Manitoba had agreed to the establishment of the University of Manitoba, a non-sectarian, a non-teaching body, on the model of the University of London, whose sole function would be to examine for and confer degrees. To this the Roman Catholics consented. Later on the Archbishop of St. Boniface claimed that the new university was not non-sectarian, that it was also a teaching body and that as a consequence he objected to the patents for the 150,000 acres of land issuing to the University of Manitoba. He desired the Dominion Government to divide up the land pro rata. The Province of Manitoba objected and pressed for the issue of the patents. The Dominion submitted a draft of a patent to the Manitoba Government, which in substance proposed to conserve the interests of the Catholics, and proposed a division of the lands. The Provincial Government refused to accept this suggestion, and so the question has been hung up, so to speak, for four years or over.

Mr. Martin laid all this before the House this afternoon on the motion to go into committee of supply.

Sprung on the Government.

Sir John Thompson replied, saying that the matter had been sprung on the House and on the Government. He gave what was his recollec[illegible] the case and said it had not been [illegible] him by any notice or other intima[illegible]

Mr. Martin said [illegible] had a notice on the paper, but that it had been struck off on Monday, when the innocents were slaughtered. He charged the Government with treating him with a lack of courtesy.

Charges the Government With Shirking.

Mr. Laurier, while not expressing any opinion on the merits of the case, charged the Government with avoiding their duty; that it was their duty to issue the patents one way or the other and to carry out the law, whatever it was.

McCarthy Supports Martin.

Mr. McCarthy rose just before 6 and came out straight in support of the contention of the University of Manitoba and of the Provincial Government. He read the law, which, he said, was in substance a solemn treaty, and contended that the Government had nothing else to do than to issue the patents to the university and to disregard the contention of the archbishop. He was very explicit and direct in the statement of this opinion.

The Matter Will Receive Attention.

Mr. Daly, as Minister of the Interior, claimed that he should have been consulted in the matter. He sent for and produced the correspondence in the matter, quite bulky, but of old date. He had been in Manitoba four or five times since taking office, and no one had made any representations to him on behalf of the university. Now that the question was brought before him, he and the Government would give it attention.

Six o'clock struck and the House rose. When the House assembled at 8 no one raised the question, and there it remains for the present. But it is up and will have to be dealt with. The Government will have to issue the patents to the university or divide the land among the different denominations. Mr. McCarthy contends they cannot do this. If this is so then the Government must patent the land to the university. It can, however, if it likes propose a new grant to the Catholic college. In any event it is another burning issue.

Cost of Revision Will Be Reduced One-Half.

The House went into Committee of Supply, commencing with the items for legislation, which were passed without much discussion, and spending the remainder of the evening up to midnight on the items for railways and canals, nearly the whole of which were wassed.

On the item of $200,000 for revising the voters' lists Sir John Thompson said that it was expected that the amendments to be proposed to the Franchise Act would reduce the cost of revision about one-half.

Tariff Changes Announced.

Mr. Foster to-night gives notice of the following additions to the dutiable list in the tariff:

Iron and steel hoops, bands and strips eight inches and less in width, number 18 gauge and thicker, $10 per ton.

Eggs five cents per dozen.

The first item appears to be more of a new classification than a change, as there is already an analogous item in the tariff changing the same rate of duty on similar articles of slightly different sizes. The second item takes eggs from the free list and places them on the dutiable list, where they were put three sessions ago, but egg yolk is left on the free list.

Turcotte Witnesses Subpœnaed.

The Committee on Privileges and Elections met this morning, but did nothing beyond passing an order for the subpœnaing of certain witnesses in the case of Mr. Turcotte.

Awrey's Audacious Lie.

The statement made by Nicholas Awrey at Stony Creek to the effect that the Ontario Government had not spent one cent for liquor at the Chicago Fair, while the Dominion Government had spent $4600 or $5000, is variously regarded here. Some regard it as a piece of monumental lying, while others are amused at its audacity. Every person who was at the Chicago Fair and visited the Ontario section knows perfectly well that there was in that place liquor galore; and if the Ontario Government did not pay for it the Government must be the biggest "sponger" on earth. As to the Dominion Government, it spent exactly $564.30 in wines and liquors—at least that is the way it appears in the report of the Auditor-General; but the sum includes the cost of apollinaris water, ginger ale and other soft drinks, and also includes the cost of the wines supplied at the luncheon given to the Governor-General. The actual amount spent by the Dominion Government for wines and liquors was $162.35, so that when Mr. Awrey places it at $5000 he only exaggerates by something like, speaking roughly, 30-fold.

The Case of Editor Ellis.

It is currently believed that the case of Mr. Ellis, the St. John editor who was jailed for libel, will occupy the attention of the House to-day, some of the Grit members from the Maritime Provinces intending to bring the matter up.

COAL IS KING.

For Want of Fuel Trains Are Cancelled and Workshops Closed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 31.—Owing to the scarcity of coal the Illinois Central will to-morrow discontinue two passenger trains on the Springfield division and every freight train except one.

The Wabash shops, employing nearly 1000 men, close to-morrow and every freight train not absolutely necessary will be abandoned. Within one week, it is thought, every industry in this city will be at a standstill for lack of coal.

Nova Scotia Coal for New York.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Importation of bituminous coal from the Maritime Provinces has begun, two steamers from Cape Breton having already arrived at this port, their cargoes aggregating about 6000 tons. While this amount is only a drop in the bucket of New York's needs, it is interesting as showing that under existing circumstances it is profitable to import coal, even with a duty of 75c a ton, and consumers are now considering means of having a constant shipment from the Cape Breton and Nova Scotia mines until either the labor difficulties in the United States are settled or different conditions prevail.

A Little Ruction At Pana.

PANA, Ill., May 31.—Four hundred local miners marched to the Penwell mines this morning and tried to drive out the men at work. The deputy sheriffs finally succeeded in driving away the strikers. Several of the deputies and strikers were roughly handled.

A RENTED HUSBAND.

A Pathetic Tale of the Trouble Caused By a Wicked Actress.

One of the latest books to stir the depths of New York theatre-going society is "A Rented Husband," by Voisin. This book tells of the ravages made in several happy homes by the whims and caprices of the famous actress, Eleanor Brandon, and is now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. The pathetic descriptions of home life destroyed, of heart-strings broken, of sorrows too deep for tears, of ambitions crushed, of hopes deferred have seldom been equalled in works of fiction.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

The Arlington, corner King and John, is a large nearly new and very attractive hotel of great elegance in all its appointments, with a cuisine and service of superior excellence; also the most comfortable, coolest and brightest hotel in Ontario. W. G. Havill, manager.

Coughicura stops bronchitis in Children.

THE CANAL SCHEME FARCE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WILL NOT ENDORSE THE AGREEMENT.

E. A. Waxes Wroth—The Other Side of Mr. Gage's Offer—Dominion Exhibition For Toronto—How the Treasurer Wishes to Pay Off An Old Score—Incompetent Inspectors.

Ald. Shaw presided at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the City Council yesterday afternoon. The report of the Committee on Works was considered. A cedar block pavement in Bloor-street, from Dufferin-street to Lansdowne-avenue, as a local improvement, was authorized. The cost is estimated at $15,400, the city's share being $10,260.

An asphalt pavement in Wellesley-street, from Sherbourne to Parliament-streets, was also sanctioned. Cost $13,700, city's share $2365. A similar pavement in Cecil-street, from Spadina-avenue to Beverley-street, was endorsed. Cost $12,150, city's share $3480.

The extension of the Bloor-street car service to Lansdowne-avenue was agreed to, and also a grant of $337.50 to Mr. J. L. Thompson for conveyance of land for opening up Rosedale Ravine-road. The offer of $1300 to Mr. Hunter for land damages re the Dundas-street bridges was approved.

Incompetent Inspectors.

In the report of the sub-committee on cement used in concrete was this clause: "That the Engineer's department be instructed to take greater care as to the inspection of the material used in the construction of the concrete."

The Mayor regretted that such a paragraph should appear in the report. The inspectors should all be competent and reliable.

Ald. Jolliffe said the inspectors referred to should not be employed any more. The Engineer should take action in the matter.

The various tenders which the Waterworks, Property and Works Committees had recommended for acceptance were approved, as were the archery range and shelter at Centre Island.

Extra street lights and four electric lights for Exhibition Park were endorsed.

Toronto's Factory Sites.

On consideration of the report of the special committee re manufacturing industries Ald. Lamb objected to including in the advertisement the old City Hall station. He thought the erection of a factory there would not be desirable when the City Hall property was utilized as part of St. Lawrence Market. After discussion it was agreed to leave this site out of the list which would be advertised to be leased by tender.

Dominion Exhibition For Toronto.

Mr. W. G. McWilliams, solicitor for the Industrial Exhibition Association, addressed the committee and secured the promise of a memorial to the Dominion Government for a grant towards holding a Dominion exhibition in Toronto in 1895. The Board of Trade and Manufacturers' Association have already done this.

Ald. Hallam, Shaw and the Mayor were appointed a deputation to wait on the Dominion Government in the matter. The sum of $25,000 will be asked for.

Fire Insurance.

Ald. Lamb, in an able speech, moved the adoption of the report re fire insurance, which has already appeared in The World. He laid special stress on the need of a salvage corps in Toronto, speaking highly of such a service at Montreal.

Ald. Dunn seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

The Suggested Consumption Hospital.

On the reading of the letter of Mr. W. J. Gage, promising $25,000 if the City Council would grant a site in High Park for a home for consumptives, the chairman said it was doubtful if the city could make such a grant. The City Solicitor should report on this point.

The Mayor said the matter should be referred to a sub-committee to consider a suitable site should High Park be unavailable. Mr. Gage's offer was a munificent one, but it must be borne in mind that the city would not only have to give a site, but contribute $25,000 and have an annual charge for keeping up the proposed hospital for all time. Let us seriously consider where we would land ourselves by accepting Mr. Gage's offer.

Ald. Burns thought there was no necessity for such a large expenditure until all present institutions were overcrowded.

The Mayor stated that the Committee of the Home for Incurables had discussed this offer. They had an eligible site and an annex for consumptives could be built if Mr. Gage would transfer his offer.

Ald. Hallam: That is something practical.

This sub-committee was appointed to report on the matter: Ald. Allen, Frankland, Hallam, Jolliffe and Graham.

Overdrawn Accounts.

Messrs. William Anderson and W. W. Jones, city auditors, reported that the treasurer had taken no action in regard to an old overdraft on waterworks account in 1890. His attention had been called to the matter Sept. 24, 1890; it had been reported to council May 11, 1891, but no action was taken nor anything done in pursuance of the auditors' report till the end of 1893.

A Peculiar Transaction.

The account had now (1894) been credited by debenture discount account for the original shortage, but the amount necessary to meet the deficiency had not been placed in the estimates for the present year.

On this transaction the City Treasurer reported that in the closing of the accounts Dec. 31 last there was an apparent overdraft of $39,393 in the waterworks construction account. It was expected that there would be sufficient margin to cover it, but the Waterworks Department having expended the whole of the amount appropriated by the bylaw the amount has been transferred temporarily to the debit of debenture discount account.

Balances to Pay Off the Old Score.

As an offset against this there is $30,184 at the credit of the latter account and $16,927 balances at the credit of certain other accounts, which balances will not be required, the whole amounting to $47,111. This can be appropriated as follows: To waterworks construction account $39,393, to miscellaneous account $7718.

There was a brief discussion and it was ordered the City Treasurer report the different accounts from which the balances referred to have been derived.

Jumped On the Canal Agreement.

There was a long and fruitless discussion on this topic. E. A. Macdonald said he was present as a servant of the company."

Ald. Hallam said the canal scheme was a farce from beginning to end.

Ald. Lamb said the committee had no proof of the bona fides of the company.

The Chairman and other members objected to giving a valuable franchise without adequate consideration.

Ald. Frankland moved, seconded by Ald. Hallam, that the committee adjourn and do not send on the agreement to council.

Wrathful Words.

At the close of the meeting E. A. Macdonald in wrath charged Ald. Frankland with always frustrating him. The alderman replied he would always do what he thought right for the city. E. A. Macdonald presented so fierce an attitude that the alderman said, "I suppose you want me to strike you." With a strong expression E. A. said, "I've a good mind to strike you." Other aldermen interposed and the wrathy squabble subsided.

PROCEEDINGS AT WESTMINSTER.

The Entire Time of the House Required for Government Business.

LONDON, May 31.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Grey, Under Foreign Secretary, announced that the French Government had notified Great Britain of the intention of France to maintain full diplomatic reserve respecting the Anglo-Belgian agreement in reference to the Congo frontiers. It was untrue, he said, that Germany had protested against the agreement. There had been no communication between Great Britain and Germany on the subject.

Sir William Harcourt moved that all the time of the House during the remainder of the session be devoted to Government measures.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, Sir John Lubbock and other Conservatives opposed the measure.

Mr. Seton-Karr moved an amendment postponing the operation of the motion one month. Mr. Seton-Karr eventually withdrew his amendment in favor of Mr. Goschen's amendment, that extra time be given the Government for the disposition of financial questions only. The amendment was lost, however, and Sir William Harcourt's motion was carried by a vote of 234 to 217.

IMPUGNING THE EXPERTS.

Is the Man Who Examines the Canadian Cattle Disinterested?

LONDON, May 31.—Mr. Hugh Arnold Foster, member of Parliament for the West Division of Belfast, has given notice that on Tuesday next he will ask in the House of Commons if the Board of Agriculture has seen the statement alleging that Canadian owners of cattle doubt the disinterestedness of the English experts who examine imported cattle, and for this reason would bitterly resent any decision adverse to Canadian cattle. He will also ask whether there is any foundation for thus impugning the good faith of the imperial officers charged with the examination of cattle, and whether Mr. Lahoran of Quebec, who was the chief certifier to the existence of pleuro-pneumonia in cattle exported from Canada, is still managing director of the Waldrond ranch in the District of Alberta and interested in that other company which is exporting cattle from Canada to the United Kingdom.

G.T.R. AFFAIRS

Should Be Thoroughly Probed, Says Director Household.

LONDON, May 31.—R. Household has written an open letter calling upon the Grand Trunk shareholders in Great Britain to appoint an independent committee to inquire into the company's affairs. In commenting upon this letter, The Standard says: "Doubtless there is room for a searching overhauling, especially in Canada, where wholesale waste probably exists, but the shareholders must be very careful in choosing the hands to which they commit the matter, or the enquiry will do more harm than good."

THE PACIFIC CABLE DISCUSSION

Between Sir John Pender and Sir Charles Tupper Not Yet Ended.

LONDON, June 1.—The newspapers' discussion of the proposed Pacific cable is still carried on by Sir John Pender M.P., and Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian High Commissioner in London. In a letter published this morning Sir John says: Subsidies were granted to the Eastern company to duplicate the Australian line solely because the Government and the public found that no confidence was to be placed in a single cable. Unless the Pacific cable can be duplicated it cannot be relied on." He then quotes figures to show that the Pacific project would result in an actual loss of £46,000; or, if the line should be duplicated, of £120,000. He adds: With such figures I would ask whether you consider yourself justified in putting your name to a prospectus inviting subscriptions to a scheme showing such disastrous results even with the aid suggested by a Government guarantee."

Sentenced For Libelling Caprivi.

BERLIN, May 31.—Baron von Thuengen, a Bavarian aristocrat, was tried in the Berlin criminal court to-day on a charge of libeling Chancellor von Caprivi and sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment. Baron von Thuengen published an article declaring that the Chancellor was slavish in his submission to the doctrine that the Emperor's will was final. Editor Oberwinder of Berlin was found guilty of an offence similar to that of Baron von Thuengen and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Beats Dowe's Cuirass and for Sale at $2.

LONDON, May 31.—Hiram Maxim writes to The Times that he has invented in six hours a cuirass half the thickness of Herr Dowe's and much lighter, which will stand the same tests. He promises to give a test at the Erith Gun Works and to sell the secret to the Government for $2.

Backgammon Is Gladstone's Game.

LONDON, May 31.—A friend who called on Mr. Gladstone yesterday found him deeply engrossed in a game of backgammon.

Increase of Emigrants Desiring Assistance

LONDON, May 31.—The manager of the Church Emigration Society of London says that, notwithstanding the decrease in the total emigration to Canada this year, the number of families applying to the society for assistance to emigrate to Canada is steadily increasing.

Three Studs To Be Sold.

LONDON, May 31.—It is reported the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Portland and Baron de Hirsch have decided to retire from the turf and sell their racing horses. It is understood this action will be taken very shortly.

Murdered by Brigands Near Naples.

ROME, May 31.—Brigands entered the house of Mgr. Cafaro at Acquaviva, province of Bari, yesterday. They murdered the prelate's father, 90 years old, and the coachman and wounded a maid servant. The brigands escaped with much booty.

Children cry for Coughicura. 10 cents

Godes-Berger.

Godes-Berger has a world-wide reputation, and is looked upon as the "Queen of Mineral Waters." Her Majesty Queen Victoria drinks no other, and as for the Prince of Wales, "Godes-Berger" is now his only tipple. Ex-Ald. James Lobb is agent for Canada.

Sweet Sound sleep follows good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti wonderfully aids digestion. Take no substitute.

The World will resume their Island delivery on June 1.

Tobacco chewers will find Beaver plug just the thing for spring use. Try it. ed

DROWNED BY A CLOUDBURST.

TWENTY-ONE LIVES LOST AT PUEBLO, COL.

Widespread Destruction By Flood—Railroad and Telegraph Communication Shut Off—Hundreds Homeless—Streets Blocked With Masses of Mud—Denver Practically Isolated—A Scene of Appaling Devastation.

PUEBLO, Col., May 31.—The cloud burst which last night sent a vast torrent of water down the valley and into this city caused many deaths and rendered widespread destruction. The work of rescue had just begun to-day when a recurrence of the flood caused a suspension of the work, and it is feared to-night that many bodies which were washed away and under debris will never be recovered. The list of the dead and missing compiled shortly before midnight comprises 21.

The catastrophe has utterly prostrated the citizens and paralyzed business. The property loss will be about $600,000. To-night both the Arkansas and Fountain Rivers are rising rapidly. Seventy-five feet east approach to the Fourth-street viaduct caved in shortly after midnight. The west bank of the Arkansas at this point is being rapidly eaten away by the angry waters.

An Appalling Scene.

It was 9 o'clock this morning before the floods began to subside. Shortly after that hour the sun came out bright and as the weary night-watchers came forth from their damp prisons the scene which greeted them was appalling. On every hand was ruin and the property loss is enormous. The carcases of horses and other animals were floating around in the whirling water, and the current in many places could not be stemmed on account of drifting debris. Cellars and the first floors of business houses were covered with from 18 inches to three feet of slimy mud, and this had about completed the ruin of many stocks which might have escaped with only the soaking of last night. The mud was carried out into the streets, and the piles which rose in front of every store soon dammed the water still running through the street, and it backed up into many stores, giving them a second though much less thorough flooding. The streets are yet impassable. Street cars were found all over town. Trees were uprooted and fences swept away. About 300 houses were torn from their foundations and many floated out of town.

Only a few unfortunates were able to save any of their household effects. Most of the dwellings are only one story and were either entirely submerged or carried off their foundation by the current.

In this city and for three miles up and down the banks of the Arkansas River the water was from 3 to 15 feet deep.

Railroads Suffer Severely.

The Missouri Pacific Company estimates its loss at $10,000. Six hundred feet of double track is washed out near here. The Santa Fe had about 300 feet of track washed out and the damage, together with the loss of a bridge, will reach $35,000.

While the Denver and Rio Grande does not suffer any severe loss in the city the damage by washouts between here and Colorado Springs and Cañon City will amount to over $25,000. The Santa Fe succeeded in putting a train through from Denver last night.

More Rain.

Late this afternoon the rain again began coming down in sheets, the precipitation being heavier than that which preceded last night's cloud bursts. Reports came in from Florence and Canon City about 7 o'clock to the effect that the rainstorm there this evening is terrific. The water in the Arkansas began to rise at once and in one hour the gauge recorded a rise of one foot.

From Wigwam, 15 miles north on the Fountain River, comes the news of a cloudburst there about 7 o'clock. The stream, which is usually only from three to five inches deep and about 10 feet wide at that point, is now swollen into a raging torrent over a quarter of a mile wide.

Denver Practically Isolated.

DENVER, May 31.—The city was practically isolated from the remaining portion of the state for most of the day, owing to the damage done railway, telegraph and telephone lines by the heavy rainstorm that has prevailed for the past 43 hours. The extent of the damage cannot be estimated further than to say it is unprecedented.

Gov. Waite is said to be tied up in Eight-Mile Canon, on the line of the Florence and Cripple Creek-road, with bad washouts on both sides of him.

Trains Blocked By Washouts and Mudslides.

The Denver and Rio Grande Railroad was the worst sufferer, having washouts along the line from Canon City to Pueblo and north toward Colorado Springs. The company had but one wire working and reports made during the early evening show that the breaks in the track are numerous. Work trains are in readiness to go out as soon as the flood in Pueblo subsides, which will be some time to-night. The Santa Fe route is badly washed between La Junta and Pueblo, near Colorado City on the Midland, up Ute Pass.

The gulf route lost all its wires, and had to send out a train to flag its way southward. By this means a northbound passenger train was located beyond a big washout, 26 miles south of Denver. The mountain branches were all blocked by mud slides and washouts.

LAID WASTE BY WATER.

British Columbia Farms Devastated—Ranchers Rescued By steamers—The Fraser Valley One Vast Lake.

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 31.—The Frazer River is still rising and the indications are that the flood will be even more disastrous than the memorable one of 1882. The river has already risen within eight inches of the highwater mark of that great inundation. The whole valley is under water, the Frazer having spread out into a vast lake. The tide is now crawling up at the rate of an inch every three hours.

At Westminster the river wharves are submerged. Many cabins along the water front have floated off on the tide and many poor families have lost all their belongings. Points further up the river report that the danger increases.

At Nicomen Island 44 fine farms are entirely under water.

In the vicinity of Ruby Creek the greatest danger is apparent and several steamers have been despatched to the district.

Annacis Island, two miles above New Westminster, is totally submerged, ruining many fine farms which formerly dotted the island. The ranchers were rescued by steamboats, but all their stock has been lost.

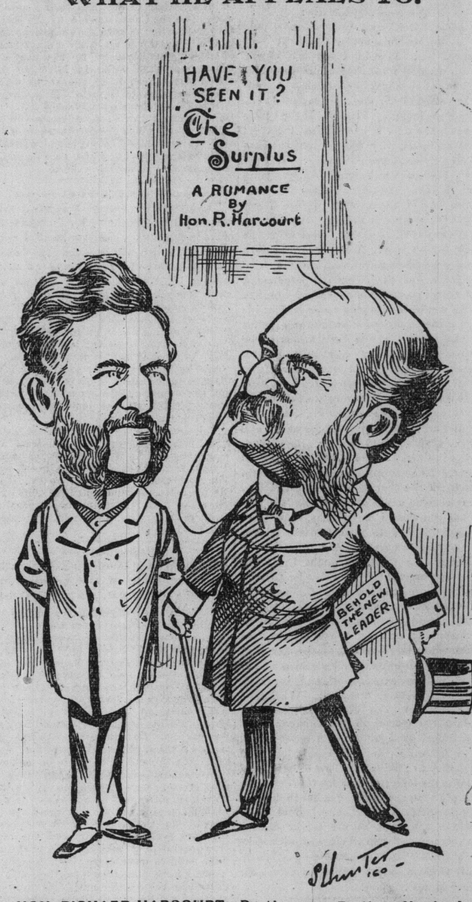
Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco is noted for quality, 5, 10 and 20-cent plugs.

Plumbing.

W. J. Burroughes & Co., first-class plumbing; steam and hot water heating. 353 Queen-street west. Established 1878. Telephone 134.

Beaver Tobacco is the "old reliable gentleman's chew." Don't forget it. ed

WHAT HE APPEALS TO.



HON. RICHARD HARCOURT: By the way, Brother Hardy, I see The Globe claims that, while Sir Oliver appeals most strongly to the Reason of his auditors, you appeal directly to their Hearts. What do I appeal to?

HON. MR. HARDY: Well—aw—considering your claims regarding a surplus, Richard, you appeal to the Imagination, my boy—to the Imagination, certainly.

POLITICAL NOTES.

A Big Reform Rally Last Night—Mr. Marter in the North.

The Young Liberals will hold a meeting for organization on Saturday evening next.

G. F. Marter is pushing his campaign in the North vigorously and last night an organization meeting was held at the committee rooms, Bloor and Bathurst-streets. There was a large attendance of workers and the outlook for registration is good. On Saturday night Mr. Marter will address a meeting in St. Paul's Hall and on Monday evening a mass meeting in his interest will be held at Foresters' Hall in Brunswick-avenue.

The Conservatives of South Essex met in convention yesterday at Kingsville. The resignation of W. Buchanan as the party candidate was accepted, and it was decided not to place a nominee in the field. The fight is now between Balfour and Dodson.

On Friday, June 8, the Reformers will hold a big mass meeting, at which Sir Oliver Mowat and Hon. G. W. Ross, in addition to the three city candidates, will speak. Arrangements have not yet been completed, but it is probable that the Massey Music Hall will be secured for the gathering.

The campaign of oratory in the four Torontos will not be in full swing until after registration. Next week the workers of both parties will be busy looking after the lists, and will do more work than talk. As soon as the registrars have closed their books the fight will be taken up all round, and meetings will be held nightly in every constituency until the eve of election day.

The executive of the Young Men's Liberal-Conservative organization met in the committee rooms, Parliament and Winchester-streets, last night, J. McIlwain in the chair, with Frank Vipond, secretary. The result of the meeting was to add 150 names to the workers. The chairman and secretary were appointed a sub-committee to make arrangements for allotting them their work. The committee will meet again on Saturday night. A public meeting of the young men will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the committee rooms.

The ex-officio board of registrars for the city of Toronto has appointed the following gentlemen as registrars to act with them under the provisions of the Manhood Suffrage Registration Act: Messrs J. H. Coburn, C. E. Ryerson, B. Sameder, James B. Boustead, Thomas Champion, W. J. Fleury, W. A. Geddes, George Harcourt, J. J. Smith, William McMaster, S. Alf. Jones, W. A. Lamport, W. P. Atkinson, D'Arcy Tate, Godfrey Morgan, W. J. Spence, Hugh MacMath, James Tennant, Stewart Lyon, George Ross, E. B. Brown. Supplementary sittings of the board will be held on June 15 and 16, and a meeting of the Court of Appeal has been fixed for June 20. There will be two courts of Appeal—one in the Court House, composed of Judge Morgan, Judge McDougall and Mr. Scott; and another at Osgoode Hall, composed of Judge Morson, Mr. Hodgins and Mr. Winchester.

Where To Register.

City Clerk Blevins yesterday decided upon the registration booths, which will be opened on Tuesday morning. They are:

South Toronto—517 Queen-street west, 151 King-street west, 175 McCaul-street, 135 Queen-street east, southwest corner of Edward and Yonge-streets, 269 Church-street.

West Toronto—887 Queen-street west, Queen-street and Macdonnell-avenue, 100 Ossington-avenue.

North Toronto—226 Wellesley-street, 611 Yonge-street, Yorkville Town Hall, northwest corner of College and Huron-streets.

East Toronto—267 Queen-street east, 645 Queen-street east, 310 Wilton-avenue.

Old Ports for Medicinal Purposes.

Marsala Port (Invalid Wine), $8 per doz., two crown $11 per dozen, three crown $13, four crown $15, and Ye Blood Maker, said by physicians to be the best, blood-making wine ever sold in Canada, $16 per dozen. William Mara's, 79 Yonge-street. Telephone 1708.

Good digestion builds up the entire system. Adams' Tutti Frutti beats everything as an aid to digestion. Try it.

ROMANCE IN THIS DEATH.

The Drowned Cook of the Sweetheart Had Relatives in Toronto.

Annie Gerew, the cook on the schooner Sweetheart, who was lost overboard 10 miles below Sand Beach, Mich., Wednesday, has relatives in this city. Her parents reside in Whitevale, Ont., and are well to do.

Annie was a pupil at Whitby Ladies' College and mysteriously disappeared from home some months ago. She was not again heard of until news came yesterday of her death.

UNIQUE TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

One Man Murdered—Murderer and Wife Then Commit Suicide.

PALESTINE, Tex., May 31.—Late last evening John Chestnut, a well-to-do farmer living near Post Oak Prairie, Anderson County, shot and killed William Evans in the latter's field. Chestnut then went home, and he and his wife committed suicide by taking a dose of strychnine. Family trouble is supposed to be the cause of the tragedy.

The Magnet Ashore.

CEDARS, Que., May 31.—The Richelieu and Ontario Company's steamer Magnet ran ashore in the Cascade Rapids, six miles east of here, this morning. The boat is in a favorable position and has sustained very little damage. The cargo is reported all dry and not damaged. Passengers all landed and will proceed east by train from Vaudreuil.

Dollar Articles For Fifty Cents.

Quinn's fame for fine neckwear is becoming more and more widely spread as time goes on apace. He is now showing a window of grey neckwear at fifty cents. It seems something worse than a crime to sell such a rich quality of goods for such a ridiculously low figure. We doubt very much if there is another store in this country where such articles could be procured for less than one dollar.

Danced Over Her Mother's Corpse.

HALIFAX, May 31.—An elderly woman named Mary Crowe died in a house in Albemarle-street to-night. The apartment is almost totally devoid of furniture. The 27-year-old daughter was crazed with liquor. She danced over the dead form of her mother and pulled the corpse about the room by the hair of the head. The police arrested her, and the Board of Charties were asked to bury the dead. The daughter after arrest twice attempted suicide. Her life was saved by the police.

When you ask for Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 and 20 cent plugs, be sure that the retailer does not induce you to buy any other brand in order that he should make larger profits.

Smuggled Copper Coin Into France.

PARIS, May 31.—Raoul Tremblier was sentenced to-day to serve one month in prison and pay a fine of 5250 francs for introducing copper money of the Argentine Republic into France. This money was held to be equivalent to contraband goods. Tremblier arrived at Dunkirk from Buenos Ayres on May 28 and was arrested charged with having murdered a man shortly before sailing from the Argentine Republic. Some 5000 francs worth of Argentine copper money was found in his baggage.

Why They Want It.

"I predicted success for East Kent ale when it was first sold in the city," said a well-known wine merchant the other day, "and I am glad to see that my expectations are more than fulfilled. It is the greatest success I ever saw, and all my customers are asking to have it sent. The reason? Well, it's the very best that can be made, and it is sold at the ordinary price. That's what gives it a big sale."

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco is genuine unless it bears the Derby Cap-shaped tag.

The Premier and Leader of the Opposition Are With the Prohibitionists.

We claim, however, we are doing far more for the temperance cause by selling pure wines, pure spirits, pure ale made from pure spring water, and last, but not least, by selling "Sprudel," the purest and best of all mineral waters. William Mara, wine merchant, 79 Yonge-street.

DECIDE TO LET HAWAII ALONE

NATIVES MUST ESTABLISH THEIR OWN FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

The U. S. Senate Unanimous On This Point—Planed Or Finished Lumber To Go On the Free List — The Sugar Schedule Now Under Discussion and Long Speeches the Rule.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—In the Senate the question of the policy of the United States towards the Hawaiian Islands was definitely and clearly announced by the unanimous vote to-day in the adoption of a resolution reported from the Committee on Foreign Relations declaring that it belongs wholly to the people of those islands to establish and maintain their own form of government and domestic policy; that the United States ought not in any way to interfere therewith, and that any intervention in political affairs of those islands by any other government would be regarded as an act unfriendly to the United States.

Planed Lumber To Be Free.

The Tariff bill was then taken up, and within the next hour the four paragraphs in the lumber schedules were disposed of. The first of the four, fixing duties on lumber, planed or finished, was by a vote of 34 to 24 struck out of the bill, so that such lumber may be put upon the free list when that stage of the bill is reached. The duty on chair cane, or reeds, was increased from seven per cent. (as in the House bill) to 10 per cent., and the other duties in the schedule were left as in the House bill.

The Sugar Schedule.

The sugar schedule having been reached, a three-hour speech on the whole question of the Tariff bill was made by Mr. Sherman (Rep., Ohio), and Mr. Dolph (Rep., Ore.) addressed the Senate at great length on the subject of punishing for contempt of the Senate the newspaper correspondents who had refused to answer certain questions of the committee investigating the connection of the sugar trust with sugar schedule. No conclusion was reached when the Senate adjourned.

Practically a U.S. Protectorate.

"The resolution passed by the Senate this morning in relation to the Hawaiian Government," said a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, "is couched in diplomatic language, but means a great deal. It is an admonition that this government has cast about that little Government the moral protection of its flag, and that any effort on the part of other powers to interfere will be an act we will not stand. No nation, however powerful, can fail to interpret the meaning of the resolution we this morning passed by an unanimous vote."

Minister From the Land of the White Elephant.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Marquis Mahe Yotha, the new Siamese minister, who is also credited to London, reached Washington yesterday, and will be formally presented to the President to-morrow morning. He is the second envoy from the land of the White Elephant who has visited Washington officially.

Children Killed By a Stallion.

EATON, Ohio, May 31.—Two small children of County Commissioner P. B. Fisher wandered into a barn at their home near here last evening and were trampled to death by a vicious stallion.

Found Drowned In the Erie Canal.

AMSTERDAM, May 31.—This afternoon the body of Thomas Kinney was found in the Erie Canal. Mr. Kinney had been missing since Saturday night. He was 81 years of age.

Tripped, Fell and Was Drowned.

NEWCASTLE, N.B., May 31.—A young French lad tripped when running on the wharf, f